Within the stated calendar quarter, this Title contains all rules made, amended, repealed, renumbered, and recodified; or rules that have expired or were terminated due to an agency being eliminated under sunset law. These rules were either certified by the Governor’s Regulatory Review Council or the Attorney General’s Office; or exempt from the rulemaking process, and filed with the Office of the Secretary of State. Refer to the historical notes for more information. Please note that some rules you are about to remove may still be in effect after the publication date of this Supplement. Therefore, all superseded material should be retained in a separate binder and archived for future reference.

TITLE 09. Health Services
Chapter 16. Department of Health Services - Occupational Licensing
Section Expired
R9-16-117

☐ REMOVE Supp. 14-2
Pages: 1 - 39

☐ REPLACE with Supp. 17-3
Pages: 1 - 40

The contact person who can answer questions about the expired rules in this Chapter:

Name: Governor's Regulatory Review Council
Address: 100 N. 15th Ave #305
Phoenix, AZ 85007
Telephone: (602) 542-2058

Disclaimer: Please be advised the person listed is the contact of record as submitted in the rulemaking package for this supplement. The contact and other information may change and is provided as a public courtesy.

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PREFACE

Under Arizona law, the Department of State, Office of the Secretary of State (Office), accepts state agency rule filings and is the publisher of Arizona rules. The Office of the Secretary of State does not interpret or enforce rules in the Administrative Code. Questions about rules should be directed to the state agency responsible for the promulgation of the rule.

Scott Cancelosi, Director
ADMINISTRATIVE RULES DIVISION
September 30, 2017

RULES
A.R.S. § 41-1001(17) states: “‘Rule’ means an agency statement of general applicability that implements, interprets, or prescribes law or policy, or describes the procedures or practice requirements of an agency.”

THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
The Arizona Administrative Code is where the official rules of the state of Arizona are published. The Code is the official codification of rules that govern state agencies, boards, and commissions. Virtually everything in your life is affected in some way by rules published in the Arizona Administrative Code, from the quality of air you breathe to the licensing of your dentist. This chapter is one of more than 230 in the Code compiled in 21 Titles.

ADMINISTRATIVE CODE SUPPLEMENTS
Rules filed by an agency to be published in the Administrative Code are updated quarterly. Supplement release dates are printed on the footers of each chapter:

First Quarter: January 1 - March 31
Second Quarter: April 1 - June 30
Third Quarter: July 1 - September 30
Fourth Quarter: October 1 - December 31

For example, the first supplement for the first quarter of 2017 is cited as Supp. 17-1.

HOW TO USE THE CODE
Rules may be in effect before a supplement is released by the Office. Therefore, the user should refer to issues of the Arizona Administrative Register for recent updates to rule Sections.

ARTICLES AND SECTIONS
Rules in chapters are divided into Articles, then Sections. The “R” stands for “rule” with a sequential numbering and lettering system separated into subsections.

HISTORICAL NOTES AND EFFECTIVE DATES
Historical notes inform the user when the last time a Section was updated in the Administrative Code. Be aware, since the Office publishes each quarter by entire chapters, not all Sections are updated by an agency in a supplement release. Many times just one Section or a few Sections may be updated in the entire chapter.

ARIZONA REVISED STATUTE REFERENCES
The Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) are available online at the Legislature’s website, www.azleg.gov. An agency’s authority note to make rules is often included at the beginning of a chapter. Other Arizona statutes may be referenced in rule under the A.R.S. acronym.

SESSION LAW REFERENCES
Arizona Session Law references in the introduction of a chapter can be found at the Secretary of State’s website, www.azsos.gov/services/legislative-filings.

EXEMPTIONS FROM THE APA
It is not uncommon for an agency to be exempt from the steps outlined in the rulemaking process as specified in the Arizona Administrative Procedures Act, also known as the APA (Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 41, Chapter 6, Articles 1 through 10). Other agencies may be given an exemption to certain provisions of the Act.

An agency’s exemption is written in law by the Arizona State Legislature or under a referendum or initiative passed into law by Arizona voters.

When an agency files an exempt rulemaking package with our Office it specifies the law exemption in what is called the preamble of rulemaking. The preamble is published in the Arizona Administrative Register online at www.azsos.gov/rules, click on the Administrative Register link.

In the Administrative Code the Office includes editor’s notes at the beginning of a chapter indicating that certain rulemaking Sections were made by exempt rulemaking. Exempt rulemaking notes are also included in the historical note at the end of a rulemaking Section.

The Office makes a distinction to certain exemptions because some rules are made without receiving input from stakeholders or the public. Other exemptions may require an agency to propose exempt rules at a public hearing.

EXEMPTIONS AND PAPER COLOR
If you are researching rules and come across rescinded chapters on a different paper color, this is because the agency filed a Notice of Exempt Rulemaking. At one time the office published exempt rules on either blue or green paper. Blue meant the authority of the exemption was given by the Legislature; green meant the authority was determined by a court order. In 2001 the Office discontinued publishing rules using these paper colors.

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Public Services managing rules editor, Rhonda Paschal, assisted with the editing of this chapter.
TITLE 9. HEALTH SERVICES

ARTICLE 1. LICENSING OF MIDWIFERY

Article 1, consisting of Sections R9-16-101 through R9-16-112
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ARTICLE 1. LICENSING OF MIDWIFERY

R9-16-101. Definitions
In addition to the definitions in A.R.S. § 36-751, the following definitions apply in this Article unless otherwise specified:

1. “Abnormal presentation” means the fetus is not in a head-down position with the crown of the head being the leading body part.
2. “Addiction” means a condition that results when a person ingests a substance that becomes compulsive and interferes with ordinary life responsibilities, such as work, relationships, or health.
3. “Amniotic” means the fluid surrounding the fetus while in the mother’s uterus.
4. “Apgar score” means the number indicating a newborn’s physical condition attained by rating selected body functions.
5. “Aseptic” means free of germs.
6. “Breech” means a complete breech, a frank breech, or an incomplete breech.
7. “Certified nurse midwife” means an individual who meets the criteria in 4 A.A.C. 19, Article 5 and is certified by the Arizona State Board of Nursing.
8. “Complete breech” means that at the time of birth the buttocks of a fetus is pointing downward with both legs folded at the knees and the feet near the buttocks.
9. “Calendar day” means each day, not including the day of the act, event, or default from which a designated period of time begins to run, but including the last day of the period unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, statewide furlough day, or legal holiday, in which case the period runs until the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, statewide furlough day, or legal holiday.
10. “Cervix” means the narrow lower end of the uterus which protrudes into the cavity of the vagina.
11. “Consultation” means communication between a midwife and a physician or a midwife and a certified nurse midwife for the purpose of receiving a written or verbal recommendation and implementing prospective advice regarding the care of a pregnant woman or the woman’s child.
12. “Current photograph” means an image of an individual, taken no more than 60 calendar days before the submission of the individual’s application, in a Department-approved electronic format capable of producing an image that:
   a. Has a resolution of at least 600 x 600 pixels but not more than 1200 x 1200 pixels;
   b. Is 2 inches by 2 inches in size;
   c. Is in natural color;
   d. Is a front view of the individual’s full face, without a hat or headgear that obscures the hair or hairline;
   e. Has a plain white or off-white background; and
   f. Has between 1 and 1 3/8 inches from the bottom of the chin to the top of the head.
14. “Effacement” means the gradual thinning of the cervix during the mechanism of labor and indicates progress in labor.
15. “Emergency care plan” means the arrangements established by a midwife for a client’s transfer of care in a situation in which the health or safety of the client or newborn are determined to be at risk.
16. “Emergency medical services provider” has the same meaning as in A.R.S. § 36-2201.
17. “Episiotomy” means the cutting of the perineum, center, middle, or midline, in order to enlarge the vaginal opening for delivery.
18. “Fetus” means a child in utero from conception to birth.
19. “Frank breech” means that at the time of birth the buttocks of a fetus is pointing downward with both legs folded flat up against the head.
20. “Gestation” means the length of time from conception to birth, as calculated from the first day of the last normal menstrual period.
21. “Gravida” means the number of times the mother has been pregnant, including a current pregnancy, regardless of whether these pregnancies were carried to term.
22. “Incomplete breech” means that at the time of birth the buttocks of a fetus is pointing downward with one leg folded at the knee with the foot near the buttocks.
23. “Infant” has the same meaning as in A.R.S. § 36-694.
24. “Informed consent” means a document signed by a client, as provided in R9-16-109, agreeing to the provision of midwifery services.
25. “Intrapartum” means occurring from the onset of labor until after the delivery of the placenta.
26. “Jurisprudence test” means an assessment of an individual’s knowledge of the:
   a. Laws of this state concerning the reporting of births, prenatal blood tests, and newborn screening; and
   b. Rules pertaining to the practice of midwifery.
27. “Ketones” means certain harmful chemical elements which are present in the body in excessive amounts when there is a compromised bodily function.
28. “Local registrar” means a person appointed by the state’s registrar of vital statistics for a registration district whose duty includes receipt of birth and death certificates for births and deaths occurring within that district for review, registration, and transmittal to the state office of vital records according to A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 3.
29. “Meconium” means the first bowel movement of the newborn, which is greenish black in color and tarry in consistency.
30. “Midwifery services” means health care, provided by a midwife to a mother, related to pregnancy, labor, delivery or postpartum care.
31. “Newborn” has the same meaning as in A.R.S. § 36-694.
32. “Para” means the number of births that are greater than 20 weeks of gestation, including viable and non-viable births, where multiples are counted as one birth.
33. “Parity” means the number of newborns a woman has delivered.
34. “Perineum” means the muscular region in the female between the vaginal opening and the anus.
35. “Physician” means an allopathic, an osteopathic, or a naturopathic practitioner licensed according to A.R.S. Title 32, Chapters 13, 14, or 17.
36. “Postpartum” means the six-week period following delivery of a newborn and placenta.
37. “Prenatal” means the period from conception to the onset of labor and birth.
38. “Prenatal care” means the on-going risk assessments, clinical examinations, and prenatal, nutritional, and anticipatory guidance offered to a pregnant woman.
39. “Prenatal visit” means each clinical examination of a pregnant woman for the purpose of monitoring the course of gestation and the overall health of the woman.
40. “Primigravida” means a woman who is pregnant for the first time.
41. “Primipara” means a woman who has given birth to her first newborn.
42. “Quickening” means the first perceptible movement of the fetus in the uterus, occurring usually in the 16th to the 20th week of gestation.
43. “Rh” means a blood antigen.
44. “Serious mental illness” means a condition in an individual who is 18 years of age or older and who exhibits emotional or behavioral functioning, as a result of a mental disorder as defined in A.R.S. § 36-501, that:
   a. Is severe and persistent, resulting in a long-term limitation of their functional capacities for primary activities of daily living such as interpersonal relationships, homemaking, self-care, employment and recreation; and
   b. Impairs or substantially interferes with the capacity of the individual to remain in the community without supportive treatment or services of a long-term or indefinite duration.
45. “Substance abuse” means the continued use of alcohol or other drugs in spite of negative consequences.
46. “Shoulder dystocia” means the shoulders of the fetus are wedged in the mother’s pelvis in such a way that the fetus is unable to be born without emergency action.
47. “Transfer of care” means that a midwife refers the care of a client or newborn to an emergency medical services provider, a certified nurse midwife, a hospital, or a physician who then assumes responsibility for the direct care of the client or newborn.
48. “Working day” means a Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, or Friday that is not a state holiday or a statewide furlough day.

Historical Note
Section repealed, new Section adopted effective March 14, 1994 (Supp. 94-1). Section amended by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

R9-16-102. Application for Initial Licensure
A. An applicant for an initial license to practice midwifery shall submit:
   1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
      a. The applicant’s name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
      b. The applicant’s Social Security Number, as required under A.R.S. §§ 25-320 and 25-502;
      c. Whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor in this or another state or jurisdiction;
      d. If the applicant was convicted of a felony or misdemeanor:
         i. The date of the conviction;
         ii. The state or jurisdiction of the conviction;
         iii. An explanation of the crime of which the applicant was convicted, and
         iv. The disposition of the case;
      e. Whether the applicant agrees to allow the Department to submit supplemental requests for information under R9-16-107(C)(2);
      f. An attestation that information required as part of the application has been submitted and is true and accurate; and
      g. The applicant’s signature and date of signature;
   2. A copy of the applicant’s:
      a. U.S. passport, current or expired;
      b. Birth certificate;
      c. Naturalization documents; or
      d. Documentation of legal resident alien status;
   3. Documentation that demonstrates the applicant is 21 years of age or older if the documentation submitted in subsection (A)(2) does not demonstrate that the applicant is 21 years of age or older;
   4. Current documentation of completion of training in:
      a. Adult basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation through a course recognized by the American Heart Association, and
      b. Neonatal resuscitation through a course recognized by the American Academy of Pediatrics or American Heart Association;
   5. Documentation of a high school diploma, a high school equivalency diploma, an associate degree, or a higher degree;
   6. Documentation that the applicant is certified by the North American Registry of Midwives as a Certified Professional Midwife;
   7. A current photograph of the applicant;
   8. A non-refundable application fee of $25; and
   9. A non-refundable testing fee of $100 for a jurisprudence test administered by the Department.
B. The Department shall review an application for an initial license to practice midwifery according to R9-16-107 and Table 1.1.
C. If an applicant receives notification of eligibility to take the jurisprudence test, the applicant:
   1. Shall take the jurisprudence test administered by the Department;
   2. Shall provide proof of identity by a government-issued photographic identification card upon the request of the individual administering the jurisprudence test;
   3. May take the jurisprudence test as many times as desired without paying an additional testing fee, and
   4. Shall score 80% or higher correct answers on the jurisprudence test to be eligible to receive an initial license to practice midwifery.
D. If an applicant scores 80% or higher correct answers on the jurisprudence test, the Department shall provide written notice to the applicant, within five working days after the date of the jurisprudence test, to submit to the Department:
   1. A licensing fee of $25; and
   2. The documentation required in subsection (A)(4) or (6), if the training required in subsection (A)(4) or certification required in subsection (A)(6) is not current.
E. The Department shall issue an initial license to practice midwifery within five working days after receiving the applicable documentation and licensing fee required in subsection (D).
F. The Department shall provide to an applicant a written notice of denial that complies with A.R.S. § 41-1092.03(A) and inform the applicant that the applicant may reapply under subsection (A) if the applicant does not:
   1. Score 80% or higher correct answers on the jurisprudence test within 180 calendar days after the date of the notification of eligibility to take the jurisprudence test, or
   2. Submit to the Department the applicable documentation and licensing fee required in subsection (D) within 120 calendar days after the date of the notification in subsection (D).

Historical Note
Section repealed, new Section adopted effective March 14, 1994 (Supp. 94-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2896, effective June 18, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Section R9-16-102 repealed; new Section R9-16-102 renum-
R9-16-103. Renewal
A. At least 30 calendar days and no more than 60 calendar days before the expiration date of a midwifery license, a midwife shall submit to the Department:
1. An application for renewal of a midwifery license in a format provided by the Department, that contains:
   a. The midwife’s name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
   b. The midwife’s license number;
   c. Whether the midwife has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor in this or another state or jurisdiction in the previous two years;
   d. If the midwife was convicted of a felony or misdemeanor:
      i. The date of the conviction,
      ii. The state or jurisdiction of the conviction,
      iii. An explanation of the crime of which the midwife was convicted, and
      iv. The disposition of the case;
   e. Whether the midwife agrees to allow the Department to submit supplemental requests for information under R9-16-107(C)(2);
   f. An attestation that the midwife has completed the continuing education requirement in R9-16-105;
   g. An attestation that the midwife is complying with the requirements in A.R.S. § 32-3211;
   h. An attestation that information required as part of the application has been submitted and is true and accurate; and
   i. The midwife’s signature and date of signature;
2. Either:
   a. Documentation that the midwife is currently certified by the North American Registry of Midwives as a Certified Professional Midwife; or
   b. For a midwife who has been continuously licensed as a midwife by the Department since 1999, a copy of both sides of documentation showing the completion of current training in:
      i. Adult basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation that meets the requirements in R9-16-102(A)(4)(a), and
      ii. Neonatal resuscitation that meets the requirements in R9-16-102(A)(4)(b); and
   c. The continuing education required in subsection R9-16-105 for at least the previous three years; and
B. The Department shall review an application for renewal of a license to practice midwifery according to R9-16-107 and Table 1.

Historical Note
Adopted effective March 14, 1994 (Supp. 94-1). Section R9-16-103 renumbered to R9-16-102; new Section R9-16-103 made by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

Exhibit C. Repealed
Historical Note
Adopted effective March 14, 1994 (Supp. 94-1). Exhibit B repealed by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).
b. American Congress of Obstetrics and Gynecologists,
c. Midwives Alliance of North America,
d. Arizona Medical Association,
e. American College of Nurse Midwives,
f. Midwifery Education Accreditation Council, or
g. Another health professional organization.

Historical Note
Adopted effective March 14, 1994, except for subsections (B)(3) and (C) which are effective September 15, 1994 (Supp. 94-1). Section repealed: new Section made by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

Exhibit D. Repealed

Historical Note
Adopted effective March 14, 1994 (Supp. 94-1). Exhibit D repealed by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

R9-16-105.01. Repealed

Historical Note
New Section made by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2896, effective June 18, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Section repealed by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

Table 1. Repealed

Historical Note
Table 1 made by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2896, effective June 18, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Table 1 repealed by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

R9-16-106. Name Change; Duplicate License

A. To request a name change on a midwifery license or a duplicate midwifery license, a midwife shall submit in writing to the Department:
1. The midwife’s name on the current midwifery license;
2. If applicable, the midwife’s new name;
3. The midwife’s address, license number, and e-mail address;
4. As applicable:
   a. Documentation supporting the midwife’s name change, or
   b. A statement that the midwife is requesting a duplicate midwifery license; and
5. A non-refundable fee of $10.00.

B. Upon receipt of the written request required in subsection (A), the Department shall issue, as applicable:
1. An amended midwifery license that incorporates the name change but retains the expiration date of the midwifery license, or
2. A duplicate midwifery license.

