

# Arizona Administrative CODE

12 A.A.C. 4 Supp. 19-3

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This Chapter contains rule Sections that were filed to be codified in the *Arizona Administrative Code* between the dates of July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019

## Title 12



## TITLE 12. NATURAL RESOURCES

### CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

The table of contents on the first page contains quick links to the referenced page numbers in this Chapter. Refer to the notes at the end of a Section to learn about the history of a rule as it was published in the *Arizona Administrative Register*.

Sections, Parts, Exhibits, Tables or Appendices codified in this supplement. The list provided contains quick links to the updated rules.

<a href="#">R12-4-102.</a>	<a href="#">License, Permit, Stamp, and Tag Fees .....</a>	<a href="#">5</a>	<a href="#">R12-4-1002.</a>	<a href="#">Course-approval Procedure .....</a>	<a href="#">142</a>
<a href="#">R12-4-106.</a>	<a href="#">Special Licenses Licensing Time-frames .....</a>	<a href="#">10</a>	<a href="#">R12-4-1003.</a>	<a href="#">Fee for an Approved Course .....</a>	<a href="#">142</a>
<a href="#">R12-4-204.</a>	<a href="#">Taxidermy Registration: Register .....</a>	<a href="#">33</a>	<a href="#">R12-4-1004.</a>	<a href="#">Off-highway Vehicle Sound-level Requirements .....</a>	<a href="#">142</a>
<a href="#">R12-4-303.</a>	<a href="#">Unlawful Devices, Methods, and Ammunition ..</a>	<a href="#">46</a>	<a href="#">R12-4-1005.</a>	<a href="#">Nonresident Off-highway Vehicle User Indicia .....</a>	<a href="#">142</a>
<a href="#">R12-4-1001.</a>	<a href="#">Minimum Standards for an Approved Off-highway Vehicle Educational Course .....</a>	<a href="#">141</a>			

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#### The release of this Chapter in Supp. 19-3 replaces Supp. 19-2, 1-142 pages

Please note that the Chapter you are about to replace may have rules still in effect after the publication date of this supplement. Therefore, all superseded material should be retained in a separate binder and archived for future reference.

## PREFACE

Under Arizona law, the Department of State, Office of the Secretary of State (Office), accepts state agency rule filings and is the publisher of Arizona rules. The Office of the Secretary of State does not interpret or enforce rules in the *Administrative Code*. Questions about rules should be directed to the state agency responsible for the promulgation of the rule.

Scott Cancelosi, Director  
ADMINISTRATIVE RULES DIVISION

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### RULES

The definition for a rule is provided for under A.R.S. § 41-1001. “‘Rule’ means an agency statement of general applicability that implements, interprets, or prescribes law or policy, or describes the procedures or practice requirements of an agency.”

### THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

The *Arizona Administrative Code* is where the official rules of the state of Arizona are published. The *Code* is the official codification of rules that govern state agencies, boards, and commissions.

The *Code* is separated by subject into titles. Titles are divided into chapters. A chapter includes state agency rules. Rules in chapters are divided into Articles, then Sections. The “R” stands for “rule” with a sequential numbering and lettering outline separated into subsections.

Rules are codified quarterly in the *Code*. Supplement release dates are printed on the footers of each chapter.

First Quarter: January 1 - March 31

Second Quarter: April 1 - June 30

Third Quarter: July 1 - September 30

Fourth Quarter: October 1 - December 31

For example, the first supplement for the first quarter of 2019 is cited as Supp. 19-1.

Please note: The Office publishes by chapter, not by individual rule section. Therefore there might be only a few sections codified in each chapter released in a supplement. Historical notes at the end of a section provide an effective date and information when a rule was last updated.

### AUTHENTICATION OF PDF CODE CHAPTERS

The Office began to authenticate chapters of the *Administrative Code* in Supp. 18-1 to comply with A.R.S. § 41-1012(B) and A.R.S. § 5302(1), (2)(d) through (e), and (3)(d) through (e).

A certification verifies the authenticity of each *Code* chapter posted as it is released by the Office of the Secretary of State. The authenticated pdf of the *Code* includes an integrity mark with a certificate ID. Users should check the validity of the signature, especially if the pdf has been downloaded. If the digital signature is invalid it means the document’s content has been compromised.

### HOW TO USE THE CODE

Rules may be in effect before a supplement is released by the Office. Therefore, the user should refer to issues of the *Arizona Administrative Register* for recent updates to rule Sections.

### ARIZONA REVISED STATUTE REFERENCES

The Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) are available online at the Legislature’s website, [www.azleg.gov](http://www.azleg.gov). An agency’s authority

note to make rules is often included at the beginning of a chapter. Other Arizona statutes may be referenced in rule under the A.R.S. acronym.

### SESSION LAW REFERENCES

Arizona Session Law references in a chapter can be found at the Secretary of State’s website, under Services-> Legislative Filings.

### EXEMPTIONS FROM THE APA

It is not uncommon for an agency to be exempt from the steps outlined in the rulemaking process as specified in the Arizona Administrative Procedures Act, also known as the APA (Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 41, Chapter 6, Articles 1 through 10). Other agencies may be given an exemption to certain provisions of the Act.

An agency’s exemption is written in law by the Arizona State Legislature or under a referendum or initiative passed into law by Arizona voters.

When an agency files an exempt rulemaking package with our Office it specifies the law exemption in what is called the preamble of rulemaking. The preamble is published in the *Register* online at [www.azsos.gov/rules](http://www.azsos.gov/rules), click on the *Administrative Register* link.

Editor’s notes at the beginning of a chapter provide information about rulemaking sections made by exempt rulemaking. Exempt rulemaking notes are also included in the historical note at the end of a rulemaking Section.

The Office makes a distinction to certain exemptions because some rules are made without receiving input from stakeholders or the public. Other exemptions may require an agency to propose exempt rules at a public hearing.

### EXEMPTIONS AND PAPER COLOR

At one time the office published exempt rules on either blue or green paper. Blue meant the authority of the exemption was given by the Legislature; green meant the authority was determined by a court order. In 2001 the Office discontinued publishing rules using these paper colors.

### PERSONAL USE/COMMERCIAL USE

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*Rhonda Paschal, managing rules editor, assisted with the editing of this chapter.*



Administrative Rules Division
The Arizona Secretary of State electronically publishes each A.A.C. Chapter with a digital certificate. The certificate-based signature displays the date and time the document was signed and can be validated in Adobe Acrobat Reader.

TITLE 12. NATURAL RESOURCES

CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Authority: A.R.S. § 17-201 et seq.

Editor's Note: The Office of the Secretary of State publishes all Chapters on white paper (Supp. 01-2).

Editor's Note: This Chapter contains rules which were adopted or amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6), pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1005(A)(1). Exemption from A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6 means that the Game and Fish Commission did not submit notice of this rulemaking to the Secretary of State's Office for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register; the Governor's Regulatory Review Council did not review these rules; the Commission was not required to hold public hearings on these rules; and the Attorney General did not certify these rules. Because this Chapter contains rules which are exempt from the regular rulemaking process, the Chapter is printed on blue paper.

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section
R12-4-101. Definitions ..... 4
R12-4-102. License, Permit, Stamp, and Tag Fees ..... 5
R12-4-103. Duplicate Tags and Licenses ..... 6
R12-4-104. Application Procedures for Issuance of Hunt Permit-tags by Computer Draw and Purchase of Bonus Points ..... 7
R12-4-105. License Dealer's License ..... 9
R12-4-106. Special Licenses Licensing Time-frames ..... 10
Table 1. Time-Frames ..... 11
R12-4-107. Bonus Point System ..... 11
R12-4-108. Management Unit Boundaries ..... 13
R12-4-109. Approved Trapping Education Course Fee ..... 20
R12-4-110. Posting and Access to State Land ..... 20
R12-4-111. Identification Number ..... 21
R12-4-112. Diseased, Injured, or Chemically-immobilized Wildlife ..... 21
R12-4-113. Small Game Depredation Permit ..... 21
R12-4-114. Issuance of Nonpermit-tags and Hunt Permit-tags ..... 22
R12-4-115. Restricted Nonpermit-Tags; Supplemental Hunts and Hunter Pool ..... 23
R12-4-116. Reward Payments ..... 24
R12-4-117. Indian Reservations ..... 25
R12-4-118. Hunt Permit-tag Surrender ..... 25
R12-4-119. Arizona Game and Fish Department Reserve ... 26
R12-4-120. Issuance, Sale, and Transfer of Special Big Game License-tags ..... 26
R12-4-121. Big Game Tag Transfer ..... 27
R12-4-122. Handling, Transporting, Processing, and Storing of Game Meat Given to Public Institutions and Charitable Organizations ..... 28
R12-4-123. Expenditure of Funds ..... 29
R12-4-124. Proof of Domicile ..... 29
R12-4-125. Public Solicitation or Event on Department Property ..... 29

R12-4-208. Guide License .....35
R12-4-209. Community Fishing License; Exemption .....38
R12-4-210. Combination Hunting and Fishing License; Exemption .....38
R12-4-211. Lifetime License .....39
R12-4-212. Benefactor License .....40
R12-4-213. Hunt Permit-tags and Nonpermit-tags .....40
R12-4-214. Apprentice License .....40
R12-4-215. Youth Group Two-day Fishing License .....41
R12-4-216. Crossbow Permit .....41
R12-4-217. Challenged Hunter Access/Mobility Permit (CHAMP) .....42
R12-4-218. Repealed .....44
R12-4-219. Renumbered .....44
R12-4-220. Repealed .....44

ARTICLE 3. TAKING AND HANDLING OF WILDLIFE

Section
R12-4-301. Definitions .....44
R12-4-302. Use of Tags .....45
R12-4-303. Unlawful Devices, Methods, and Ammunition ..46
R12-4-304. Lawful Methods for Taking Wild Mammals, Birds, and Reptiles .....47
R12-4-305. Possessing, Transporting, Importing, Exporting, and Selling Carcasses or Parts of Wildlife .....50
R12-4-306. Bison Hunt Requirements .....51
R12-4-307. Trapping Regulations, Licensing; Methods; Tagging of Bobcat Pelts .....51
R12-4-308. Wildlife Inspections, Check Stations, and Roadblocks .....53
R12-4-309. Authorization for Use of Drugs on Wildlife .....54
R12-4-310. Fishing Permits .....55
R12-4-311. Exemptions from Requirement to Possess an Arizona Fishing License or Hunting License While Taking Wildlife .....56
R12-4-312. Repealed .....56
R12-4-313. Lawful Methods of Take and Season for Aquatic Wildlife .....56
R12-4-314. Possession, Transportation, or Importation of Aquatic Wildlife .....57
R12-4-315. Repealed .....58
R12-4-316. Repealed .....58
R12-4-317. Repealed .....58
R12-4-318. Seasons for Lawfully Taking Wild Mammals, Birds, and Reptiles .....58
R12-4-319. Use of Aircraft to Take Wildlife .....60
R12-4-320. Harassment of Wildlife .....60

ARTICLE 2. LICENSES; PERMITS; STAMPS; TAGS

Section
R12-4-201. Pioneer License ..... 31
R12-4-202. Disabled Veteran's License ..... 31
R12-4-203. National Harvest Information Program (HIP); State Waterfowl and Migratory Bird Stamp ..... 32
R12-4-204. Taxidermy Registration; Register ..... 33
R12-4-205. High Achievement Scout License ..... 33
R12-4-206. General Hunting License; Exemption ..... 34
R12-4-207. General Fishing License; Exemption ..... 35

CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

R12-4-321. Restrictions for Taking Wildlife in City, County, or Town Parks and Preserves ..... 60

R12-4-322. Pickup and Possession of Wildlife Carcasses or Parts ..... 61

ARTICLE 4. LIVE WILDLIFE

New Article 4, consisting of Sections R12-4-401 through R12-4-420, R12-4-422, and R12-4-424 through R12-4-428 adopted effective April 28, 1989.

