



STATE OF ARIZONA
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

DOUGLAS A. DUCEY
GOVERNOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

April 11, 2018

The Honorable Michele Reagan
Secretary of State
1700 W. Washington, 7th Floor
Phoenix, AZ 85007

Dear Secretary Reagan:

I am transmitting to you the following bills from the Fifty-third Legislature, 2nd Regular Session, which I signed on April 11, 2018:

HB 2006 minimum age; marriage (Ugenti-Rita)
HB 2042 insurance coverage; telemedicine; urology (Carter)
HB 2047 workers' compensation; employee definition; LLCs (Livingston)
HB 2152 fingerprinting; joint powers authority (John)
HB 2154 personal information; data security breaches (Shope)
HB 2184 secretary of state; counties; rulemaking (Coleman)
HB 2216 schools; dropout recovery programs; report (Leach)
HB 2238 administrative decisions; review; scope (Farnsworth, E.)
HB 2244 dangerous crimes; children; fictitious age (Farnsworth, E.)
HB 2305 vehicle dealers; franchise regulations (Campbell)
HB 2323 schools; inhalers; contracted nurses (Carter)
HB 2342 off-highway vehicles; definition; user indicia (John)
HB 2464 sale of eggs; expiration date (Norgaard)
SB 1041 residency restrictions; sex offenders; victims (Kavanagh)
SB 1281 street lighting improvement districts; consolidation (Kavanagh)
SB 1355 border security trust fund; repeal (Griffin)
SB 1382 TPT; online lodging marketplace; registration (Kavanagh)
SB 1386 high-tech tax fraud (Farnsworth, D.)
SB 1395 temporary custody without court order (Barto)
SB 1421 environmental quality; amendments (Griffin)
SB 1436 prohibition; criminal history; occupational regulation (Burges)
SB 1465 sober living homes; certification (Brophy McGee)

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Douglas A. Ducey". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style with a large initial 'D'.

Douglas A. Ducey
Governor
State of Arizona

cc: Senate Secretary
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives
Arizona News Service

Senate Engrossed House Bill

FILED

MICHELE REAGAN

SECRETARY OF STATE

State of Arizona
House of Representatives
Fifty-third Legislature
Second Regular Session
2018

CHAPTER 181
HOUSE BILL 2244

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 13-705, 31-412, 41-1604.11 AND 41-1604.13, ARIZONA
REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO DANGEROUS CRIMES AGAINST CHILDREN.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)



1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

2 Section 1. Section 13-705, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
3 read:

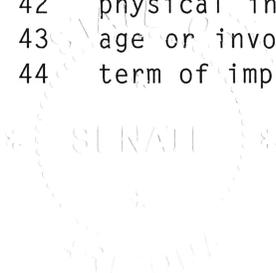
4 13-705. Dangerous crimes against children; sentences;
5 definitions

6 A. A person who is at least eighteen years of age and who is
7 convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the first degree
8 involving sexual assault of a minor who is twelve years of age or younger
9 or sexual conduct with a minor who is twelve years of age or younger shall
10 be sentenced to life imprisonment and is not eligible for suspension of
11 sentence, probation, pardon or release from confinement on any basis
12 except as specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection A or B
13 until the person has served thirty-five years or the sentence is commuted.
14 This subsection does not apply to masturbatory contact.

15 B. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person who is at
16 least eighteen years of age or who has been tried as an adult and who is
17 convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the first degree
18 involving attempted first degree murder of a minor who is under twelve
19 years of age, second degree murder of a minor who is under twelve years of
20 age, sexual assault of a minor who is under twelve years of age, sexual
21 conduct with a minor who is under twelve years of age or manufacturing
22 methamphetamine under circumstances that cause physical injury to a minor
23 who is under twelve years of age may be sentenced to life imprisonment and
24 is not eligible for suspension of sentence, probation, pardon or release
25 from confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by section
26 31-233, subsection A or B until the person has served thirty-five years or
27 the sentence is commuted. If a life sentence is not imposed pursuant to
28 this subsection, the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment
29 as follows:

30 <u>Minimum</u>	<u>Presumptive</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
31 13 years	20 years	27 years

