Please note that the Chapter you are about to replace may have rules still in effect after the publication date of this supplement. Therefore, all superseded material should be retained in a separate binder and archived for future reference.

The table of contents on page one contains links to the referenced page numbers in this Chapter. Refer to the notes at the end of a Section to learn about the history of a rule as it was published in the Arizona Administrative Register.

This Chapter contains rules that were filed to be codified in the Arizona Administrative Code between the dates of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022.

Questions about these rules? Contact:
Board: Board of Accountancy
Address: 100 N. 15th Ave., Suite 165
Phoenix, AZ 85007
Website: www.azaccountancy.gov
Name: Monica L. Petersen, Executive Director
Telephone: (602) 364-0870
Fax: (602) 364-0903
Email: mpetersen@azaccountancy.gov

The release of this Chapter in Supp. 22-2 replaces Supp. 21-2, 1-17 pages
Please note that the Chapter you are about to replace may have rules still in effect after the publication date of this supplement. Therefore, all superseded material should be retained in a separate binder and archived for future reference.
PREFACE

Under Arizona law, the Department of State, Office of the Secretary of State (Office), Administrative Rules Division, accepts state agency rule notice and other legal filings and is the publisher of Arizona rules. The Office of the Secretary of State does not interpret or enforce rules in the Administrative Code. Questions about rules should be directed to the state agency responsible for the promulgation of the rule.

Scott Cancelosi, Director
ADMINISTRATIVE RULES DIVISION

RULES
The definition for a rule is provided for under A.R.S. § 41-1001. "Rule' means an agency statement of general applicability that implements, interprets, or prescribes law or policy, or describes the procedures or practice requirements of an agency."

THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
The Arizona Administrative Code is where the official rules of the state of Arizona are published. The Code is the official codification of rules that govern state agencies, boards, and commissions.

The Code is separated by subject into Titles. Titles are divided into Chapters. A Chapter includes state agency rules. Rules in Chapters are divided into Articles, then Sections. The "R" stands for “rule” with a sequential numbering and lettering outline separated into subsections.

Rules are codified quarterly in the Code. Supplement release dates are printed on the footers of each Chapter.

First Quarter: January 1 - March 31
Second Quarter: April 1 - June 30
Third Quarter: July 1 - September 30
Fourth Quarter: October 1 - December 31

For example, the first supplement for the first quarter of 2022 is cited as Supp. 22-1. Supplements are traditionally released three to four weeks after the end of the quarter because filings are accepted until the last day of the quarter.

Please note: The Office publishes by Chapter, not by individual rule Section. Therefore there might be only a few Sections codified in each Chapter released in a supplement. This is why the Office lists only updated codified Sections on the previous page.

RULE HISTORY
Refer to the HISTORICAL NOTE at the end of each Section for the effective date of a rule. The note also includes the Register volume and page number in which the notice was published (A.A.R.) and beginning in supplement 21-4, the date the notice was published in the Register.

AUTHENTICATION OF PDF CODE CHAPTERS
The Office began to authenticate Chapters of the Code in Supp. 18-1 to comply with A.R.S. § 41-1012(B) and A.R.S. § 5302(1), (2)(d) through (e), and (3)(d) through (e).

A certification verifies the authenticity of each Code Chapter posted as it is released by the Office of the Secretary of State. The authenticated pdf of the Code includes an integrity mark with a certificate ID. Users should check the validity of the signature, especially if the pdf has been downloaded. If the digital signature is invalid it means the document’s content has been compromised.

HOW TO USE THE CODE
Rules may be in effect before a supplement is released by the Office. Therefore, the user should refer to issues of the Arizona Administrative Register for recent updates to rule Sections.

ARIZONA REVISED STATUTE REFERENCES
The Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) are available online at the Legislature’s website, www.azleg.gov. An agency’s authority note to make rules is often included at the beginning of a Chapter. Other Arizona statutes may be referenced in rule under the A.R.S. acronym.

SESSION LAW REFERENCES
Arizona Session Law references in a Chapter can be found at the Secretary of State’s website, www.azsos.gov under Services-> Legislative Filings.

EXEMPTIONS FROM THE APA
It is not uncommon for an agency to be exempt from the steps outlined in the rulemaking process as specified in the Arizona Administrative Procedures Act, also known as the APA (Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 41, Chapter 6, Articles 1 through 10). Other agencies may be given an exemption to certain provisions of the Act.

An agency’s exemption is written in law by the Arizona State Legislature or under a referendum or initiative passed into law by Arizona voters.

When an agency files an exempt rulemaking package with our Office it specifies the law exemption in what is called the preamble of rulemaking. The preamble is published in the Register online at www.azsos.gov/rules, click on the Administrative Register link.

Editor’s notes at the beginning of a Chapter provide information about rulemaking Sections made by exempt rulemaking. Exempt rulemaking notes are also included in the historical note at the end of a rulemaking Section.

The Office makes a distinction to certain exemptions because some rules are made without receiving input from stakeholders or the public. Other exemptions may require an agency to propose exempt rules at a public hearing.

PERSONAL USE/COMMERCIAL USE
This Chapter is posted as a public courtesy online, and is for private use only. Those who wish to use the contents for resale or profit should contact the Office about Commercial Use fees. For information on commercial use fees review A.R.S. § 39-121.03 and 1 A.A.C. 1, R1-1-113.

Rhonda Paschal, rules managing editor, assisted with the editing of this Chapter.
## TITLE 4. PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS

### CHAPTER 1. BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY

Authority: A.R.S. § 32-701 et seq.

#### Supp. 22-2

### CHAPTER TABLE OF CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-101.</td>
<td>Definitions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-102.</td>
<td>Powers of the Board: Applicability; Excuse; Extension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-103.</td>
<td>Repealed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-104.</td>
<td>Board Records; Public Access; Copying Fees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-105.</td>
<td>Expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-106.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-107.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-108.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-109.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-110.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-111.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-112.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-113.</td>
<td>Meetings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-114.</td>
<td>Hearing; Rehearing or Review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-115.</td>
<td>Accounting and Auditing and Tax Advisory Committees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-115.01.</td>
<td>Law Review Advisory Committee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-115.02.</td>
<td>Continuing Professional Education Advisory Committee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-115.03.</td>
<td>Peer Review Oversight Advisory Committee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-115.04.</td>
<td>Certification Advisory Committee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-116.</td>
<td>Renumbered</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-117.</td>
<td>Procedure: Witnesses; Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-118.</td>
<td>Repealed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ARTICLE 2. CPA EXAMINATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-201.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-202.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-203.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-204.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-205.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-206.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-207.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-208.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-209.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-210.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-211.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-212.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-213.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-214.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-215.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-216.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-217.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-218.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-219.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-220.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-221.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-222.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-223.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-224.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-225.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-226.</td>
<td>Expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-226.01.</td>
<td>Applications; Examination - Computer-based</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-227.</td>
<td>Repealed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-228.</td>
<td>Denial of Examination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-229.</td>
<td>Conditioned Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-230.</td>
<td>Expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-231.</td>
<td>Expired</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ARTICLE 3. CERTIFICATION AND REGISTRATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-301.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-302.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-303.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-304.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-305.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-306.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-307.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-308.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-309.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-310.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-311.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-312.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-313.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-314.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-315.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-316.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-317.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-318.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-319.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-320.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-321.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-322.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-323.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-324.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-325.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-326.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-327.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-328.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-329.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-330.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-331.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-332.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-333.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-334.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-335.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-336.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-337.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-338.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ARTICLE 1. GENERAL