Former Article 4, Commission Orders, consisting of Sections R12-4-401 through R12-4-424, R12-4-429 through R12-4-431, R12-4-440 through R12-4-443 expired. See R12-4-118.

Section

R12-4-401. Live Wildlife Definitions ..... 61

R12-4-402. Live Wildlife: Unlawful Acts ..... 62

R12-4-403. Escaped or Released Live Wildlife ..... 63

R12-4-404. Possession of Live Wildlife Taken Under an Arizona Hunting or Fishing License ..... 63

R12-4-405. Importing, Purchasing, and Transporting Live Wildlife Without an Arizona License or Permit. 63

R12-4-406. Restricted Live Wildlife ..... 64

R12-4-407. Exemptions from Special License Requirements for Restricted Live Wildlife ..... 66

R12-4-408. Holding Wildlife for the Department ..... 67

R12-4-409. General Provisions and Penalties for Special Licenses ..... 67

R12-4-410. Aquatic Wildlife Stocking License ..... 69

R12-4-411. Live Bait Dealer’s License ..... 70

R12-4-412. Special License Fees ..... 71

R12-4-413. Private Game Farm License ..... 72

R12-4-414. Game Bird License ..... 73

R12-4-415. Repealed ..... 76

R12-4-416. Repealed ..... 76

R12-4-417. Wildlife Holding License ..... 76

R12-4-418. Scientific Collecting License ..... 78

R12-4-419. Repealed ..... 80

R12-4-420. Zoo License ..... 80

R12-4-421. Wildlife Service License ..... 82

R12-4-422. Sport Falconry License ..... 83

R12-4-423. Wildlife Rehabilitation License ..... 90

R12-4-424. White Amur Stocking and Holding License ..... 93

R12-4-425. Restricted Live Wildlife Lawfully Possessed without License or Permit Before the Effective Date of Article 4 or Any Subsequent Amendments ..... 94

R12-4-426. Possession of Nonhuman Primates ..... 95

R12-4-427. Exemptions from Requirements to Possess a Wildlife Rehabilitation License ..... 96

R12-4-428. Captivity Standards ..... 96

R12-4-429. Expired ..... 98

R12-4-430. Importation, Handling, and Possession of Cervids ..... 98

ARTICLE 5. BOATING AND WATER SPORTS

Article 5 Article heading amended effective November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4).

Section

R12-4-501. Boating and Water Sports Definitions ..... 99

R12-4-502. Application for Watercraft Registration ..... 101

R12-4-503. Renewal of Watercraft Registration; Duplicate Watercraft Registration or Decal ..... 103

R12-4-504. Watercraft Fees; Penalty for Late Registration; Staggered Registration Schedule ..... 103

R12-4-505. Hull Identification Numbers ..... 104

R12-4-506. Invalidation of Watercraft Registration and Decals ..... 105

R12-4-507. Transfer of Ownership of an Abandoned or Unreleased Watercraft ..... 105

R12-4-508. New Watercraft Exchanges ..... 106

R12-4-509. Watercraft Dealers; Agents ..... 106

R12-4-510. Refund of Fees Paid in Error ..... 107

R12-4-511. Personal Flotation Devices ..... 107

R12-4-512. Fire Extinguishers Required for Watercraft ..... 108

R12-4-513. Watercraft Incident and Casualty Reports ..... 108

R12-4-514. Liveries ..... 108

R12-4-515. Display of AZ Numbers and Registration Decals ..... 109

R12-4-516. Watercraft Sound Level Restriction ..... 109

R12-4-517. Watercraft Motor and Engine Restrictions ..... 110

R12-4-518. Regattas ..... 110

R12-4-519. Reciprocity ..... 111

R12-4-520. Arizona Aids to Navigation System ..... 111

R12-4-521. Repealed ..... 111

R12-4-522. Repealed ..... 111

R12-4-523. Controlled Operation of Watercraft ..... 111

R12-4-524. Towed Water Sports ..... 112

R12-4-525. Revocation of Watercraft Certificate of Number, AZ Numbers, and Decals ..... 112

R12-4-526. Unlawful Mooring ..... 112

R12-4-527. Transfer of Ownership of a Towed Watercraft ..... 112

R12-4-528. Watercraft Checkpoints ..... 113

R12-4-529. Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure Fees; Proof of Payment ..... 113

R12-4-530. Authorized Third-party Providers; Agents ..... 114

R12-4-531. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-532. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-533. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-534. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-535. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-536. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-537. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-538. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-539. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-540. Reserved ..... 114

R12-4-541. Repealed ..... 114

R12-4-542. Repealed ..... 114

R12-4-543. Repealed ..... 115

R12-4-544. Repealed ..... 115

R12-4-545. Repealed ..... 115

ARTICLE 6. RULES OF PRACTICE BEFORE THE COMMISSION

Article 6, consisting of Sections R12-4-601 through R12-4-606, adopted and Section R12-4-115 renumbered as Section R12-4-607, effective December 22, 1987.

Section

R12-4-601. Definitions ..... 115

R12-4-602. Petition for Rule or Review of Practice or Policy ..... 115

R12-4-603. Written Comments on Proposed Rules ..... 116

R12-4-604. Oral Proceedings Before the Commission ..... 116

R12-4-605. Ex Parte Communication ..... 116

R12-4-606. Standards for Revocation, Suspension, or Denial of a License ..... 117

R12-4-607. Proceedings for License Revocation, Suspension, or Denial of Right to Obtain a License, and Civil Damages ..... 117

R12-4-608. Rehearing or Review of Commission Decisions ..... 118

R12-4-609. Commission Orders ..... 118

CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

R12-4-610. Petitions for the Closure of State or Federal Lands to Hunting, Fishing, Trapping, or Operation of Motor Vehicles ..... 119

R12-4-611. Petition for a Hearing Before the Commission When No Remedy is Provided in Statute, Rule, or Policy ..... 120

**ARTICLE 7. HERITAGE GRANTS**

*Article 7, consisting of Sections R12-4-701 through R12-4-712, adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3).*

Section

R12-4-701. Heritage Grant Definitions ..... 120

R12-4-702. General Provisions; Heritage Grant Fund Requirements ..... 121

R12-4-703. Repealed ..... 122

R12-4-704. Repealed ..... 122

R12-4-705. Repealed ..... 123

R12-4-706. Repealed ..... 123

R12-4-707. Repealed ..... 123

R12-4-708. Repealed ..... 123

R12-4-709. Renumbered ..... 123

R12-4-710. Renumbered ..... 123

R12-4-711. Renumbered ..... 123

R12-4-712. Renumbered ..... 123

**ARTICLE 8. WILDLIFE AREAS AND DEPARTMENT PROPERTY**

*Article 8, consisting of Sections R12-4-801 through R12-4-803, adopted by exempt rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 1731, effective May 1, 2000 (Supp. 00-2).*

Section

R12-4-801. General Provisions ..... 123

R12-4-802. Wildlife Area and Other Department Managed Property Restrictions ..... 124

R12-4-803. Wildlife Area and Other Department Managed Property Boundary Descriptions ..... 128

R12-4-804. Renumbered ..... 140

**ARTICLE 9. AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES**

*New Article 11, consisting of Sections R12-4-1101 and R12-4-1102, renumbered from Article 9 by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 407, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).*

*Article 9, consisting of Sections R12-4-901 through R12-4-906, expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(J) at 21 A.A.R. 757, effective March 31, 2015 (Supp. 15-2).*

*Article 9, consisting of Sections R12-4-901 through R12-4-906, made by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1109, effective April 30, 2005 (Supp. 05-1).*

Section

R12-4-901. Definitions ..... 140

R12-4-902. Aquatic Invasive Species; Prohibitions; Inspection, Decontamination Protocols ..... 141

R12-4-903. Expired ..... 141

R12-4-904. Expired ..... 141

R12-4-905. Expired ..... 141

R12-4-906. Expired ..... 141

**ARTICLE 10. OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES**

*New Article 10, consisting of Sections R12-4-1001 through R12-4-1005, made by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1860, effective August 31, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).*

Section

R12-4-1001. Minimum Standards for an Approved Off-highway Vehicle Educational Course ..... 141

R12-4-1002. Course-approval Procedure ..... 142

R12-4-1003. Fee for an Approved Course ..... 142

R12-4-1004. Off-highway Vehicle Sound-level Requirements ..... 142

R12-4-1005. Nonresident Off-highway Vehicle User Indicia ..... 142

**ARTICLE 11. RENUMBERED**

*Article 11, consisting of Sections R12-4-1101 and R12-4-1102, renumbered to Article 9 by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 407, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).*

*Article 11, consisting of Sections R12-4-1101 and R12-4-1102, made by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 196, effective January 10, 2012 (Supp. 12-1).*

*Article 11, consisting of Sections R12-4-1103 and R12-4-1104, made by emergency rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 1218, effective June 2, 2011 for 180 days (Supp. 11-2). Article 11 renewed by emergency rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 2376 for 180 days, effective November 3, 2012 (Supp. 11-4).*

Section

R12-4-1101. Renumbered ..... 143

R12-4-1102. Renumbered ..... 143

R12-4-1103. Emergency Expired ..... 143

R12-4-1104. Emergency Expired ..... 143

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

**ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS****R12-4-101. Definitions**

A. In addition to the definitions provided under A.R.S. § 17-101, R12-4-301, R12-4-401, and R12-4-501, the following definitions apply to this Chapter, unless otherwise specified:

“Bobcat seal” means the tag a person is required to attach to the raw pelt or unskinned carcass of any bobcat taken by trapping in Arizona or exported out of Arizona regardless of the method of take.