Historical Note

R9-16-107. Time-frames

A. The overall time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072(2) for each type of license granted by the Department is specified in Table 1.1. The applicant or midwife and the Department may agree in writing to extend the substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame. The substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame may not be extended by more than 25 percent of the overall time-frame.

B. The administrative completeness review time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072(1) for each type of license granted by the Department is specified in Table 1.1.
1. The administrative completeness review time-frame begins:
   a. For an applicant submitting an application for initial licensure, when the Department receives the application packet required in R9-16-102(A); and
   b. For a licensed midwife applying to renew a midwifery license, when the Department receives the application packet required in R9-16-103(A).
2. If an application is incomplete, the Department shall provide a notice of deficiencies to the applicant or midwife describing the missing documentation or incomplete information. The administrative completeness review time-frame and the overall time-frame are suspended from the date of the notice until the date the Department receives the documentation or information listed in the notice of deficiencies. An applicant or midwife shall submit to the Department the documentation or information listed in the notice of deficiencies within the time specified in Table 1.1 for responding to a notice of deficiencies.
3. If the applicant or midwife submits the documentation or information listed in the notice of deficiencies within the time specified in Table 1.1, the Department shall provide a written notice of administrative completeness to the applicant or midwife.
4. If the applicant or midwife does not submit the documentation or information listed in the notice of deficiencies within the time specified in Table 1.1, the Department shall consider the application withdrawn.
5. When an application is complete the Department shall provide a notice of administrative completeness to the applicant or midwife.
6. If the Department issues a notice of eligibility to take the jurisprudence test or a license during the administrative completeness review time-frame, the Department shall not issue a separate written notice of administrative completeness.

C. The substantive review time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072(3) is specified in Table 1.1 and begins on the date of the notice of administrative completeness.
1. If an application complies with the requirements in this Article and A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 6, Article 7, the Department shall issue a notice of eligibility to take the jurisprudence test to an applicant or a license to a midwife.
2. If an application does not comply with the requirements in this Article or A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 6, Article 7, the Department shall make one comprehensive written request for additional information, unless the applicant or midwife has agreed in writing to allow the Department to submit supplemental requests for information. The substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame are suspended from the date that the Department sends a comprehensive written request for additional information or a supplemental request for information until the date that the Department receives all of the information requested.
3. An applicant or midwife shall submit to the Department all of the information requested in a comprehensive written request for additional information or a supplemental
request for information within the time specified in Table 1.1.
4. If the applicant or midwife does not submit the additional information within the time specified in Table 1.1 or the additional information submitted by the applicant or midwife does not demonstrate compliance with this Article and A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 6, Article 7, the Department shall provide to the applicant a written notice of denial that complies with A.R.S. § 41-1092.03(A).
5. If the applicant or midwife submits the additional information within the time specified in Table 1.1 and the additional information submitted by the applicant or midwife demonstrates compliance with this Article and A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 6, Article 7, the Department shall issue a notice of eligibility to take the jurisprudence test to an applicant or a license to a midwife.

Historical Note

Historical Note
Table 1.1 made by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

Exhibit E. Repealed

Historical Note

Table 1.1. Time-frames (in calendar days)

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<tr>
<th>Type of Approval</th>
<th>Statutory Authority</th>
<th>Overall Time-Frame</th>
<th>Administrative Completeness Review Time-Frame</th>
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<td>A.R.S. §§ 36-753, 36-754, and 36-755</td>
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<td>15</td>
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<td>Midwifery License Renewal (R9-16-103)</td>
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<td>30</td>
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<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D. A midwife shall establish an emergency care plan for the client that includes:
1. The name, address, and phone number of:
   a. The hospital closest to the birthing location that provides obstetrical services, and
   b. An emergency medical services provider that provides service between the birthing location and the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B);
2. The hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B);
3. The signature of the client and the date signed; and
4. The signature of the midwife and the date signed.

E. A midwife shall ensure the client receives a copy of the emergency care plan required in subsection (D).

F. A midwife shall implement the emergency care plan by immediately calling the emergency medical services provider identified in subsection (D)(1)(b) for any condition that threatens the life of the client or the client’s child.

G. A midwife shall maintain all instruments used for delivery in an aseptic manner and other birthing equipment and supplies in clean and good condition.

H. A midwife shall assess a client’s physical condition in order to determine whether the client is healthy and an intact placenta. A midwife shall establish an emergency care plan for the client that includes:
1. The name, address, and phone number of:
   a. The hospital closest to the birthing location that provides obstetrical services, and
   b. An emergency medical services provider that provides service between the birthing location and the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B);
2. The hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B);
3. The signature of the client and the date signed; and
4. The signature of the midwife and the date signed.

E. A midwife shall establish an emergency care plan for the client that includes:
1. The name, address, and phone number of:
   a. The hospital closest to the birthing location that provides obstetrical services, and
   b. An emergency medical services provider that provides service between the birthing location and the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B);
2. The hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B);
3. The signature of the client and the date signed; and
4. The signature of the midwife and the date signed.

F. A midwife shall implement the emergency care plan by immediately calling the emergency medical services provider identified in subsection (D)(1)(b) for any condition that threatens the life of the client or the client’s child.

G. A midwife shall maintain all instruments used for delivery in an aseptic manner and other birthing equipment and supplies in clean and good condition.

H. A midwife shall provide midwifery services only to a healthy woman, determined through a physical assessment and review of the woman’s obstetrical history, whose expected outcome of pregnancy is most likely to be the delivery of a healthy newborn and an intact placenta.

B. Except as provided in R9-16-111(C) or (D), a midwife who is certified by the North American Registry of Midwives as a Certified Professional Midwife may accept a client for a vaginal delivery:
1. After prior Cesarean section, or
2. Of a fetus in a complete breech or frank breech presentation.

C. Before providing services to a client, a midwife shall:
1. Inform a client, both orally and in writing, of:
   a. The midwife’s scope of practice, educational background, and credentials;
   b. If applicable to the client’s condition, the midwife’s experience with:
      i. Vaginal birth after prior Cesarean section delivery;
      ii. Delivery of a fetus in a complete breech or frank breech presentation;
   c. The potential risks; adverse outcomes; neonatal or maternal complications, including death; and alternatives associated with an at-home delivery specific to the client’s condition, including the conditions described in subsection (C)(1)(b);
   d. The requirement for tests specified in subsections (I) and (K)(4)(c), and the potential risks for declining a test, and, if a test is declined, the need for a written assertion of a client’s decision to decline testing;
   e. The requirement for consultation for a condition specified in R9-16-112; and
   f. The requirement for the transfer of care for a condition specified in R9-16-111; and
2. Obtain a written informed consent for midwifery services according to R9-16-109.

D. A midwife shall establish an emergency care plan for the client that includes:
1. The name, address, and phone number of:
   a. The hospital closest to the birthing location that provides obstetrical services, and
   b. An emergency medical services provider that provides service between the birthing location and the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B);
3. The signature of the client and the date signed; and
4. The signature of the midwife and the date signed.

E. A midwife shall ensure the client receives a copy of the emergency care plan required in subsection (D).

F. A midwife shall implement the emergency care plan by immediately calling the emergency medical services provider identified in subsection (D)(1)(b) for any condition that threatens the life of the client or the client’s child.

G. A midwife shall maintain all instruments used for delivery in an aseptic manner and other birthing equipment and supplies in clean and good condition.

H. A midwife shall assess a client’s physical condition in order to determine whether the client is healthy and an intact placenta. A midwife shall establish an emergency care plan for the client that includes:
1. The name, address, and phone number of:
   a. The hospital closest to the birthing location that provides obstetrical services, and
   b. An emergency medical services provider that provides service between the birthing location and the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B); the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) is within 25 miles of the birthing location for a delivery identified in subsection (B);
3. The signature of the client and the date signed; and
4. The signature of the midwife and the date signed.

F. A midwife shall implement the emergency care plan by immediately calling the emergency medical services provider identified in subsection (D)(1)(b) for any condition that threatens the life of the client or the client’s child.
b. Urinalysis;
c. HIV;
d. Hepatitis B;
e. Hepatitis C;
f. Syphilis as required in A.R.S. § 36-693;
g. Rubella titer;
h. Chlamydia; and
i. Gonorrhea;
2. Until October 1, 2013, schedule or arrange for the following tests for the client:
a. A blood glucose screening test for diabetes completed between 24 and 28 weeks of gestation;
b. A hematocrit and hemoglobin or complete blood count test completed between 28 and 36 weeks of gestation;
c. A vaginal-rectal swab for Group B Streptococcus culture completed between 35 and 37 weeks of gestation;
d. At least one ultrasound and recommended follow-up testing to determine placental location and risk for placenta previa and placenta accrete; and
e. An ultrasound at 36-37 weeks gestation to confirm fetal presentation and estimated fetal weight for a breech pregnancy;
3. As of October 1, 2013, except as provided in R9-16-110, ensure that the tests in subsection (I)(1) are completed by the client within 28 weeks gestation;
4. As of October 1, 2013, except as provided in R9-16-110, ensure that the tests in subsection (I)(2) are completed by the client;
5. Conduct a prenatal visit at least once every 4 weeks until the beginning of 28 weeks of gestation, once every 2 weeks from the beginning of 28 weeks until the end of 36 weeks of gestation, and once a week after 36 weeks of gestation that includes:
a. Taking the client’s weight, urinalysis for protein, nitrites, glucose and ketones; blood pressure; and assessment of the lower extremities for swelling;
b. Measurement of the fundal height and listening for fetal heart tones and, later in the pregnancy, feeling the abdomen to determine the position of the fetus;
c. Documentation of fetal movement beginning at 28 weeks of gestation;
d. Document of:
   i. The occurrence of bleeding or invasive uterine procedures, and
   ii. Any medications taken during the pregnancy that are specific to the needs of an Rh negative client;
e. Referral of a client for lab tests or other assessments, if applicable; or
f. Recommendation of administration of the drug Rhogam to unsensitized Rh negative mothers after 28 weeks, or any time bleeding or invasive uterine procedures are done, or midwife administration of Rhogam under a physician’s written orders;
6. Monitor fetal heart tones with fetoscope and document the client’s report of first quickening, between 18 and 20 weeks of gestation;
7. Conduct weekly visits until signs of first quickening have occurred if first quickening has not been reported by 20 weeks of gestation;
8. Initiate a consultation if first quickening has not occurred by the end of 22 weeks of gestation; and
9. Conduct a prenatal visit of the birthing location before the end of 35 weeks of gestation to ensure that the birthing environment is appropriate for birth and that communication is available to the hospital and emergency medical services provider identified in subsection(D)(1).
J. During the intrapartum period, a midwife shall:
1. Determine if the client is in labor and the appropriate course of action to be taken by:
a. Assessing the interval, duration, intensity, location, and pattern of the contractions;
b. Determining the condition of the membranes, whether intact or ruptured, and the amount and color of fluid;
c. Reviewing with the client the need for an adequate fluid intake, relaxation, activity, and emergency management; and
d. Deciding whether to go to client’s home, remain in telephone contact, or arrange for transfer of care or consultation;
2. Contact the hospital identified in subsection (D)(1)(a) according to the policies and procedures established by the hospital regarding communication with midwives when the client begins labor and ends labor;
3. During labor, assess the condition of the client and fetus upon initial contact, every half hour in active labor until completely dilated, and every 15 to 20 minutes during pushing, following rupture of the amniotic bag, or until the newborn is delivered, including:
a. Initial physical assessment and checking of vital signs every 2 to 4 hours of the client;
b. Assessing fetal heart tones every 30 minutes in active first stage labor, and every 15 minutes during second stage, following rupture of the amniotic bag, or with any significant change in labor patterns;
c. Periodically assessing contractions, fetal presentation, dilation, effacement, and fetal position by vaginal examination;
d. Maintaining proper fluid balance for the client throughout labor as determined by urinary output and monitoring urine for presence of ketones; and
e. Assisting in support and comfort measures to the client and family;
4. For deliveries described in subsection (B), during labor determine:
a. For primiparas, the progress of active labor by monitoring whether dilation occurs at an average of 1 centimeter per hour until completely dilated, and a second stage does not exceed 2 hours, if applicable;
b. Normal progress of active labor for multigravids by monitoring whether dilation occurs at an average of 1.5 to 2 centimeters per hour until completely dilated, and a second stage does not exceed 1 hour, if applicable; or
c. The progress of active labor according to the Management Guidelines recommended by the American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists;
5. After delivery of the newborn:
a. Assess the newborn at 1 minute and 5 minutes to determine the Apgar scores;
b. Physically assess the newborn for any abnormalities;
c. Inspect the client’s perineum, vagina, and cervix for lacerations;
d. Deliver the placenta within 1 hour and assess the client for signs of separation, frank or occult bleeding; and
During the postpartum period, the midwife shall:

6. Recognize and respond to any situation requiring immediate intervention.

K. During the postpartum period, the midwife shall:

1. During the 2 hours after delivery of the placenta, provide the following care to the client:
   a. Every 15 to 20 minutes for the first hour and every 30 minutes for the second hour:
      i. Take vital signs of the client,
      ii. Perform external massage of the uterus, and
      iii. Evaluate bleeding;
   b. Assist the client to urinate within 2 hours following the birth, if applicable;
   c. Evaluate the perineum, vagina, and cervix for tears, bleeding, or blood clots;
   d. Assist with maternal newborn and infant bonding;
   e. Assist with initial breast feeding, instructing the client in the care of the breast, and reviewing potential danger signs, if appropriate;
   f. Provide instruction to the family about adequate fluid and nutritional intake, rest, and the types of exercise allowed, normal and abnormal bleeding, bladder and bowel function, appropriate baby care, signs and symptoms of postpartum depression, and any symptoms that may pose a threat to the health or life of the client or the client’s newborn and appropriate emergency phone numbers;
   g. Recommend or administer under physician’s written orders, the drug RhoGAM to an unsensitized Rh-negative mother who delivers an Rh-positive newborn. Administration shall occur not later than 72 hours after birth; and
   h. Document any medications taken by the client in the client's record and the newborn's record; and

2. During the 2 hours after delivery of the placenta, provide the following care to the newborn:
   a. Perform a newborn physical exam to determine the newborn’s gestational age and any abnormalities;
   b. Comply with the requirements in A.A.C. R9-6-332;
   c. Recommend or administer Vitamin K under physician’s written orders to the newborn. Administration shall occur not later than 72 hours after birth; and
   d. Document the administration of any medications or vitamins to the newborn in the newborn’s record according to the physician’s written orders;

3. Evaluate the client or newborn for any abnormal or emergency situation and seek consultation or intervention, if applicable, according to these rules; and

4. Re-evaluate the condition of the client and newborn between 24 and 72 hours after delivery to determine whether the recovery is following a normal course, including:
   a. Assessing baseline indicators such as the client’s vital signs, bowel and bladder function, bleeding, breasts, feeding of the newborn, sleep/rest cycle, activity with any recommendations for change;
   b. Assessing baseline indicators of well-being in the newborn such as vital signs, weight, cry, suck and feeding, fontanel, sleeping, and bowel and bladder function with documentation of meconium, and providing any recommendations for changes made to the family;
   c. Submitting blood obtained from a heel stick to the newborn to the state laboratory for screening according to A.R.S. § 36-694(B) and 9 A.A.C. 13, Article 2, unless a written refusal is obtained from the client and documented in the client’s record and the newborn’s record; and
   d. Recommending to the client that the client secure medical follow-up for her newborn.

L. A midwife shall file a birth certificate with the local registrar within seven calendar days after the birth of the newborn.

M. Subsections (B), (C)(1)(b), (C)(1)(d) and (J)(2) and (4) are effective July 1, 2014.

Historical Note

R9-16-109. Informed Consent for Midwifery Services
A. A midwife shall obtain a written informed consent for midwifery services in a format provided by the Department that contains:

1. The midwife’s:
   a. Name,
   b. Telephone number,
   c. License number, and
   d. E-mail address;

2. The client’s:
   a. Name;
   b. Address;
   c. Telephone number;
   d. Date of birth; and
   e. E-mail address, if applicable;

3. An attestation that the client was:
   a. Provided the information required in R9-16-108(C)(1);
   b. Informed of the emergency care plan as required in R9-16-108(D); and
   c. Given an opportunity to have questions answered, have an understanding of the information provided, and choose to continue with midwifery services; and

4. The signatures of the client and midwife and date signed.

B. A midwife shall ensure that the written informed consent for midwifery services is placed in the client file.

C. A midwife shall ensure that a copy of the written informed consent for midwifery services is provided to the:

1. Client, and
2. Department within five calendar days after a Department request.

D. This section is effective October 1, 2013.

Historical Note
Adopted effective March 14, 1994 (Supp. 94-1). R9-16-109 renumbered to R9-16-112; new Section R9-16-109 made by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Manifest typographical errors corrected in subsections (A)(3)(a) and (b) to rule Section reference of incorrect Chapter number; request made by department at file number R13-232 (Supp. 13-3).

R9-16-110. Assertion to Decline Required Tests
A. Except for R9-16-108(I)(1)(f), if the client declines a test required in R9-16-108(I)(3) and (4), a midwife shall obtain a written assertion of a client’s decision to decline a required test in a format provided by the Department, that contains:

1. The midwife’s:
   a. Name,
   b. Telephone number,
A midwife shall ensure that the written assertion of the decision to decline a test is placed in the client file.

A midwife shall ensure that a copy of the written assertion of the decision to decline a test is provided to the:
1. Client, and
2. Department within five calendar days after a Department request.

This section is effective October 1, 2013.