R4-1-101. Definitions
A. The definitions in A.R.S. § 32-701 apply to this Chapter.
B. In this Chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
   1. “Contested case” means any proceeding in which the legal rights, duties, or privileges of a party are required by law to be determined by any agency after an opportunity for hearing.
   2. “CPE” or “continuing professional education” means attending classes, writing articles, conducting or teaching courses, and taking self-study courses if the activities contribute to maintaining and improving of professional competence in accounting.
   3. “Facilitated State Board Access (FSBA)” means the sponsoring organization’s process for providing the Board access to peer review results via a secured website.
   4. “Party” means each person or agency named or admitted as a party, or properly seeking and entitled, as of right, to be admitted as a party.
   5. “Peer review” means an assessment, conducted according to R4-1-454(A), of one or more aspects of the professional work of a firm.
   6. “Peer review program” means the sponsoring organization’s entire peer review process, including but not limited to the standards for administering, performing and reporting on peer reviews, oversight procedures, training, and related guidance materials.
   7. “Person” may include any individual, and any form of corporation, partnership, or professional limited liability company.
   8. “Principal place of business” means the office designated by the individual as the principal location for the individual’s practice of accounting.
   9. “Sponsoring organization” means a Board-approved professional society, or other organization approved by the Board responsible for the facilitation and administration of peer reviews through use of its peer review program and peer review standards.
   10. “Upper level course” means a course taken beyond the basic level, after any required prerequisite or introductory accounting course and does not include principles of accounting or similar introductory accounting courses.

Historical Note

R4-1-102. Powers of the Board: Applicability; Excuse; Extension
A. This Chapter applies to all actions and proceedings of the Board and is deemed part of the record in every action or proceeding without formal introduction or reference. All parties are deemed to have knowledge of this Chapter, which the Board shall make available on the Board’s website.
B. The Board, when within the Board’s jurisdiction, may, in the interest of justice, excuse the failure of any person to comply with any part of this Chapter.
C. The Board, or in case of an emergency, the President or Executive Director, when within the Board’s jurisdiction, may grant an extension of time to comply with this Chapter.

Historical Note

R4-1-103. Repealed

Historical Note
Former Rule 2E; Former Section R4-1-03 renumbered as Section R4-1-103 without change effective July 1, 1983 (Supp. 83-4). Repealed effective August 21, 1986 (Supp. 86-4).

R4-1-104. Board Records; Public Access; Copying Fees
A. The Board shall maintain all records, subject to A.R.S. Title 39, Chapter 1, reasonably necessary or appropriate to maintain an accurate knowledge of the Board’s official activities including, but not limited to:
   1. Applications for CPA certificates and supporting documentation and correspondence;
   2. Applications to take the Uniform Certified Public Accountant Examination;
   3. Registration for registrants;
   4. Documents, transcripts, and pleadings relating to disciplinary proceedings and to hearings on the denial of a certificate; and;
   5. Investigative reports; staff memoranda; and general correspondence between any person and the Board, members of the Board, or staff members.
B. Any person desiring to inspect or obtain copies of records of the Board available to the public under this section shall make a request to the Board’s Executive Director or the Director’s designee. The Executive Director or the director’s designee shall, as soon as possible within a reasonable time, advise the person making the request whether the records sought can be made available, or, if the Executive Director or the director’s designee is unsure whether a record may be made available for public inspection and copying, the Executive Director or the director’s designee shall refer the matter to the Board for final determination.
C. A person shall not remove original records of the Board from the office of the Board unless the records are in the custody and control of a board member, a member of the Board’s committees or staff, or the Board’s attorney. The Executive Director or the director’s designee may designate a staff member to observe and monitor any examination of Board records.
D. The Board shall provide copies of all records available for public inspection and copying shall be provided according to the procedures described in A.R.S. Title 39, Chapter 1, Article 2.
E. Any person aggrieved by a decision of the Executive Director or the director’s designee denying access to records of the Board may request a hearing before the Board to review the action of the Executive Director or the director’s designee by filing a written request for hearing. Within 60 days of receipt of the request, the Board shall conduct a hearing on the matter. If the person requires immediate access to Board records, the
person may request and may be granted an earlier hearing, if the person sets forth sufficient grounds for immediate access.

Historical Note

R4-1-105. Expired

Historical Note

R4-1-106. Reserved

R4-1-107. Reserved

R4-1-108. Reserved

R4-1-109. Reserved

R4-1-110. Reserved

R4-1-111. Reserved

R4-1-112. Reserved

R4-1-113. Meetings
The Board and Board committees shall conduct meetings in accordance with the current edition of Robert’s Rules of Order if the rules are compatible with the laws of the state of Arizona or the Board’s own resolutions regarding meetings.
1. Regular and special meetings of the Board for the purpose of conducting business shall be called by the President or a majority of the board members.
2. Regular and special meetings of the committees shall be called by the chairperson or a majority of the committee members.