“Bonus point” means a credit that authorizes the Department to issue an applicant an additional computer-generated random number.

“Bow” means a long bow, flat bow, recurve bow, or compound bow of which the bowstring is drawn and held under tension entirely by the physical power of the shooter through all points of the draw cycle until the shooter purposely acts to release the bowstring either by relaxing the tension of the toes, fingers, or mouth or by triggering the release of a hand-held release aid.

“Certificate of insurance” means an official document, issued by the sponsor’s and sponsor’s vendors, or subcontractors insurance carrier, providing insurance against claims for injury to persons or damage to property which may arise from, or in connection with, the solicitation or event as determined by the Department.

“Cervid” means a mammal classified as a Cervidae, which includes but is not limited to caribou, elk, moose, mule deer, reindeer, wapiti, and whitetail deer; as defined in the taxonomic classification from the Integrated Taxonomic Information System, available online at [www.itis.gov](http://www.itis.gov).

“Commission Order” means a document adopted by the Commission that does one or more of the following:

- Open, close, or alter seasons,
- Open areas for taking wildlife,
- Set bag or possession limits for wildlife,
- Set the number of permits available for limited hunts, or
- Specify wildlife that may or may not be taken.

“Crossbow” means a device consisting of a bow affixed on a stock having a trigger mechanism to release the bowstring.

“Day-long” means the 24-hour period from one midnight to the following midnight.

“Department property” means those buildings or real property and wildlife areas under the jurisdiction of the Arizona Game and Fish Commission.

“Export” means to carry, send, or transport wildlife or wildlife parts out of Arizona to another state or country.

“Firearm” means any loaded or unloaded handgun, pistol, revolver, rifle, shotgun, or other weapon that will discharge, is designed to discharge, or may readily be converted to discharge a projectile by the action of an explosion caused by the burning of smokeless powder, black powder, or black powder substitute.

“Handgun” means a firearm designed and intended to be held, gripped, and fired by one or more hands, not intended to be fired from the shoulder, and that uses the energy from an explosive in a fixed cartridge to fire a single projectile through a barrel for each single pull of the trigger.

“Hunt area” means a management unit, portion of a management unit, or group of management units, or any portion of

Arizona described in a Commission Order and not included in a management unit, opened to hunting.

“Hunt number” means the number assigned by Commission Order to any hunt area where a limited number of hunt permits are available.

“Hunt permits” means the number of hunt permit-tags made available to the public as a result of a Commission Order.

“Hunt permit-tag” means a tag for a hunt for which a Commission Order has assigned a hunt number.

“Identification number” means the number assigned to each applicant or license holder by the Department as established under R12-4-111.

“Import” means to bring, send, receive, or transport wildlife or wildlife parts into Arizona from another state or country.

“License dealer” means a business authorized to sell hunting, fishing, and other licenses as established under R12-4-105.

“Live baitfish” means any species of live freshwater fish designated by Commission Order as lawful for use in taking aquatic wildlife under R12-4-317.

“Management unit” means an area established by the Commission for management purposes.

“Nonpermit-tag” means a tag for a hunt for which a Commission Order does not assign a hunt number and the number of tags is not limited.

“Nonprofit organization” means an organization that is recognized under Section 501(c) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code.

“Person” has the meaning as provided under A.R.S. § 1-215.

“Proof of purchase,” for the purposes of A.R.S. § 17-331, means an original, or any authentic and verifiable form of the original, of any Department-issued license, permit, or stamp that establishes proof of actual purchase.

“Restricted nonpermit-tag” means a tag issued for a supplemental hunt as established under R12-4-115.

“Solicitation” means any activity that may be considered or interpreted as promoting, selling, or transferring products, services, memberships, or causes, or participation in an event or activity of any kind, including organizational, educational, public affairs, or protest activities, including the distribution or posting of advertising, handbills, leaflets, circulars, posters, or other printed materials for these purposes.

“Solicitation material” means advertising, circulars, flyers, handbills, leaflets, posters, or other printed information.

“Sponsor” means the person or persons conducting a solicitation or event.

“Stamp” means a form of authorization in addition to a license that authorizes the license holder to take wildlife specified by the stamp.

“Tag” means the Department authorization a person is required to obtain before taking certain wildlife as established under A.R.S. Title 17 and 12 A.A.C. 4.

“Waterdog” means the larval or metamorphosing stage of a salamander.

“Wildlife area” means an area established under 12 A.A.C. 4, Article 8.

B. If the following terms are used in a Commission Order, the following definitions apply:

CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

“Antlered” means having an antler fully erupted through the skin and capable of being shed.

“Antlerless” means not having an antler, antlers, or any part of an antler erupted through the skin.

“Bearded turkey” means a turkey with a beard that extends beyond the contour feathers of the breast.

“Buck antelope” means a male pronghorn antelope.

“Adult bull bison” means a male bison of any age or any bison designated by a Department employee during an adult bull bison hunt.

“Adult cow bison” means a female bison of any age or any bison designated by a Department employee during an adult cow bison hunt.

“Bull elk” means an antlered elk.

“Designated” means the gender, age, or species of wild-life or the specifically identified wildlife the Department authorizes to be taken and possessed with a valid tag.

“Ram” means any male bighorn sheep.

“Rooster” means a male pheasant.

“Yearling bison” means any bison less than three years of age or any bison designated by a Department employee during a yearling bison hunt.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective October 22, 1976 (Supp. 76-5). Amended effective June 29, 1978 (Supp. 78-3). Amended effective April 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-2). Former Section R12-4-01 renumbered as Section R12-4-101 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective April 22, 1982 (Supp. 82-2). Amended subsection (A), paragraph (10) effective April 7, 1983 (Supp. 83-2). Amended effective June 4, 1987 (Supp. 87-2). Amended subsection (A) effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read “Amended subsection (A) effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988” (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective January 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 610, effective April 6, 2003 (Supp. 03-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 845, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 991, effective April 2, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-102. License, Permit, Stamp, and Tag Fees**

A. A person who purchases a license, tag, stamp, or permit listed in this Section shall pay at the time of purchase all applicable fees prescribed under this Section or the fees the Director authorizes under R12-4-115.

- B. A person who applies to purchase a hunt permit-tag shall submit with the application all applicable fees using acceptable forms of payment as required under R12-4-104(F) and (G).
- C. As authorized under A.R.S. § 17-345, the license fees in this section include a \$3 surcharge, except Youth and High Achievement Scout licenses.

Hunting and Fishing License Fees	Resident	Nonresident
General Fishing License	\$37	\$55
Community Fishing License	\$24	\$24
General Hunting License	\$37	Not available
Combination Hunting and Fishing License	\$57	\$160
Youth Combination Hunting and Fishing License, fee applies until the applicant's 18th birthday.	\$5	\$5
High Achievement Scout License, as authorized under A.R.S. § 17-336(B). Fee applies until the applicant's 21st birthday.	\$5	Not available
Short-term Combination Hunting and Fishing License	\$15	\$20
Youth Group Two-day Fishing License	\$25	Not available

Hunt Permit-tag Fees	Resident	Nonresident
Antelope	\$90	\$550
Bear	\$25	\$150
Bighorn Sheep	\$300	\$1,800
Buffalo		
Adult Bulls or Any Buffalo	\$1,100	\$5,400
Adult Cows	\$650	\$3,250
Yearling	\$350	\$1,750
Cow or Yearling	\$650	\$3,250
Deer and Archery Deer	\$45	\$300
Youth	\$25	\$25
Elk	\$135	\$650
Youth	\$50	\$50
Javelina	\$25	\$100
Youth	\$15	\$15
Pheasant non-archery, non-falconry	Application fee only	Application fee only
Turkey and Archery Turkey	\$25	\$90
Youth	\$10	\$10
Sandhill Crane	\$10	\$10

Nonpermit-tag and Restricted Non-permit-tag Fees	Resident	Nonresident
Antelope	\$90	\$550
Bear	\$25	\$150
Buffalo		
Adult Bulls or Any Buffalo	\$1,100	\$5,400
Adult Cows	\$650	\$3,250
Yearling	\$350	\$1,750
Cow or Yearling	\$650	\$3,250
Deer	\$45	\$300

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Youth	\$25	\$25
Elk	\$135	\$650
Youth	\$50	\$50
Javelina	\$25	\$100
Youth	\$15	\$15
Mountain Lion	\$15	\$75
Turkey	\$25	\$90
Youth	\$10	\$10
Sandhill Crane	\$10	\$10

Stamps and Special Use Fees	Resident	Nonresident
Arizona Colorado River Special Use Permit Stamp. For use by California and Nevada licensees	Not available	\$3
Bobcat Seal	\$3	\$3
State Migratory Bird Stamp	\$5	\$5

Other License Fees	Resident	Nonresident
Fur Dealer's License	\$115	\$115
Guide License	\$300	\$300
License Dealer's License	\$100	\$100
License Dealer's Outlet License	\$25	\$25
Taxidermist Registration	\$100	\$100
Trapping License	\$30	\$275
Youth	\$10	\$10

Administrative Fees	Resident	Nonresident
Duplicate License Fee	\$4	\$4
Application Fee	\$13	\$15

- D. A person desiring a replacement of a Migratory Bird or Arizona Colorado River Special Use Permit Stamp shall repurchase the stamp.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective March 31, 1977 (Supp. 77-2). Amended effective June 28, 1977 (Supp. 77-3). Amended effective October 20, 1977 (Supp. 77-5). Amended effective January 1, 1979 (Supp. 78-6). Amended effective June 4, 1979 (Supp. 79-3). Amended effective January 1, 1980 (Supp. 79-6). Amended paragraphs (1), (7) through (11), (13), (15), (29), (30), and (32) effective January 1, 1981 (Supp. 80-5). Former Section R12-4-30 renumbered as Section R12-4-102 without change effective August 13, 1981. Amended effective August 31, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective September 15, 1982 unless otherwise noted in subsection (D) (Supp. 82-5). Amended effective January 1, 1984 (Supp. 83-4). Amended subsections (A) and (C) effective January 1, 1985 (Supp. 84-5). Amended effective January 1, 1986 (Supp. 85-5). Amended subsection (A), paragraphs (1), (2), (8) and (9) effective January 1, 1987; Amended by adding a new subsection (A), paragraph (31) and renumbering accordingly effective July 1, 1987. Both amendments filed November 5, 1986 (Supp. 86-6). Amended subsections (A) and (C) effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Amended subsections (A) and (C) filed December 30, 1988, effective January 1, 1989"; Amended subsection (C) effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Section R12-4-102 repealed, new Section R12-4-102 filed as adopted November 26, 1990, effective January 1, 1991 (Supp. 90-4). Amended effective September 1, 1992; filed August 7, 1992 (Supp. 92-3). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1993 (Supp. 92-4). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended effective December 16, 1995 (Supp. 94-4). Amended effective January 1, 1997; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State November 14, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended subsection (D), paragraph (4), and subsection (E), paragraph (10), effective October 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended subsection (B), paragraph (6) and subsection (E) paragraph (4), effective January 1, 1997; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective January 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 1146, effective July 1, 2000 or January 1, 2001, as designated within the text of the Section (Supp. 00-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 610, effective April 6, 2003 (Supp. 03-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 1157, effective May 1, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2823, effective August 13, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 1391, effective June 4, 2006 (Supp. 06-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 462, effective February 6, 2007 (Supp. 07-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 1472, effective July 12, 2011 (Supp. 11-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1854, effective July 2, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).