32 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person who is at
33 least eighteen years of age or who has been tried as an adult and who is
34 convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the first degree
35 involving attempted first degree murder of a minor who is twelve, thirteen
36 or fourteen years of age, second degree murder of a minor who is twelve,
37 thirteen or fourteen years of age, sexual assault of a minor who is
38 twelve, thirteen or fourteen years of age, taking a child for the purpose
39 of prostitution, child sex trafficking, sexual conduct with a minor who is
40 twelve, thirteen or fourteen years of age, continuous sexual abuse of a
41 child or manufacturing methamphetamine under circumstances that cause
42 physical injury to a minor who is twelve, thirteen or fourteen years of
43 age or involving or using minors in drug offenses shall be sentenced to a
44 term of imprisonment as follows:



1 specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection A or B until the
2 sentence imposed by the court has been served, the person is eligible for
3 release pursuant to section 41-1604.07 or the sentence is commuted:

<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Presumptive</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
2.5 years	5 years	7.5 years

4
5
6 A person who has been previously convicted of one predicate felony shall
7 be sentenced to a term of imprisonment as follows and the person is not
8 eligible for suspension of sentence, probation, pardon or release from
9 confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by section
10 31-233, subsection A or B until the sentence imposed by the court has been
11 served, the person is eligible for release pursuant to section 41-1604.07
12 or the sentence is commuted:

<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Presumptive</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
8 years	15 years	22 years

13
14
15 G. The presumptive sentences prescribed in subsections B, C and D
16 of this section or subsections E and F of this section if the person has
17 previously been convicted of a predicate felony may be increased or
18 decreased pursuant to section 13-701, subsections C, D and E.

19 H. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, a person who
20 is sentenced for a dangerous crime against children in the first degree
21 pursuant to this section is not eligible for suspension of sentence,
22 probation, pardon or release from confinement on any basis except as
23 specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection A or B until the
24 sentence imposed by the court has been served or commuted.

25 I. A person who is convicted of any dangerous crime against
26 children in the first degree pursuant to subsection C or D of this section
27 and who has been previously convicted of two or more predicate felonies
28 shall be sentenced to life imprisonment and is not eligible for suspension
29 of sentence, probation, pardon or release from confinement on any basis
30 except as specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection A or B
31 until the person has served not fewer than thirty-five years or the
32 sentence is commuted.

33 J. Notwithstanding chapter 10 of this title, a person who is at
34 least eighteen years of age or who has been tried as an adult and who is
35 convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the second degree
36 pursuant to subsection B, C or D of this section is guilty of a class 3
37 felony and if the person is sentenced to a term of imprisonment, the term
38 of imprisonment is as follows and the person is not eligible for release
39 from confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by section
40 31-233, subsection A or B until the person has served the sentence imposed
41 by the court, the person is eligible for release pursuant to section
42 41-1604.07 or the sentence is commuted:



	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Presumptive</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
1			
2	5 years	10 years	15 years

3 K. A person who is convicted of any dangerous crime against
4 children in the second degree and who has been previously convicted of one
5 or more predicate felonies is not eligible for suspension of sentence,
6 probation, pardon or release from confinement on any basis except as
7 specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection A or B until the
8 sentence imposed by the court has been served, the person is eligible for
9 release pursuant to section 41-1604.07 or the sentence is commuted.

10 L. Section 13-704, subsection J and section 13-707, subsection B
11 apply to the determination of prior convictions.

12 M. The sentence imposed on a person by the court for a dangerous
13 crime against children under subsection D of this section involving child
14 molestation or sexual abuse pursuant to subsection F of this section may
15 be served concurrently with other sentences if the offense involved only
16 one victim. The sentence imposed on a person for any other dangerous
17 crime against children in the first or second degree shall be consecutive
18 to any other sentence imposed on the person at any time, including child
19 molestation and sexual abuse of the same victim.

20 N. In this section, for purposes of punishment an unborn child
21 shall be treated like a minor who is under twelve years of age.

22 O. A dangerous crime against children is in the first degree if it
23 is a completed offense and is in the second degree if it is a preparatory
24 offense, except attempted first degree murder is a dangerous crime against
25 children in the first degree.