Historical Note

R4-1-114. Hearing; Rehearing or Review
A. Hearing: The Board or an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) employed by the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) shall hear all contested cases and appealable agency actions. The Board shall conduct hearings according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10 as supplemented by R4-1-117. The OAH shall conduct hearings according to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10 and the rules and procedures established by the OAH. To the extent that there is no conflict with A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10, the provisions of A.R.S. § 32-743 apply to hearings conducted by the Board and the OAH. The following subsections apply to hearings conducted by the Board and hearings conducted by the OAH where applicable.
1. Power to join any interested party: Any board member or the ALJ may join as a party applicant or as a party defendant, any person, firm or corporation, that appears to have an interest in the matter before the Board.
2. Stipulation at hearing: The parties may stipulate to facts that are not in dispute. The stipulation may be in writing or may be made orally by reading the stipulation into the record at the hearing. The stipulation is binding upon the parties unless the Board or the ALJ grants permission to withdraw from the stipulation. The Board or the ALJ may set aside any stipulation.
3. Settlements and consent orders: At any time before or after formal disciplinary proceedings have been instituted against a registrant, the registrant may submit to the Board an offer of conditional settlement to avoid formal disciplinary proceedings by the Board. In the offer of conditional settlement, the registrant shall agree to take specific remedial steps such as enrolling in CPE courses, limiting the scope of the registrant’s practice, accepting limitation on the filing of public reports, and submitting the registrant’s work product for peer review. If the Board determines that the proposed conditional settlement will protect the public safety and welfare and is more likely to rehabilitate or educate the registrant than formal disciplinary action under A.R.S. § 32-741, the Board may accept the offer and enter an order that incorporates the registrant’s proposed conditional settlement and to which the registrant consents. A consent order issued under this subsection shall provide that, upon successful compliance by the registrant with all provisions of the order, the disciplinary proceedings shall be terminated and any notice of hearing previously issued shall be vacated. The consent order shall further provide that, upon failure of the registrant to comply with all provisions of the order, or upon the discovery of material facts unknown to the Board at the time the Board issued the order, formal disciplinary proceedings against the registrant may be instituted or resumed. The consent order additionally may provide that, upon failure of the registrant to comply with all provisions of the order, the Board may immediately and summarily suspend the registrant’s certificate for not more than one year. Within 30 days after the summary suspension, the registrant may request a hearing solely concerning the issue of compliance with the consent order.
4. Decisions and orders: The Board shall make all decisions and orders by a majority vote of the members considering the case. The Board shall issue a final written decision in a contested case or state the decision on the record. The decision shall state separately the findings of fact and conclusions of law on which the decision is based, and the Board’s order to implement the decision. All written decisions and orders of the Board shall be signed by the President or Secretary of the Board. When the Board suspends or revokes the certificate of a registrant, the Board may order the registrant to return the registrant’s certificate within 30 days after receipt of the order. The Board shall serve each party, each attorney of record, and the Attorney General with a copy of each decision or order of the Board, as provided in R4-1-117.
B. ALJ: In hearings conducted by the OAH, the ALJ shall provide the Board with written findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a recommended order within 20 days after the conclusion of the hearing or as otherwise provided by A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10. The Board’s decision approving or modifying the ALJ’s recommendations is the final decision of the Board, subject to the filing of a motion for rehearing or review as provided in subsection (C).

C. Rehearing or Review: Any party aggrieved by a decision of the Board may file with the Board a written motion for rehearing or review within 30 days after service of the decision specifying the particular grounds for the motion. The Attorney General may file a response to the motion for rehearing within 15 days after service of the motion. The Board may require the filing of written briefs upon issues raised in the motion for rehearing or review and provide for oral argument. Upon review of the documents submitted, the Board may modify the decision or vacate it and grant a rehearing for any of the following causes materially affecting a party’s rights:
   1. Irregularity in the administrative proceedings or any order or abuse of discretion, that deprived a party of a fair hearing;
   2. Misconduct of the Board or the ALJ;
   3. Accident or surprise that could not have been prevented by ordinary prudence;
   4. Newly discovered material evidence, that could not with reasonable diligence have been discovered and produced at the original hearing;
   5. Excessive or insufficient penalties;
   6. Error in the admission or rejection of evidence or other errors of law occurring at the administrative hearing, or during the progress of the proceeding; or
   7. That the findings of fact or decision is not justified by the evidence or is contrary to law.

Historical Note

R4-1-115. Accounting and Auditing and Tax Advisory Committees

A. The Board may appoint advisory committees concerning accounting reports, taxation and other areas of public accounting as the Board deems appropriate. The committees shall evaluate investigation files referred by the Board, hold voluntary informal interviews and make advisory recommendations to the Board concerning settlement, dismissal or other disposition of the reviewed matter.

B. The Board, in its discretion, may accept, reject, or modify the recommendation of the advisory committee.

Historical Note

R4-1-115.01. Law Review Advisory Committee

A. The Board may appoint an advisory committee to assist in the evaluation of statutory and regulatory provisions. The committee shall make advisory recommendations to the Board.
A. Pleadings; depositions; briefs; and related documents. A party shall print or type all pleadings, depositions, briefs, and related documents and use only one side of the paper.

B. Witness’ depositions. If a party wants to take the oral deposition of a witness residing outside the state, the party shall file with the Board a petition for permission to take the deposition stating the name and address of the witness and describing in detail the nature and substance of the testimony expected to be given by the witness. The petition may be denied if the testimony of the witness is not relevant and material. If the petition is granted, the party may proceed to take the deposition of the witness by complying with the Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure. The party applying to the Board for permission to take a deposition shall bear the expense of the deposition.

C. Witness’ interrogatories. A party desiring to take the testimony of a witness residing outside the state by means of interrogatories may do so by serving the adverse party as in civil matters and by filing with the Board a copy of the interrogatories and a statement showing the name and address of the witness. The adverse party may file in duplicate cross-interrogatories with a copy of the statement within 10 days following service on the adverse party. A party that objects to the form of an interrogatory or cross-interrogatory may file a statement of the objection with the Board within five days after service of the interrogatories or cross-interrogatories and may suggest to the Board any amendment to an interrogatory or cross-interrogatory. The Board may amend, add, or strike out an interrogatory or cross-interrogatory when the Board determines it is proper to do so.

1. Notwithstanding the fact that a party may petition for permission to take the oral deposition of a witness, the Board may require that the information be provided through written interrogatories and vice versa.

2. A party shall provide a copy of answers to the interrogatories to the Board within 45 days after the interrogatories are answered.

D. Subpoenas. The Board officer presiding at a hearing may authorize subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and for the production of books, records, documents, and other evidence, and shall administer oaths. A party desiring the Board to issue a subpoena for the production of evidence, documents or to compel the appearance of a witness at a hearing shall apply for the subpoena in writing stating the substance of the witness’s testimony. If the testimony appears to be relevant and material, the Board shall issue the subpoena. Affixing the seal of the Board and the signature of a Board officer is sufficient to show the subpoena is genuine. The party applying for the subpoena shall bear the expense of service.

E. Service.

1. Service of any decision, order, subpoena, notice, or other document may be made personally in the same manner as a summons served in a civil action. If a document is served personally, service is deemed complete at the time of delivery.

2. Except as provided in subsection (E)(3), service of any document may also be made by:
   a. Personal service.
   b. By enclosing a copy of the document in a sealed envelope and depositing the envelope in the United States mail, with first-class postage prepaid, addressed to the party, at the address last provided to the Board.
   i. Service by mail is deemed complete when the document to be served is deposited in the United States mail. If the distance between the place of mailing and the place of address is more than 100 miles, service is deemed complete one day after the deposit of the document for each 100 miles to a maximum of six days after the date of mailing.
   ii. In computing time, the date of mailing is not counted. All intermediate Sundays and holidays are counted. If the last day falls on a Sunday or holiday, that day is not counted and service is considered completed on the next business day.
   c. By attaching the document to an email and sending it to the email address last provided to the Board.

3. The Board shall mail each notice of hearing and final decision by certified mail to the last known address reflected in the records of the Board.

4. Service on attorney. Service on an attorney who has appeared for a party constitutes service on the party.

5. Proof of service. A party shall demonstrate proof of service by filing an affidavit, as provided by law, proof of mailing by certified mail, or an affidavit of first-class mailing.