ary 1, 1991 (Supp. 90-4). Amended effective September 1, 1992; filed August 7, 1992 (Supp. 92-3). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1993 (Supp. 92-4). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended effective December 16, 1995 (Supp. 94-4). Amended effective January 1, 1997; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State November 14, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended subsection (D), paragraph (4), and subsection (E), paragraph (10), effective October 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended subsection (B), paragraph (6) and subsection (E) paragraph (4), effective January 1, 1997; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective January 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 1146, effective July 1, 2000 or January 1, 2001, as designated within the text of the Section (Supp. 00-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 610, effective April 6, 2003 (Supp. 03-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 1157, effective May 1, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2823, effective August 13, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 1391, effective June 4, 2006 (Supp. 06-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 462, effective February 6, 2007 (Supp. 07-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 1472, effective July 12, 2011 (Supp. 11-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1854, effective July 2, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).

**R12-4-103. Duplicate Tags and Licenses**

- A. Under A.R.S. § 17-332(C), the Department and its license dealers may issue a duplicate license or tag to an applicant who:
1. Pays the applicable fee prescribed under R12-4-102, and
  2. Signs an affidavit. The affidavit is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office or license dealer.
- B. The applicant shall provide the following information on the affidavit:
1. The applicant's personal information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - c. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
  2. The original license or tag information:
    - a. Type of license or tag;
    - b. Place of purchase;
    - c. Purchase date, when available; and
  3. Disposition of the original tag for which a duplicate is being purchased:
    - a. The tag was not used and is lost, destroyed, mutilated, or otherwise unusable; or
    - b. The tag was placed on a harvested animal that was subsequently condemned and the carcass and all parts of the animal were surrendered to a Department employee as required under R12-4-112(B) and (C). An applicant applying for a duplicate tag under this subsection shall also submit the condemned meat duplicate tag authorization form issued by the Department.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- C. In the event the Department is unable to verify the expiration date of the original license, the duplicate license shall expire on December 31 of the current year.
- Historical Note**
- Amended effective June 7, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective October 20, 1977 (Supp. 77-5). Former Section R12-4-07 renumbered as Section R12-4-103 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-104. Application Procedures for Issuance of Hunt Permit-tags by Computer Draw and Purchase of Bonus Points**
- A. For the purposes of this Section, "group" means all applicants who placed their names on a single application as part of the same application.
- B. A person is eligible to apply:
1. For a hunt permit-tag if the person:
    - a. Is at least 10 years of age at the start of the hunt for which the person is applying;
    - b. Has successfully completed a Department-sanctioned hunter education course by the start date of the hunt for which the person is applying, when the person is under the age of 14;
    - c. Has not reached the bag limit established under subsection (J) for that genus; and
    - d. Is not suspended or revoked in this state as a result of an action under A.R.S. §§ 17-340 or 17-502 at the time the person submits an application.
  2. For a bonus point if the person:
    - a. Is at least 10 years of age by the application deadline; and
    - b. Is not suspended or revoked in this state as a result of an action under A.R.S. §§ 17-340 or 17-502 at the time the person submits an application.
- C. An applicant shall apply at the times, locations, and in the manner and method established by the hunt permit-tag application schedule published by the Department and available at any Department office, online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov), or a license dealer.
1. The Commission shall set application deadline dates for hunt permit-tag computer draw applications through the hunt permit-tag application schedule.
  2. The Director has the authority to extend any application deadline date if a problem occurs that prevents the public from submitting a hunt permit-tag application within the deadlines set by the Commission.
  3. The Commission, through the hunt permit-tag application schedule, shall designate the manner and method of submitting an application, which may require an applicant to apply online only. If the Commission requires applicant's to use the online method, the Department shall accept paper applications only in the event of a Department systems failure.
- D. An applicant for a hunt permit-tag or a bonus point shall complete and submit a Hunt Permit-tag Application. The application form is available from any Department office, a license dealer, or online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).
- E. An applicant shall provide the following information on the Hunt Permit-tag Application:
1. The applicant's personal information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth;
    - c. Social security number, as required under A.R.S. §§ 25-320(P) and 25-502(K);
    - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - e. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available; and
    - i. E-mail address, when available;
  2. If the applicant possesses a valid license authorizing the take of wildlife in this state, the number of the applicant's license;
  3. If the applicant does not possess a valid license at the time of the application, the applicant shall purchase a license as established under subsection (L). The applicant shall provide all of the following information on the license application portion of the Hunt Permit-tag Application:
    - a. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - b. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - c. Type of license for which the person is applying; and
  4. Certify the information provided on the application is true and accurate;
  5. An applicant who is:
    - a. Under the age of 10 and is submitting an application for a hunt other than big game is not required to have a license under this Chapter. The applicant shall indicate "youth" in the space provided for the license number on the Hunt Permit-tag Application.
    - b. Age nine or older and is submitting an application for a big game hunt is required to purchase an appropriate license as required under this Section. The applicant shall either enter the appropriate license number in the space provided for the license number on the Hunt Permit-tag Application or purchase a license at the time of application, as applicable.
- F. In addition to the information required under subsection (E), an applicant shall also submit all applicable fees established under R12-4-102, as follows:
1. When applying electronically:
    - a. The permit application fee; and
    - b. The license fee, when the applicant does not possess a valid license at the time of application. The applicant shall submit payment in U.S. currency using valid credit or debit card.
    - c. If an applicant is successful in the computer draw, the Department shall charge the hunt permit-tag fee using the credit or debit card furnished by the applicant.
  2. When applying manually:
    - a. The fee for the applicable hunt permit-tag;
    - b. The permit application fee; and
    - c. The license fee if the applicant does not possess a valid license at the time of application. The applicant shall submit payment by certified check, cashier's check, or money order made payable in U.S. currency to the Arizona Game and Fish Department.
- G. An applicant shall apply for a specific hunt or a bonus point by the current hunt number. If all hunts selected by the applicant are filled at the time the application is processed in the com-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- puter draw, the Department shall deem the application unsuccessful, unless the application is for a bonus point.
1. An applicant shall make all hunt choices for the same genus within one application.
  2. An applicant shall not include applications for different genera of wildlife in the same envelope.
- H.** An applicant shall submit only one valid application per genus of wildlife for any calendar year, except:
1. If the bag limit is one per calendar year, an unsuccessful applicant may re-apply for remaining hunt permit-tags in unfilled hunt areas, as specified in the hunt permit-tag application schedule.
  2. For genera that have multiple draws within a single calendar year, a person who successfully draws a hunt permit-tag during an earlier season may apply for a later season for the same genus if the person has not taken the bag limit for that genus during a preceding hunt in the same calendar year.
  3. If the bag limit is more than one per calendar year, a person may apply for remaining hunt permit-tags in unfilled hunt areas as specified in the hunt permit-tag application schedule.
- I.** All members of a group shall apply for the same hunt numbers and in the same order of preference.
1. No more than four persons may apply as a group.
  2. The Department shall not issue a hunt permit-tag to any group member unless sufficient hunt permit-tags are available for all group members.
- J.** A person shall not apply for a hunt permit-tag for:
1. Rocky Mountain or desert bighorn sheep if the person has met the lifetime bag limit for that sub-species.
  2. Buffalo if the person has met the lifetime bag limit for that species.
  3. Any species when the person has reached the bag limit for that species during the same calendar year for which the hunt permit-tag applies.
- K.** To participate in:
1. The computer draw system, an applicant shall possess an appropriate hunting license that shall be valid, either:
    - i. On the last day of the application deadline for that computer draw, as established by the hunt permit-tag application schedule published by the Department, or
    - ii. On the last day of an extended deadline date, as authorized under subsection (C)(2).
    - iii. If an applicant does not possess an appropriate hunting license that meets the requirements of this subsection, the applicant shall purchase the license at the time of application.
  2. The bonus point system, an applicant shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-107.
- L.** The Department shall reject as invalid a Hunt Permit-Tag Application not prepared or submitted in accordance with this Section or not prepared in a legible manner.
- M.** Any hunt permit-tag issued for an application that is subsequently found not to be in accordance with this Section is invalid.
- N.** The Department or its authorized agent shall mail hunt permit-tags to successful applicants. The Department shall return application overpayments to the applicant designated "A" on the Hunt Permit-tag Application. The Department shall not refund:
1. A permit application fee.
  2. A license fee submitted with a valid application for a hunt permit-tag or bonus point.
  3. An overpayment of five dollars or less. The Department shall consider the overpayment to be a donation to the Arizona Game and Fish Fund.
- O.** The Department shall award a bonus point for the appropriate species to an applicant when the payment submitted is less than the required fees, but is sufficient to cover the application fee and, when applicable, license fee.
- P.** When the Department determines a Department error, as defined under subsection (3), caused the rejection or denial of a valid application:
1. The Director may authorize either:
    - a. The issuance of an additional hunt permit-tag, provided the issuance of an additional hunt permit-tag will have no significant impact on the wildlife population to be hunted and the application for the hunt permit-tag would have otherwise been successful based on its random number, or
    - b. The awarding of a bonus point when a hunt permit-tag is not issued.
  2. A person who is denied a hunt permit-tag or a bonus point under this subsection may appeal to the Commission as provided under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
  3. For the purposes of this subsection, "Department error" means an internal processing error that:
    - a. Prevented a person from lawfully submitting an application for a hunt permit-tag,
    - b. Caused a person to submit an invalid application for a hunt permit-tag,
    - c. Caused the rejection of an application for a hunt permit-tag,
    - d. Failed to apply an applicant's bonus points to a valid application for a hunt permit-tag, or
    - e. Caused the denial of a hunt permit-tag.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective June 28, 1977 (Supp. 77-3). Amended effective July 24, 1978 (Supp. 78-4). Former Section R12-4-06 renumbered as Section R12-4-104 without change effective August 13, 1981. Amended subsections (N), (O), and (P) effective August 31, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-104 repealed, new Section R12-4-104 adopted effective May 12, 1982 (Supp. 82-3). Amended subsection (D) as an emergency effective December 27, 1982, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1003, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 82-6). Emergency expired. Amended effective June 20, 1983 (Supp. 83-3). Amended subsection (F)(3) effective September 12, 1984. Amended subsection (F)(9) and added subsections (F)(10) and (G)(3) effective October 31, 1984 (Supp. 84-5). Amended effective May 5, 1986 (Supp. 86-3). Amended effective June 4, 1987 (Supp. 87-2). Section R12-4-104 repealed, new Section R12-4-104 adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective January 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 610, effective April 6, 2003 (Supp. 03-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 845, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 991, effective April 2, 2005; amended by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1177, effective May 2, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1,

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-105. License Dealer's License**

A. For the purposes of this Section, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Dealer number" means the unique number assigned by the Department to a dealer outlet.