26 P. IT IS NOT A DEFENSE TO A DANGEROUS CRIME AGAINST CHILDREN THAT
27 THE MINOR IS A PERSON POSING AS A MINOR OR IS OTHERWISE FICTITIOUS IF THE
28 DEFENDANT KNEW OR HAD REASON TO KNOW THE PURPORTED MINOR WAS UNDER FIFTEEN
29 YEARS OF AGE.

30 ~~P.~~ Q. For the purposes of this section:

31 1. "Dangerous crime against children" means any of the following
32 that is committed against a minor who is under fifteen years of age:

- 33 (a) Second degree murder.
- 34 (b) Aggravated assault resulting in serious physical injury or
35 involving the discharge, use or threatening exhibition of a deadly weapon
36 or dangerous instrument.
- 37 (c) Sexual assault.
- 38 (d) Molestation of a child.
- 39 (e) Sexual conduct with a minor.
- 40 (f) Commercial sexual exploitation of a minor.
- 41 (g) Sexual exploitation of a minor.
- 42 (h) Child abuse as prescribed in section 13-3623, subsection A,
43 paragraph 1.
- 44 (i) Kidnapping.
- 45 (j) Sexual abuse.

- 1 (k) Taking a child for the purpose of prostitution as prescribed in
- 2 section 13-3206.
- 3 (l) Child sex trafficking as prescribed in section 13-3212.
- 4 (m) Involving or using minors in drug offenses.
- 5 (n) Continuous sexual abuse of a child.
- 6 (o) Attempted first degree murder.
- 7 (p) Sex trafficking.
- 8 (q) Manufacturing methamphetamine under circumstances that cause
- 9 physical injury to a minor.
- 10 (r) Bestiality as prescribed in section 13-1411, subsection A,
- 11 paragraph 2.
- 12 (s) Luring a minor for sexual exploitation.
- 13 (t) Aggravated luring a minor for sexual exploitation.
- 14 (u) Unlawful age misrepresentation.
- 15 (v) Unlawful mutilation.

16 2. "Predicate felony" means any felony involving child abuse
17 pursuant to section 13-3623, subsection A, paragraph 1, a sexual offense,
18 conduct involving the intentional or knowing infliction of serious
19 physical injury or the discharge, use or threatening exhibition of a
20 deadly weapon or dangerous instrument, or a dangerous crime against
21 children in the first or second degree.

22 Sec. 2. Section 31-412, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
23 read:

24 31-412. Criteria for release on parole; release; custody of
25 parolee; definition

26 A. If a prisoner is certified as eligible for parole pursuant to
27 section 41-1604.09 the board of executive clemency shall authorize the
28 release of the applicant on parole if the applicant has reached the
29 applicant's earliest parole eligibility date pursuant to section
30 41-1604.09, subsection D and it appears to the board, in its sole
31 discretion, that there is a substantial probability that the applicant
32 will remain at liberty without violating the law and that the release is
33 in the best interests of the state. The applicant shall thereupon be
34 allowed to go on parole in the legal custody and under the control of the
35 state department of corrections, until the board revokes the parole or
36 grants an absolute discharge from parole or until the prisoner reaches the
37 prisoner's individual earned release credit date pursuant to section
38 41-1604.10. When the prisoner reaches the prisoner's individual earned
39 release credit date the prisoner's parole shall be terminated and the
40 prisoner shall no longer be under the authority of the board but shall be
41 subject to revocation under section 41-1604.10.

42 B. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, the director of
43 the state department of corrections may certify as eligible for parole any
44 prisoner, regardless of the classification of the prisoner, who has
45 reached the prisoner's parole eligibility date pursuant to section

1 41-1604.09, subsection D, unless an increased term has been imposed
2 pursuant to section 41-1604.09, subsection F, for the sole purpose of
3 parole to the custody of any other jurisdiction to serve a term of
4 imprisonment imposed by the other jurisdiction or to stand trial on
5 criminal charges in the other jurisdiction or for the sole purpose of
6 parole to the custody of the state department of corrections to serve any
7 consecutive term imposed on the prisoner. On review of an application for
8 parole pursuant to this subsection the board may authorize parole if, in
9 its discretion, parole appears to be in the best interests of the state.