Historical Note

R9-16-111. Prohibited Practice; Transfer of Care
A. A midwife shall not provide midwifery services in a location that has the potential to cause harm to the client or the client’s child.
B. A midwife shall not accept for midwifery services or continue midwifery services for a client who has or develops any of the following:
1. A previous surgery that involved:
   a. An incision in the uterus, except as provided in R9-16-108(B)(1); or
   b. A previous uterine surgery that enters the myometrium;
2. Multiple fetuses;
3. Placenta previa or placenta accreta;
4. A history of severe postpartum bleeding, of unknown cause, which required transfusion;
5. Deep vein thrombosis or pulmonary embolism;
6. Uncontrolled gestational diabetes;
7. Insulin-dependent diabetes;
8. Hypertension;
9. Rh disease with positive titers;
10. Active:
    a. Tuberculosis;
    b. Syphilis;
    c. Genital herpes at the onset of labor;
    d. Hepatitis until treated and recovered, following which midwifery services may resume; or
    e. Gonorrhea until treated and recovered, following which midwifery services may resume;
11. Preeclampsia or eclampsia persisting after the second trimester;
12. A blood pressure of 140/90 or an increase of 30 millimeters of Mercury systolic or 15 millimeters of Mercury dia-
   stolic over the client’s lowest baseline blood pressure for two consecutive readings taken at least six hours apart;
13. A persistent hemoglobin level below 10 grams or a hematocrit below 30 during the third trimester;
14. A pelvis that will not safely allow a baby to pass through during labor;
15. A serious mental illness;
16. Evidence of substance abuse, including six months prior to pregnancy, to one of the following, evident during an assessment of a client:
   a. Alcohol,
   b. Narcotics, or
   c. Other drugs;
17. Except as provided in R9-16-108(B)(2), a fetus with an abnormal presentation;
18. Labor beginning before the beginning of 36 weeks gestation;
19. A progression of labor that does not meet the requirements of R9-16-108(J)(4), if applicable;
20. Gestational age greater than 34 weeks with no prior prenatal care;
21. A gestation beyond 42 weeks;
22. Presence of ruptured membranes without onset of labor within 24 hours;
23. Abnormal fetal heart rate consistently less than 120 beats per minute or more than 160 beats per minute;
24. Presence of thick meconium, blood-stained amniotic fluid, or abnormal fetal heart tones;
25. A postpartum hemorrhage of greater than 500 milliliters in the current pregnancy; or
26. A non-bleeding placenta retained for more than 60 minutes.

C. A midwife shall not perform a vaginal delivery after prior Cesarean section for a client who:
1. Had:
   a. More than one previous Cesarean section;
   b. A previous Cesarean section:
      i. With a classical, vertical, or unknown uterine incision;
      ii. Within 18 months before the expected delivery;
      iii. With complications, including uterine infection; or
      iv. Due to failure to progress as a result of cephalopelvic insufficiency; or
   c. Complications during a previous vaginal delivery after a Cesarean section; or
2. Has a fetus:
   a. With fetal anomalies, confirmed by an ultrasound; or
   b. In a breech presentation.

D. A midwife shall not perform a vaginal delivery of a fetus in a breech presentation for a client who:
1. Had a previous:
   a. Unsuccessful vaginal delivery or other demonstration of an inadequate maternal pelvis, or
   b. Cesarean section; or
2. Has a fetus:
   a. With fetal anomalies, confirmed by an ultrasound; or
   b. With an estimated fetal weight less than 2500 grams or more than 3800 grams; or
   c. In an incomplete breech presentation.

E. If the client has any of the conditions in subsections (B) through (D), a midwife shall:
1. Document the condition in the client record, and
2. Initiate transfer of care.
A. A midwife shall not perform any operative procedures except as provided in R9-16-113.

B. A midwife shall not:
   1. Use any artificial, forcible, or mechanical means to assist birth; or
   2. Attempt to correct fetal presentations by external or internal movement of the fetus.

C. A midwife shall not administer drugs or medications except as provided in R9-16-108(I)(5)(f), (K)(1)(g), (K)(2)(c), or R9-16-113.

D. A midwife shall obtain a consultation at the time a client is determined to have any of the following conditions:
   1. A positive culture for Group B Streptococcus;
   2. History of seizure disorder;
   3. History of stillbirth, premature labor, or parity greater than 5;
   4. Age younger than 16 years;
   5. A primigravida older than 40 years of age;
   6. Failure to auscultate fetal heart tones by the beginning of 22 weeks gestation;
   7. Failure to gain 12 pounds by the beginning of 30 weeks gestation or gaining more than 8 pounds in any two-week period during pregnancy;
   8. Greater than 1+ sugar, ketones, or protein in the urine on two consecutive visits;
   9. Excessive vomiting or continued vomiting after the end of 20 weeks gestation;
   10. Symptoms of decreased fetal movement;
   11. A fever of 100.4° F or 38° C or greater measured twice at 24 hours apart;
   12. Tender uterine fundus;
   13. Effacement or dilation of cervix greater than a finger-tip, accompanied by contractions, prior to the beginning of 36 weeks gestation;
   14. Measurements for fetal growth that are not within 2 centimeters of the gestational age;
   15. Second degree or greater lacerations of the birth canal;
   16. Except as provided in R9-16-111(B)(19), an abnormal progression of labor;
   17. An unengaged head at 7 centimeters dilation in active labor;
   18. Failure of the uterus to return to normal size in the current postpartum period;
   19. Persistent shortness of breath requiring more than 24 breaths per minute, or breathing which is difficult or painful;
   20. Gonorhea;
   21. Chlamydia;
   22. Syphilis;
   23. Heart disease;
   24. Kidney disease;
   25. Blood disease; or
   26. A positive test result for:
      a. HIV,
      b. Hepatitis B, or
      c. Hepatitis C.

E. A midwife shall obtain a consultation at the time a newborn demonstrates any of the following conditions:
   1. Weight less than 2500 grams or 5 pounds, 8 ounces;
   2. Congenital anomalies;
   3. An Apgar score less than 7 at 5 minutes;
   4. Persistent breathing at a rate of more than 60 breaths per minute;
   5. An irregular heartbeat;
   6. Persistent poor muscle tone;
   7. Less than 36 weeks gestation or greater than 42 weeks gestation by gestational exam;
   8. Yellowish-colored skin within 48 hours;
   9. Abnormal crying;
   10. Meconium staining of the skin;
   11. Lethargy;
   12. Irritability;
   13. Poor feeding;
   14. Excessively pink coloring over the entire body;
   15. Failure to urinate or pass meconium in the first 24 hours of life;
   16. A hip examination which results in a clicking or incorrect angle;
   17. Skin rashes not commonly seen in the newborn; or
   18. Temperature persistently above 99.0° or below 97.6° F.

F. A midwife shall obtain a consultation at the time a client is determined to have any of the following conditions:
   1. Birth weight less than 2000 grams;
   2. Pale, blue, or gray color after 10 minutes;
   3. Excessive edema;
   4. An irregular heartbeat;
   5. An Apgar score less than 7 at 5 minutes;
   6. Persistent poor muscle tone;
   7. Less than 36 weeks gestation or greater than 42 weeks gestation by gestational exam;
   8. Yellowish-colored skin within 48 hours;
   9. Abnormal crying;
   10. Meconium staining of the skin;
   11. Lethargy;
   12. Irritability;
   13. Poor feeding;
   14. Excessively pink coloring over the entire body;
   15. Failure to urinate or pass meconium in the first 24 hours of life;
   16. A hip examination which results in a clicking or incorrect angle;
   17. Skin rashes not commonly seen in the newborn; or
   18. Temperature persistently above 99.0° or below 97.6° F.

G. A midwife shall not:
   1. Use any artificial, forcible, or mechanical means to assist birth; or
   2. Attempt to correct fetal presentations by external or internal movement of the fetus.

H. A midwife shall not administer drugs or medications except as provided in R9-16-108(I)(5)(f), (K)(1)(g), (K)(2)(c), or R9-16-113.

I. Except as provided in R9-16-113, a midwife shall:
   1. Discontinue midwifery services and transfer care of a newborn in which any of the following conditions are present:
      a. Birth weight less than 2000 grams;
      b. Pale, blue, or gray color after 10 minutes;
      c. Excessive edema;
      d. Major congenital anomalies; or
      e. Respiratory distress; and
   2. Document the condition in subsection (I)(1) in the newborn record.

Historical Note

R9-16-112. Required Consultation
A. A midwife shall obtain a consultation at the time a client is determined to have any of the following during the current pregnancy:
   1. A positive culture for Group B Streptococcus;
   2. History of seizure disorder;
   3. History of stillbirth, premature labor, or parity greater than 5;
   4. Age younger than 16 years;
   5. A primigravida older than 40 years of age;
   6. Failure to auscultate fetal heart tones by the beginning of 22 weeks gestation;
   7. Failure to gain 12 pounds by the beginning of 30 weeks gestation or gaining more than 8 pounds in any two-week period during pregnancy;
   8. Greater than 1+ sugar, ketones, or protein in the urine on two consecutive visits;
   9. Excessive vomiting or continued vomiting after the end of 20 weeks gestation;
   10. Symptoms of decreased fetal movement;
   11. A fever of 100.4° F or 38° C or greater measured twice at 24 hours apart;
   12. Tender uterine fundus;
   13. Effacement or dilation of the cervix, greater than a finger-tip, accompanied by contractions, prior to the beginning of 36 weeks gestation;
   14. Measurements for fetal growth that are not within 2 centimeters of the gestational age;
   15. Second degree or greater lacerations of the birth canal;
   16. Except as provided in R9-16-111(B)(19), an abnormal progression of labor;
   17. An unengaged head at 7 centimeters dilation in active labor;
   18. Failure of the uterus to return to normal size in the current postpartum period;
   19. Persistent shortness of breath requiring more than 24 breaths per minute, or breathing which is difficult or painful;

B. A midwife shall obtain a consultation at the time a newborn demonstrates any of the following conditions:
   1. Weight less than 2500 grams or 5 pounds, 8 ounces;
   2. Congenital anomalies;
   3. An Apgar score less than 7 at 5 minutes;
   4. Persistent breathing at a rate of more than 60 breaths per minute;
   5. An irregular heartbeat;
   6. Persistent poor muscle tone;
   7. Less than 36 weeks gestation or greater than 42 weeks gestation by gestational exam;
   8. Yellowish-colored skin within 48 hours;
   9. Abnormal crying;
   10. Meconium staining of the skin;
   11. Lethargy;
   12. Irritability;
   13. Poor feeding;
   14. Excessively pink coloring over the entire body;
   15. Failure to urinate or pass meconium in the first 24 hours of life;
   16. A hip examination which results in a clicking or incorrect angle;
   17. Skin rashes not commonly seen in the newborn; or
   18. Temperature persistently above 99.0° or below 97.6° F.

C. The midwife shall inform the client of the consultation required in subsections (A) or (B) and recommendations received in the client record or newborn record.

D. The midwife shall document the consultation required in subsections (A) or (B) and recommendations received in the client record or newborn record.

Historical Note

R9-16-113. Emergency Measures
A. In an emergency situation in which the health or safety of the client or newborn are determined to be at risk, a midwife:
   1. Shall ensure that an emergency medical services provider is called; and
   2. May perform the following procedures as necessary:
      a. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation of the client or newborn with a bag and mask;
      b. Administration of oxygen at no more than 8 liters per minute via mask for the client and 5 liters per minute for the newborn via neonatal mask;
      c. Episiotomy to expedite the delivery during fetal distress;
      d. Suturing of episiotomy or tearing of the perineum to stop active bleeding, following administration of local anesthetic, contingent upon consultation with a physician or certified nurse midwife, or physician’s written orders;
e. Release of shoulder dystocia by utilizing:
   i. Hyperflexion of the client’s legs to the abdomen;
   ii. Application of external pressure suprapubically;
   iii. Rotation of the nonimpacted shoulder until the impacted shoulder is released;
   iv. Delivery of the posterior shoulder;
   v. Application of posterior pressure on the anterior shoulder, or
   vi. Positioning of the client on all fours with the back arched;
   f. Manual exploration of the uterus for control of severe bleeding; or
   g. Manual removal of placenta.

B. A licensed midwife may administer a maximum dose of 20 units of pitocin intramuscularly, in 10-unit dosages each, 30 minutes apart, to a client for the control of postpartum hemorrhage, contingent upon physician or certified nurse midwife consultation and written orders by a physician, and arrangements for immediate transport of the client to a hospital.

C. A midwife shall document in the client’s record any medications taken by a client for the control of postpartum hemorrhage.

Historical Note
New Section R9-16-113 renumbered from R9-16-110 and amended by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

R9-16-114. Midwife Report after Termination of Midwifery Services
A. A midwife shall complete a midwife report for each client, in a format provided by the Department, that includes the following:
1. The midwife’s:
   a. First name,
   b. Last name, and
   c. License number;
2. The client’s:
   a. Date of birth;
   b. Client number;
   c. Date of last menstrual period;
   d. Estimated date of delivery;
   e. Gravida (number);
   f. Parity (number); and
   g. If applicable, whether the client had a vaginal delivery after prior Cesarean section or vaginal delivery of a fetus in a complete breech or frank breech presentation;
3. A description of the maternal outcome, including any complications;
4. If a vaginal delivery after prior Cesarean section or vaginal delivery of a fetus in a complete breech or frank breech presentation:
   a. Rate of dilation, and
   b. Duration of second stage labor;
5. If applicable, the newborn’s:
   a. Date of birth;
   b. Gender;
   c. Weight;
   d. Length;
   e. Head circumference;
   f. Designation of average, small, or large for gestational age;
   g. Apgar score at 1 minute;
   h. Apgar score at 5 minutes;
   i. Existence of complications;
   j. Description of complications, if applicable;
   k. Birth certificate filing date; and
   l. Birth certificate number, if available;
6. Whether the client required transfer of care and, if applicable:
   a. Method of transport,
   b. Type of facility or individual to which the midwife transferred care of the client,
   c. Name of destination,
   d. Time arrived at destination,
   e. Confirmation the emergency care plan was utilized, and
   f. Medical reason for transfer of care;
7. The date midwifery services were terminated;
8. Reason for the termination of midwifery services;
9. If termination of midwifery services was due to a medical condition, the specific medical condition;
10. Whether information was provided on newborn screening; and
11. Whether newborn screening tests were ordered as required in A.R.S. § 36-694.

B. The midwife shall submit a midwife report for a client to the Department within 30 calendar days after the termination of midwifery services to the client.

Historical Note
Section made by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

R9-16-115. Client and Newborn Records
A. A midwife shall ensure that a record is established and maintained according to A.R.S. §§ 12-2291 and 12-2297 for each:
1. Client, and
2. Newborn delivered by the midwife from a client.

B. A midwife shall ensure that a record for each client includes the following:
1. The client’s full name, date of birth, address, and client number;
2. Names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the client’s spouse or other individuals designated by the client to be contacted in an emergency;
3. Written informed consent for midwifery services, as required in R9-16-108(C)(2);
4. Assertion to decline required tests, as required in R9-16-110(A)(3);
5. A copy of the emergency care plan, as required in R9-16-108(E);
6. The date the midwife began providing midwifery services to the client;
7. The date the client is expected to deliver the newborn;
8. The date the newborn was delivered, if applicable;
9. An initial assessment of the client to:
   a. Determine whether the client has a history of a condition or circumstance that would preclude care of the client by the midwife, as specified in R9-16-111; and
   b. Determine the:
      i. Number and outcome of previous pregnancies, and
      ii. Number of previous medical or midwife visits the client has had during the current pregnancy;
10. Progress notes documenting the midwifery services provided to the client;
11. For a delivery identified in R9-16-108(B):
   a. Rate of dilation, and
   b. Duration of second stage labor;
C. A midwife shall ensure that a record for each newborn includes the following:

1. The full name, date of birth, and address of the newborn’s mother;
2. The newborn’s:
   a. Date of birth,
   b. Gender,
   c. Weight at birth,
   d. Length at birth, and
   e. Apgar scores at 1 minute and 5 minutes after birth;
3. The newborn’s estimated gestational age at birth;
4. Progress notes documenting the midwifery services provided to the newborn;
5. Laboratory and diagnostic reports, as required in R9-16-108(I);
6. Documentation of consultations as required in R9-16-112:
   a. Reason for the consultation,
   b. Name of physician or certified nurse midwife,
   c. Date of consultation,
   d. Time of consultation, and
   e. Recommendation made by the physician or certified nurse midwife;
7. Written reports received from consultations as required in R9-16-112;
8. A description of any conditions or circumstances arising during or after the newborn’s birth that required the transfer of care;
9. The name of the physician, certified nurse midwife, or hospital to which the care of the newborn was transferred, if applicable;
10. Documentation of medications or vitamins administered to the newborn;
11. Documentation of medications or vitamins administered to the newborn and the physician’s written orders for the medications or vitamins;
12. Documentation of newborn screening, including when the specimen collection kit, as defined in A.A.C. R9-13, was submitted and results received, as required in R9-16-108(K)(4)(c);
13. The date the midwife stopped providing midwifery services to the newborn; and
14. Instructions provided to the client about the newborn before the midwife stopped providing midwifery services to the newborn.

Historical Note

R9-16-116. Denial, Suspension, or Revocation of License; Civil Penalties; Procedures
In addition to the grounds specified in A.R.S. §§ 36-756 and 13-904(E), the Department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license permanently or for a definite period of time, and may assess a civil penalty for each violation, for any of the following causes:

1. Practicing under a false name or alias so as to interfere with or obstruct the investigative or regulatory process,
2. Practicing under the influence of drugs or alcohol,
3. Falsification of records,
4. Obtaining any fee for midwifery services by fraud or misrepresentation,
5. Permitting another to use the midwife’s license, or
6. Knowingly providing false information to the Department.

Historical Note
New Section R9-16-116 renumbered from R9-16-111 and amended by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

R9-16-117. Expired

Historical Note
New Section made by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 1805, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Section expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(J) at 23 A.A.R. 1044, effective August 26, 2017 (Supp. 17-3).

ARTICLE 2. LICENSING AUDIOLOGISTS AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGISTS

R9-16-201. Definitions
In addition to the definitions in A.R.S. § 36-1901, the following definitions apply in this Article, unless otherwise specified:

1. “Accredited” means approved by the:
   a. New England Association of Schools and Colleges,
   b. Middle States Commission on Higher Education,
   c. North Central Association of Colleges and Schools,
   d. Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities,
   e. Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or
   f. Western Association of Schools and Colleges.
2. “Applicant” means:
   a. An individual who submits an application packet, or
   b. A person who submits a request for approval for a continuing education course.
3. “Application packet” means the information, documents, and fees required by the Department for a license.
5. “Calendar day” means each day, not including the day of the act, event, or default, from which a designated period of time begins to run, but including the last day of the period unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, statewide furlough day, or legal holiday, in which case the period runs until

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the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, statewide furlough day, or legal holiday.