Historical Note

R4-1-118. Repealed

Historical Note

ARTICLE 2. CPA EXAMINATION

R4-1-201. Reserved
R4-1-202. Reserved
R4-1-203. Reserved
R4-1-204. Reserved
R4-1-205. Reserved
R4-1-206. Reserved
R4-1-207. Reserved
R4-1-208. Reserved
R4-1-209. Reserved
R4-1-210. Reserved
R4-1-211. Reserved
R4-1-212. Reserved
R4-1-213. Reserved
R4-1-214. Reserved
R4-1-215. Reserved
A person desiring to take the Uniform Certified Public
Accountant Examination who is qualified under A.R.S. § 32-
723 may apply by submitting an initial application. A person
wishing to take a section or sections of the Uniform CPA Exam-
nation shall submit an application for re-examination under
section R4-1-226 and amended in subsections (B) and
(C) effective July 1, 1983 (Supp. 83-4). Amended effective
August 21, 1986 (Supp. 86-4). Amended subsection (C)
effective May 25, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective
January 1, 1994; filed in the Office of the Secretary
of State September 21, 1993 (Supp. 93-3). Amended
effective November 20, 1998 (Supp. 98-4). Amended by
final rulemaking at 5 A.A.R. 4575, effective January 1,
2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6
A.A.R. 4815, effective January 1, 2001 (Supp. 00-4).
Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 5022, effective
January 3, 2004 (Supp. 03-4). Section expired under
A.R.S. § 41-1056(E) at 15 A.A.R. 372, effective Decem-
ber 31, 2008 (Supp. 09-1).

R4-1-226.01. Applications; Examination - Computer-based
A. A person desiring to take the Uniform Certified Public
Accountant Examination who is qualified under A.R.S. § 32-
723 may apply by submitting an initial application. A person
whose initial application has already been approved by the
Board to sit for the Uniform CPA Examination may apply by
submitting an application for re-examination.
1. The requirements for initial application for examination are:
   a. A completed application for initial examination,
   b. A $100 initial application fee if:
      i. The applicant has not previously filed an appli-
cation for initial examination in Arizona, or
      ii. The Board administratively closed a previously
     submitted application, or
   iii. The applicant has been previously denied by
      the Board.
   c. University or college transcripts to verify that the
applicant meets the educational requirements and if
necessary for education taken outside the United
States an additional course-by-course evaluation
from the National Association of State Boards of
Accountancy International Evaluation Services
(NIES).
   d. Other information or documents requested by the
Board to determine compliance with eligibility
requirements.
2. The requirements for application for re-examination are:
   a. A completed application for re-examination, and
   b. A $50 re-examination application fee.
B. Within 30 days of receiving an initial application, the Board
shall provide written notice to the applicant that the applica-
tion is either complete or incomplete. If the application is
incomplete, the notice shall specify what information is miss-
ing. The applicant has 30 days from the date of the Board’s let-
ter to respond to the Board’s request for additional information
or the Board or its designee may administratively close the
file. An applicant whose file is administratively closed and
who later wishes to apply shall reapply under subsection
(A)(1).
C. The Board’s certification advisory committee (CAC) shall
evaluate the applicant’s file and make a recommendation to
the Board to approve or deny the application. The CAC may defer
a decision on the applicant’s file to a subsequent CAC meeting
to provide the applicant opportunity to submit any information
requested by written notice by the CAC that the CAC believes
is relevant to make a recommendation to the Board. The appli-
cant has 30 days from the date of the Board’s letter to respond
to the CAC’s request for additional information or the Board
or its designee may administratively close the file.
D. If the Board approves the application, the Board shall notify
the applicant in writing and send an authorization to test (ATT)
to the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy
(NASBA) to permit the applicant to take the specified section
or sections of the examination for which the applicant applied.
If the Board denies the application, the Board shall send
the applicant written notice explaining:
1. The reason for denial, with citations to supporting stat-
utes or rules;
2. The applicant’s right to seek a fair hearing to challenge
the denial; and
3. The time periods for appealing the denial.
E. If the applicant does not timely pay to the NASBA the fees
owed for the examination section or sections for which the
applicant applied, the ATT expires. An applicant that still
wishes to take a section or sections of the Uniform CPA Exam-
nation shall submit an application for re-examination under
subsection (A)(2).
F. After an applicant has paid NASBA, NASBA shall issue a
notice to schedule (NTS) to the applicant. A NTS enables an
applicant to schedule testing at an approved examination cen-
ter. The NTS is effective on the date of issuance and expires
when the applicant sits for all sections listed on the NTS or six
months from the date of issuance, whichever occurs first.
Upon written request to the Board and showing good cause
that prevents the applicant from appearing for the examina-
tion, an applicant may be granted by the Board a 90-day exten-
sion to a current NTS.
G. The Board shall send the applicant any written notice required
by this Section in accordance with R4-1-117(E)(1) or (2).

Historical Note
Section made by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 5022,
effective January 3, 2004 (Supp. 03-4). Amended by final
rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 520, effective February 4, 2014
(Supp. 14-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 24 A.A.R.
3413, effective February 4, 2019 (Supp. 18-4). Amended
by final rulemaking at 26 A.A.R. 339, effective April 5,
2020 (Supp. 20-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 27
A.A.R. 921, effective August 1, 2021 (Supp. 21-2).

R4-1-227. Repealed

Historical Note
Former Rule 6D; Amended effective July 17, 1978
(Supp. 78-4). Former Section R4-1-27 renumbered and

**R4-1-228. Denial of Examination**  
An applicant whose application for examination is denied by the Board is entitled to a hearing before the Board or an ALJ.  
1. Written application. The applicant shall file a notice of appeal under A.R.S. § 41-1092.03 within 30 days after receipt of the notice of denial.  
2. Hearing notice. The Board shall provide the applicant with notice of the hearing in the manner prescribed by A.R.S. § 41-1092.05.  
3. Conduct of hearing. The Board or the ALJ shall conduct the hearing in accordance with A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10 and applicable rules governing hearings.  
4. Burden of persuasion. At the hearing, the applicant is the moving party and has the burden of persuasion.  
5. Matters limited. At the hearing, the Board or ALJ shall limit the issues to those originally presented to the Board.

**Historical Note**  

**R4-1-231. Expired**

**Historical Note**  
Former Rule 6J; Former Section R4-1-31 renumbered as Section R4-1-231 without change effective July 1, 1983 (Supp. 83-4). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective January 1, 1994; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State September 21, 1993 (Supp. 93-3). Section expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(E) at 10 A.A.R. 419, effective December 31, 2003 (Supp. 04-1).

### ARTICLE 3. CERTIFICATION AND REGISTRATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Section</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-301.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-302.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-303.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-304.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-305.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-306.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-307.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-308.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-309.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-310.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-311.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-312.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-313.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-314.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-315.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-316.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-317.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-318.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-319.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-320.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-321.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-322.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-323.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-324.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-325.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-326.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-327.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-328.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4-1-329.</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A. An applicant may apply for a certificate of certified public accountant or for reinstatement of a certificate by submitting:

1. An application fee of $100; and

2. For an applicant applying for certification under A.R.S. § 32-721(A) and (B), a completed application including:
   a. Verification that the applicant passed the Uniform CPA Examination,
   b. Verification that the applicant meets the education and experience requirements specified in R4-1-343,
   c. One signed and dated letter of recommendation by a CPA or an individual who has accounting education and experience similar to that of a CPA,
   d. Proof of a score of at least 90% on the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) examination in professional ethics taken within the two years immediately before the application is submitted,
   e. Evidence of lawful presence in the United States, and
   f. Other information or documents requested by the Board to determine compliance with eligibility requirements.