10 C. A prisoner who is otherwise eligible for parole, who is not on
11 home arrest or work furlough and who is currently serving a sentence for a
12 conviction of a serious offense or conspiracy to commit or attempt to
13 commit a serious offense shall not be granted parole or absolute discharge
14 from imprisonment except by one of the following votes:

15 1. A majority affirmative vote if four or more members consider the
16 action.

17 2. A unanimous affirmative vote if three members consider the
18 action.

19 3. A unanimous affirmative vote if two members consider the action
20 pursuant to section 31-401, subsection I and the chairman concurs after
21 reviewing the information considered by the two members.

22 D. The board, as a condition of parole, shall order a prisoner to
23 make any court-ordered restitution.

24 E. Payment of restitution by the prisoner in accordance with
25 subsection D of this section shall be made through the clerk of the
26 superior court in the county in which the prisoner was sentenced for the
27 offense for which the prisoner has been imprisoned in the same manner as
28 restitution is paid as a condition of probation. The clerk of the
29 superior court, on request, shall make the prisoner's restitution payment
30 history available to the board, victim, victim's attorney and department
31 without cost.

32 F. The board shall not disclose the address of the victim or the
33 victim's immediate family to any party without the written consent of the
34 victim or the victim's family.

35 G. For the purposes of this section, "serious offense" includes any
36 of the following:

37 1. A serious offense as defined in section 13-706, subsection F,
38 paragraph 1, subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i), (j)
39 or (k).

40 2. A dangerous crime against children as defined in section
41 13-705. The citation of section 13-705 is not a necessary element for a
42 serious offense designation.

43 3. A conviction under a prior criminal code for any offense that
44 possesses reasonably equivalent offense elements as the offense elements

1 that are listed under section 13-705, subsection ~~P~~ Q, paragraph 1 or
2 section 13-706, subsection F, paragraph 1.

3 Sec. 3. Section 41-1604.11, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
4 read:

5 41-1604.11. Order for removal; purposes; duration; work
6 furlough; notice; failure to return;
7 classification; applicability; definition

8 A. The director of the state department of corrections may
9 authorize the temporary removal under custody from prison or any other
10 institution for the detention of adults under the jurisdiction of the
11 state department of corrections of any inmate for the purpose of employing
12 that inmate in any work directly connected with the administration,
13 management or maintenance of the prison or institution in which the inmate
14 is confined, for purposes of cooperating voluntarily in medical research
15 that cannot be performed at the prison or institution, or for
16 participating in community action activities directed toward delinquency
17 prevention and community betterment programs. The removal shall not be
18 for a period longer than one day.

19 B. Under specific rules established by the director for the
20 selection of inmates, the director may also authorize furlough, temporary
21 removal or temporary release of any inmate for compassionate leave, for
22 the purpose of furnishing to the inmate medical treatment not available at
23 the prison or institution, for purposes preparatory to a return to the
24 community within ninety days of the inmate's release date or for disaster
25 aid, including local mutual aid and state emergencies. When an inmate is
26 temporarily removed or temporarily released for a purpose preparatory to
27 return to the community or for compassionate leave, the director may
28 require the inmate to reimburse the state, in whole or part, for expenses
29 incurred by the state in connection with the temporary removal or release.

30 C. The board of executive clemency, under specific rules
31 established for the selection of inmates, if it appears to the board, in
32 its sole discretion, that there is a substantial probability that the
33 inmate will remain at liberty without violating the law and that the
34 release is in the best interests of the state, may authorize the release
35 of an inmate on work furlough if the inmate has served not less than six
36 months of the sentence imposed by the court, is within twelve months of
37 the inmate's parole eligibility date and has not been convicted of a
38 sexual offense. The director shall provide information as the board
39 requests concerning any inmate eligible for release on work furlough. The
40 inmate shall not be released on work furlough unless the release is
41 approved by the board.

42 D. An inmate who is otherwise eligible for work furlough pursuant
43 to subsection C of this section, who is not on home arrest and who is
44 currently serving a sentence for a conviction of a serious offense or

1 conspiracy to commit or attempt to commit a serious offense shall not be
2 granted work furlough except by one of the following votes:

3 1. A majority affirmative vote if four or more members of the board
4 of executive clemency consider the action.

5 2. A unanimous affirmative vote if three members of the board of
6 executive clemency consider the action.