6. "CCC" means Certificate of Clinical Competence, an award issued by ASHA to an individual who:
   a. Completes a degree in audiology or speech-language pathology from an accredited college or university that includes a clinical practicum,
   b. Passes the ETSNEA or ETSNESLP, and
   c. Completes a clinical fellowship.

7. "Clinical fellow" means an individual engaged in a clinical fellowship.

8. "Clinical fellowship" means an individual’s postgraduate professional experience assessing, diagnosing, screening, treating, writing reports, and counseling individuals exhibiting speech, language, hearing, or communication disorders, obtained:
   a. After completion of graduate level academic course work and a clinical practicum;
   b. Under the supervision of a clinical fellowship supervisor; and
   c. While employed on a full-time or part-time equivalent basis.

9. "Clinical fellowship agreement" means the document submitted to the Department by a clinical fellow to register the initiation of a clinical fellowship.

10. "Clinical fellowship report" means a document completed by a clinical fellowship supervisor containing:
    a. A summary of the diagnostic and therapeutic procedures performed by the clinical fellow,
    b. A verification by the clinical fellowship supervisor of the clinical fellow’s performance of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, and
    c. An evaluation of the clinical fellow’s ability to perform the diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.

11. "Clinical fellowship supervisor" means a licensed speech-language pathologist who:
    a. Is a sponsor of a temporary licensee,
    b. Had a CCC while supervising a clinical fellow before October 28, 1999, or
    c. Has a CCC while supervising a clinical fellow in another state.

12. "Clinical practicum" means the experience acquired by an individual who is completing course work in audiology or speech-language pathology, while supervised by a licensed audiologist, a licensed speech-language pathologist, or an individual holding a CCC, by assessing, diagnosing, evaluating, screening, treating, and counseling individuals exhibiting speech, language, cognitive, hearing, or communication disorders.

13. "Continuing education" means a course that provides instruction and training that is designed to develop or improve the licensee’s professional competence in disciplines directly related to the licensee’s scope of practice.

14. "Course" means a workshop, seminar, lecture, conference, or class.

15. "Current CCC" means documentation issued by ASHA verifying that an individual is presently certified by ASHA.

16. "Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination" means one of the following that has been identified by the Department as complying with the requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1924:
   a. The International Licensing Examination for Hearing Healthcare Professionals, administered by the International Hearing Society; or
   b. A test provided by the Department or other organization.

17. “Diagnostic and therapeutic procedures” means the principles and methods used by an audiologist in the practice of audiology or a speech-language pathologist in the practice of speech-language pathology.

18. “Disciplinary action” means a proceeding that is brought against a licensee by the Department under A.R.S. § 36-1934 or a state licensing entity.


20. ETSNESLP means Educational Testing Service National Examination in Speech-Language Pathology, the specialty area test of the Praxis Series given by the Education Testing Service, Princeton, N.J.

21. Full-time means 30 clock hours or more per week.

22. “Graduate level” means leading to, or creditable towards, a master’s or doctoral degree.

23. “Local education agency” means a school district governing board established by A.R.S. §§ 15-301 through 15-396.

24. “Monitoring” means being responsible for and providing direction to a clinical fellow without directly observing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.

25. “On-site” observations means the presence of a clinical fellowship supervisor who is watching a clinical fellow perform diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.

26. “Part-time equivalent” means:
   a. 25-29 clock hours per week for 48 weeks,
   b. 20-24 clock hours per week for 60 weeks, or
   c. 15-19 clock hours per week for 72 weeks.

27. “Pupil” means a child attending a school, a charter school, a private school, or an accommodation school as defined in A.R.S. § 15-101.

28. “Semester credit hour” means one earned academic unit of study based on completing, at an accredited college or university, a 50 to 60 minute class session per calendar week for 15 to 18 weeks.

29. “Semester credit hour equivalent” means one quarter credit, which is equal in value to 2/3 of a semester credit hour.


31. “Supervise” means being responsible for and providing direction to:
   a. A clinical fellow during on-site observations or monitoring of the clinical fellow’s performance of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures; or
   b. An individual completing a clinical practicum.

32. “Supervisory activities” means evaluating and assessing a clinical fellow’s performance of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures in assessing, diagnosing, evaluating, screening, treating, and counseling individuals exhibiting speech, language, cognitive, hearing, or communication disorders.

33. “Week” means the period of time beginning at 12:00 a.m. on Sunday and ending at 11:59 p.m. the following Saturday.

Historical Note
9 A.A.C. 16  
Arizona Administrative Code  
Department of Health Services - Occupational Licensing

rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 1998, effective July 1, 2014  
(Supp. 14-2).

R9-16-202. Application for an Initial License for an Audiologist  
A. Except as provided in subsection (B), an applicant for an audiology license or an audiology license to fit and dispense shall submit to the Department:

1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The applicant’s name, home address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
   b. The applicant’s Social Security number, as required under A.R.S. §§ 25-320 and 25-502;
   c. If applicable, the applicant’s business address and telephone number;
   d. If applicable, the name of applicant’s employer, including the employer’s business address and telephone number;
   e. Whether the applicant is requesting an audiology license to fit and dispense;
   f. Whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude in this or another state;
   g. If the applicant has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude:
      i. The date of the conviction,
      ii. The state or jurisdiction of the conviction,
      iii. An explanation of the crime of which the applicant was convicted, and
      iv. The disposition of the case;
   h. Whether the applicant is or has been licensed as an audiologist or an audiologist to fit and dispense hearing aids in another state or country;
   i. Whether the applicant has had a license revoked or suspended by any state within the previous two years;
   j. Whether the applicant is currently ineligible for licensing in any state because of a license revocation or suspension;
   k. Whether any disciplinary action has been imposed by any state, territory or district in this country for an act related to the applicant’s practice of audiology;
   l. Whether the applicant agrees to allow the Department to submit supplemental requests for information under R9-16-209;
   m. An attestation that the information submitted is true and accurate; and
   n. The applicant’s signature and date of signature;

2. If a license for the applicant has been revoked or suspended by any state within the previous two years, documentation that includes:
   a. The date of the revocation or suspension,
   b. The state or jurisdiction of the revocation or suspension, and
   c. An explanation of the revocation or suspension;

3. If the applicant is currently ineligible for licensing in any state because of a license revocation or suspension, documentation that includes:
   a. The date of the ineligibility for licensing,
   b. The state or jurisdiction of the ineligibility for licensing, and
   c. An explanation of the ineligibility for licensing;

4. If the applicant has been disciplined by any state, territory, or district of this country for an act related to the applicant’s audiologist license that is grounds for disciplinary action under Title 37, Chapter 17, documentation that includes:
   a. The date of the disciplinary action,
   b. The state or jurisdiction of the disciplinary action,
   c. An explanation of the disciplinary action, and
   d. Any other applicable documents, including a legal order or settlement agreement;

5. If applicable, a list of all states and countries in which the applicant is or has been licensed as an audiologist or an audiologist to fit and dispense hearing aids;

6. A copy of the applicant’s:
   a. U.S. passport, current or expired;
   b. Birth certificate;
   c. Naturalization documents; or
   d. Documentation of legal resident alien status;

7. One of the following:
   a. A copy of the applicant’s official transcript issued to the applicant by an accredited college or university after the applicant’s completion of a doctoral degree consistent with the standards of this state’s universities, as required in A.R.S. § 36-1940(A)(2); or
   b. Documentation that the applicant is eligible for a waiver, according to A.R.S. § 36-1940.02(C), of the education and clinical rotation requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1940;

8. Documentation:
   a. Of a passing grade on an ETSNEA dated within three years before the date of application required in A.R.S. § 36-1902(E);
   b. Of a current CCC completed by the applicant within three years before the date of application; or
   c. The applicant is eligible for a waiver, according to A.R.S. § 36-1940.02(D), of the audiology examination requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1940; and

9. A nonrefundable $100 application fee.

B. An applicant for an audiology license to fit and dispense hearing aids who was awarded a master’s degree before December 31, 2007 shall submit to the Department:

1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains the information in subsections (A)(1) through (A)(9); or

2. A copy of the applicant’s official transcript from an accredited college or university demonstrating the applicant’s completion of a master’s degree in audiology before December 31, 2007;

3. Documentation that the applicant is eligible, according to A.R.S. § 36-1940.02(C), for a waiver of the education and clinical rotation requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1940;

4. Documentation that the applicant:
   a. Has a passing grade on an ETSNEA completed within three years before the date of application;
   b. Has a CCC completed within three years before the date of application; or
   c. Is eligible for a waiver, according to A.R.S. § 36-1940.02(D), of the audiology examination requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1940; and

5. Documentation:
   a. Of a passing grade obtained by the applicant on a Department designated written hearing aid dispenser’s examination as required in A.R.S. § 36-1940(C); or
   b. That the applicant is eligible for a waiver, according to A.R.S. § 36-1940.02(E), of the hearing aid dispensing examination requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1940;
C. The Department shall review the application packet for a license to practice as an audiologist, an audiologist to fit and dispense hearing aids, or an audiologist, who has a master's degree, to fit and dispense hearing aids, as applicable, according to R9-16-209 and Table 2.1.

D. An audiologist with a doctoral degree in audiology who is licensed to fit and dispense hearing aids shall take and pass a Department-provided jurisprudence and ethics examination within six months after the issue date of the audiologist’s license.

Historical Note
Repealed effective March 14, 1994 (Supp. 94-1).

R9-16-203. Application for an Initial License for a Speech-language Pathologist

A. Except as provided in subsection (B), an applicant for a speech-language pathologist license shall submit to the Department:

1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The applicant’s name, home address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
   b. The applicant’s Social Security number, as required under A.R.S. §§ 25-320 and 25-502;
   c. If applicable, the applicant’s business address and telephone number;
   d. If applicable, the name of the applicant’s employer, including the employer’s business address and telephone number;
   e. Whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude in this or another state;
   f. If the applicant has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude:
      i. The date of the conviction;
      ii. The state or jurisdiction of the conviction;
      iii. An explanation of the crime of which the applicant was convicted, and
      iv. The disposition of the case;
   g. Whether the applicant is or has been licensed as a speech-language pathologist in another state or country;
   h. Whether the applicant has had a license revoked or suspended by any state within the previous two years;
   i. Whether the applicant is currently ineligible for licensing in any state because of a license revocation or suspension;
   j. Whether a disciplinary action has been imposed by any state, territory, or district in this country for an act related to the applicant’s speech-language pathologist license;
   k. Whether the applicant agrees to allow the Department to submit supplemental requests for information under R9-16-209;
   l. An attestation that the information submitted is true and accurate; and
   m. The applicant’s signature and date of signature;

2. If applicable, a list of all states and countries in which the applicant is or has been licensed as speech-language pathologist;

3. If a license for the applicant has been revoked or suspended by any state within the previous two years, documentation that includes:
   a. The date of the revocation or suspension,
   b. The state or jurisdiction of the revocation or suspension, and
   c. An explanation of the revocation or suspension;

4. If the applicant is currently ineligible for licensing in any state because of a license revocation or suspension, documentation that includes:
   a. The date of the ineligibility for licensing,
   b. The state or jurisdiction of the ineligibility for licensing, and
   c. An explanation of the ineligibility for licensing;

5. If the applicant has been disciplined by any state, territory, or district of this country for an act related to the applicant’s speech-language pathologist license that is grounds for disciplinary action under Title 37, Chapter 17, documentation that includes:
   a. The date of the disciplinary action;
   b. The state or jurisdiction of the disciplinary action;
   c. An explanation of the disciplinary action; and
   d. Any other applicable documents, including a legal order or settlement agreement;

6. A copy of the applicant’s:
   a. U.S. passport, current or expired;
   b. Birth certificate;
   c. Naturalization documents; or
   d. Documentation of legal resident alien status;

7. Documentation of the applicant’s:
   a. Official transcript issued to the applicant by an accredited college or university after the applicant’s completion of a master’s degree consistent with the standards of this state’s universities;
   b. Completion of a clinical practicum, as required in A.R.S. § 36-1940.01(A)(2)(b); and
   c. One of the following:
      i. Completion of clinical fellowship signed by the clinical fellowship supervisor as required in A.R.S. § 36-1940.01(A)(2)(c); or
      ii. Completion of a CCC within three years before the date of the application;

8. Documentation:
   a. Of the applicant’s passing score on the ETNSESLP; or
   b. That the applicant is eligible for a waiver, according to A.R.S. § 36-1940.02(B), from the examination requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1940.01; and

9. A nonrefundable $100 application fee.

B. An applicant for a speech-language pathologist license, limited to providing services to pupils under the authority of a local education agency or state-supported institution, shall submit:

1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains requirements in subsections (A)(1) through (6) and (A)(9);

2. A copy of an employee agreement or employment contract, conditioned upon the applicant’s receipt of a speech-language pathologist license, with a local education agency or a state-supported institution that includes the:
   a. Applicant’s name and Social Security number,
b. Name of the local education agency or state-supported institution,
c. Classification title of the applicant,
d. Work dates or projected work dates of the employment contract, and
e. Signatures of the applicant and the individual authorized by the governing board to represent the local education agency or state-supported institution; and

3. A copy of a temporary or regular certificate in speech and language therapy issued by the State Board of Education to the applicant.

C. The Department shall review an application packet for a license to practice as a speech-language pathologist according to R9-16-209 and Table 2.1.

Historical Note

R9-16-204. Application for a Temporary License for a Speech-Language Pathologist License
A. An applicant for a temporary speech-language pathologist license shall submit to the Department:
   1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
      a. The applicant’s name, home address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
      b. The applicant’s Social Security number, as required under A.R.S. §§ 25-320 and 25-502;
      c. If applicable, the applicant’s business address and telephone number;
      d. If applicable, the name of the applicant’s employer, including the employer’s business address and telephone number;
      e. Whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude in this or another state;
      f. If the applicant has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude:
         i. The date of the conviction,
         ii. The state or jurisdiction of the conviction,
         iii. An explanation of the crime of which the applicant was convicted, and
         iv. The disposition of the case;
      g. Whether the applicant is or has been licensed as a speech-language pathologist in another state or country;
      h. Whether the applicant has had a license revoked or suspended by any state within the previous two years;
      i. Whether the applicant is currently ineligible for licensing in any state because of a license revocation or suspension;
      j. Whether any disciplinary action, consent order, or settlement agreement is pending or has been imposed by any state or country upon the applicant’s speech-language pathologist license;
      k. Whether the applicant agrees to allow the Department to submit supplemental requests for information under R9-16-209;
      l. An attestation that the information submitted is true and accurate; and
      m. The applicant’s signature and date of signature;

   2. If applicable, a list of all states and countries in which the applicant is or has been licensed as a speech-language pathologist;

   3. If a license for the applicant has been revoked or suspended by any state within the previous two years, documentation that includes:
      a. The date of the revocation or suspension,
      b. The state or jurisdiction of the revocation or suspension, and
      c. An explanation of the revocation or suspension;

   4. If the applicant is currently ineligible for licensing in any state because of a license revocation or suspension, documentation that includes:
      a. The date of the ineligibility for licensing,
      b. The state or jurisdiction of the ineligibility for licensing, and
      c. An explanation of the ineligibility for licensing;

   5. If the applicant has been disciplined by any state, territory or district of this country for an act related to the applicant’s speech-language pathologist license that is grounds for disciplinary action under Title 37, Chapter 17, documenta
tion that includes:
      a. The date of the disciplinary action;
      b. The state or jurisdiction of the disciplinary action;
      c. An explanation of the disciplinary action; and
      d. Any other applicable documents, including a legal order or settlement agreement;

   6. A copy of the applicant’s:
      a. U.S. passport, current or expired;
      b. Birth certificate;
      c. Naturalization documents; or
      d. Documentation of legal resident alien status;

   7. Documentation of the applicant’s:
      a. Official transcript issued to the applicant by an accredited college or university after the applicant’s completion of a master’s degree consistent with the standards of this state’s universities, as required in A.R.S. § 36-1940.01(A)(2)(a); and
      b. Completion of a clinical practicum, as required in A.R.S. § 36-1940.01(A)(2)(b);

   8. A copy of the applicant’s clinical fellowship agreement that includes:
      a. The applicant’s name, home address, and telephone number;
      b. The clinical fellowship supervisor’s name, business address, telephone number, and Arizona speech-language pathology license number;
      c. The name and address where the clinical fellowship will take place;
      d. A statement by the clinical fellowship supervisor agreeing to comply with R9-16-210; and
      e. The signatures of the applicant and the clinical fellowship supervisor;

   9. Documentation of the applicant’s completion of the ETS-NESLP as required in A.R.S. § 36-1940.01(A)(3); and
   10. A nonrefundable $100 application fee.

B. A temporary license issued is effective for 12 months from the date of issuance.

C. A temporary license may be renewed only once.

D. An applicant issued a temporary speech-language pathologist license shall:
   1. Practice under the supervision of a licensed speech-language pathologist, and
A. A renewal application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The applicant’s name, home address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
   b. If applicable, the applicant’s business address and telephone number,
   c. If applicable, the name of the applicant’s employer, including the employer’s business address and telephone number;
   d. The applicant’s license number and date of expiration;
   e. Since the previous license application, whether the applicant has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude in this or another state;
   f. If the applicant was convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude:
      i. The date of the conviction,
      ii. The state or jurisdiction of the conviction,
      iii. An explanation of the crime of which the applicant was convicted, and
      iv. The disposition of the case;
   g. Whether the applicant has had, within two years before the renewal application date, an audiologist license suspended or revoked by any state;
   h. An attestation that the information submitted is true and accurate; and
   i. The applicant’s signature and date of signature;

B. Documentation of the continuing education required in R9-16-208, completed within the two years before the expiration date of the license, including:
   a. The name of the individual or organization providing the course;
   b. The date and location where the course was provided;
   c. The title of each course attended;
   d. A description of each course’s content;
   e. The name of the instructor;
   f. The instructor’s education, training, and experience background, if applicable; and
   g. The number of continuing education hours earned for each course; and

3. A $200 license renewal fee.

2. Not practice under the supervision of individual who has a temporary speech-language pathologist license.

E. The Department shall review an application packet for a temporary speech-language pathologist license.

Historical Note
A. The name of the individual or organization providing the course;
b. The date and location where the course was provided;
c. The title of each course attended;
d. The description of each course’s content;
e. The name of the instructor;
f. The instructor’s education, training, and experience background, if applicable; and
g. The number of continuing education hours earned for each course;
3. If the applicant is limited to providing speech-language pathology services to pupils under the authority of a local education agency or state-supported institution the documents required in R9-16-203(B); and
4. A $200 license renewal fee.
B. In addition to the documentation and renewal fee in subsection (A), an applicant who submits a renewal application within 30 calendar days after the license expiration date shall submit a $25 late fee.
C. An applicant who does not submit the documentation and the fee in subsection (A) and, if applicable, (B) within 30 calendar days after the license expiration date shall apply for a new license in R9-16-203.
D. If an applicant applies for a license according to R9-16-203 more than 30 calendar days but less than one year after the expiration date of the applicant’s previous license, the applicant:
1. Is not required to submit ETSNESLP documentation, and
2. Shall submit documentation of continuing education according to R9-16-208 completed within the two years before the date of application.
E. The Department shall review the application packet for a renewal license to practice as a speech-language pathologist according to R9-16-209 and Table 2.1.

