

House Engrossed

**FILED**  
**KEN BENNETT**  
**SECRETARY OF STATE**

State of Arizona  
House of Representatives  
Fifty-first Legislature  
Second Regular Session  
2014

CHAPTER 33

## **HOUSE BILL 2284**

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 36-449.02, 36-2152 AND 36-2161, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES;  
RELATING TO ABORTION.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

2 Section 1. Section 36-449.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to  
3 read:

4 36-449.02. Abortion clinics; licensure requirements; rules;  
5 inspections; standing to intervene

6 A. Beginning on April 1, 2000, an abortion clinic shall meet the same  
7 licensure requirements as prescribed in article 2 of this chapter for health  
8 care institutions.

9 B. An abortion clinic that holds an unclassified health care facility  
10 license issued before ~~the effective date of this article~~ AUGUST 6, 1999 may  
11 retain that classification until April 1, 2000 subject to compliance with all  
12 laws that relate to unclassified health care facilities.

13 C. Beginning on April 1, 2000, abortion clinics shall comply with  
14 department requirements for abortion clinics and department rules that govern  
15 abortion clinics.

16 D. IF THE DIRECTOR DETERMINES THAT THERE IS REASONABLE CAUSE TO  
17 BELIEVE AN ABORTION CLINIC IS NOT ADHERING TO THE LICENSING REQUIREMENTS OF  
18 THIS ARTICLE OR ANY OTHER LAW OR RULE CONCERNING ABORTION, THE DIRECTOR AND  
19 ANY DULY DESIGNATED EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE DIRECTOR, INCLUDING COUNTY  
20 HEALTH REPRESENTATIVES AND COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL FIRE INSPECTORS, CONSISTENT  
21 WITH STANDARD MEDICAL PRACTICES, MAY ENTER ON AND INTO THE PREMISES OF THE  
22 ABORTION CLINIC THAT IS LICENSED OR REQUIRED TO BE LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS  
23 ARTICLE DURING REGULAR BUSINESS HOURS OF THE ABORTION CLINIC TO DETERMINE  
24 COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE, RULES ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, LOCAL  
25 FIRE ORDINANCES OR RULES AND ANY OTHER LAW OR RULE RELATING TO ABORTION.

26 E. AN APPLICATION FOR LICENSURE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE CONSTITUTES  
27 PERMISSION FOR, AND COMPLETE ACQUIESCENCE IN, AN ENTRY OR INSPECTION OF THE  
28 PREMISES DURING THE PENDENCY OF THE APPLICATION AND, IF LICENSED, DURING THE  
29 TERM OF THE LICENSE.

30 F. IF AN INSPECTION CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION REVEALS THAT AN  
31 ABORTION CLINIC IS NOT ADHERING TO THE LICENSING REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED  
32 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE OR ANY OTHER LAW OR RULE CONCERNING ABORTION, THE  
33 DIRECTOR MAY TAKE ACTION AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE.

34 G. AN ABORTION CLINIC WHOSE LICENSE HAS BEEN SUSPENDED OR REVOKED  
35 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE OR SECTION 36-424 IS SUBJECT TO INSPECTION ON  
36 APPLICATION FOR RELICENSURE OR REINSTATEMENT OF THE LICENSE.

37 H. IN ANY PROCEEDING IN WHICH THE CONSTITUTIONALITY, LEGALITY OR  
38 APPLICATION OF THIS SECTION IS CHALLENGED, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OR ANY COUNTY  
39 OR CITY ATTORNEY WHO WISHES TO DEFEND THE LAW HAS THE RIGHT TO INTERVENE AS A  
40 PARTY AND IS DEEMED TO HAVE PROPER STANDING IN THE MATTER. THE ONLY  
41 OBJECTION THAT MAY BE RAISED TO A MOTION TO INTERVENE AS OF RIGHT PURSUANT TO  
42 THIS SUBSECTION IS THAT THE PROPOSED INTERVENOR DOES NOT HAVE A GOOD FAITH  
43 INTENTION TO DEFEND THE LAW. ANY PARTY OR PROPOSED INTERVENOR MAY RAISE THIS  
44 OBJECTION. NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 41-192, THE DEPARTMENT MAY EMPLOY LEGAL

1 COUNSEL AND MAKE AN EXPENDITURE OR INCUR AN INDEBTEDNESS FOR LEGAL SERVICES  
2 FOR THE PURPOSES OF DEFENDING THIS SECTION.

3 Sec. 2. Section 36-2152, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:  
4 36-2152. Parental consent; exception; hearings; time limits;  
5 violations; classification; civil relief; statute of  
6 limitations

7 A. In addition to the other requirements of this chapter, a person  
8 shall not knowingly perform an abortion on a pregnant unemancipated minor  
9 unless the attending physician has secured the written and notarized consent  
10 from one of the minor's parents or the minor's guardian or conservator or  
11 unless a judge of the superior court authorizes the physician to perform the  
12 abortion pursuant to subsection B of this section. Notwithstanding section  
13 41-319, the notarized statement of parental consent and the description of  
14 the document or notarial act recorded in the notary journal are confidential  
15 and are not public records.