"Dealer outlet" means a specified location authorized to sell licenses under a license dealer's license.

"License" means any hunting or fishing license, permit, stamp, or tag that may be sold by a dealer or dealer outlet under this Section.

"License dealer" means a business licensed by the Department to sell licenses from one or more dealer outlets.

"License Dealer Portal" means the secure website provided by the Department for issuing licenses and permits and accessing a license dealer's account.

B. A person is eligible to apply for a license dealer's license, provided all of the following criteria are met:

1. The person's privilege to sell licenses for the Department has not been revoked or canceled under A.R.S. §§ 17-334, 17-338, or 17-339 within the two calendar years immediately preceding the date of application;
2. The person's credit record or assets assure the Department that the value of the licenses shall be adequately protected;
3. The person agrees to assume financial responsibility for licenses provided by the Department at the maximum value established under R12-4-102, less the dealer commission prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-338(B).

C. A person shall apply for a license dealer's license by submitting an application to any Department office. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office. A license dealer license applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application:

1. The principal business or corporation information:
  - a. Name,
  - b. Physical address, and
  - c. Telephone number;
  - d. If not a corporation, the applicant shall provide the information required under subsections (a), (b), and (c) for each owner;
2. The contact information for the person responsible for ensuring compliance with this Section:
  - a. Name,
  - b. Business address, and
  - c. Business telephone number;
3. Whether the applicant has previously sold licenses under A.R.S. § 17-334;
4. Whether the applicant is seeking renewal of an existing license dealer's license;
5. Credit references and a statement of assets and liabilities; and
6. Dealer outlet information:
  - a. Name,
  - b. Physical address,
  - c. Telephone number, and
  - d. Name of the person responsible for ensuring compliance with this Section at each dealer outlet.

D. A license dealer may request to add dealer outlets to the license dealer's license, at any time during the license year, by

submitting the application form containing the information required under subsection (C) to the Department.

E. An applicant who is denied a license dealer's license under this Section may appeal to the Commission as provided under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

F. The Department shall:

1. Provide to the license dealer all licenses that the license dealer will make available to the public for sale,
2. Authorize the license dealer to use the dealer's own license stock, or
3. Authorize the license dealer to issue licenses and permits online via the Department's License Dealer Portal.

G. Upon receipt of licenses provided by the Department, the license dealer shall verify the licenses received are the licenses identified on the shipment inventory provided by the Department with the shipment.

1. Within five working days from receipt of shipment, the person performing the verification shall:
  - a. Clearly designate any discrepancies on the shipment inventory,
  - b. Sign and date the shipping inventory, and
  - c. Return the signed shipping inventory to the Department.
2. The Department shall verify any discrepancies identified by the license dealer and credit or debit the license dealer's inventory accordingly.

H. A license dealer shall maintain an inventory of licenses for sale to the public at each outlet.

I. A license dealer may request additional licenses in writing or verbally.

1. The request shall include:
  - a. The name of the license dealer,
  - b. The assigned dealer number,
  - c. A list of the licenses needed, and
  - d. The name of the person making the request.
2. Within 10 calendar days from receipt of a request, the Department shall provide the licenses requested, unless:
  - a. The license dealer failed to acknowledge licenses previously provided to the license dealer, as required under subsection (G);
  - b. The license dealer failed to transmit license fees, as required under subsection (J); or
  - c. The license dealer is not in compliance with this Section and all applicable statutes and rules.

J. A license dealer shall transmit to the Department all license fees collected by the tenth day of each month, less the dealer commission prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-338(B). Failure to comply with the requirements of this subsection shall result in the cancellation of the license dealer's license, as authorized under A.R.S. § 17-338(A).

K. A license dealer shall submit a monthly report to the Department by the tenth day of each month, as prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-339.

1. The monthly report form is furnished by the Department.
2. A monthly report is required regardless of whether or not activities were performed.
3. Failure to submit the monthly report in compliance with this subsection shall be cause to cancel the license dealer's license.
4. The license dealer shall include in the monthly report all of the following information for each outlet:
  - a. Name of the dealer;
  - b. The assigned dealer number;
  - c. Reporting period;
  - d. Number of sales and dollar amount of sales for reporting period, by type of license sold;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- e. Dollar amount of commission authorized under A.R.S. § 17-338(B);
- f. Debit and credit adjustments for previous reporting periods, if any;
- g. Number of affidavits received for which a duplicate license was issued under R12-4-103;
- h. List of lost or missing licenses; and
- i. Printed name and signature of the preparer.
5. In addition to the information required under subsection (K), the license dealer shall also provide the affidavit for each duplicate license issued by the dealer during the reporting period.
- a. The affidavit is furnished by the Department and is included in the license book.
- b. A license dealer who fails to submit the affidavit for a duplicate license issued by the license dealer shall remit to the Department the actual cash value of the original license replaced.
- L. The Department shall provide written notice of suspension and demand the return of all inventory within five calendar days from any license dealer who:
1. Fails to transmit monies due the Department under A.R.S. § 17-338 by the deadline established under subsection (J);
  2. Issues to the Department more than one check with insufficient funds during a calendar year; or
  3. Otherwise fails to comply with this Section and all applicable statutes and rules.
- M. As prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-338, the actual cash value of licenses not returned to the Department is due and payable to the Department within 15 working days from the date the Department provides written notice to the license dealer. This includes, but is not limited to:
1. Licenses not returned upon termination of business by a license dealer; or
  2. Licenses reported by a dealer outlet or discovered by the Department to be lost, missing, stolen, or destroyed for any reason.
- N. In addition to those violations that may result in revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a license dealer's license as prescribed under A.R.S. §§ 17-334, 17-338, and 17-339, the Commission may revoke a license dealer's license if the license dealer or an employee of the license dealer is convicted of counseling, aiding, or attempting to aid any person in obtaining a fraudulent license.
- Historical Note**
- Amended effective June 7, 1976 (Supp. 77-3). Former Section R12-4-08 renumbered as Section R12-4-105 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-105 repealed, new Section R12-4-105 adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-105 repealed, new Section R12-4-105 adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-106. Special Licenses Licensing Time-frames**
- A. For the purposes of this Section, the following definitions apply:
- "Administrative review time-frame" has the same meaning as prescribed under A.R.S. § 41-1072(1).
- "License" means any permit or authorization issued by the Department and listed under subsection (H).
- "Overall time-frame" has the same meaning as prescribed under A.R.S. § 41-1072(2).
- "Substantive review time-frame" has the same meaning as prescribed under A.R.S. § 41-1072(3).
- B. As required under A.R.S. § 41-1072 et seq., within the overall time-frames listed in the table below, the Department shall either:
1. Grant a license to an applicant after determining the applicant meets all of the criteria required by statute and the governing rule; or
  2. Deny a license to an applicant when the Department determines the applicant does not meet all of the criteria required by statute and the governing rule.
    - a. The Department may deny a license at any point during the review process if the information provided by the applicant demonstrates the applicant is not eligible for the license as prescribed under statute or the governing rule.
    - b. The Department shall issue a written denial notice when it is determined that an applicant does not meet all of the criteria for the license.
    - c. The written denial notice shall provide:
      - i. The Department's justification for the denial, and
      - ii. When a hearing or appeal is authorized, an explanation of the applicant's right to a hearing or appeal.
- C. During the overall time-frame:
1. The applicant and the Department may agree in writing to extend the overall time-frame.
  2. The substantive review time-frame shall not be extended by more than 25% of the overall time-frame.
- D. An applicant may withdraw an application at any time.
- E. The administrative review time-frame shall begin upon the Department's receipt of an application.
1. During the administrative review time-frame, the Department may return to the applicant, without denial, an application that is missing any of the information required under R12-4-409 and the rule governing the specific license. The Department shall issue to the applicant a written notice that identifies all missing information and indicates the applicant has 30 days in which to return the missing information.
  2. The administrative review time-frame and the overall time-frame listed for the applicable license under this Section are suspended from the date on the notice until the date the Department receives the missing information.
  3. If an applicant fails to respond to a request for missing information within 30 days, the Department shall consider the application withdrawn.
- F. The substantive review time-frame shall begin when the Department determines an application is complete.
1. During the substantive review time-frame, the Department may make one comprehensive written request for additional information. The written notice shall:
    - a. Identify the additional information, and
    - b. Indicate the applicant has 30 days in which to submit the additional information.

CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- c. The Department and the applicant may mutually agree in writing to allow the agency to submit supplemental requests for additional information.
- d. If an applicant fails to respond to a request for additional information within 30 days, the Department shall consider the application withdrawn.
- 2. The substantive review time-frame and the overall time-frame listed for the applicable license under this Section are suspended from the date on the request until the date the Department receives the additional information.
- G. If the last day of the time-frame period falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or an official State holiday, the Department shall consider the next business day the time-frame period's last day. All periods listed are:
  - 1. Calendar days, and
  - 2. Maximum time periods.
- H. The Department may grant or deny a license in less time than specified below.