Historical Note
Former Section R9-16-206 repealed, new Section R9-16-207 adopted effective January 23, 1978 (Supp. 78-1).
Repealed effective March 14, 1994 (Supp. 94-1).
Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2063, effective July 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-2).
R9-16-207. License Renewal for a Temporary Speech-Language Pathologist
A. Before the expiration date of the temporary speech-language pathologist license, a licensed temporary speech-language pathologist shall submit to the Department:
1. A renewal application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The applicant’s name, home address, e-mail address, and telephone number;
   b. The applicant’s license number and date of expiration;
   c. The name of the applicant’s employer, including the employer’s business address, and telephone number;
   d. The name, business address, telephone number, and license number of the speech language pathologist providing supervision to the applicant;
   e. Since the previous license application, whether the applicant has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude in this or another state;
   f. If the applicant was convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor:
      i. The date of the conviction,
      ii. The state or jurisdiction of the conviction,
      iii. An explanation of the crime of which the applicant was convicted, and
      iv. The disposition of the case;
   g. An attestation that the information submitted is true and accurate; and
   h. The applicant’s signature and date of signature;
2. A statement signed and dated by the applicant’s clinical fellowship supervisor agreeing to comply with R9-16-210; and
3. A $100 license renewal fee.
B. The Department shall review the application packet for a renewal temporary license to practice as a temporary speech-language pathologist according to R9-16-209 and Table 2.1.

R9-16-208. Continuing Education
A. Every 24 months after the effective date of a regular license, a licensee shall complete continuing education approved by the Department.
1. Except as provided in (A)(2), a licensed audiologist shall complete at least 20 continuing education hours related to audiology;
2. A licensed audiologist who fits and dispenses hearing aids shall complete:
   a. At least 20 continuing education hours related to audiology and hearing aid dispensing, and
   b. No more than eight continuing education hours required in subsection (A)(2)(a) provided by a single manufacturer of hearing aids; and
3. A licensed speech-language pathologist shall complete at least 20 continuing education hours in speech-language pathology related courses.
B. Continuing education shall:
1. Directly relate to the practice of audiology, speech-language pathology, or fitting and dispensing hearing aids;
2. Have educational objectives that exceed an introductory level of knowledge of audiology, speech-language pathology, or fitting and dispensing hearing aids; and
3. Consist of courses that include advances within the last five years in:
   a. Practice of audiology,
   b. Practice of speech-language pathology,
   c. Procedures in the selection and fitting of hearing aids,
   d. Pre- and post-fitting management of clients,
   e. Instrument circuitry and acoustic performance data,
   f. Ear mold design and modification contributing to improved client performance,
   g. Audiometric equipment or testing techniques that demonstrate an improved ability to identify and evaluate hearing loss,
   h. Auditory rehabilitation,
   i. Ethics,
   j. Federal and state statutes or rules, or
k. Assistive listening devices.

C. A continuing education course developed, endorsed, or sponsored by one of the following meets the requirements in subsection (B):

1. Hearing Healthcare Providers of Arizona,
2. Arizona Speech-Language-Hearing Association,
3. American Speech-Language-Hearing Association,
4. International Hearing Society,
5. International Institute for Hearing Instrument Studies,
6. American Auditory Society,
7. American Academy of Audiology,
8. Academy of Doctors of Audiology,
9. Arizona Society of Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery,
10. American Academy of Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery, or
11. An organization determined by the Department to be consistent with an organization in subsection (C)(1) through (10).

D. An applicant may request approval for a continuing education course by submitting the following to the Department:

1. The applicant’s name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address, as applicable;
2. If the applicant is a licensee, the licensee’s license number;
3. The title of the continuing education course;
4. A brief description of the course;
5. The name, educational background, and teaching experience of the individual presenting the course, if available;
6. The educational objectives of the course; and
7. The date, time, and place of presentation of the course.

E. If an applicant submits the information in subsection (D), the Department shall review the request for approval for a continuing education course according to R9-16-209 and Table 2.1.

F. The Department shall approve a continuing education course if the Department determines that the continuing education course:

1. Is designed to provide current developments, skills, procedures, or treatment in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures in audiology, speech-language pathology, or hearing aid dispensing;
2. Is developed and presented by individuals knowledgeable and experienced in the subject area; and
3. Contributes directly to the professional competence of a licensee.

Historical Note

R9-16-209. Time-frames

A. For each type of license or approval issued by the Department under this Article, Table 2.1 specifies the overall time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072(2), which begins on the date the Department receives an application packet.

1. The administrative completeness review time-frame begins:
   a. The date the Department receives an application packet required in this Article, or
   b. The date the Department receives a request for continuing education course approval according to R9-16-208.

2. Except as provided in subsection (B)(3), the Department shall provide a written notice of administrative completeness or a notice of deficiencies to an applicant within the administrative completeness review time-frame.

   a. If a license application packet or request for continuing education course approval is not complete, the notice of deficiencies listing each deficiency and the information or documentation needed to complete the license application packet or request for continuing education course approval.

   b. A notice of deficiencies suspends the administrative completeness review time-frame and the overall time-frame from the date of the notice until the date the Department receives the missing information or documentation.

   c. If the applicant does not submit to the Department all the information or documentation listed in the notice of deficiencies within 30 calendar days after the date of the notice of deficiencies, the Department shall consider the license application packet or request for continuing education course approval withdrawn.

3. If the Department issues a license or approval during the administrative completeness review time-frame, the Department shall not issue a separate written notice of administrative completeness.

C. For each type of license or approval issued by the Department under this Article, Table 2.1 specifies the substantive review time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072(3), which begins on the date the Department sends a written notice of administrative completeness.

1. Within the substantive review time-frame, the Department shall provide a written notice to the applicant that the Department approved or denied the license or continuing education course approval.

2. During the substantive review time-frame:

   a. The Department may make one comprehensive written request for additional information or documentation; and

   b. If the Department and the applicant agree in writing to allow one or more supplemental requests for additional information or documentation, the Department may make the number of supplemental requests agreed to between the Department and the applicant.

3. A comprehensive written request or a supplemental request for additional information or documentation suspends the substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame from the date of the request until the date the Department receives all the information or documentation requested.

4. If the applicant does not submit to the Department all the information or documentation listed in a comprehensive written request or supplemental request for additional information or documentation within 30 calendar days...
after the date of the request, the Department shall deny the license or approval.

D. After receiving the written notice of approval in subsection (C)(1), an applicant for a regular license or a temporary license shall send the required license fee to the Department. If the applicant does not submit the license fee within 30 calendar days after the date the Department sends the written notice of approval to the applicant, the Department shall consider the application withdrawn.

E. The Department shall issue a regular license or a temporary license:
1. Within five calendar days after receiving the license fee, and
2. From the date of issue, the license is valid for:
   a. Two years, if a regular license, and
   b. Twelve months, if a temporary license.

F. An applicant who is denied a license may appeal the denial according to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

Historical Note

Table 2.1. Time-frames (in calendar days)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Approval</th>
<th>Statutory Authority</th>
<th>Overall Time-Frame</th>
<th>Administrative Completeness Review Time-Frame</th>
<th>Time to Respond to Notice of Deficiency</th>
<th>Substantive Review Time-Frame</th>
<th>Time to Respond to Comprehensive Written Request</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application for an Initial License for an Audiologist (R9-16-202)</td>
<td>A.R.S. §§ 36-1904 and 36-1940</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application for an Initial License for a Speech-language Pathologist (R9-16-203)</td>
<td>A.R.S. §§ 36-1904 and 36-1940.01</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Application for Temporary License for a Speech-language Pathologist (R9-16-204)</td>
<td>A.R.S. §§ 36-1904 and 36-1940.03</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
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<td>30</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>License Renewal for an Audiologist (R9-16-205)</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-1904</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>License Renewal for a Speech-language Pathologist (R9-16-206)</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-1904</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>License Renewal for a Temporary Speech-language Pathologist (R9-16-207)</td>
<td>A.R.S. §§ 36-1904 and 36-1940.03</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
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<td>30</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approval of Continuing Education Course (R9-16-208)</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-1904</td>
<td>45</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Historical Note
Table 2.1 made by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 1998, effective July 1, 2014 (Supp. 14-2).

R9-16-210. Clinical Fellowship Supervisors
In addition to complying with the requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1905, a clinical fellowship supervisor shall:
1. Complete a minimum of 36 supervisory activities throughout an individual’s clinical fellowship that include:
   a. A minimum of 18 on-site observations,
   b. No more than six on-site observations in a 24-hour period, and
   c. A minimum of 18 monitoring activities;
2. Submit a copy of the clinical fellowship report to the Department within 30 calendar days after the completion of the clinical fellowship; and
3. Provide the Department and the clinical fellow with written notice within 72 hours after the decision to stop supervising the clinical fellow if the clinical fellowship supervisor voluntarily stops supervising a clinical fellow before the completion of the clinical fellowship.

Historical Note

R9-16-211. Requirements for Supervising a Speech-language
Pathologist Assistant
A licensed speech-language pathologist who provides direct supervision or indirect supervision to a speech-language pathologist assistant shall:

1. Have at least two years of full-time professional experience as a licensed speech-language pathologist;
2. Provide direct supervision or indirect supervision to no more than two full-time or three part-time speech-language pathologist assistants at one time;
3. Ensure that the amount and type of direct supervision and indirect supervision provided is consistent with:
   a. The speech-language pathologist assistant’s skills and experience,
   b. The needs of the clients served,
   c. The setting where the services are provided, and
   d. The tasks assigned;
4. Inform a client when the services of a speech-language pathology assistant are being provided;
5. Document each occurrence of direct supervision and indirect supervision provided to a speech-language pathology assistant, including:
   a. The speech-language pathologist assistant’s name and license number,
   b. The name and address of business where services occurred, and
   c. The date and type of supervision provided;
6. Ensure that the amount and type of direct supervision and indirect supervision provided to a speech-language pathology assistant is:
   a. A minimum of 20 per cent direct supervision and 10 per cent indirect supervision during the first 90 days of employment; and
   b. Subsequent to the first 90 days of employment, a minimum of 10 per cent direct supervision and 10 per cent indirect supervision;
7. If more than one licensed speech-language pathologist provides direct supervision or indirect supervision to a speech-language pathology assistant, designate one speech-language pathologist as the primary speech-language pathologist who is responsible for coordinating direct supervision and indirect supervision provided by other speech-language pathologists;
8. Establish a record for each speech-language pathology assistant who receives direct supervision and indirect supervision from the speech-language pathologist that includes:
   a. The speech-language pathologist assistant’s name, home address, telephone number, and e-mail;
   b. A plan indicating the types of skills and the number of hours allocated to the development of each skill that the speech-language pathology assistant is expected to complete;
   c. A document listing each occurrence of direct supervision or indirect supervision provided to the speech-language pathology assistant that includes:
      i. Business name and address where supervision occurred;
      ii. The times when the supervision started and ended,
      iii. The types of clinical interactions provided; and
      iv. Notation of speech-language pathology assistant’s progress;
   d. Documentation of evaluations provided to the speech-language pathology assistant during the time supervision was provided; and
   e. Documentation of when supervision was terminated; and
9. Maintain a speech-language pathology assistant record:
   a. Throughout the period that the speech-language pathologist assistant receives direct supervision and indirect supervision clinical interactions from the supervisor; and
   b. For at least two years after the last date the speech-language pathology assistant received clinical interactions from the supervisor.

Historical Note

R9-16-212. Equipment; Records
A. A licensee shall maintain equipment used by the licensee in the practice of audiology or the practice of speech-language pathology according to the manufacturer’s specifications.
B. If a licensee uses equipment that requires calibration, the licensee shall ensure that:
   1. The equipment is calibrated a minimum of every 12 months and according to the American National Standard - Specifications for Audiometers, S3.6-2010, Standards Secretariat, c/o Acoustical Society of America, 1305 Walt Whitman Road, Suite 300, Melville, New York, 11747-4300, November 2, 2010, incorporated by reference and on file with the Department and the Office of the Secretary of State with no future additions or amendments; and
   2. A written record of the calibration is maintained in the same location as the calibrated equipment for at least 36 months after the date of the calibration.
C. A licensee shall maintain the following records according to A.R.S. § 32-3211 for each client for at least 36 months after the date the licensee provided a service or dispensed a product while engaged in the practice of audiology, practice of speech-language pathology, or practice of fitting and dispensing hearing aids:
   1. The name, address, and telephone number of the individual to whom services are provided;
   2. The name or description and the results of each test and procedure used in evaluating speech, language, and hearing disorders or determining the need for dispensing a product or service; and
   3. If a product such as a hearing aid, augmentative communication device, or laryngeal device is dispensed, a record of the following:
      a. The name of the product dispensed;
      b. The product’s serial number, if any;
      c. The product’s warranty or guarantee, if any;
      d. The refund policy for the product, if any;
      e. A statement of whether the product is new or used;
      f. The total amount charged for the product;
      g. The name of the licensee; and
      h. The name of the intended user of the product.

Historical Note

R9-16-213. Bill of Sale Requirements
An audiologist who dispenses hearing aids shall provide a bill of sale to a client at the time the audiologist provides a hearing aid to the client or at a time requested by the client that complies with the requirements in R9-16-314.

Historical Note

R9-16-214. Disciplinary Actions
A. The Department may, as applicable:
1. Deny, revoke, or suspend an audiologist or speech-language pathologist’s license under A.R.S. § 36-1934;
2. Request an injunction under A.R.S. § 36-1937; or
3. Assess a civil money penalty under A.R.S. § 36-1939.

B. In determining which disciplinary action specified in subsection (A) is appropriate, the Department shall consider:
1. The type of violation,
2. The severity of the violation,
3. The danger to the public health and safety,
4. The number of violations,
5. The number of clients affected by the violations,
6. The degree of harm to the consumer,
7. A pattern of noncompliance, and
8. Any mitigating or aggravating circumstances.

C. A licensee may appeal a disciplinary action taken by the Department according to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

D. The Department shall notify a licensee’s employer within five calendar days after the Department initiates a disciplinary action against a licensee.

Historical Note

R9-16-215. Changes Affecting a License or a Licensee; Request for a Duplicate License
A. A licensee shall submit a notice to the Department in writing within 30 calendar days after the effective date of a change in:
1. The licensee’s home address or e-mail address, including the new home address or e-mail address;
2. The licensee’s name, including a copy of one of the following with the licensee’s new name:
   a. Marriage certificate,
   b. Divorce decree, or
   c. Other legal document establishing the licensee’s new name; and
3. The place or places, including address or addresses, where the licensee engages in the practice of audiology, speech-language pathology, or fitting and dispensing hearing aids.

B. A licensee may obtain a duplicate license by submitting to the Department a written request for a duplicate license in a format provided by the Department that includes:
1. The licensee’s name and address,
2. The licensee’s license number and expiration date,
3. The licensee’s signature and date of signature, and
4. A $25 duplicate license fee.

Historical Note

ARTICLE 3. LICENSING HEARING AID DISPENSERS

R9-16-301. Definitions
In addition to the definitions in A.R.S. § 36-1901, the following definitions apply in this Article unless otherwise specified:
1. “Applicant” means an individual or a business organization that submits to the Department an application to test, or initial, renewal or temporary license application packet to practice as a hearing aid dispenser.
2. “Application packet” means the information, documents, and fees required by the Department to apply for a license.
4. “Calendar day” means each day, not including the day of the act, event, or default from which a designated period of time begins to run, but including the last day of the period unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, statewide furlough day, or legal holiday, in which case the period runs until the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, statewide furlough day, or legal holiday.
5. “Continuing education” means a course that provides instruction and training that directly relates to the practice of fitting and dispensing hearing aids as specified in A.R.S. § 36-1904.
6. “Continuing education hour” means 50 minutes of continuing education.
7. “Controlling person” has the same meaning as in A.R.S. § 36-881.
8. “Course” means a workshop, seminar, lecture, conference, or class.
9. “Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination” means one of the following that has been identified by the Department as complying with the requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1924:
   a. The International Licensing Examination for Healthcare Professionals, administered by the International Hearing Society; or
   b. A test provided by the Department or other organization.
10. “Designated agent” means an individual who is authorized by an applicant or hearing aid dispenser to receive communications from the Department, including legal service of process, and to file or sign documents on behalf of the applicant or hearing aid dispenser.
11. “Disciplinary action” means a proceeding that is brought against a licensee by the Department under A.R.S. § 36-1934 or a state licensing entity.
12. “In-service education” means organized instruction or information that is provided to a licensed hearing aid dispenser.

Historical Note
Section repealed, new Section adopted effective June 25, 1993 (Supp. 93-2). Section amended by exempt rulemak-
R9-16-302. Individuals to Act for Applicant
When an applicant or a hearing aid dispenser is required by this Article to provide information on or sign an application form or other document, the following shall satisfy the requirement on behalf of the applicant or hearing aid dispenser:

1. If the applicant or the hearing aid dispenser is an individual, the individual; or
2. If the applicant or hearing aid dispenser is a business organization, the designated agent who:
   a. Is a controlling person of the business organization,
   b. Is a U.S. citizen or legal resident, and
   c. Has an Arizona address.