16 B. A judge of the superior court, on petition or motion, and after an  
17 appropriate hearing, shall authorize a physician to perform the abortion if  
18 the judge determines that the pregnant minor is mature and capable of giving  
19 informed consent to the proposed abortion. If the judge determines that the  
20 pregnant minor is not mature or if the pregnant minor does not claim to be  
21 mature, the judge shall determine whether the performance of an abortion on  
22 her without the consent from one of her parents or her guardian or  
23 conservator would be in her best interests and shall authorize a physician to  
24 perform the abortion without consent if the judge concludes that the pregnant  
25 minor's best interests would be served.

26 C. If the pregnant minor claims to be mature at a proceeding held  
27 pursuant to subsection B of this section, the minor must prove by clear and  
28 convincing evidence that she is sufficiently mature and capable of giving  
29 informed consent without consulting her parent or legal guardian based on her  
30 experience level, perspective and judgment. In assessing the pregnant  
31 minor's experience level, the court may consider, among other relevant  
32 factors, the minor's age and experiences working outside the home, living  
33 away from home, traveling on her own, handling personal finances and making  
34 other significant decisions. In assessing the pregnant minor's perspective,  
35 the court may consider, among other relevant factors, what steps the minor  
36 took to explore her options and the extent to which she considered and  
37 weighed the potential consequences of each option. In assessing the pregnant  
38 minor's judgment, the court may consider, among other relevant factors, the  
39 minor's conduct since learning of her pregnancy and her intellectual ability  
40 to understand her options and to make an informed decision.

41 D. The pregnant minor may participate in the court proceedings on her  
42 own behalf. The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for her. The court  
43 shall advise her that she has the right to court appointed counsel and, on  
44 her request, shall provide her with counsel unless she appears through

1 private counsel or she knowingly and intelligently waives her right to  
2 counsel.

3 E. Proceedings in the court under this section are confidential and  
4 have precedence over other pending matters. Members of the public shall not  
5 inspect, obtain copies of or otherwise have access to records of court  
6 proceedings under this section unless authorized by law. A judge who  
7 conducts proceedings under this section shall make in writing specific  
8 factual findings and legal conclusions supporting the decision and shall  
9 order a confidential record of the evidence to be maintained, including the  
10 judge's own findings and conclusions. The minor may file the petition using  
11 a fictitious name. For purposes of this subsection, public does not include  
12 judges, clerks, administrators, professionals or other persons employed by or  
13 working under the supervision of the court or employees of other public  
14 agencies who are authorized by state or federal rule or law to inspect and  
15 copy closed court records.

16 F. The court shall hold the hearing and shall issue a ruling within  
17 forty-eight hours, excluding weekends and holidays, after the petition is  
18 filed. If the court fails to issue a ruling within this time period, the  
19 petition is deemed to have been granted and the consent requirement is  
20 waived.

21 G. An expedited confidential appeal is available to a pregnant minor  
22 for whom the court denies an order authorizing an abortion without parental  
23 consent. The appellate court shall hold the hearing and issue a ruling  
24 within forty-eight hours, excluding weekends and holidays, after the petition  
25 for appellate review is filed. Filing fees are not required of the pregnant  
26 minor at either the trial or the appellate level.

27 H. Parental consent or judicial authorization is not required under  
28 this section if either:

29 1. The pregnant minor certifies to the attending physician that the  
30 pregnancy resulted from sexual conduct with a minor by the minor's parent,  
31 stepparent, uncle, grandparent, sibling, adoptive parent, legal guardian or  
32 foster parent or by a person who lives in the same household with the minor  
33 and the minor's mother. The physician performing the abortion shall report  
34 the sexual conduct with a minor to the proper law enforcement officials  
35 pursuant to section 13-3620 and shall preserve and forward a sample of the  
36 fetal tissue to these officials for use in a criminal investigation.

37 2. The attending physician certifies in the pregnant minor's medical  
38 record that, on the basis of the physician's good faith clinical judgment,  
39 the pregnant minor has a condition that so complicates her medical condition  
40 as to necessitate the immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death  
41 or for which a delay will create serious risk of substantial and irreversible  
42 impairment of major bodily function.

1 I. A person who performs an abortion in violation of this section is  
2 guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor. A PERSON WHO INTENTIONALLY CAUSES, AIDS OR  
3 ASSISTS A MINOR IN OBTAINING AN ABORTION IN VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION IS  
4 GUILTY OF A CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR. A person is not subject to any liability  
5 under this section if the person establishes by written evidence that the  
6 person relied on evidence sufficient to convince a careful and prudent person  
7 that the representations of the pregnant minor regarding information  
8 necessary to comply with this section are true.