**Table 1. Time-Frames**

Name of Special License	Governing Rule	Administrative Review Time-frame	Substantive Review Time-frame	Overall Time-frame
Aquatic Wildlife Stocking Permit	R12-4-410	10 days	170 days	180 days
Authorization for Use of Drugs on Wildlife	R12-4-309	20 days	70 days	90 days
Challenged Hunter Access/Mobility Permit	R12-4-217	1 day	29 days	30 days
Crossbow Permit	R12-4-216	1 day	29 days	30 days
Disabled Veteran's License	R12-4-202	1 day	29 days	30 days
Fishing Permits	R12-4-310	10 days	20 days	30 days
Game Bird License	R12-4-414	10 days	20 days	30 days
Guide License	R12-4-208	10 days	20 days	30 days
License Dealer's License	R12-4-105	10 days	20 days	30 days
Live Bait Dealer's License	R12-4-411	10 days	20 days	30 days
Pioneer License	R12-4-201	1 day	29 days	30 days
Private Game Farm License	R12-4-413	10 days	20 days	30 days
Scientific Collecting Permit	R12-4-418	10 days	20 days	30 days
Small Game Depredation Permit	R12-4-113	10 days	20 days	30 days
Sport Falconry License	R12-4-422	10 days	20 days	30 days
Watercraft Agents	R12-4-509	10 days	20 days	30 days
Taxidermy Registration	R12-4-204	10 days	20 days	30 days
White Amur Stocking License	R12-4-424	10 days	20 days	30 days
Wildlife Holding License	R12-4-417	10 days	20 days	30 days
Wildlife Rehabilitation License	R12-4-423	10 days	50 days	60 days
Wildlife Service License	R12-4-421	10 days	50 days	60 days
Zoo License	R12-4-420	10 days	20 days	30 days

**Historical Note**

Editorial correction subsections (F) through (G) (Supp. 78-5). Former Section R12-4-09 renumbered as Section R12-4-106 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). New Section adopted June 10, 1998 (Supp. 98-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1854, effective July 2, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).

**R12-4-107. Bonus Point System**

A. For the purpose of this Section, the following definitions apply:

“Bonus point hunt number” means the hunt number assigned in a Commission Order for use by an applicant who is applying for a bonus point only.

“Loyalty bonus point” means a bonus point awarded to a person who has submitted a valid application for a hunt permit-tag or a bonus point for a specific genus identified in subsection (B) at least once annually for a consecutive five-year period.

B. The bonus point system grants a person one random number entry in each computer draw for antelope, bear, bighorn sheep,

buffalo, deer, elk, javelina, or turkey for each bonus point that person has accumulated under this Section.

1. Each bonus point random number entry is in addition to the entry normally granted under R12-4-104.
2. When processing a “group” application, as defined under R12-4-104, the Department shall use the average number of bonus points accumulated by all persons in the group, rounded to the nearest whole number. If the average number of bonus points is equal to or greater than .5, the total will be rounded to the next higher number.
3. The Department shall credit a bonus point under an applicant’s Department identification number for the genus on the application.
4. The Department shall not transfer bonus points between persons or genera.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- C. The Department shall award one bonus point to an applicant who submits a valid Hunt Permit-tag Application provided the following apply:
1. The application is unsuccessful in the computer draw or the application is for a bonus point only;
  2. The application is not for a hunt permit-tag leftover after the computer draw and available on a first-come, first-served basis as established under R12-4-114; and
  3. The applicant either provides the appropriate hunting license number on the application or submits an application and fees for the applicable license with the Hunt Permit-tag Application, as applicable.
- D. An applicant who purchases a bonus point only shall:
1. Submit a valid Hunt Permit-tag Application, as prescribed under R12-4-104, with the assigned bonus point hunt number for the particular genus as the first-choice hunt number on the application. The Department shall reject any application that:
    - a. Indicates the bonus point only hunt number as any choice other than the first-choice, or
    - b. Includes any other hunt number on the application;
  2. Include the applicable fees:
    - a. Application fee, and
    - b. Applicable license fee, required when the applicant does not possess a valid license at the time of application; and
  3. Submit only one Hunt Permit-tag Application per genus per computer draw.
- E. With the exception of the hunter education bonus point, each accumulated bonus point is valid only for the genus designated on the Hunt Permit-tag Application.
- F. With the exception of a permanent bonus point awarded for hunter education and a loyalty bonus point which is accrued and forfeited as established under subsection (L), a person's accumulated bonus points for a genus are expended if:
1. The person is issued a hunt permit-tag for that genus in a computer draw;
  2. The person fails to submit a Hunt Permit-tag Application for that genus for five consecutive years; or
  3. The person purchases a surrendered tag as prescribed under R12-4-118(F)(1), (2), or (3).
- G. Notwithstanding subsection (F), the Department shall restore any expended bonus points to a person who surrenders or transfers a tag in compliance with R12-4-118 or R12-4-121.
- H. An applicant issued a first-come, first-served hunt permit-tag under R12-4-114(C)(2)(e) after the computer draw does not expend bonus points for that genus.
- I. An applicant who is unsuccessful for a first-come, first-served hunt permit-tag made available by the Department after the computer draw is not eligible to receive a bonus point.
- J. The Department shall award one permanent bonus point for each genus upon a person's first graduation from a Department-sanctioned Arizona Game and Fish Department Hunter Education Course.
1. Course participants are required to provide the following information upon registration, the participants:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number;
    - d. E-mail address, when available;
    - e. Date of birth; and
    - f. Department ID number, when applicable.
  2. The Arizona Game and Fish Department-certified Instructor shall submit the course paperwork to the Department within 10 business days of course completion. Course paperwork must be received by the Department no less than 30 days before the computer draw application deadline, as specified in the hunt permit-tag application schedule in order for the Department to assign hunter education bonus points in the next computer draw.
3. The Department shall not award hunter education bonus points for any of the following specialized hunter education courses:
- a. Bowhunter Education,
  - b. Trapper Education, or
  - c. Advanced Hunter Education.
- K. The Department provides an applicant's total number of accumulated bonus points on the Department's application web site or IVR telephone system.
1. If a person believes the total number of accumulated bonus points is incorrect, the person may request proof of compliance with this Section, from the Department, to prove Department error.
  2. In the event of an error, the Department shall correct the person's record.
- L. The following provisions apply to the loyalty bonus point program:
1. An applicant who submits a valid application at least once a year for a hunt permit-tag or a bonus point for a specific genus consecutively for a five-year period shall accrue a loyalty bonus point for that genus.
  2. Except as established under subsection (N), once a loyalty bonus point is accrued, the applicant shall retain the loyalty bonus point provided the applicant annually submits an application, with funds sufficient to cover all application fees and applicable license fees for each applicant listed on the application, for a hunt permit-tag or a bonus point for the genus for which the loyalty bonus point was accrued.
  3. An applicant who fails to apply in any calendar year for a hunt permit-tag or bonus point for the genus for which the loyalty bonus point was accrued shall forfeit the loyalty bonus point for that genus.
  4. A loyalty bonus point is accrued in addition to all other bonus points.
- M. A military member, military reserve member, member of the National Guard, or emergency response personnel with a public agency may request the reinstatement of any expended bonus points for a successful Hunt Permit-tag Application.
1. To request reinstatement of expended bonus points under these circumstances, an applicant shall submit all of the following information to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, Draw Section, 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, AZ 85086:
    - a. Evidence of mobilization or change in duty status, such as a letter from the public agency or official orders; or
    - b. An official declaration of a state of emergency from the public agency or authority making the declaration of emergency, if applicable; and
    - c. The valid, unused hunt permit-tag.
  2. The Department shall deny requests post-marked after the beginning date of the hunt for which the hunt permit-tag is valid, unless the person also submits, with the request, evidence of mobilization, activation, or a change in duty status that precluded the applicant from submitting the hunt permit-tag before the beginning date of the hunt.
  3. Under A.R.S. § 17-332(E), no refunds for a license or hunt permit-tag will be issued to an applicant who applies for reinstatement of bonus points under this subsection.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

4. Reinstatement of bonus points under this subsection is not subject to the requirements established under R12-4-118.
- N. It is unlawful for a person to purchase a bonus point by fraud or misrepresentation and any bonus point so obtained shall be removed from the person's Department record.

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-03 renumbered as Section R12-4-107 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Section R12-4-107 repealed, new Section R12-4-107 adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective July 29, 1992 (Supp. 92-3). Section R12-4-107 repealed, new Section R12-4-107 adopted effective January 1, 1999; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State February 9, 1998 (Supp. 98-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 610, effective April 6, 2003 (Supp. 03-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 845, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 991, effective April 2, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 991, effective April 2, 2005; amended by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1177, effective May 2, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-108. Management Unit Boundaries**

- A. For the purpose of this Section, parentheses mean "also known as," and the following definitions shall apply:
1. "FH" means "forest highway," a paved road.
  2. "FR" means "forest road," an unpaved road.
  3. "Hwy" means "Highway."
  4. "mp" means "milepost."
- B. The state is divided into units for the purpose of managing wildlife. Each unit is identified by a number, or a number and letter. For the purpose of this Section, Indian reservation land contained within any management unit is not under the jurisdiction of the Arizona Game and Fish Commission or the Arizona Game and Fish Department.
- C. Management unit descriptions are as follows:

Unit 1 – Beginning at the New Mexico state line and U.S. Hwy 60; west on U.S. Hwy 60 to Vernon Junction; southerly on the Vernon-McNary road (FR 224) to the White Mountain Apache Indian Reservation boundary; east and south along the reservation boundary to Black River; east and north along Black River to the east fork of Black River; north along the east fork to Three Forks; and continuing north and east on the Three Forks-Williams Valley-Alpine Rd. (FR 249) to U.S. Hwy 180; east on U.S. Hwy 180 to the New Mexico state line; north along the state line to U.S. Hwy 60.

Unit 2A – Beginning at St. Johns on U.S. Hwy 191 (AZ Hwy 61); north on U.S. Hwy 191 (AZ Hwy 61) to the Navajo Indian Reservation boundary; westerly along the reservation boundary to AZ Hwy 77; south on AZ Hwy 77 to Exit 292 on I-40; west on the westbound lane of I-40 to Exit 286; south on AZ Hwy 77 to U.S. Hwy 180; southeast on U.S. Hwy 180 to AZ Hwy 180A; south on AZ Hwy 180A to AZ Hwy 61; east on AZ Hwy 61 to U.S. Hwy 180 (AZ Hwy 61); east to U.S. Hwy 191 at St. Johns; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Zuni Tribe.

Unit 2B – Beginning at Springerville; east on U.S. Hwy 60 to the New Mexico state line; north along the state line to the Navajo Indian Reservation boundary; westerly along the reservation boundary to U.S. Hwy 191 (AZ Hwy 61); south on U.S. Hwy 191 (U.S. Hwy 180) to Springerville.

Unit 2C – Beginning at St. Johns on U.S. Hwy 191 (AZ Hwy 61); west on to AZ Hwy 61 Concho; southwest on AZ Hwy 61 to U.S. Hwy 60; east on U.S. Hwy 60 to U.S. Hwy 191 (U.S. Hwy 180); north on U.S. Hwy 191 (U.S. Hwy 180) to St. Johns.

Unit 3A – Beginning at the junction of U.S. Hwy 180 and AZ Hwy 77; south on AZ Hwy 77 to AZ Hwy 377; south-westerly on AZ Hwy 377 to AZ Hwy 277; easterly on AZ Hwy 277 to Snowflake; easterly on the Snowflake-Concho Rd. to U.S. Hwy 180A; north on U.S. Hwy 180A to U.S. Hwy 180; northwesterly on U.S. Hwy 180 to AZ Hwy 77.