Historical Note

R9-16-303. Examination Requirements
A. Within two years after the date an applicant receives the approval notification in R9-16-304(C)(1), or a hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license receives the approval in R9-16-309(C), the applicant or hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license shall take and obtain a passing score on the Department-designated:

1. Written hearing aid dispenser examination required R9-16-304, and
2. Practical examination required in R9-16-305.

B. An applicant approved to take the Department-designated practical examination according to R9-16-304(C)(1), the examination required in R9-16-307(E), or a hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license approved to take the Department-designated practical examination according to R9-16-309(F)(1) shall:

1. Arrive on the scheduled date and time of the examination,
2. Provide proof of identity by a government-issued photographic identification card that is provided by the applicant or hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license upon the request of the individual administering the examination, and
3. Exhibit ethical conduct during the examination process.

C. An applicant or hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license who does not comply with subsection (B)(1) or (B)(2) is ineligible to take the examination on the scheduled date and time.

D. An applicant or hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license taking the examination:

1. Required in R9-16-307(E), will receive:
   a. A passing score if 75% or more of the responses are correct, as determined by the Department; or
   b. A failing score if fewer than 75% of the responses are incorrect, as determined by the Department; and
2. Required in R9-16-304(C)(1) or R9-16-309(F)(1) will receive a passing score on the examination if the applicant or hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license demonstrates the proficiencies in A.R.S. § 36-1924(A)(4), as determined by the Department.

E. The Department shall notify an applicant or hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license that the applicant or hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license may apply for an initial hearing aid dispenser license when the applicant or hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license has received a passing score on both of the examinations in subsection (A).

Historical Note
B. The Department shall review an application for an approval to take the Department-designated written hearing aid examination according to R9-16-316 and Table 3.1.

C. Within five calendar days after the Department receives the applicant’s Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination results, the Department shall provide written notification to the applicant of:

1. A passing score that includes approval to take the Department-designated practical examination in R9-16-305; or
2. A failing score that includes, as applicable, approval to retake the Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination.

Historical Note

R9-16-305. Practical Examination
A. After an applicant takes the Department-designated practical examination required in R9-16-303(A), the Department shall provide written notification to the applicant within five calendar days after the Department receives the applicant’s examination results whether the applicant received:

1. A passing score; or
2. A failing score and, as applicable, approval to retake the Department-designated practical examination.

B. The Department shall administer the Department-designated practical exam that complies with A.R.S. § 36-1924(A)(4):

1. In October each calendar year, and

Historical Note

R9-16-306. Application for an Initial License by Examination
A. Within six months after receiving the written notice in R9-16-303(E), an applicant for an initial license by examination shall submit to the Department:

1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The applicant’s name, home address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
   b. An attestation that the information submitted as part of the application for approval to take the Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination required in R9-16-304 is currently true and accurate; and
   c. The applicant’s signature and date signed; and
2. A license fee of $200.

B. The Department shall review an application for an initial hearing aid dispenser license by examination according to R9-16-316 and Table 3.1.

C. If the Department does not issue an initial hearing aid dispenser license by examination to an applicant, the Department shall return the license fee to the applicant.

D. An initial hearing aid dispenser license is valid for two years from the date of issue.

Historical Note

R9-16-307. Application for an Initial License by Reciprocity
A. An applicant for an initial license by reciprocity shall submit to the Department:

1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The information required in R9-16-304(A)(1)(a) through (A)(1)(d);
   b. The name of each state that issued the applicant a current hearing aid dispenser license;
   c. The license number of each current hearing aid dispenser license, and
   d. The date each current hearing aid dispenser license was issued;
2. The documents required R9-16-304(A)(2) through (A)(5);
3. For each state named in subsection (A)(1)(b):
   a. A statement, on the letterhead of the state licensing entity that issued the hearing aid dispenser license and signed by an official of the state licensing entity, that the applicant holds a current hearing aid dispenser license in good standing;
   b. A copy of the written and practical portions of the Department-designated hearing aid dispenser examination taken by the applicant or a detailed description of each portion of the examination;
   c. The state licensing entity’s statement of:
      i. The applicant’s score on each section of the hearing aid dispenser examination taken by the applicant,
      ii. The minimum passing score for each section of the hearing aid dispenser examination taken by the applicant, and
      iii. The minimum passing score for the hearing aid dispenser examination taken by the applicant; and
   d. A copy of the applicant’s current license;
   e. An attestation that the information submitted as part of the application for an initial license by reciprocity is true and accurate; and
   f. The applicant’s signature and date of signature; and
4. A $200 license fee.

B. Based on the information submitted under subsections (A)(1) through (A)(3), the Department shall determine whether:

1. The content of the examination taken by the applicant is substantially the same as the content of the Department’s examinations in:
   a. The Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination, and
   b. The Department-designated practical examination;
2. The applicant’s scores on the examinations in (A)(3)(c) meet the requirements in R9-16-303 for passing; and
3. The applicant complies with A.R.S. §§ 36-1922 and 36-1923(A), and this Article.

C. The Department shall review an application for an initial license by reciprocity according to R9-16-316 and Table 3.1.

D. If the Department does not issue an initial license by reciprocity to an applicant, the Department shall return the license fee to the applicant.

E. If the Department issues an initial license by reciprocity to an applicant, the Department shall provide notification to the applicant that the applicant is approved to take and required to pass the examination identified in A.R.S. § 36-1922 within six months after the initial license by reciprocity is issued.
F. After an applicant takes the examination in subsection (E), the Department shall provide written notification to the applicant within five calendar days after the Department receives the applicant’s examination results whether the applicant received:
1. A passing score; or
2. A failing score and, as applicable, approval to retake the examination.

G. An initial license by reciprocity issued to an applicant is valid for two years from the date of issue.

H. The Department shall review an application for an initial hearing aid dispenser license to a business organization according to subsection (A), and shall comply with A.R.S. § 36-1910.

R9-16-308. Application for an Initial License to a Business Organization

A. An applicant that is a business organization shall submit to the Department:
1. An application for an initial hearing aid dispenser license in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The name of the business organization;
   b. The business organization’s Arizona business name, address, and telephone number;
   c. The name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address of the individual authorized by the business organization to be the designated agent;
   d. The name, business telephone number, and Arizona hearing aid dispenser license number of each hearing aid dispenser employed by the business organization in Arizona;
   e. Whether the business organization or a hearing aid dispenser working for the business organization has had a hearing aid dispenser license suspended or revoked by any state within two years before the application date;
   f. Whether the business organization or a hearing aid dispenser working for the business organization currently is not eligible for licensing in any state due to a suspension or revocation;
   g. An attestation that information required as part of the application has been submitted and is true and accurate; and
   h. The signature and date of signature from the designated agent;
2. A nonrefundable $100 application fee; and
3. A $200 license fee.

B. The Department shall review an application for an initial hearing aid dispenser license to a business organization according to R9-16-316 and Table 3.1.

C. If the Department does not issue an initial hearing aid dispenser license to a business organization, the Department shall return the license fee in subsection (A)(3) to the applicant.

D. A business organization licensed according to this Section shall comply with A.R.S. § 36-1910.

E. An initial license issued to a business organization according to this Section is valid for two years from the date of issue.

Historical Note

R9-16-309. Application for a Temporary License

A. An applicant for a temporary license shall submit to the Department:
1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The information in R9-16-304(A)(1)(a) through (A)(5); and
   b. The applicant’s sponsor’s:
      i. Name,
      ii. Business address,
      iii. Business telephone number, and
      iv. Arizona hearing aid dispenser license number;
2. A statement signed by the sponsor that the sponsor is a licensed hearing aid dispenser who agrees to train, supervise, and be responsible for the applicant’s hearing aid dispenser practice according to A.R.S. § 36-1903; and
3. A $100 license fee.

B. The Department shall review an application for a temporary license according to R9-16-316 and Table 3.1.

C. If the Department issues a temporary license to the applicant, the Department shall also provide written notification to the applicant of approval to take the Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination within six months after the temporary license is issued.

D. If the Department does not issue an applicant a temporary license, the Department shall return the license fee in subsection (A)(3) to the applicant.

E. If a hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license takes and fails the Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination required in subsection (C), the temporary hearing aid dispenser may:
1. Renew the temporary license once according to R9-16-311(F), and
2. Take the Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination within the six months after renewal of the temporary license.

F. Within five calendar days after the Department receives an individual’s Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination results, the Department shall provide written notification to the individual of:
1. A passing score that includes approval to take the Department-designated practical examination; or
2. A failing score that includes, as applicable, approval to retake the Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination.

G. A temporary license is no longer valid on the date the Department receives notice from the sponsor that the sponsor is terminating sponsorship.

H. A hearing aid dispenser whose temporary license is terminated according to subsection (G), shall:
1. Not practice until issued a new license, and
2. May apply for an initial license as a hearing aid dispenser according to this Article or a temporary license according to this Section.

I. A temporary license is valid for 12 months from the date of issue.

Historical Note

R9-16-310. Sponsors

A. A sponsor shall:
1. Provide to a hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license a minimum of 64 hours per month of on-site training and supervision that:
a. Consists of coordinating, directing, watching, inspecting, and evaluating the fitting and dispensing activities of the hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license; and
b. Directly relates to the type of training and education needed to pass the licensing examination required in A.R.S. § 36-1924;

2. Maintain a record that:
   a. Is signed by the hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license;
   b. Has the date, time, and content of the training and supervision provided to the hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license, as required in subsection (A)(1); and
   c. Is available for inspection by the Department for at least 12 months after the end of the sponsorship agreement; and

3. Not provide sponsorship to more than two hearing aid dispensers with temporary licenses, at one time.

B. When a sponsor terminates a sponsorship agreement with a hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license:
   1. The sponsor shall:
      a. Provide a written notice to the hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license indicating termination of the sponsorship agreement; and
      b. Provide a copy of the written notice required in subsection (B)(1)(a), and documentation that the hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license received the written notice, to the Department; and

   2. The hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license shall return the temporary license to the Department.

Historical Note

R9-16-311. License Renewal
A. A licensee, except for a hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license, shall submit a renewal application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   1. For an individual licensed as a hearing aid dispenser:
      a. The applicant’s name, home address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
      b. The applicant’s Social Security Number, as required under A.R.S. §§ 25-320 and 25-502;
      c. If applicable, the name of the applicant’s employer and the employer’s business address and business telephone number;
      d. The applicant’s license number and expiration date;
      e. Since the hearing aid dispenser’s previous license application, whether the applicant has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude in this or another state or jurisdiction;
      f. If the applicant was convicted of a felony or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude:
         i. The date of the conviction,
         ii. The state or jurisdiction of the conviction,
         iii. An explanation of the crime of which the applicant was convicted, and
         iv. The disposition of the case;
      g. Whether the applicant has had a license revoked or suspended by any state within the previous two years;
      h. Whether the applicant is currently ineligible for licensure in any state because of a prior license revocation or suspension;
      i. Whether any disciplinary action has been imposed by any state, territory or district in this country for an act upon the applicant’s hearing aid dispenser license;
      j. An attestation that information required as part of the application has been submitted and is true and accurate; and
      k. The applicant’s signature and date of signature;

   2. In addition to the requirements in subsection (A)(1) an individual shall submit:
      a. Documentation of 24 continuing education hours completed within the 24 months before the expiration date on the license, including:
         i. The name of the organization providing the course;
         ii. The date and location where the course was provided;
         iii. The title of each course attended;
         iv. A description of each course’s content;
         v. Whether the course was taught in-person;
         vi. The name of the instructor;
         vii. The instructor’s education, training, and experience background, if available; and
         viii. The number of continuing education hours earned for each course; and
      b. A $200 license renewal fee; or

   3. For a business organization licensed as a hearing aid dispenser:
      a. The information in subsection R9-16-308(A)(1), and
      b. A $200 license renewal fee.

B. A licensee, except for a hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license, who renews a license within 30 calendar days after the expiration date of the license, shall submit to the Department:
   1. The information and renewal fee required in subsection (A), and
   2. A $25 late fee.

C. A renewal license issued to a licensee, except for a hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license, is valid for two years after the expiration date of the previous license issued by the Department.

D. If a licensee does not comply with subsections (A) or (B), the license is nonrenewable and:
   1. The hearing aid dispenser may apply for a new license according to subsection (E), or
   2. The business organization may apply for a new license according to R9-16-308.

E. A licensee whose license is nonrenewable according to subsection (D)(1) and it is within one year after the expiration date of the hearing aid dispenser’s license:
   1. The applicant shall submit an application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
      a. The information required in R9-16-304(A)(1) through (A)(4), and
      b. Documentation of continuing education according to R9-16-312; and
   2. A nonrefundable $100 application fee and a $100 license fee.

F. If allowed in R9-16-309(E)(1), a hearing aid dispenser with a temporary license shall submit at least 30 calendar days before the expiration date on the license, a renewal application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   1. The information in R9-16-304(A)(1) through (A)(4); and
   2. The applicant’s sponsor’s:
A renewal license issued to a licensee according to subsection H.
The Department shall review a renewal application according to R9-16-316 and Table 3.1.

Historical Note
Adopted effective June 25, 1993 (Supp. 93-2). Section repealed; new Section made by exempt rulemaking at 20

R9-16-313. Responsibilities of a Hearing Aid Dispenser
A. A hearing aid dispenser licensed according to subsections R9-16-306 or R9-16-307 shall:

1. Upon licensure, notify the Department in writing of the address where the hearing aid dispenser practices the fitting and dispensing of hearing aids;
2. Conspicuously post the license received according to subsections R9-16-306 or R9-16-307 in the hearing aid dispenser’s office or place of business;
3. Except as specified in subsections (A)(4) or (A)(5), conduct audiometric tests before selecting a hearing aid for a client that provides detailed information about the client’s hearing loss, including:
   a. Type, degree, and configuration of hearing loss;
   b. Ability, as measured by the percentage of words the client is able to repeat correctly, to discriminate speech; and
   c. The client’s most comfortable and uncomfortable loudness levels in decibels;
4. Have the option to conduct audiometric testing required in subsection (A)(3) before selling a client a hearing aid if the client provides to the dispenser the information required in subsection (A)(3) from a licensed professional and the information was:
   a. Obtained within the previous 12 months for an adult, or
   b. Within the previous six months for an individual under the age of 18;
5. Have the option to conduct audiometric testing required in subsection (A)(3) if the tests cannot be performed on the client due to:
   a. The client’s young age, or
   b. A physical or mental disability;
6. Maintain documentation for three years from the date of receipt of the information, that supports the exclusion of specific audiometric tests according to subsections (A)(4) and (A)(5);
7. Evaluate the performance characteristics of the hearing aid as it functions on the client’s ear for the purpose of assessing the degree of audibility provided by the device and benefit to the client;
8. Provide a bill of sale to a client according to A.R.S. § 36-1909(A) that contains:
   a. Information required in A.R.S. § 36-1909;
   b. A complete description of:
      i. Warranty information, and
      ii. The conditions of any offer of a trial period with a money back guarantee or partial refund; and
   c. The client’s signature and date of signature; and
9. Not:
   a. Practice without a license according to A.R.S. § 36-1907;
   b. Commit unlawful acts according to A.R.S. § 36-1936, or
   c. Commit actions described in A.R.S. § 36-1934(A).
B. The trial period described in subsection (A)(8)(b)(ii) shall not include any time that the hearing aid is in the possession of the hearing aid dispenser or the manufacturer of the hearing aid.

Historical Note
Adopted effective June 25, 1993 (Supp. 93-2). Section repealed; new Section made by exempt rulemaking at 20
R9-16-314. Equipment and Records
A. A licensee shall maintain an audiometer that performs the audiometric tests as described in R9-16-313 according to the manufacturer’s specifications.

B. If a licensee uses equipment that requires calibration, the licensee shall ensure that:
1. The equipment is calibrated at least every 12 months and according to the American National Standard - Specifications for Audiometers, S3.6-2010, Standards Secretariat, c/o Acoustical Society of America, 1305 Walt Whitman Road, Suite 300, Melville, New York, 11747-4300, November 2, 2010, incorporated by reference and on file with the Department and the Office of the Secretary of State, with no future additions or amendments; and
2. A written record of the calibration is maintained in the same location as the calibrated equipment for at least 36 months after the date of the calibration.

C. A licensee shall maintain a record according to A.R.S. § 32-3211 for each client with the following documents for at least 36 months after the date the licensee provided a service or dispensed a product while engaged in the practice of fitting and dispensing hearing aids:
1. The name, address, and telephone number of the individual to whom services are provided;
2. A written statement from a licensed physician that the client has medical clearance to use hearing aids or a medical waiver signed by the client who is 18 years of age or older;
3. For each audiometric test conducted for the client, the:
   a. Audiometric test results by date and procedure used in evaluating hearing disorders or determining the need for dispensing a product or service.
   b. Name of the individual who performed the audiometric tests, and
   c. Signature of the individual who performed the audiometric tests;
4. A copy of the bill of sale required in R9-16-313(A)(8);
5. Documented verification of the effectiveness of the hearing aid required in R9-16-313(A)(7); and
6. The contracts, agreements, warranties, trial periods, or other documents involving the client.

Historical Note

R9-16-315. Disciplinary Actions
A. The Department may, as applicable:
1. Take an action under A.R.S. § 36-1934,
2. Request an injunction under A.R.S. § 36-1937, or
3. Assess a civil money penalty under A.R.S. § 36-1939.

B. In determining which disciplinary action specified in subsection (A) is appropriate, the Department shall consider:
1. The type of violation,
2. The severity of the violation,
3. The danger to the public health and safety,
4. The number of violations;
5. The number of clients affected by the violations,
6. The degree of harm to the consumer,
7. A pattern of noncompliance, and
8. Any mitigating or aggravating circumstances.

C. A licensee may appeal a disciplinary action taken by the Department according to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

D. The Department shall notify a licensee’s employer within five days after the Department initiates a disciplinary action against a licensee.

Historical Note
New Section made by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2688, effective June 7, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Section repealed; new Section made by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 1998, effective July 1, 2014 (Supp. 14-2).