9 J. In addition to other remedies available under the common or  
10 statutory law of this state, one or both of the minor's parents or the  
11 minor's guardian may bring a civil action in the superior court in the county  
12 in which the parents or the guardian resides to obtain appropriate relief for  
13 a violation of this section, unless the pregnancy resulted from the criminal  
14 conduct of the parent or guardian. The civil action may be based on a claim  
15 that failure to obtain consent was a result of simple negligence, gross  
16 negligence, wantonness, wilfulness, intention or any other legal standard of  
17 care. The civil action may be brought against the person who performs the  
18 abortion in violation of this section and any person who causes, aids or  
19 assists a minor to obtain an abortion without meeting the requirements of  
20 this section. Relief pursuant to this subsection includes the following:

21 1. Money damages for all psychological, emotional and physical  
22 injuries that result from the violation of this section.

23 2. Statutory damages in an amount equal to five thousand dollars or  
24 three times the cost of the abortion, whichever is greater.

25 3. Reasonable attorney fees and costs.

26 K. A civil action brought pursuant to this section must be initiated  
27 within six years after the violation occurred.

28 L. The consent required by this section must be obtained on a form  
29 prescribed by the department of health services. At a minimum, the form  
30 must:

31 1. List the possible medical risks that may occur with any surgical,  
32 medical or diagnostic procedure, including the potential for infection, blood  
33 clots, hemorrhage, allergic reactions and death.

34 2. List the possible medical risks that may occur with a surgical  
35 abortion, including hemorrhage, uterine perforation, sterility, injury to the  
36 bowel or bladder, a possible hysterectomy as a result of a complication or  
37 injury during the procedure and failure to remove all products of conception  
38 that may result in an additional procedure.

39 3. List the possible medical risks that may occur with a medication  
40 abortion, including hemorrhage, infection, failure to remove all products of  
41 conception that may result in an additional procedure, sterility and the  
42 possible continuation of the pregnancy.

1           4. Require the pregnant minor's and the pregnant minor's parent's  
2 initials on each page of the form and a full signature on the final page of  
3 the form.

4           5. Include a space for the notary's signature and seal on the final  
5 page of the form.

6           M. The physician must maintain the form in the pregnant minor's  
7 records for seven years after the date of the procedure or five years after  
8 the date of the minor's maturity, whichever is longer.

9           Sec. 3. Section 36-2161, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:  
10           36-2161. Abortions; reporting requirements

11           A. A hospital or facility in this state where abortions are performed  
12 must submit to the department of health services on a form prescribed by the  
13 department a report of each abortion performed in the hospital or facility.  
14 The report shall not identify the individual patient by name but must include  
15 the following information:

16           1. The name and address of the facility where the abortion was  
17 performed.

18           2. The type of facility where the abortion was performed.

19           3. The county where the abortion was performed.

20           4. The woman's age.

21           5. The woman's educational background by highest grade completed and,  
22 if applicable, level of college completed.

23           6. The county and state in which the woman resides.

24           7. The woman's race and ethnicity.

25           8. The woman's marital status.

26           9. The number of prior pregnancies and prior abortions of the woman.

27           10. The number of previous spontaneous terminations of pregnancy of the  
28 woman.

29           11. The gestational age of the unborn child at the time of the  
30 abortion.

31           12. The reason for the abortion, including whether the abortion is  
32 elective or due to maternal or fetal health considerations.

33           13. The type of procedure performed or prescribed and the date of the  
34 abortion.

35           14. Any preexisting medical conditions of the woman that would  
36 complicate pregnancy and any known medical complication that resulted from  
37 the abortion.

38           15. The basis for any medical judgment that a medical emergency existed  
39 that excused the physician from compliance with the requirements of this  
40 chapter.

41           16. The physician's statement if required pursuant to section  
42 36-2301.01.

43           17. If applicable, the weight of the aborted fetus for any abortion  
44 performed pursuant to section 36-2301.01.

1           18. WHETHER AN INFANT WAS BORN ALIVE DURING OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER AN  
2 ATTEMPTED ABORTION AND THE EFFORTS MADE TO PROMOTE, PRESERVE AND MAINTAIN THE  
3 LIFE OF THE INFANT PURSUANT TO SECTION 36-2301.

4           B. The report must be signed by the physician who performed the  
5 abortion or, if a health professional other than a physician is authorized by  
6 law to prescribe or administer abortion medication, the signature and title  
7 of the person who prescribed or administered the abortion medication. The  
8 form may be signed electronically and shall indicate that the person who  
9 signs the report is attesting that the information in the report is correct  
10 to the best of the person's knowledge. The hospital or facility must  
11 transmit the report to the department within fifteen days after the last day  
12 of each reporting month.