7 3. A unanimous affirmative vote if two members of the board of
8 executive clemency consider the action pursuant to section 31-401,
9 subsection I and the chairman of the board concurs after reviewing the
10 information considered by the two members.

11 E. Before holding a hearing on the work furlough under
12 consideration, the board, on request, shall notify and afford an
13 opportunity to be heard to the presiding judge of the superior court in
14 the county in which the inmate requesting a work furlough was sentenced,
15 the prosecuting attorney, the director of the arresting law enforcement
16 agency and the victim of the offense for which the inmate is incarcerated.
17 The notice shall state the name of the inmate requesting the work
18 furlough, the offense for which the inmate was sentenced, the length of
19 the sentence and the date of admission to the custody of the state
20 department of corrections. The notice to the victim shall also inform the
21 victim of the victim's right to be present and submit a written report to
22 the board expressing the victim's opinion concerning the inmate's release.
23 No hearing concerning work furlough shall be held until fifteen days after
24 the date of giving the notice. On mailing the notice, the board shall
25 file a hard copy of the notice as evidence that notification was sent.

26 F. The board shall require that every inmate released on work
27 furlough comply with the terms and conditions of release as the board may
28 impose, including that the inmate be gainfully employed while on work
29 furlough and that the inmate make restitution to the victim of the offense
30 for which the inmate was incarcerated.

31 G. If the board finds that an inmate has failed to comply with the
32 terms and conditions of release or that the best interests of this state
33 would be served by revocation of an inmate's work furlough, the board may
34 issue a warrant for retaking the inmate before the expiration of the
35 inmate's maximum sentence. After return of the inmate, the board may
36 revoke the inmate's work furlough after the inmate has been given an
37 opportunity to be heard.

38 H. If the board denies the release of an inmate on work furlough or
39 home arrest, it may prescribe that the inmate not be recommended again for
40 release on work furlough or home arrest for a period of up to one year.

41 I. The director shall transmit a monthly report containing the
42 name, date of birth, offense for which the inmate was sentenced, length of
43 the sentence and date of admission to the state department of corrections
44 of each inmate on work furlough or home arrest to the chairperson of the
45 house of representatives judiciary committee or its successor committee

1 and the chairperson of the senate judiciary committee or its successor
2 committee. The director shall also submit a report containing this
3 information for any inmate released on work furlough or home arrest within
4 a jurisdiction to the county attorney, sheriff and chief of police for the
5 jurisdiction in which the inmate is released on work furlough or home
6 arrest.

7 J. Any inmate who knowingly fails to return from furlough, home
8 arrest, work furlough or temporary removal or temporary release granted
9 under this section is guilty of a class 5 felony.

10 K. At any given time if the director declares there is a shortage
11 of beds available for inmates within the state department of corrections,
12 the parole eligibility as set forth in sections 31-411 and 41-1604.09 may
13 be suspended for any inmate who has served not less than six months of the
14 sentence imposed by the court, who has not been previously convicted of a
15 felony and who has been sentenced for a class 4, 5 or 6 felony, not
16 involving a sexual offense, the use or exhibition of a deadly weapon or
17 dangerous instrument or the infliction of serious physical injury pursuant
18 to section 13-704, and the inmate shall be continuously eligible for
19 parole, home arrest or work furlough.

20 L. Prisoners who have served at least one calendar year and who are
21 serving a sentence for conviction of a crime committed on or after October
22 1, 1978, under section 13-604, 13-1406, 13-1410, 13-3406, 36-1002.01,
23 36-1002.02 or 36-1002.03, and who are sentenced to the custody of the
24 state department of corrections, may be temporarily released, according to
25 the rules of the department, at the discretion of the director, one
26 hundred eighty calendar days prior to expiration of the term imposed and
27 shall remain under the control of the state department of corrections
28 until expiration of the maximum sentence specified. If an offender
29 released under this section or pursuant to section 31-411, subsection B
30 violates the rules, the offender may be returned to custody and shall be
31 classified to a parole class as provided by the rules of the department.

32 M. This section applies only to persons who commit felony offenses
33 before January 1, 1994.

34 N. For the purposes of this section, "serious offense" means any of
35 the following:

36 1. A serious offense as defined in section 13-706, subsection F,
37 paragraph 1, subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i), (j) or
38 (k).