Unit 3B – Beginning at Snowflake; southerly along AZ Hwy 77 to U.S. Hwy 60; southwesterly along U.S. Hwy 60 to the White Mountain Apache Indian Reservation boundary; easterly along the reservation boundary to the Vernon-McNary Rd. (FR 224); northerly along the Vernon-McNary Rd. to U.S. Hwy 60; west on U.S. Hwy 60 to AZ Hwy 61; northeasterly on AZ Hwy 61 to AZ Hwy 180A; northerly on AZ Hwy 180A to Concho-Snowflake Rd.; westerly on the Concho-Snowflake Rd. to Snowflake.

Unit 3C – Beginning at Snowflake; westerly on AZ Hwy 277 to AZ Hwy 260; westerly on AZ Hwy 260 to the Sitgreaves National Forest boundary with the Tonto National Forest; easterly along the Apache-Sitgreaves National Forest boundary to U.S. Hwy 60 (AZ Hwy 77); northeasterly on U.S. Hwy 60 (AZ Hwy 77) to Showlow; northerly along AZ Hwy 77 to Snowflake.

Unit 4A – Beginning on the boundary of the Apache-Sitgreaves National Forest with the Coconino National Forest at the Mogollon Rim; north along this boundary (Leonard Canyon) to East Clear Creek; northerly along East Clear Creek to AZ Hwy 99; north on AZ Hwy 99 to AZ Hwy 87; north on AZ Hwy 87 to Business I-40 (3rd St.); west on Business I-40 (3rd St.) to Hipkoe Dr.; northerly on Hipkoe Dr. to I-40; west on I-40 to mp 221.4; north to the southwest corner of the Navajo Indian Reservation boundary; east along the Navajo Indian Reservation boundary to the Little Colorado River; southerly along the Little Colorado River to Chevelon Creek; southerly along Chevelon Creek to Woods Canyon; westerly along Woods Canyon to Woods Canyon Lake Rd.; westerly and southerly along the Woods Canyon Lake Rd. to the Mogollon Rim; westerly along the Mogollon Rim to the boundary of the Apache-Sitgreaves National Forest with the Coconino National Forest.

Unit 4B – Beginning at AZ Hwy 260 and the Sitgreaves National Forest boundary with the Tonto National Forest; northeasterly on AZ Hwy 260 to AZ Hwy 277; northeasterly on AZ Hwy 277 to Hwy 377; northeasterly on AZ Hwy 377 to AZ Hwy 77; northeasterly on AZ Hwy 77 to I-40 Exit 286; northeasterly along the westbound lane of I-40 to Exit 292; north on AZ Hwy 77 to the Navajo Indian Reservation boundary; west along the reservation boundary to the Little Colorado River; southerly along the Little Colorado River to Chevelon Creek; southerly

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

along Chevelon Creek to Woods Canyon; westerly along Woods Canyon to Woods Canyon Lake Rd. (FH 151); westerly and southerly along the Woods Canyon Lake Rd. (FH 151) to the Mogollon Rim; easterly along the Mogollon Rim to the intersection of AZ Hwy 260 and the Sitgreaves National Forest boundary with the Tonto National Forest.

Unit 5A – Beginning at the junction of the Sitgreaves National Forest boundary with the Coconino National Forest boundary at the Mogollon Rim; northerly along this boundary (Leonard Canyon) to East Clear Creek; northeasterly along East Clear Creek to AZ Hwy 99; north on AZ Hwy 99 to AZ Hwy 87; north on AZ Hwy 87 to Business I-40 (3rd St.); west on Business I-40 (3rd St.) to Hipkoe Dr.; north on Hipkoe Dr. to I-40; west on I-40 to the Meteor Crater Rd. (Exit 233); southerly on the Meteor Crater-Chavez Pass-Jack's Canyon Rd. (FR 69) to AZ Hwy 87; southwesterly along AZ Hwy 87 to the Coconino-Tonto National Forest boundary; easterly along the Coconino-Tonto National Forest boundary (Mogollon Rim) to the Sitgreaves National Forest boundary with the Coconino National Forest.

Unit 5B – Beginning at Lake Mary-Clint's Well Rd. (FH3) and Walnut Canyon (mp 337.5 on FH3); southeasterly on FH3 to AZ Hwy 87; northeasterly on AZ Hwy 87 to FR 69; westerly and northerly on FR 69 to I-40 (Exit 233); west on I-40 to Walnut Canyon (mp 210.2); southwesterly along the bottom of Walnut Canyon to Walnut Canyon National Monument; southwesterly along the northern boundary of the Walnut Canyon National Monument to Walnut Canyon; southwesterly along the bottom of Walnut Canyon to FH3 (mp 337.5).

Unit 6A – Beginning at the junction of U.S. Hwy 89A and FR 237; southwesterly on U.S. Hwy 89A to the Verde River; southeasterly along the Verde River to the confluence with Fossil Creek; northeasterly along Fossil Creek to Fossil Springs; southeasterly on FS trail 18 (Fossil Spring Trail) to the top of the rim; northeasterly on the rim to Nash Point on the Tonto-Coconino National Forest boundary; easterly along this boundary to AZ Hwy 87; northeasterly on AZ Hwy 87 to Lake Mary-Clint's Well Rd. (FH3); northwesterly on FH3 to FR 132; southwesterly on FR 132 to FR 296; southwesterly on FR 296 to FR 296A; southwesterly on FR 296A to FR 132; northwesterly on FR 132 to FR 235; westerly on FR 235 to Priest Draw; southwesterly along the bottom of Priest Draw to FR 235; westerly on FR 235 to FR 235A; westerly on FR 235A to FR 235; southerly on FR 235 to FR 235K; northwesterly on FR 235K to FR 700; northerly on FR 700 to Mountaineer Rd.; west on Mountaineer Rd. to FR 237; westerly on FR 237 to U.S. Hwy 89A except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Yavapai-Apache Nation.

Unit 6B – Beginning at mp 188.5 on I-40 at a point just north of the east boundary of Camp Navajo; south along the eastern boundary of Camp Navajo to the southeastern corner of Camp Navajo; southeast approximately 1/3 mile through the forest to the forest road in section 33; southeast on the forest road to FR 231 (Woody Mountain Rd.); easterly on FR 231 to FR 533; southerly on FR 533 to U.S. Hwy 89A; southerly on U.S. Hwy 89A to the Verde River; northerly along the Verde River to Sycamore Creek; northeasterly along Sycamore Creek and Volunteer Canyon to the southwest corner of the Camp

Navajo boundary; northerly along the western boundary of Camp Navajo to the northwest corner of Camp Navajo; continuing north to I-40 (mp 180.0); easterly along I-40 to mp 188.5.

Unit 7 – Beginning at the junction of AZ Hwy 64 and I-40 (in Williams); easterly on I-40 to FR 171 (mp 184.4 on I-40); northerly on FR 171 to the Transwestern Gas Pipeline; easterly along the Transwestern Gas Pipeline to FR 420 (Schultz Pass Rd.); northeasterly on FR 420 to U.S. Hwy 89; across U.S. Hwy 89 to FR 545; east on FR 545 to the Sunset Crater National Monument; easterly along the southern boundary of the Sunset Crater National Monument to FR 545; east on FR 545 to the 345 KV transmission lines 1 and 2; southeasterly along the power lines to I-40 (mp 212 on I-40); east on I-40 to mp 221.4; north to the southwest corner of the Navajo Indian Reservation boundary; northerly and westerly along the reservation boundary to the Four Corners Gas Line; southwesterly along the Four Corners Gas Line to U.S. Hwy 180; west on U.S. Hwy 180 to AZ Hwy 64; south on AZ Hwy 64 to I-40.

Unit 8 – Beginning at the junction of I-40 and U.S. Hwy 89 (in Ash Fork, Exit 146); south on U.S. Hwy 89 to the Verde River; easterly along the Verde River to Sycamore Creek; northerly along Sycamore Creek to Volunteer Canyon; northeasterly along Volunteer Canyon to the west boundary of Camp Navajo; north along the boundary to a point directly north of I-40; west on I-40 to U.S. Hwy 89.

Unit 9 – Beginning where Cataract Creek enters the Havasupai Reservation; easterly and northerly along the Havasupai Reservation boundary to Grand Canyon National Park; easterly along the Grand Canyon National Park boundary to the Navajo Indian Reservation boundary; southerly along the reservation boundary to the Four Corners Gas Line; southwesterly along the Four Corners Gas Line to U.S. Hwy 180; westerly along U.S. Hwy 180 to AZ Hwy 64; south along AZ Hwy 64 to Airpark Rd.; west and north along Airpark Rd. to the Valle-Cataract Creek Rd.; westerly along the Valle-Cataract Creek Rd. to Cataract Creek at Island Tank; northwesterly along Cataract Creek to the Havasupai Reservation Boundary.

Unit 10 – Beginning at the junction of AZ Hwy 64 and I-40; westerly on I-40 to Crookton Rd. (AZ Hwy 66, Exit 139); westerly on AZ Hwy 66 to the Hualapai Indian Reservation boundary; northeasterly along the reservation boundary to Grand Canyon National Park; east along the park boundary to the Havasupai Indian Reservation; easterly and southerly along the reservation boundary to where Cataract Creek enters the reservation; southeasterly along Cataract Creek in Cataract Canyon to Island Tank; easterly on the Cataract Creek-Valle Rd. to Airpark Rd.; south and east along Airpark Rd. to AZ Hwy 64; south on AZ Hwy 64 to I-40.

Unit 11M – Beginning at the junction of Lake Mary-Clint's Well Rd (FH3) and Walnut Canyon (mp 337.5 on FH3); northeasterly along the bottom of Walnut Canyon to the Walnut Canyon National Monument boundary; northeasterly along the northern boundary of the Walnut Canyon National Monument to Walnut Canyon; northeasterly along the bottom of Walnut Canyon to I-40 (mp 210.2); east on I-40 to the 345 KV transmission lines 1&2 (mp 212 on I-40); north and northeasterly along the power line to FR 545 (Sunset Crater Rd); west along FR

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

545 to the Sunset Crater National Monument boundary; westerly along the southern boundary of the Sunset Crater National monument to FR 545; west on FR 545 to US Hwy 89; across US Hwy 89 to FR 420 (Schultz Pass Rd); southwesterly on FR 420 to the Transwestern Gas Pipeline; westerly along the Transwestern Gas Pipeline to FR 171; south on FR 171 to I-40 (mp 184.4 on I-40); east on I-40 to a point just north of the eastern boundary of the Navajo Army Depot (mp 188.5 on I-40); south along the eastern boundary of the Navajo Army Depot to the southeast corner of the Depot; southeast approximately 1/3 mile to forest road in section 33; southeasterly along that forest road to FR 231 (Woody Mountain Rd); easterly on FR 231 to FR 533; southerly on FR 533 to US Hwy 89A; southerly on US Hwy 89A to FR 237; northeasterly on FR 237 to Mountaineer Rd; easterly on Mountaineer Rd to FR 700; southerly on FR 700 to FR 235K; southeasterly on FR 235K to FR 235; northerly on FR 235 to FR 235A; easterly on FR 235A to FR 235; easterly on FR 235 to Priest Draw; northeasterly along the bottom of Priest Draw to FR 235; easterly on FR 235 to FR 132; southeasterly on FR 132 to FR 296A; northeasterly on FR 296A to FR 296; northeasterly on FR 296 to FR 132; northeasterly on FR 132 to FH 3; southeasterly on FH 3 to the south rim of Walnut Canyon (mp 337.5 on FH3).