3. For an applicant applying for certification under A.R.S. § 32-721(A) and (C), a completed application including:
   a. Verification that the applicant has passed the International Qualification Examination (IQEX),
   b. License verification from each jurisdiction in which the applicant has ever been issued a certificate as a certified public accountant or for reinstatement of a certificate at least one year prior to the application,
   c. One signed and dated letter of recommendation by a CPA or an individual who has accounting education and experience similar to that of a CPA,
   d. If applicable, peer review results as prescribed by R4-1-344(A), and
   e. Evidence of lawful presence in the United States,
   f. Other information or documents requested by the Board to determine compliance with eligibility requirements.

4. For an applicant applying for certification under A.R.S. § 32-721(A) and (D) for mutual recognition agreements adopted by the Board a completed application including:
   a. Verification that the applicant has passed the International Qualification Examination (IQEX),
   b. License verification from the applicant’s country which has a mutual recognition agreement with the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy that has been adopted by the Board,
   c. Evidence of lawful presence in the United States, and
   d. Other information or documents requested by the Board to determine compliance with eligibility requirements.

5. For an applicant applying for certification under A.R.S. § 32-4302, a completed application including:
   a. License verification from each jurisdiction in which the applicant holds a license,
   b. Evidence of lawful presence in the United States,
   c. Proof of residency,
   d. Disciplinary history, if applicable,
   e. Other information or documents requested by the Board to determine compliance with eligibility requirements.

6. For an applicant applying for reinstatement from cancelled status under A.R.S. § 32-732(B) a completed application including:
   a. CPE that meets the requirements of R4-1-453(C)(8) and (E), and
   b. Evidence of lawful presence in the United States.

7. For an applicant applying for reinstatement from expired, relinquished, or revoked status under A.R.S. § 32-732(C), a completed application including:
   a. CPE that meets the requirements of R4-1-453(C)(8) and (E),
   b. Evidence of lawful presence in the United States,
   c. If not waived by the Board as part of a disciplinary order, evidence that the individual has retaken and passed the Uniform Certified Public Accountant Examination.
   d. If prescribed by the Board as part of a disciplinary order, evidence that the individual has retaken and passed the Uniform Certified Public Accountant Examination.

B. An applicant may apply for a certified public accountant firm registration or for reinstatement of a registration by submitting:

1. For an applicant applying for a new firm under A.R.S. § 32-731, a completed application including:
   a. Approved Articles of Incorporation for professional corporations, approved Articles of Organization for limited liability companies or professional limited liability companies, confirmation of business name on the Secretary of State’s website for partnerships, limited liability partnerships, or an individual or sole proprietorship with a trademark name;
   b. If applicable, peer review results as prescribed by R4-1-454(A); and
   c. Other information or documents requested by the Board to determine compliance with eligibility requirements.

2. For an applicant applying for reinstatement from cancelled under A.R.S. § 32-732(E) a completed application including:
   a. Approved Articles of Incorporation for professional corporations, approved Articles of Organization for limited liability companies or professional limited liability companies, confirmation of business name on the Secretary of State’s website for partnerships, limited liability partnerships, or an individual or sole proprietorship with a trademark name;
liability companies, confirmation of business name on the Secretary of State’s website for partnerships, limited liability partnerships, or an individual or sole proprietorship with a trademark name;  

b. If applicable, peer review results as prescribed by R4-1-454(A); and  
c. Other information or documents requested by the Board to determine compliance with eligibility requirements.  

3. For an applicant applying for reinstatement from expired, relinquished, or revoked status under A.R.S. § 32-732(F) a completed application including:  
a. Approved Articles of Incorporation for professional corporations, approved Articles of Organization for limited liability companies or professional limited liability companies, confirmation of business name on the Secretary of State’s website for partnerships, limited liability partnerships, or an individual or sole proprietorship with a trademark name;  
b. If applicable, peer review results as prescribed by R4-1-454(A);  
c. If applicable, substantial evidence that the applicant has been completely rehabilitated with respect to the conduct that was the basis of the expiration, relinquishment or revocation of the firm’s registration; and  
d. Other information or documents requested by the Board to determine compliance with eligibility requirements.  

C. Pursuant to Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 7.1, the Board’s licensing time frames are as follows:  

1. Certification/Reinstatement/Reactivation  
a. Administrative Completeness Review Time Frame. The Board shall notify the applicant within 30 days from the receipt of the application that the application is complete.  
i. If the application is incomplete, an incomplete notice shall specify what information is missing. If the Board issues an incomplete notice, the administrative completeness review time frame and the overall time frame are suspended from the date the notice is issued until the date the Board receives the missing information from the applicant.  

ii. The applicant has 30 days from the date of the incomplete notice to respond in writing and provide all the missing information or the Board may administratively close the file. An applicant whose file is administratively closed shall reapply under subsection (A).  
b. Substantive Review Time Frame. The Board has 60 days to complete its substantive review.  
i. If the Board finds deficiencies during the substantive review of the application, the Board may issue one comprehensive written request to the applicant for additional information. If the Board issues a comprehensive written request, or a supplemental request by mutual agreement, the substantive time frame and the overall time frame are suspended from the date the request is issued until the date the Board receives the additional information from the applicant.  

ii. The applicant has 30 days from the date of the written request to respond in writing and provide all the additional information or the Board may administratively close the file. An applicant whose file is administratively closed shall reapply under subsection (B).  
c. Overall Time Frame. The Board has 150 days to issue a written notice to an applicant approving or denying an application.  

2. Firm Registration  
i. If the application is incomplete, an incomplete notice shall specify what information is missing. If the Board issues an incomplete notice, the administrative completeness time frame and the overall time frame are suspended from the date the notice issued until the date the Board receives the missing information from the applicant.  

ii. The applicant has 30 days from the date of the incomplete notice to respond in writing and provide all the missing information or the Board may administratively close the file. An applicant whose file is administratively closed shall reapply under subsection (B).  

b. Substantive Review Time Frame. The Board has 60 days to complete its substantive review.  
i. If the Board finds deficiencies during the substantive review of the application, the Board may issue one comprehensive written request to the applicant for additional information. If the Board issues a comprehensive written request, or a supplemental request by mutual agreement, the substantive time frame and the overall time frame are suspended from the date the request is issued until the date the Board receives the additional information from the applicant.  

ii. The applicant has 30 days from the date of the written request to respond in writing and provide all the additional information or the Board may administratively close. An applicant whose file is administratively closed shall reapply under subsection (A).  
c. Overall Time Frame. The Board has 150 days to issue a written notice to an applicant approving or denying an application.  