39 2. A dangerous crime against children as defined in section 13-705.
40 The citation of section 13-705 is not a necessary element for a serious
41 offense designation.

42 3. A conviction under a prior criminal code for any offense that
43 possesses reasonably equivalent offense elements as the offense elements
44 that are listed under section 13-705, subsection ~~P~~ Q, paragraph 1 or
45 section 13-706, subsection F, paragraph 1.

1 Sec. 4. Section 41-1604.13, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
2 read:

3 41-1604.13. Home arrest; eligibility; victim notification;
4 conditions; applicability; definitions

5 A. An inmate who has served not less than six months of the
6 sentence imposed by the court is eligible for the home arrest program if
7 the inmate:

- 8 1. Meets the following criteria:
9 (a) Was convicted of committing a class 4, 5 or 6 felony not
10 involving a dangerous offense.
11 (b) Was not convicted of a sexual offense.
12 (c) Has not previously been convicted of any felony.
13 2. Violated parole by the commission of a technical violation that
14 was not chargeable or indictable as a criminal offense.
15 3. Is eligible for work furlough.

16 4. Is eligible for parole pursuant to section 31-412, subsection A.

17 B. The board of executive clemency shall determine which inmates
18 are released to the home arrest program based on the criteria in
19 subsection A of this section and based on a determination that there is a
20 substantial probability that the inmate will remain at liberty without
21 violating the law and that the release is in the best interests of the
22 state after considering the offense for which the inmate is presently
23 incarcerated, the prior record of the inmate, the conduct of the inmate
24 while incarcerated and any other information concerning the inmate that is
25 in the possession of the state department of corrections, including any
26 presentence report. The board maintains the responsibility of revocation
27 as applicable to all parolees.

28 C. An inmate who is otherwise eligible for home arrest, who is not
29 on work furlough and who is currently serving a sentence for a conviction
30 of a serious offense or conspiracy to commit or attempt to commit a
31 serious offense shall not be granted home arrest except by one of the
32 following votes:

- 33 1. A majority affirmative vote if four or more members of the board
34 of executive clemency consider the action.
35 2. A unanimous affirmative vote if three members of the board of
36 executive clemency consider the action.
37 3. A unanimous affirmative vote if two members of the board of
38 executive clemency consider the action pursuant to section 31-401,
39 subsection I and the chairman of the board concurs after reviewing the
40 information considered by the two members.

41 D. Home arrest is conditioned on the following:

- 42 1. Active electronic monitoring surveillance for a minimum term of
43 one year or until eligible for general parole.
44 2. Participation in gainful employment or other beneficial
45 activities.

- 1 3. Submission to alcohol and drug tests as mandated.
- 2 4. Payment of the electronic monitoring fee in an amount determined
- 3 by the board of not less than one dollar per day and not more than the
- 4 total cost of the electronic monitoring unless, after determining the
- 5 inability of the inmate to pay the fee, the board requires payment of a
- 6 lesser amount. The fees collected shall be returned to the department's
- 7 home arrest program to offset operational costs of the program.
- 8 5. Remaining at the inmate's place of residence at all times except
- 9 for movement out of the residence according to mandated conditions.
- 10 6. Adherence to any other conditions imposed by the court, board of
- 11 executive clemency or supervising corrections officers.
- 12 7. Compliance with all other conditions of supervision.
- 13 8. Payment of a monthly home arrest supervision fee of at least
- 14 sixty-five dollars unless, after determining the inability of the inmate
- 15 to pay the fee, the department requires payment of a lesser amount. The
- 16 supervising corrections officer shall monitor the collection of the fee.
- 17 Monies collected shall be deposited, pursuant to sections 35-146 and
- 18 35-147, in the community corrections enhancement fund established by
- 19 section 31-418.
- 20 9. Payment of a drug testing fee in an amount to be determined by
- 21 the board and not to exceed the costs of the drug testing program. The
- 22 fees collected pursuant to this paragraph by the department may only be
- 23 used to offset the costs of the drug testing program.
- 24 E. Before holding a hearing on home arrest, the board on request
- 25 shall notify and afford an opportunity to be heard to the presiding judge
- 26 of the superior court in the county in which the inmate requesting home
- 27 arrest was sentenced, the prosecuting attorney and the director of the
- 28 arresting law enforcement agency. The board shall notify the victim of
- 29 the offense for which the inmate is incarcerated. The notice shall state
- 30 the name of the inmate requesting home arrest, the offense for which the
- 31 inmate was sentenced, the length of the sentence and the date of admission
- 32 to the custody of the state department of corrections. The notice to the
- 33 victim shall also inform the victim of the victim's right to be present
- 34 and to submit a written report to the board expressing the victim's
- 35 opinion concerning the inmate's release. No hearing concerning home
- 36 arrest may be held until fifteen days after the date of giving the notice.
- 37 On mailing the notice, the board shall file a hard copy of the notice as
- 38 evidence that notification was sent.
- 39 F. An inmate who is placed on home arrest is on inmate status, is
- 40 subject to all the limitations of rights and movement and is entitled only
- 41 to due process rights of return.
- 42 G. If an inmate violates a condition of home arrest that poses any
- 43 threat or danger to the community, or commits an additional felony
- 44 offense, the board shall revoke the home arrest and return the inmate to