Table 1. Renumbered

Historical Note
Table 1 made by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2688, effective June 7, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Table 1 renumbered to Table 3.1 by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 1998, effective July 1, 2014 (Supp. 14-2).

R9-16-316. Time-frames
A. The overall time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072 for each type of license or approval granted by the Department is specified in Table 3.1. The Department and an applicant may agree in writing to extend the substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame. The substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame may not be extended by more than 25 percent of the overall time-frame.

B. The administrative completeness review time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072 for each type of license or approval granted by the Department is specified in Table 3.1.

1. The administrative completeness review time-frame begins:
   a. For an applicant submitting an application for approval to take the Department-designated written hearing aid dispenser examination, when the Department receives the application required in R9-16-304(A);
   b. For an applicant submitting an application for initial hearing aid dispenser license by examination, when the Department receives the application required in R9-16-306;
   c. For an applicant submitting an application for initial hearing aid dispenser license by reciprocity, when the Department receives the application required in R9-16-307;
   d. For a business organization submitting an application for an initial hearing aid dispenser license to a business organization, when the Department receives the application required in R9-16-308;
   e. For an applicant submitting an application for a temporary license, when the Department receives the application required in R9-16-309;
   f. For a licensed hearing aid dispenser applying to renew a hearing aid dispenser license, when the Department receives the application required in R9-16-311;
   g. For a business organization applying to renew a business organization hearing aid dispenser license, when the Department receives the application required in R9-16-311; and
   h. For a temporary hearing aid dispenser applying to renew a temporary license, when the Department receives the application required in R9-16-311.

2. If an application is incomplete, the Department shall provide a notice of deficiencies to the applicant or licensee describing the missing documents or incomplete information. The administrative completeness review time-frame and the overall time-frame are suspended from the date of the notice until the date the Department receives the doc-
3. If the applicant or licensee submits the documentation or information listed in the notice of deficiencies within the time specified in Table 3.1, the Department shall provide a written notice of administrative completeness to the applicant of licensee.

4. If the applicant or licensee does not submit the documentation or information listed in the notice of deficiencies within the time specified in Table 3.1, the Department shall consider the application withdrawn.

5. When an application is complete, the Department shall provide a notice of administrative completeness to the applicant or licensee.

6. If the Department issues a license or notice of approval during the administrative completeness review time-frame, the Department shall not issue a separate written notice of administrative completeness.

C. The substantive review time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072 is specified in Table 3.1 and begins on the date of the notice of administrative completeness.

1. If an application complies with this Article and A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 17, Articles 1 through 4, the Department shall issue a notice of approval to an applicant or a license to an applicant or licensee.

2. If an application does not comply with this Article and A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 17, Articles 1 through 4, the Department shall make one comprehensive written request for additional information, unless the applicant or licensee has agreed in writing to allow the Department to submit supplemental requests for information. The substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame are suspended from the date that the Department sends a comprehensive written request for additional or a supplemental request for information until the date that the Department receives all of the information requested.

3. An applicant or licensee shall submit to the Department all of the information requested in a comprehensive written request for additional information or a supplemental request for information within the time specified in Table 3.1.

4. If the applicant or licensee does not submit the additional information within the time specified in Table 3.1 or the additional information submitted by the applicant or licensee does not demonstrate compliance with this Article and A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 17, Articles 1 through 4, the Department shall provide to the applicant or licensee a written notice of denial that complies with A.R.S. § 41-1092.03(A).

5. If the applicant or licensee submits the additional information within the time specified in Table 3.1 and the additional information submitted by the applicant or licensee demonstrates compliance with this Article and A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 17, Articles 1 through 4, the Department shall issue a license to an applicant or licensee or a notice of approval to an applicant.

Historical Note
New Section made by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2063, effective July 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Historical note corrected to reflect the rulemaking action on file and effective with the 04-2 supplement (Supp. 05-2). Section repealed; new Section made by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 1998, effective July 1, 2014 (Supp. 14-2).

Table 3.1. Time-frames (in calendar days)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Approval</th>
<th>Statutory Authority</th>
<th>Overall Time-frame</th>
<th>Administrative Completeness Review Time-frame</th>
<th>Time to Respond to Notice of Deficiency</th>
<th>Substantive Review Time-frame</th>
<th>Time to Respond to Comprehensive Written Request</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Approval to take the Department-designated Written Hearing Aid Dispenser Examination</td>
<td>A.R.S. §§ 36-1923, 36-1924</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial License by Examination</td>
<td>A.R.S. §§ 36-1904, 36-1923</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial License by Reciprocity</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-1922</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Initial License to a Business Organization</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-1910</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Temporary License</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-1926</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Renewal of a Hearing Aid Dispenser License</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-1904</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A licensee shall submit a written notice to the Department in
change affecting a license or a licensee;
Request for Duplicate License
A. A licensee may obtain a duplicate license by submitting to the
Department a request for a duplicate license in a format pro-
vided by the Department that includes:
1. The licensee’s name and address,
2. The licensee’s name, including a copy of one of the fol-
   lowing with the licensee’s new name:
   a. Marriage certificate,
   b. Divorce decree, or
   c. Other legal document establishing the licensee’s
      new name; or
3. The place or places where the licensee engages in the
   practice of hearing aid dispensing, including the address
   or addresses of the place or places where the licensee
   engages in the practice of hearing aid dispensing.
B. A licensee may obtain a duplicate license by submitting to the
   Department a request for a duplicate license in a format pro-
   vided by the Department that includes:
   1. The licensee’s name and address.
   2. The licensee’s license number and expiration date,
   3. The licensee’s signature and date of signature, and
   4. A $25 duplicate license fee

   Historical Note
New Section made by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R.

ARTICLE 4. REGISTRATION OF SANITARIANS

R9-16-401. Definitions
In this Article, unless otherwise specified:
1. “Applicant” means an individual requesting from the
   Council:
   a. Approval to take the sanitarian examination;
   b. Registration as a sanitarian; or
   c. Renewal of registration as a sanitarian.
2. “Application packet” means a Council-approved applica-
   tion form and the documentation necessary to establish an
   individual’s qualifications for registration as a sanitarian.
3. “Billet” means an individual’s military job position and
   job description.
4. “Council” means the Sanitarians’ Council established
   under A.R.S. § 36-136.01(A).
5. “Course” means a program of instruction for which credit
   toward graduation or certification is given.
6. “Continuing education” means a course, seminar, lecture,
   conference, workshop, or programmed learning activity
   related to employment as a registered sanitarian.
7. “Day” means calendar day.
8. “Environmental health” means the well-being of a human
   as affected or influenced by external conditions such as:
   bacteria and viruses; transmitted diseases; hygiene; hous-
   ing; and contamination of food, air, water, or soil.
9. “Full-time military duty” means active duty in any branch
   of the United States military service.
10. “Natural science” means anatomy, bacteriology, bio-
    chemistry, biology, botany, biophysics, biostatistics, cell
    pathology, chemical engineering, chemistry, ecology,
    embryology, entomology, environmental health, epidemiology,
    food bacteriology, dairy sciences, genetics, geophysics, geology,
    herpetology, histology, hydrology, microbiology, molecular
    biology, ornithology, pathology, pharmacy, physics, physiology,
    plant taxonomy, radiological health, sanitary engineering, sewage
    sanitation, soil science, toxicology, vector control, veterinary
    science, virology, or zoology or the study of air pol-
    lution, community health, environmental diseases, hazardous
    waste, industrial hygiene, infectious diseases, occupational
    safety, or public health.
11. “Person” has the same meaning as in A.R.S. § 1-215.
12. “Practice of a registered sanitarian” means acting under
    the authority of R9-16-408(A).
13. “Registration” means the approval issued by the Council
    to an applicant who meets the requirements in A.R.S. §
    36-136.01 and this Article.
14. “Regulatory authority” has the same meaning as in R9-8-
    107(B)(11).
15. “Supervise” means to oversee and provide guidance for
    the accomplishment of a function or activity.

   Historical Note
Adopted effective September 29, 1976 (Supp. 76-4). Sec-
tion expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(E) at 7 A.A.R. 5257,
effective September 30, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). New Section
made by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2444, effective
May 16, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemak-
ing at 10 A.A.R. 3004, effective September 11, 2004
(Supp. 04-3).

R9-16-402. Sanitarian Examination
A. The Council shall provide the sanitarian examination at least
four times per calendar year.
B. An applicant meeting any one of the requirements in A.R.S.
§ 36-136.01(I) may sit for the sanitarian examination.
C. At least seven days before a Council meeting, an applicant for
the sanitarian examination shall:
1. Submit an application form to the Council that contains:
   a. The applicant’s full name and all former names;
   b. The applicant’s current address and telephone num-
      ber;
   c. The applicant’s social security number;
   d. If applying under A.R.S. § 36-136.01(I)(1) on the
      basis of the applicant’s employment by a public
      health agency or private industry in a position
      directly related to environmental health:
      i. The name of each of the applicant’s employers,
      ii. The applicant’s position for each employer,
      iii. The months and years of employment in each
         position, and
      iv. The name and telephone number of each indi-
         vidual who supervised the applicant during five
         years of employment in environmental health;
e. If applying under A.R.S. § 36-136.01(I)(2) on the basis of military duty:
   i. Each of the applicant’s billets in environmental health,
   ii. The months and years in each billet, and
   iii. The name and telephone number of each individual who supervised the applicant during five years of full-time military duty in environmental health;

f. If applying under A.R.S. § 36-136.01(I)(3) on the basis of education in natural science:
   i. The name and address of each college or university attended,
   ii. The months and years of attendance,
   iii. Any degree obtained, and
   iv. A listing of courses in natural science completed with a grade of C or better;

g. Whether the applicant has had an application for a registration, license, or certificate related to the practice of a registered sanitarian denied or rejected by any state or jurisdiction and if so, the:
   i. Reason for denial or rejection,
   ii. Date of the denial or rejection, and
   iii. Name and address of the state or jurisdiction that denied or rejected the application;

h. Whether the applicant has had a registration, license, or certificate related to the practice of a registered sanitarian suspended or revoked by any state or jurisdiction or entered into a consent agreement with a state or jurisdiction and if so, the:
   i. Reason for the suspension, revocation, or consent agreement;
   ii. Date of the suspension, revocation, or consent agreement; and
   iii. Name and address of the state or jurisdiction
       that suspended or revoked the registration, license, or certificate or issued the consent agreement;

i. Whether the applicant has pled guilty to, been convicted of, or entered a plea of no contest to a misdemeanor related to the applicant’s employment as a sanitarian or a felony and if so, the:
   i. Felony or misdemeanor charged;
   ii. Date of conviction or plea; and
   iii. Court having jurisdiction over the felony or misdemeanor;

j. Whether the applicant has been named as a defendant in a malpractice case resulting from the applicant’s employment as a sanitarian and if so, an explanation of the circumstances of the malpractice case;

k. The applicant’s current employer, including address, job position, and dates of employment, if applicable; and

l. A signed statement by the applicant verifying the truthfulness of the information provided;

2. If applying under A.R.S. § 36-136.01(I)(1), arrange to have a letter provided directly to the Council from each individual who supervised the applicant identifying the dates the individual supervised the applicant, totaling at least five years of employment directly related to environmental health;

3. If applying under A.R.S. § 36-136.01(I)(2), arrange to have a letter provided directly to the Council from each individual who supervised the applicant identifying the dates the individual supervised the applicant, totaling at least five years of full-time military duty in environmental health;

4. If applying under A.R.S. § 36-136.01(I)(3), arrange to have an official college or university transcript provided directly to the Council from each college or university; and

5. Submit the application fee in A.R.S. § 36-136.01(F).

D. After receiving the written notice of approval in R9-16-407(C)(1)(b), an applicant shall submit to the Council, at least 30 days before the scheduled date of a sanitarian examination, a nonrefundable examination fee of $110 payable to the Treasurer of the state of Arizona.

E. An applicant who does not take a sanitarian examination on the scheduled date shall comply with subsection (D) before taking a subsequent sanitarian examination.

F. An applicant who scores:
   1. Seventy percent or more on the sanitarian examination is issued a certificate of registration; or
   2. Less than 70%:
      a. Fails the sanitarian examination; and
      b. Shall meet the requirements in subsections (B), (C) and (D) to sit for the sanitarian examination again.

Historical Note

R9-16-403. Sanitarian Registration
An applicant for registration as a sanitarian shall submit to the Council the application form, information, and application fee in R9-16-402 and:

1. If the applicant is registered, certified, or licensed as a sanitarian in another jurisdiction:
   a. A copy of the applicant’s sanitarian registration, certification, or licensure from the other jurisdiction;
   b. A copy of the examination requirements for registration, certification, or licensure in the other jurisdiction;
   c. The name of the testing company that provided the sanitarian examination the applicant passed to be registered, certified, or licensed in the other jurisdiction; and
   d. Documentation of a score of 70% or more by the applicant on the other jurisdiction’s sanitarian examination; or

2. If the applicant is not registered, certified, or licensed as a sanitarian in another jurisdiction:
   a. Be approved to take the sanitarian examination,
   b. Take and pass the sanitarian examination in R9-16-402 with a score of 70% or more, and
   c. Submit to the Council the examination fee in R9-16-402(D).

Historical Note
New Section made by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2444, effective May 16, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Former R9-16-403 renumbered to R9-16-404; new R9-16-403 made by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 3004, effective September 11, 2004 (Supp. 04-3).

R9-16-404. Annual Registration Renewal
A. Except as provided in subsection (B), a registered sanitarian shall submit an application packet for registration renewal on or before December 31 of each year that includes:
1. The applicant’s name and current address;
2. Whether the applicant, since the applicant last submitted a registration or registration renewal application in this state:
   a. Has had a registration, license, or certificate related to the practice of a registered sanitarian suspended or revoked by any state or jurisdiction or entered into a consent agreement with a state or jurisdiction and if so, the:
      i. Reason for the suspension, revocation, or consent agreement;
      ii. Date of the suspension, revocation, or consent agreement
      iii. Name and address of the state or jurisdiction that suspended or revoked the registration, license, or certificate or issued the consent agreement;
   b. Has pled guilty to, been convicted of, or entered into a plea of no contest to a misdemeanor or a felony if so, the:
      i. Felony or misdemeanor;
      ii. Date of conviction, and
      iii. Court having jurisdiction over the felony or misdemeanor;
   c. Has been named as a defendant in a malpractice case resulting from the applicant’s employment as a sanitarian if so, an explanation of the circumstances of the malpractice case;
3. Documentation of:
   a. The continuing education required in R9-16-405(A) or (E) including for each continuing education:
      i. A description of the continuing education’s content;
      ii. The name of the person providing the continuing education;
      iii. The number of hours the sanitarian participated in the continuing education, and
      iv. The date the continuing education was completed; or
   b. A request for deferring continuing education and applicable documentation required in R9-16-405(C);  
4. The fee required in A.R.S. §36-136.01(F); and
5. A signed statement by the applicant verifying the truthfulness of the information provided.

B. A registered sanitarian who does not submit an application packet for renewal registration by December 31 has a grace period until February 15 to submit the application packet. If the registered sanitarian does not submit the application packet for renewal registration in subsection (A) during the grace period:
   1. The sanitarian’s registration expires; and
   2. The sanitarian shall, before practicing as a registered sanitarian:
      a. Submit for Council approval a new application to take the sanitarian examination and the application fee required in R9-16-402(C)(5),
      b. Receive Council approval to take the sanitarian examination,
      c. Submit the nonrefundable examination fee required in R16-402(D), and
      d. Pass the sanitarian examination as required in R9-16-402(F)(1).

Historical Note
New Section made by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2444, effective May 16, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Former R9-16-404 renumbered to R9-16-406; new R9-16-404 renumbered from R9-16-403 and amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 3004, effective September 11, 2004 (Supp. 04-3).

R9-16-405. Continuing Education
A. Except as provided in subsections (B) and (C), a registered sanitarian shall obtain 12 hours of continuing education in each calendar year for renewal of registration.
B. A registered sanitarian who has been registered for less than 12 months is not required to obtain continuing education for renewal of registration.
C. A registered sanitarian may submit, with a renewal application, a request to defer the 12 hours of continuing education for renewal of registration that includes written documentation of the registered sanitarian’s illness or active military duty for at least six months of the preceding 12 months that prevented the registered sanitarian from completing the continuing education requirement.
D. The Council shall approve a registered sanitarian’s request for a deferral of the continuing education requirement if the request includes the documentation required in subsection (C).
E. A registered sanitarian who has had the continuing education requirement deferred in a calendar year shall obtain:
   1. The 12 deferred hours of continuing education by the end of the subsequent calendar year, and
   2. The 12 hours of continuing education required in subsection (A) for the calendar year.

Historical Note

R9-16-406. Change of Name or Address
A. A registered sanitarian shall send written notice of a change in the registered sanitarian’s name to the Council within 30 days from the date of the change.
B. A registered sanitarian shall send written notice of a change in the registered sanitarian’s mailing address to the Council within 30 days from the date of the change.

Historical Note

R9-16-407. Time-frames
A. The overall time-frame described in A.R.S. §41-1072(2) for each type of approval granted by the Council is set forth in Table 1. The applicant and the Department may agree in writing to extend the substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame. The substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame may not be extended by more than 25% of the overall time-frame.
B. The administrative completeness review time-frame described in A.R.S. §41-1072(1) for each type of approval granted by the Council is specified in Table 1.
1. The administrative completeness review time-frame begins:
   a. For an applicant applying to take the sanitarian examination, when the Council receives the application packet required in R9-16-402;
   b. For an applicant who is approved to take the sanitarian examination, when the applicant takes the sanitarian examination; or
   c. For an applicant who is registered, certified, or licensed as a sanitarian in another jurisdiction, when the Council receives the application packet required in R9-16-403; or
   d. For an applicant applying to renew the applicant’s registration as a sanitarian, when the Council receives the application packet required in R9-16-404.