D. If the Board denies an applicant’s request under this Section, the Board shall send the applicant written notice explaining:  
1. The reason for denial, with citations to supporting statutes or rules;  
2. The applicant’s right to seek a fair hearing to challenge the denial; and  
3. The time periods for appealing the denial.  

E. The Board shall send the applicant any written notice required by this Section in accordance with R4-1-117(E)(1) or (2).  

Historical Note  
To demonstrate compliance with the experience requirements
R4-1-343. Education and Accounting Experience

A. To demonstrate compliance with the experience requirements of A.R.S. § 32-721(B), an applicant for certification by examination or grade transfer shall submit to the Board:
   1. One or more certificates of experience, completed, signed and dated by an individual who:
      a. Possesses personal knowledge of the applicant’s work, and
      b. Is able to confirm the applicant’s accounting experience, and
      c. Is a certified public accountant; or
      d. Has accounting education and experience similar to that of a certified public accountant; and
   2. Other information requested by the Board for explanation or clarification of experience.

B. To demonstrate compliance with the experience requirements of A.R.S. § 32-721(C), an applicant for certification by reciprocity shall submit to the Board:
   1. One or more certificates of experience, completed, signed and dated by an individual who:
      a. Possesses personal knowledge of the applicant’s work, and
      b. Is able to confirm the applicant’s accounting experience, and
      c. Is a certified public accountant; or
      d. Has accounting education and experience similar to that of a certified public accountant; or
   2. If the applicant is self-employed, the applicant shall provide a signed and dated statement indicating self-employment and three signed and dated client letters, confirming years of work experience, and
   3. Other information requested by the Board for explanation or clarification of experience.

C. To demonstrate compliance with the education requirements of Title 32, Chapter 6, an applicant for certification or reinstatement shall submit to the Board:
   1. University or college transcripts verifying that the applicant meets the educational requirements and if necessary for education taken outside the United States, an additional course-by-course evaluation from the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy International Evaluation Services (NIES), and
   2. Other information requested by the Board for explanation or clarification of education.

R4-1-344. Denial of Certification, Firm Registration, or Reinstatement
An applicant whose application for certification, firm registration, or reinstatement of a certificate or registration is denied by the Board is entitled to a hearing before the Board or an ALJ.

1. Written application. The applicant shall file a notice of appeal under A.R.S. § 41-1092.03 within 30 days after receipt of the notice of denial.
2. Hearing notice. The Board shall provide the applicant with notice of the hearing in the manner prescribed by A.R.S. § 41-1092.05.
3. Conduct of hearing. The Board or the ALJ shall conduct the hearing in accordance with A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10 and applicable rules governing hearings.
4. Burden of persuasion. At the hearing, the applicant is the moving party and has the burden of persuasion.
5. Matters limited. At the hearing, the Board or ALJ shall limit the issues to those originally presented to the Board.

R4-1-345. Registration; Fees

A. Initial registration: After the Board approves an applicant’s request for certification or firm registration, the registrant shall file a registration in a format prescribed by the Board and pay a registration fee under subsection (C).

B. Renewal registration: A registrant shall file an application for renewal registration in a format prescribed by the Board no later than 5:00 p.m. on the last business day of the month. A renewal registration is deemed filed on the date and time received in the Board office. The Board shall record the date and time either by electronic date stamp in Arizona time or on physical receipt in the board’s office. The Board shall not accept a postmark as evidence of timely filing. It is the sole responsibility of the registrant to complete the renewal registration requirements at the following times:

June 30, 2022  Supp. 22-2  Page 11
1. Individual registrant: An individual registrant shall renew registration at the following times:
   a. A registrant born in an even-numbered year shall renew registration during the month of birth in each even-numbered year.
   b. A registrant born in an odd-numbered year shall renew registration during the month of birth in each odd-numbered year.

2. Firm registrant: A firm shall renew registration at the following times:
   a. A business organization firm that initially registered with the Board in an even-numbered year shall renew registration during the board-approved month of the initial registration in each even-numbered year.
   b. A business organization firm that initially registered with the Board in an odd-numbered year shall renew registration during the board-approved month of the initial registration in each odd-numbered year.
   c. An individual or a sole proprietorship firm shall renew its registration pursuant to subsection (B)(1).

C. Registration fees:
   1. Initial Registration Fee –
      a. Certification – $300 and, if applicable, a late fee of $50.
      b. The registration fee shall be prorated by month for an initial registration period of less than two years.
   2. Biennial Registration Fee –
      a. Certification – $300 and, if applicable, a late fee of $50.
      i. For registrations due during the period from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2024, the biennial registration fee will be reduced temporarily to $275.
      ii. For registrations due beginning July 1, 2024, the biennial registration fee will revert to $300.
      b. Firm Registration – $300 and, if applicable, a late fee of $50. Under A.R.S. § 32-729, the Board shall not charge a fee for the registration of additional offices of the same firm or for the registration of a sole practitioner.

Historical Note
CHAPTER 1. BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY

4 A.A.C. 1

Arizona Administrative Code

Title 4

R4-1-432. Reserved
R4-1-433. Reserved
R4-1-434. Reserved
R4-1-435. Reserved
R4-1-436. Reserved
R4-1-437. Reserved
R4-1-438. Reserved
R4-1-439. Reserved
R4-1-440. Reserved
R4-1-441. Reserved
R4-1-442. Reserved
R4-1-443. Reserved
R4-1-444. Reserved
R4-1-445. Reserved
R4-1-446. Reserved
R4-1-447. Reserved
R4-1-448. Reserved
R4-1-449. Reserved
R4-1-450. Reserved
R4-1-451. Reserved
R4-1-452. Reserved
R4-1-453. Continuing Professional Education

A. Measurement Standards. The Board shall use the following standards to measure the hours of credit given for CPE programs completed by an individual registrant.

1. CPE credit shall be given in one-fifth or one-half increments for periods of not less than one class hour except as noted in subsection (A)(8). The computation of CPE credit shall be measured as follows:
   a. A class hour shall consist of a minimum of 50 continuous minutes of instruction
   b. A half-class hour shall consist of a minimum of 25 continuous minutes of instruction
   c. A one-fifth class hour shall consist of a minimum of 10 continuous minutes of instruction.

2. Courses taken at colleges and universities apply toward the CPE requirement as follows:
   a. Each semester - system credit hour is worth 15 CPE credit hours
   b. Each quarter - system credit hour is worth 10 CPE credit hours
   c. Each noncredit class hour is worth one CPE credit hour.

3. Each correspondence program hour is worth one CPE credit hour.

4. Acting as a lecturer or discussion leader in a CPE program, including college courses, may be counted as CPE credit. The Board shall determine the amount of credit on the basis of actual presentation hours, and shall allow CPE credit for preparation time that is less than or equal to the presentation hours. A registrant may only claim as much preparation time as is actually spent for a presentation. Total credit earned under this subsection for service as a lecturer or discussion leader, including preparation time may not exceed 40 credit hours of the renewal period’s requirement. Credit is limited to only one presentation of any seminar or course with no credit for repeat teaching of that course.