1 the custody of the state department of corrections to complete the term of
2 imprisonment as authorized by law.

3 H. The ratio of supervising corrections officers to supervisees in
4 the home arrest program shall be no greater than one officer for every
5 twenty-five supervisees.

6 I. The board shall determine when the supervisee is eligible for
7 transfer to the regular parole program pursuant to section 31-411.

8 J. This section applies only to persons who commit felony offenses
9 before January 1, 1994.

10 K. For the purposes of this section:

11 1. "Dangerous offense" has the same meaning prescribed in section
12 13-105.

13 2. "Serious offense" includes any of the following:

14 (a) A serious offense as defined in section 13-706, subsection F,
15 paragraph 1, subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i), (j) or
16 (k).

17 (b) A dangerous crime against children as defined in section
18 13-705. The citation of section 13-705 is not a necessary element for a
19 serious offense designation.

20 (c) A conviction under a prior criminal code for any offense that
21 possesses reasonably equivalent offense elements as the offense elements
22 that are listed under section 13-705, subsection ~~P~~ Q, paragraph 1 or
23 section 13-706, subsection F, paragraph 1.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 11, 2018

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 11, 2018



Passed the House February 8, 20 18

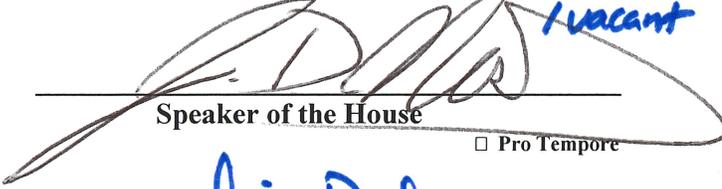
Passed the Senate March 29 20 18

by the following vote: 58 Ayes,

by the following vote: 30 Ayes,

0 Nays, 1 Not Voting
1 vacant

0 Nays, 0 Not Voting



Speaker of the House
 Pro Tempore



President of the Senate



Chief Clerk of the House



Secretary of the Senate

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA
OFFICE OF GOVERNOR

This Bill received by the Governor this

_____ day of _____, 20 _____

at _____ o'clock _____ M.

Secretary to the Governor

Approved this _____ day of

at _____ o'clock _____ M.

Governor of Arizona

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE

This Bill received by the Secretary of State

this _____ day of _____, 20 _____

at _____ o'clock _____ M.

Secretary of State

H.B. 2244

Passed the House April 5, 2018,

by the following vote: 59 Ayes,

0 Nays, 1 Not Voting

[Signature]
Speaker of the House

[Signature]
Chief Clerk of the House

Passed the Senate _____, 20____,

by the following vote: _____ Ayes,

_____ Nays, _____ Not Voting

President of the Senate

Secretary of the Senate

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA
OFFICE OF GOVERNOR

This Bill was received by the Governor this

5th day of April, 2018

at 3:12 o'clock P. M.

[Signature]
Secretary to the Governor

Approved this 11th day of

April, 2018

at 2:31 o'clock P. M.

[Signature]
Governor of Arizona

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE

This Bill was received by the Secretary of State

this 11 day of April, 2018,

at 4:50 o'clock P. M.

[Signature]
Secretary of State

H.B. 2244