2. If an application packet in subsection (B)(1)(a), (B)(1)(c), or (B)(1)(d) is:
   a. Incomplete, the Council shall provide a deficiency notice to the applicant describing the missing documentation or incomplete information. The administrative completeness review time-frame and the overall time-frame are suspended from the date of the notice until the date the Council receives the documentation or information listed in the deficiency notice. An applicant shall submit to the Council the documentation or information listed in the deficiency notice within the time period specified in Table 1 for responding to a deficiency notice.
      i. If the applicant submits the documentation or information listed in the deficiency notice within the time period specified in Table 1, the Council considers the application withdrawn and shall return the application packet to the applicant; or
      b. Complete, the Council shall provide a written notice of administrative completeness to the applicant.

3. If an applicant takes and submits the sanitarian examination in subsection (B)(1)(b) and the examination is:
   a. Incomplete, the Council shall provide a deficiency notice to the applicant stating that the applicant’s sanitarian examination is incomplete and identifying the date of the next scheduled sanitarian examination. The administrative completeness review time-frame and the overall time-frame are suspended from the date of the notice until the Council receives a completed sanitarian examination; or
   b. Complete, the Council shall provide a written notice of administrative completeness to the applicant.

C. The substantive review time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072(3) is specified in Table 1 and begins to run on the date of the notice of administrative completeness.

1. If an application for approval to take the sanitarian examination in subsection (B)(1)(a):
   a. Does not comply with the requirements in this Article, the Council shall provide a comprehensive request for additional information to the applicant.
      i. If the applicant does not submit the additional information within the time specified in Table 1 or the additional information submitted by the applicant does not demonstrate compliance
   b. Complies with the requirements in this Article and A.R.S. § 36-136.01, the Council shall provide a written notice of approval to take the sanitarian examination to the applicant.

2. If the Council determines that an applicant:
   a. Failed to sit for the sanitarian examination within the time-frame in subsection (F), the Council shall provide a written notice to the applicant requiring the applicant to submit a new application for approval to take the sanitarian examination if the applicant requests registration;
   b. Failed the sanitarian examination, the Council shall deny registration and provide a written notice of appealable agency action that complies with A.R.S. § 41-1092.03(A) to the applicant; or
   c. Passed the sanitarian examination, the Council shall issue a certificate of registration as a sanitarian to the applicant.

3. If an application for registration as a sanitarian in subsection (B)(1)(c):
   a. Does not comply with the requirements in this Article, the Council shall provide a comprehensive request for additional information to the applicant and take action as follows:
      i. If the applicant does not submit the additional information within the time specified in Table 1 or the additional information submitted by the applicant does not demonstrate compliance with this Article and A.R.S. § 36-136.01, the Council shall provide the applicant with a written notice of denial that complies with A.R.S. § 41-1092.03(A); or
      ii. If the applicant submits the additional information within the time specified in Table 1 and the additional information submitted by the applicant demonstrates compliance with this Article and A.R.S. § 36-136.01, the Council shall provide a written notice of approval to take the sanitarian examination to the applicant.

4. If an application for renewal of registration as a sanitarian in subsection (B)(1)(d):
   a. Does not comply with the requirements in this Article, the Council shall provide a comprehensive request for additional information to the applicant.
      i. If the applicant does not submit the additional information within the time specified in Table 1 or the additional information submitted does not demonstrate compliance with the requirements in this Article and A.R.S. § 36-136.01, the Council shall deny renewal and provide a
written notice of appealable agency action that complies with A.R.S. § 41-1092.03(A) to the applicant; or

ii. If the applicant submits the additional information within the time specified in Table 1 and the additional information submitted demonstrates compliance with the requirements in this Article and A.R.S. § 36-136.01, the Council shall issue a renewal certificate of registration as a sanitarian to the applicant; or

b. Complies with the requirements in this Article and A.R.S. § 36-136.01, the Council shall issue a renewal certificate of registration as a sanitarian to the applicant.

D. If an applicant receives a written notice of appealable agency action in subsections (C)(1)(a)(i), (C)(2)(b), (C)(3)(a)(i), or (C)(4)(a)(i), the applicant may file a notice of appeal with the Department within 30 days after receiving the notice of appealable agency action. The appeal shall be conducted according to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

E. If the Council grants approval to take the sanitarian examination or issues or renews a certificate of registration as a sanitarian during the administrative completeness review time-frame, the Council shall not issue a separate written notice of administrative completeness.

F. If an applicant does not sit for the sanitarian examination within 12 months of the Council’s approval to take the sanitarian examination, the applicant shall, before taking the sanitarian examination:

1. Submit a new application for Council approval and the application fee required in R9-16-402(C);
2. Receive Council approval to take the sanitarian examination; and
3. Submit the nonrefundable examination fee required in R9-16-402(D).

G. If a time-frame’s last day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, the Council considers the next business day as the time-frame’s last day.

Table 1. Time-frames (in days)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Approval</th>
<th>Statutory Authority</th>
<th>Overall Time-frame</th>
<th>Administrative Completeness Review Time-frame</th>
<th>Time to Respond to Deficiency Notice</th>
<th>Substantive Review Time-frame</th>
<th>Time to Respond to Comprehensive Written Request</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sanitarian Exam</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-136.01(B)</td>
<td>290</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registration after completing the sanitarian examination</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-136.01(B)</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registration of an individual registered, certified, or licensed as a sanitarian in another jurisdiction</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-136.01(C)</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Registration Renewal</td>
<td>A.R.S. § 36-136.01(D)</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Historical Note

R9-16-408. Authority of a Registered Sanitarian
A. A registered sanitarian may:
1. Act as an authorized representative of a regulatory authority under 9 A.A.C. 8; and
2. Sign inspection reports under 9 A.A.C. 8 and 9 A.A.C. 17.
B. An individual who is not a registered sanitarian shall not approve or disapprove operation of a food establishment under 9 A.A.C. 8.
C. An individual who is not a registered sanitarian and who prepares an inspection report under 9 A.A.C. 8 and 9 A.A.C. 17 shall submit the report to a registered sanitarian.

Historical Note

R9-16-409. Denial, Suspension, or Revocation
A. The Council may deny, suspend, or revoke a sanitarian’s registration if the Council determines that the applicant or registered sanitarian:
1. Intentionally provided false information on an application or cheated during the sanitarian examination;
2. Had an application for a registration, license, or certificate related to the practice of a registered sanitarian denied or rejected by any state or jurisdiction;
3. Had a registration, license, or certificate related to the practice of a registered sanitarian suspended or revoked by any state or jurisdiction or entered into a consent agreement with any state or jurisdiction;
4. Pled guilty to, was convicted of, or entered into a plea of no contest to a misdemeanor resulting from employment as a registered sanitarian or a felony;
5. Assisted an individual who is not a registered sanitarian to circumvent the requirements in this Article;
6. Allowed an individual who is not a registered sanitarian to use the registered sanitarian’s registration; or
7. Failed to comply with any of the requirements in A.R.S. § 36-136.01 or this Article.

B. In determining whether to deny an applicant’s registration or suspend or revoke a sanitarian’s registration, the Council shall consider the threat to public health based on:
1. Whether there is repeated non-compliance with statutes or rules,
2. Whether there is a pattern of violations or non-compliance,
3. Type of violation,
4. Severity of violation, and
5. Number of violations.

C. The Council’s notice of denial, suspension, or revocation to the applicant or registered sanitarian, notice of hearing, and all hearing procedures shall comply with A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

D. The Council shall provide written notice of a registered sanitarian’s denial, suspension, or revocation containing a description of the sanitarian’s noncompliance with applicable statutes and rules, by certified mail, to each local health department and each public health service district.

Historical Note

R9-16-410. Repealed

Historical Note

R9-16-411. Repealed

Historical Note

R9-16-412. Repealed

Historical Note
Adopted effective April 12, 1985 (Supp. 85-2). Section repealed by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2444, effective May 16, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R9-16-413. Repealed

Historical Note
Adopted effective April 12, 1985 (Supp. 85-2). Section repealed by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2444, effective May 16, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R9-16-414. Expired

Former Section R9-16-411 renumbered as Section R9-16-414 effective April 12, 1985 (Supp. 85-2). Section expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(E) at 7 A.A.R. 5257, effective September 30, 2001 (Supp. 01-4).

ARTICLE 5. LICENSING SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGIST ASSISTANTS

R9-16-501. Definitions
In addition to the definitions in A.R.S. § 36-1901, the following definitions apply in this Article unless otherwise specified:
1. “Accredited” means approved by the:
   a. New England Association of Schools and Colleges,
   b. Middle States Commission on Higher Education,
   c. North Central Association of Colleges and Schools,
   d. Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities,
   e. Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or
   f. Western Association of Schools and Colleges.
2. “Applicant” means:
   a. An individual who submits a license application packet, or
   b. A person who submits a request for approval of a continuing education course.
3. “Application packet” means the information, documents, and fees required by the Department to apply for a license.
4. “Calendar day” means each day, not including the day of the act, event, or default from which a designated period of time begins to run, but including the last day of the period unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, statewide furlough day, or legal holiday, in which case the period runs until the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, statewide furlough day, or legal holiday.
5. “Client” means an individual who receives speech-language pathology services from a speech-language pathologist assistant.
6. “Continuing education” means a course that provides instruction and training that is designed to develop or improve a licensee’s professional competence in disciplines that directly relate to the licensee’s scope of practice.
7. “Continuing education hour” means 50 to 60 minutes of continuous instruction.
8. “Course” means a workshop, seminar, lecture, conference, or class.
9. “Documentation” or “documented” means information in written, photographic, electronic, or other permanent form.
10. “General education” means instruction that includes:
    a. Oral communication,
    b. Written communication,
    c. Mathematics,
    d. Computer instruction,
    e. Social sciences, and
    f. Natural sciences.
11. “Observation” means to witness:
    a. The provision of speech-language pathology services to a client, or
    b. A demonstration of how to provide speech-language pathology services to a client.
12. “Semester credit hour” means one earned academic unit of study completed, at an accredited college or university, by:
    a. Attending a 50 to 60 minute class session each calendar week for at least 16 weeks, or
    b. Completing practical work for a course as determined by the accredited college or university.
A. An applicant for a speech-language pathologist assistant initial license shall submit to the Department an application packet that includes:

1. An application in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The applicant’s name, home address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
   b. The applicant’s Social Security number, as required under A.R.S. §§ 25-320 and 25-502;
   c. If applicable, the name of the applicant’s employer and the employer’s business address and telephone number;
   d. Whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude in this state or another state;
   e. If the applicant has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude:
      i. The date of the conviction,
      ii. The state or jurisdiction of the conviction,
      iii. An explanation of the crime of which the applicant was convicted, and
      iv. The disposition of the case;
   f. Whether the applicant has had a license revoked or suspended by any state within the previous two years;
   g. Whether the applicant is currently ineligible for licensure in any state because of a prior license revocation or suspension;
   h. Whether the applicant agrees to allow the Department to submit supplemental requests for information under R9-16-505;
   i. An attestation that the information submitted is true and accurate; and
   j. The applicant’s signature and date of signature;

2. If applicable, a list of all states and countries in which the applicant is or has been licensed as a speech-language pathologist assistant;

3. If a license for an applicant has been revoked or suspended by any state within the previous two years, documentation that includes:
   a. The date of the revocation or suspension,
   b. The state or jurisdiction of the revocation or suspension, and
   c. An explanation of the revocation or suspension;

4. If the applicant is currently ineligible for licensure in any state because of a prior license revocation or suspension, documentation that includes:
   a. The date of the ineligibility for licensure,
   b. The state or jurisdiction of the ineligibility for licensure, and
   c. An explanation of the ineligibility for licensure;

5. A copy of the applicant’s:
   a. U.S. passport, current or expired;
   b. Birth certificate;
   c. Naturalization documents; or
   d. Documentation of legal resident alien status;

6. An official transcript issued to the applicant from an accredited college or university, showing completion of at least 60 semester credit hours of general education and speech-language pathology technical course work, as required in A.R.S. § 36.1940.04(A);

7. Documentation, signed by a licensed speech-language pathologist as required in A.R.S. § 36-1940.04 who provided supervision to the applicant, confirming the applicant’s completion of at least 100 hours of clinical interaction that did not include observation;

8. A nonrefundable $100 application fee; and

9. A $200 license fee.

B. The Department shall review the application packet for an initial license to practice as a speech-language pathologist assistant according to R9-16-505 and Table 5.1.

C. If the Department does not issue an initial license to an applicant, the Department shall refund the license fee to the applicant.

Historical Note

R9-16-503. License Renewal
A. Before the expiration date of a speech-language pathologist assistant license, an applicant shall submit to the Department:

1. An application for renewal of a speech-language pathologist assistant license in a format provided by the Department that contains:
   a. The applicant’s name, home address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
   b. If applicable, the name of the applicant’s employer and the employer’s business address and telephone number;
   c. If applicable, the name of the applicant’s supervising speech-language pathologist;
   d. The applicant’s license number and date of expiration;
   e. Since the previous license application, whether the applicant has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude in this or another state;
   f. If the applicant has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor:
      i. The date of the conviction,
A continuing education course developed, endorsed, or sponsored by one of the following meets the requirements in subsection (B):
1. Hearing Healthcare Providers of Arizona,
2. Arizona Speech-Language-Hearing Association,
3. American Speech-Language-Hearing Association,
4. International Hearing Society,
5. International Institute for Hearing Instrument Studies,
6. American Auditory Society,
7. American Academy of Audiology,
8. Academy of Doctors of Audiology,
9. Arizona Society of Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery,
10. American Academy of Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery, or
11. An organization determined by the Department to be consistent with an organization in subsection (C)(1) through (10).

D. An applicant may request approval for a continuing education course by submitting the following to the Department:
1. The applicant’s name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address, as applicable;
2. If a licensee, the licensee’s license number;
3. The title of the continuing education course;
4. A brief description of the course;
5. The name, educational background, and teaching experience of the individual presenting the course, if available;
6. The educational objectives of the course; and
7. The date, time, and place of presentation of the course, if applicable.

E. If an applicant submits the information in subsection (D), the Department shall review the request for approval for a continuing education course according to R9-16-505 and Table 5.1.

F. The Department shall approve a continuing education course if the Department determines that the continuing education course:
1. Is designed to provide current developments, skills, procedures, or treatment in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures in speech-language pathology;
2. Is developed and presented by individuals knowledgeable and experienced in the presented subject area; and
3. Contributes directly to the professional competence of a licensee.

G. A speech-language pathologist assistant shall comply with the requirements in A.R.S. § 36-1904.

Historical Note
2. Except as provided in subsection (B)(3), the Department shall provide a written notice of administrative completeness or a notice of deficiencies to an applicant within the administrative completeness review time-frame.
   a. If a license application packet or request for continuing education course approval is not complete, the notice of deficiencies shall list each deficiency and the documents or information needed to complete the license application packet or request for continuing education course approval.
   b. A notice of deficiencies suspends the administrative completeness review time-frame and the overall time-frame from the date of the notice until the date the Department receives the missing documents or information.
   c. If the applicant does not submit to the Department all the documents and information listed in the notice of deficiencies within 30 calendar days after the date of the notice of deficiencies, the Department shall consider the license application packet or request for continuing education course approval withdrawn.
3. If the Department issues a license or approval during the administrative completeness review time-frame, the Department shall not issue a separate written notice of administrative completeness.

C. For each type of license or approval issued by the Department under this Article, Table 5.1 specifies the substantive review time-frame described in A.R.S. § 41-1072(3), which begins on the date of the notice of administrative completeness.
   1. Within the substantive review time-frame, the Department shall provide a written notice to the applicant that the Department issued or denied the license or continuing education course approval.
   2. During the substantive review time-frame:
      a. The Department may make one comprehensive written request for additional information or documentation;
      b. If the Department and the applicant agree in writing to allow one or more supplemental requests for additional information or documentation, the Department may make the number of supplemental requests agreed to between the Department and the applicant.
3. A comprehensive written request or a supplemental request for additional information or documentation suspends the substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame from the date of the request until the date the Department receives all the documents and information requested.
4. If the applicant does not submit to the Department all the information or documentation listed in a comprehensive written request or supplemental request for information or documentation within 30 calendar days after the date of the request, the Department shall deny the license or approval.

D. An applicant who is denied a license may appeal the denial according to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

**Historical Note**


**Table 1. Renumbered**

New Table 1 made by final rulemaking at 15 A.A.R. 2132, effective January 30, 2010 (Supp. 09-4). Table 1 renumbered to Table 5.1 by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 1998, effective July 1, 2014 (Supp. 14-2).

**Historical Note**

Table 5.1 renumbered from Table 1 and amended by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 1998, effective July 1, 2014 (Supp. 14-2).

**R9-16-506. Disciplinary Actions**

A. The Department may, as applicable:
   1. Deny, revoke, or suspend a speech-language pathologist assistant license under A.R.S. § 36-1934;
   2. Request an injunction under A.R.S. § 36-1937; or
   3. Assess a civil money penalty under A.R.S. § 36-1939.

B. In determining which disciplinary action specified in subsection (A) is appropriate, the Department shall consider:
   1. The type of violation,
   2. The severity of the violation,
   3. The danger to public health and safety,
   4. The number of violations,
   5. The number of clients affected by the violations,
   6. The degree of harm to a client,
   7. A pattern of noncompliance, and
   8. Any mitigating or aggravating circumstances.

C. A licensee may appeal a disciplinary action taken by the Department according to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 15 A.A.R. 2132, effective January 30, 2010 (Supp. 09-4). Section R9-16-506 renumbered to R9-16-504; new Section R9-16-506 renumbered from R9-16-307 and amended by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 1998, effective July 1,
R9-16-507. Changes Affecting a License or a Licensee; Request for a Duplicate License
A. A licensee shall submit a notice to the Department in writing within 30 calendar days after the effective date of a change in:
1. The licensee’s home address or e-mail address, including the new home address or e-mail address;
2. The licensee’s name, including one of the following with the licensee’s new name:
   a. Marriage certificate,
   b. Divorce decree, or
   c. Other legal document establishing the licensee’s new name; or
3. The place or places, including address or addresses, where the licensee engages in the practice of speech-language pathology.
B. A licensee may obtain a duplicate license by submitting to the Department a written request for a duplicate license in a format provided by the Department that contains:
1. The licensee’s name and address,
2. The licensee’s license number and expiration date,
3. The licensee’s signature and date of signature, and
4. A $25 duplicate license fee.

Historical Note