5. The following may be counted for a maximum of 20 hours of CPE credit during each renewal period.
   a. Credit may be earned for writing and publishing articles or books that contribute to the accounting profession and is published by a recognized third-party publisher of accounting material or a sponsor as long as it is not used in conjunction with a seminar. Those articles or books must be at least 3,000 words in length. Multiple authors may share credit for material written or developed into curriculum.
   b. Credit may be earned for the writing or development of online course curriculum for undergraduate, graduate, or doctoral education that contribute to the accounting profession.
   c. Two credit hours will be given for each 3,000 words of original material written or developed into curriculum. Materials must be at least 3,000 words in length. Multiple authors may share credit for material written or developed into curriculum.

6. A registrant may earn a combined maximum of 40 hours of CPE credit under subsections (A)(4) and (5) during each renewal period.

7. A registrant may earn a maximum of 20 hours of CPE during each renewal period by completing introductory computer-related courses. Computer-related courses may qualify as consulting services pursuant to subsection (C).

8. A registrant may earn a maximum of four hours of CPE during each renewal period by completing nano-learning courses. A nano-learning program is a tutorial program designed to permit a participant to learn a given subject in a ten-minute time-frame through the use of electronic media and without interaction with a real time instructor.

9. CPE credit shall be given in one-fifth or one-half hour increments if the CPE is a segment of a continuing series related to a specific subject as long as the segments are connected by an overarching course that is a minimum of one hour and taken within the same CPE reporting period.

10. Credit shall not be allowed for repeat participation in any seminar or course during the registration period.

B. Programs that Qualify. CPE credit may be given for a program that provides a formal course of learning at a professional level and contributes directly to the professional competence of participants.

1. The Board shall accept a CPE course as qualified if it:
   a. Is developed by persons knowledgeable and experienced in the subject matter.
   b. Provides written outlines or full text.
   c. Is administered by an instructor or organization knowledgeable in the program, and
   d. Uses teaching methods consistent with the study program.

2. The Board shall accept a correspondence program which includes online or computer based programs if the sponsors maintain written records of each student’s participation and records of the program outline for three years following the conclusion of the program.

3. An ethics program taught or developed by an employer or co-worker of a registrant does not qualify for the ethics requirements of subsection (C)(4).

C. Hour Requirement. As a prerequisite to registration pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-730(C) or to reactivate from inactive status pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-732(A), a registrant shall complete the
CPE requirements during the two-year period immediately before registration or application respectively as specified under subsections (C)(1) through (5). For registration periods of less than two years CPE may be prorated by quarter, with the exception of ethics.

1. A registrant whose last registration period was for two years shall complete 80 hours of CPE.
2. A registrant shall complete a minimum of 40 hours in the subject areas of accounting, auditing, taxation, business law, or consulting services with a minimum of 16 hours in the subject areas of accounting, auditing, or taxation.
3. A registrant shall complete a minimum of 16 of the required hours:
   a. In a classroom setting,
   b. Through an interactive live webinar, or
   c. By acting as a lecturer or discussion leader in a CPE program, including college courses.
4. A registrant shall complete four hours of CPE in the subject area of ethics. The four hours required by this subsection shall include a minimum of one hour of each of the following subjects:
   a. Ethics related to the practice of accounting including the Code of Professional Conduct of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and
   b. Board statutes and administrative rules.
5. A registrant shall report, at a minimum, the CPE hours completed for a registration period may not be used for a subsequent registration period in any of the following instances:
   a. To vacate a suspension for nonregistration,
   b. To vacate a suspension for noncompliance with CPE requirements, or
   c. To comply with a granted CPE extension.
6. CPE hours completed for a registration period may not be used for a subsequent registration period in any of the following instances:
   a. In a classroom setting,
   b. Through an interactive live webinar, or
   c. By acting as a lecturer or discussion leader in a CPE program, including college courses.
7. As a prerequisite to reactivate from retired status or reinstate before registration or application respectively as specified under subsections (C)(1) through (5). For registration periods of less than two years CPE may be prorated by quarter, with the exception of ethics.
   a. A registrant or an applicant shall complete up to 160 hours of CPE during the four-year period immediately before application to reactivate or reinstate. For periods of less than four years CPE may be prorated by quarter, with the exception of ethics.
   b. A registrant or an applicant shall complete a minimum of 80 hours in the subject areas of accounting, auditing, business law, or consulting services with a minimum of 32 hours in the subject areas of accounting, auditing or taxation.
   c. A registrant or an applicant shall complete a minimum of 32 hours of the required hours:
      i. In a classroom setting,
      ii. Through an interactive live webinar,
      iii. By acting as a lecturer or discussion leader in a CPE program, including college courses.
   d. A registrant or an applicant shall complete CPE in the subject area of ethics. Four hours of ethics CPE shall be required if 1 – 24 months have passed since the last registration due date for which CPE was completed. Eight hours of ethics CPE shall be required if 25 – 48 months have passed since the last registration due date for which CPE was completed. The hours required by this subsection shall include a minimum of one hour of each of the following subjects. The following subjects shall be completed during the two-year period immediately preceding application for reactivation or reinstatement:
      i. Ethics related to the practice of accounting including the Code of Professional Conduct of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and,
      ii. Board statutes and administrative rules.

D. Reporting: A registrant or an applicant for reactivation or reinstatement, a registrant who is subject to an audit, or a registrant completing their registration must report the following details about their completed CPE:
   1. Sponsoring organization,
   2. Number of CPE credit hours,
   3. Title of program or description of content,
   4. Dates attended,
   5. Subject, and

E. In addition to the information required under subsection (D), a registrant or an applicant for reactivation or reinstatement from cancelled, expired, relinquished or revoked status, or a registrant subject to a CPE audit pursuant to subsection (G) shall provide the Board the following CPE records at its request: copies of transcripts, course outlines, and certificates of completion that include registrant’s name, course provider or sponsor, course title, credit hours, and date of completion.

F. CPE Record Retention: A registrant shall maintain CPE records for three years from the date the registration was dated as received by the Board the following documents for all CPE completed for the registration period, even if not reported on the registration: transcripts, course outlines, and certificates of completion that include registrant’s name, course provider or sponsor, course title, credit hours, and date of completion.

G. CPE audits: The Board, at its discretion, may conduct audits of a registrant’s CPE and require that the registrant provide the CPE records that the registrant is required to maintain under subsection (F) to verify compliance with CPE requirements.

H. The Board may grant a full or partial exemption from CPE requirements on demonstration of good cause for a disability for only one registration period.

I. A non-resident registrant seeking renewal of a certificate in this state shall be determined to have met the CPE requirements of this rule by meeting the CPE requirements for renewal of a certificate in the jurisdiction in which the registrant’s principal place of business is located.