13           C. Any report filed pursuant to this section shall be filed  
14 electronically at an internet website that is designated by the department  
15 unless the person required to file the report applies for a waiver from  
16 electronic reporting by submitting a written request to the department.

17           Sec. 4. Exemption from rulemaking

18           For the purposes of implementing this act, the department of health  
19 services is exempt from the rulemaking requirements of title 41, chapter 6,  
20 Arizona Revised Statutes, for one year after the effective date of this act.

21           Sec. 5. Legislative findings

22           A. Concerning section 36-449.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended  
23 by this act, the legislature finds that abortion clinics are closely  
24 regulated health care entities. The legislature further finds that the  
25 authority of the director of the department of health services to inspect  
26 abortion clinics is essential for maintaining adequate health and safety  
27 standards. The same public health considerations that apply to the  
28 inspection of other health care institutions pursuant to section 36-424,  
29 Arizona Revised Statutes, supported by a determination of reasonable cause,  
30 also apply to abortion clinics.

31           B. Concerning section 36-2152, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by  
32 this act, the legislature recognizes that the decision whether to have an  
33 abortion is serious and "fraught with consequences." *Planned Parenthood of*  
34 *Southeeastern Pa. v. Casey, 505 U.S. 833, 852 (1992)*. Immature minors often  
35 lack the ability to make fully informed choices that take into account both  
36 immediate and long-term consequences; therefore, parental involvement in the  
37 abortion decision is usually desirable and in the best interests of the  
38 minor. *See In re B.S., 205 Ariz. 611, 616-17, 74 P.3d 285, 290-91 (App.*  
39 *2003)*. The legislature further finds that Arizona has a compelling interest  
40 in its public policy favoring parental involvement for minors facing  
41 pregnancy and ensuring that parental rights under the law are not  
42 circumvented by individuals other than a parent or guardian transporting  
43 minors across state lines to avoid Arizona's parental involvement laws. The  
44 law of Arizona should be followed and any judicial relief should be confined

1 to that provided under Arizona statutes. See *Jackie Doe v. Hon. Michael Ryan*  
2 *and Arizona Dept. of Economic Security, CV-99-0343-SA (1999) (Zlaket, C.J.,*  
3 *and Jones, J., dissenting).*

4 Sec. 6. Severability

5 If a provision of this act or its application to any person or  
6 circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions  
7 or applications of the act that can be given effect without the invalid  
8 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are  
9 severable.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 15, 2014.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 15, 2014.

Passed the House March 4, 2014

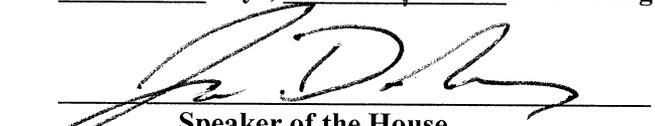
Passed the Senate April 9, 2014

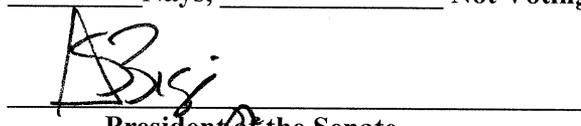
by the following vote: 34 Ayes,

by the following vote: 17 Ayes,

22 Nays, 4 Not Voting

13 Nays, 0 Not Voting





Speaker of the House

President of the Senate

Pro Tempore





Chief Clerk of the House

Secretary of the Senate

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA  
OFFICE OF GOVERNOR

This Bill received by the Governor this

10 day of April, 2014

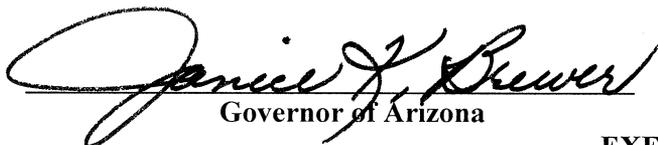
at 12:00 o'clock P M.

  
Secretary to the Governor

Approved this 15<sup>th</sup> day of

April

at 3:08 o'clock P M.

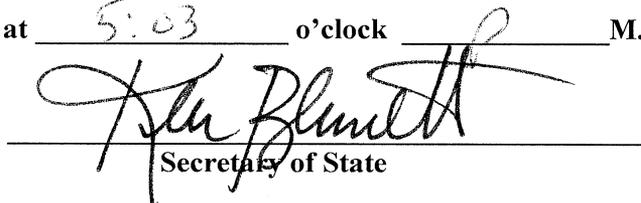
  
Governor of Arizona

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA  
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE

This Bill received by the Secretary of State

this 15<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2014

at 5:03 o'clock  M.

  
Secretary of State

H.B. 2284