1. Non-resident applicants for renewal shall demonstrate compliance with the CPE renewal requirements of the jurisdiction in which the registrant’s principal place of business is located by signing a statement to that effect on the renewal application of this state.
2. If a non-resident registrant’s principal place of business jurisdiction has no CPE requirements for renewal of a certificate or license, the non-resident registrant must comply with all CPE requirements for renewal of a certificate in this state.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 19, 1979 (Supp. 79-6).
CHAPTER 1. BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY

R4-1-454. Peer Review

A. Each firm, review team, and member of a review team shall comply with the Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews, issued April 2019 and published June 1, 2021 in the AICPA Professional Standards by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, 220 Leigh Farm Road, Durham, North Carolina 27707-8110 (www.aicpa.org), which is incorporated by reference. This incorporation by reference does not include any later amendments or editions. The incorporated material is available for inspection and copying at the Board’s office.

B. A firm must allow the sponsoring organization to make the following documents accessible to the Board via the FSBA process:
   1. Peer review report which has been accepted by the sponsoring organization,
   2. Firm’s letter of response accepted by the sponsoring organization, if applicable,
   3. Completion letter from the sponsoring organization,
   4. Letter or letters accepting the documents signed by the firm with the understanding that the firm agrees to take any actions required by the sponsoring organization, if applicable, and
   5. Letter signed by the sponsoring organization notifying the firm that required actions have been appropriately completed, if applicable.

C. Information discovered solely as a result of a peer review is not grounds for suspension or revocation of a certificate.

D. Firms that reorganize a current firm, rename a firm, or create a new firm, within which at least one of the prior CPA owners remains an owner or employee, shall remain subject to the provisions of this Section. If a firm is merged, combined, dissolved, or separated, the sponsoring organization shall determine which resultant firm shall be considered the succeeding firm. The succeeding firm shall retain its peer review status and the review due date.

Historical Note


R4-1-455. Professional Conduct and Standards

A. It is the Board’s policy that the rules governing registrants be consistent with the rules governing the accounting profession generally. Except as otherwise set forth in these regulations, registrants shall conform their conduct to the Code of Professional Conduct, published June 1, 2021 in the AICPA Professional Standards by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, 220 Leigh Farm Road, Durham, North Carolina 27707-8110 (www.aicpa.org), available from the AICPA. The version specified above, including any interpretations and ethical rulings in effect shall apply. Any later amendments, additions, interpretations, or ethical rulings shall not apply.

Historical Note


R4-1-455.01. Professional Conduct: Definitions; Interpretations

Interpretation of definitions: All terms defined in A.R.S. § 32-701 et seq. shall be construed, to the extent possible, to be consistent with corresponding definitions in the professional standards adopted in R4-1-455. The foregoing notwithstanding, for purposes of R4-1-455 and the professional standards adopted therein references to “member” shall be to “registrant” as defined in A.R.S. § 32-701.

Historical Note


R4-1-455.02. Professional Conduct: Competence and Technical Standards

A. In reporting on financial statements for which a registrant has performed attest services (as defined in A.R.S. § 32-701) any of the following will constitute a violation of A.R.S. § 32-741(A)(4):
   1. In an audit engagement, failing to:
      a. Prepare audit documentation that is sufficient to enable an experienced auditor, having no previous connection with the audit, to understand:
B. Advertising practices and solicitation practices: A registrant has violated A.R.S. § 32-741(A)(4) and engaged in dishonest or fraudulent conduct in the practice of public accounting in connection with the communication or advertising or solicitation of accounting services through any media, if the registrant willfully engages in any of the following conduct:
1. Violates A.R.S. § 44-1522 and a court finds the violation willful;
2. Engages in fraudulent or misleading practices in the advertising of accounting services that leads to a conviction pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-1481; or
3. Engages in fraudulent practices in the advertising of accounting services that leads to a conviction for a violation of any other state or federal law.

C. Form of practice and name: A registrant shall not use a professional or firm name or designation that is misleading about the legal form of the firm, or about the persons who are partners, officers, members, managers, or shareholders of the firm, or about any other matter. A firm name or designation shall not include words such as “& Company,” “& Associates,” or “& Consultants” unless the terms refer to additional full-time CPAs that are not otherwise mentioned in the firm name.

D. Communications: When requested, a registrant shall file a written response to a communication from the Board within 30 days of the date of the mailing of such communication by certified mail. A written response is deemed filed on the date and time received in the Board office. The Board shall record the date and time either by electronic date stamp in Arizona time or on physical receipt in the Board’s office. The Board shall not accept a postmark as evidence of timely filing.

E. The provisions of R4-1-455.03(A) through (C) are not intended to be all inclusive or to limit the application of any standards incorporated by R4-1-455.

**Historical Note**


R4-1-455.04. Professional Conduct: Records Disposition

Document retention policies. Except as set forth in A.R.S. § 32-744(D), a registrant may retain and dispose of documents prescribed in A.R.S. § 32-744(C) in compliance with a reasonable document retention policy.

**Historical Note**


R4-1-456. Reporting Practice Suspensions and Violations

A. A registrant shall report to the Board:
1. Any suspension or revocation of the right to practice accounting before the federal Securities and Exchange Commission, the Internal Revenue Service, or any other state or federal agency;
2. Any final judgment in a civil action or administrative proceeding in which the court or public agency makes findings of violations, by the registrant, of any fraud
provisions of the laws of this state or of federal securities
laws;
3. Any final judgment in a civil action in which the court
makes findings of accounting violations, dishonesty,
fraud, misrepresentation, or breach of fiduciary duty by
the registrant;
4. Any final judgment in a civil action involving negligence
in the practice of public accounting by the registrant; and
5. All convictions of the registrant of any felony, or any
crime involving accounting or tax violations, dishonesty,
fraud, misrepresentation, embezzlement, theft, forgery,
perjury, or breach of fiduciary duty.
B. A registrant required to report under subsection (A) shall make
the report in the form of a written letter and ensure that the
report is received by the Board within 30 days after the entry
of any judgment or suspension or revocation of the registrant’s
right to practice before any agency. The registrant shall ensure
that the letter contains the following information:
1. Description of the registrant’s activities that resulted in a
suspension or revocation;
2. Final judgment or conviction;
3. Name of the state or federal agency that restricted the reg-
istrant’s right to practice;
4. Effective date and length of any practice restriction;
5. Case file number of any court action, civil or criminal;
6. Name and location of the court rendering the final judg-
ment or conviction; and
7. Entry date of the final judgment or conviction.

Historical Note
Adopted effective November 5, 1980 (Supp. 80-6). For-
ermer Section R4-1-57 renumbered as Section R4-1-456
without change effective July 1, 1983 (Supp. 83-4).
Amended effective February 23, 1993 (Supp. 93-1).
Amended by final rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 520, effective
February 4, 2014 (Supp. 14-1). Amended by final
rulemaking at 26 A.A.R. 339, effective April 5, 2020
(Supp. 20-1).
Appendix A. Repealed

Historical Note
Adopted effective February 22, 1978 (Supp. 78-1).
Amended effective December 19, 1979 (Supp. 79-6).
Editorial correction, Footnote**, Rules reference cor-
(Supp. 91-2).
Appendix B. Repealed

Historical Note
Adopted effective February 22, 1978 (Supp. 78-1).
Repealed effective April 22, 1992 (Supp. 92-2).