Unit 12A – Beginning at the confluence of the Colorado River and South Canyon; southerly and westerly along the Colorado River to Kanab Creek; northerly along Kanab Creek to Snake Gulch; northerly, easterly, and southerly around the Kaibab National Forest boundary to South Canyon; northeasterly along South Canyon to the Colorado River.

Unit 12B – Beginning at U.S. Hwy 89A and the Kaibab National Forest boundary near mp 566; southerly and easterly along the forest boundary to Grand Canyon National Park; northeasterly along the park boundary to Glen Canyon National Recreation area; easterly along the recreation area boundary to the Colorado River; northeasterly along the Colorado River to the Arizona-Utah state line; westerly along the state line to Kanab Creek; southerly along Kanab Creek to the Kaibab National Forest boundary; northerly, easterly, and southerly along this boundary to U.S. Hwy 89A near mp 566; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Kaibab Band of Paiute Indians.

Unit 13A – Beginning on the western edge of the Hurricane Rim at the Utah state line; southerly along the western edge of the Hurricane Rim to Mohave County Rd. 5 (the Mt. Trumbull Rd.); west along Mohave County Rd. 5 to the town of Mt. Trumbull (Bundyville); south from the town of Mt. Trumbull (Bundyville) on Mohave County Rd. 257 to BLM Rd. 1045; south on BLM Rd. 1045 to where it crosses Cold Spring Wash near Cold Spring Wash Pond; south along the bottom of Cold Spring Wash to Whitmore Wash; southerly along the bottom of Whitmore Wash to the Colorado River; easterly along the Colorado River to Kanab Creek; northerly along Kanab Creek to the Utah state line; west along the Utah state line to the western edge of the Hurricane Rim; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Kaibab Band of Paiute Indians.

Unit 13B – Beginning on the western edge of the Hurricane Rim at the Utah state line; southerly along the western edge of the Hurricane Rim to Mohave County Rd. 5

(the Mt. Trumbull Rd.); west along Mohave County Rd. 5 to the town of Mt. Trumbull (Bundyville); south from the town of Mt. Trumbull (Bundyville) on Mohave County Rd. 257 to BLM Rd. 1045; south on BLM Rd. 1045 to where it crosses Cold Spring Wash near Cold Spring Wash Pond; south along the bottom of Cold Spring Wash to Whitmore Wash; southerly along the bottom of Whitmore Wash to the Colorado River; westerly along the Colorado River to the Nevada state line; north along the Nevada state line to the Utah state line; east along the Utah state line to the western edge of the Hurricane Rim.

Unit 15A – Beginning at Pearce Ferry on the Colorado River; southerly on the Pearce Ferry Rd. to Antares Rd.; southeasterly on Antares Rd. to AZ Hwy 66; easterly on AZ Hwy 66 to the Hualapai Indian Reservation; west and north along the west boundary of the reservation to the Colorado River; westerly along the Colorado River to Pearce Ferry; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Hualapai Indian Tribe.

Unit 15B – Beginning at Kingman on I-40 (Exit 48); northwesterly on U.S. Hwy 93 to Hoover Dam; north and east along the Colorado River to Pearce Ferry; southerly on the Pearce Ferry Rd. to Antares Rd.; southeasterly on Antares Rd. to AZ Hwy 66; easterly on AZ Hwy 66 to Hackberry Rd.; southerly on the Hackberry Rd. to its junction with U.S. Hwy 93; north on U.S. Hwy 93 to I-40 (Exit 71); west on I-40 to Kingman (Exit 48).

Unit 15C – Beginning at Hoover Dam; southerly along the Colorado River to AZ Hwy 68 and Davis Dam; easterly on AZ Hwy 68 to U.S. Hwy 93; northwesterly on U.S. Hwy 93 to Hoover Dam.

Unit 15D – Beginning at AZ Hwy 68 and Davis Dam; southerly along the Colorado River to I-40; east and north on I-40 to Kingman (Exit 48); northwest on U.S. Hwy 93 to AZ Hwy 68; west on AZ Hwy 68 to Davis Dam; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Fort Mohave Indian Tribe.

Unit 16A – Beginning at Kingman on I-40 (Exit 48); south and west on I-40 to U.S. Hwy 95 (Exit 9); southerly on U.S. Hwy 95 to the Bill Williams River; easterly along the Bill Williams and Santa Maria rivers to U.S. Hwy 93; north on U.S. Hwy 93 to I-40 (Exit 71); west on I-40 to Kingman (Exit 48).

Unit 16B – Beginning at I-40 on the Colorado River; southerly along the Arizona-California state line to the Bill Williams River; east along the Bill Williams River to U.S. Hwy 95; north on U.S. Hwy 95 to I-40 (Exit 9); west on I-40 to the Colorado River.

Unit 17A – Beginning at the junction of the Williamson Valley Rd. (County Road 5) and the Camp Wood Rd. (FR 21); westerly on the Camp Wood Rd. to the west boundary of the Prescott National Forest; north along the forest boundary to the Baca Grant; east, north and west around the grant to the west boundary of the Prescott National Forest; north and east along the forest boundary to the Williamson Valley Rd. (County Rd. 5, FR 6); southerly on Williamson Valley Rd. (County Rd. 5, FR 6) to the Camp Wood Rd.

Unit 17B – Beginning at the junction of Iron Springs Rd. (County Rd. 10) and Williamson Valley Rd. (County Road 5) in Prescott; westerly on the Prescott-Skull Valley-Hillside-Bagdad Rd. to Bagdad; northeast on the

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Bagdad-Camp Wood Rd. (FR 21) to the Williamson Valley Rd. (County Rd. 5, FR 6); south on the Williamson Valley Rd. (County Rd. 5, FR 6) to the Iron Springs Rd.

Unit 18A – Beginning at Seligman; westerly on AZ Hwy 66 to the Hualapai Indian Reservation; southwest and west along the reservation boundary to AZ Hwy 66; southwest on AZ Hwy 66 to the Hackberry Rd.; south on the Hackberry Rd. to U.S. Hwy 93; south on U.S. Hwy 93 to Cane Springs Wash; easterly along Cane Springs Wash to the Big Sandy River; northerly along the Big Sandy River to Trout Creek; northeast along Trout Creek to the Davis Dam-Prescott power line; southeasterly along the power line to the west boundary of the Prescott National Forest; north and east along the forest boundary to the Williamson Valley Rd. (County Rd. 5, FR 6); northerly on the Williamson Valley Rd. (County Rd. 5, FR 6) to Seligman and AZ Hwy 66; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Hualapai Indian Tribe.

Unit 18B – Beginning at Bagdad; southeast on AZ Hwy 96 to the Santa Maria River; southwest along the Santa Maria River to U.S. Hwy 93; northerly on U.S. Hwy 93 to Cane Springs Wash; easterly along Cane Springs Wash to the Big Sandy River; northerly along the Big Sandy River to Trout Creek; northeasterly along Trout Creek to the Davis Dam-Prescott power line; southeasterly along the power line to the west boundary of the Prescott National Forest; south along the forest boundary to the Baca Grant; east, south and west along the forest boundary; south along the west boundary of the Prescott National Forest; to the Camp Wood-Bagdad Rd.; southwesterly on the Camp Wood-Bagdad Rd. to Bagdad; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Hualapai Indian Tribe.

Unit 19A – Beginning at AZ Hwy 69 and U.S. Hwy 89 (in Prescott); northerly on U.S. Hwy 89 to the Verde River; easterly along the Verde River to I-17; southwesterly on the southbound lane of I-17 to AZ Hwy 69; northwesterly on AZ Hwy 69 to U.S. Hwy 89; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Yavapai-Prescott Tribe and the Yavapai-Apache Nation.

Unit 19B – Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Hwy 89 and AZ Hwy 69, west on Gurley St. to Grove Ave.; north on the Grove Ave. to Miller Valley Rd.; northwest on the Miller Valley Rd. to Iron Springs Rd.; northwest on the Iron Springs Rd. to the junction of Williamson Valley Rd. and Iron Springs Rd.; northerly on the Williamson Valley-Prescott-Seligman Rd. (FR 6, Williamson Valley Rd.) to AZ Hwy 66 at Seligman; east on Crookton Rd. (AZ Hwy 66) to I-40 (Exit 139); east on I-40 to U.S. Hwy 89; south on U.S. Hwy 89 to the junction with AZ Hwy 69; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Yavapai-Prescott Tribe.

Unit 20A – Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Hwy 89 and AZ Hwy 69; west on Gurley St. to Grove Ave.; north on the Grove Ave. to Miller Valley Rd., northwest on the Miller Valley Rd. to Iron Springs Rd., west and south on the Iron Springs-Skull Valley-Kirkland Junction Rd. to U.S. Hwy 89; continue south and easterly on the Kirkland Junction-Wagoner-Crown King-Cordes Rd. to Cordes, from Cordes southeast to I-17 (Exit 259); north on the southbound lane of I-17 to AZ Hwy 69; northwest on AZ Hwy 69 to junction of U.S. Hwy 89 at Prescott; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Yavapai-Prescott Tribe.

Unit 20B – Beginning at the Hassayampa River and U.S. Hwy 60/93 (in Wickenburg); northeasterly along the Hassayampa River to the Kirkland Junction-Wagoner-Crown King-Cordes road (at Wagoner); southerly and northeasterly along the Kirkland Junction-Wagoner-Crown King-Cordes Rd. (at Wagoner) to I-17 (Exit 259); south on the southbound lane of I-17 to the New River Road (Exit 232); west on the New River Road to State Hwy 74; west on AZ Hwy 74 to the junction of AZ Hwy 74 and U.S. Hwy 60/93; northwesterly on U.S. Hwy 60/93 to the Hassayampa River.

Unit 20C – Beginning at U.S. Hwy 60/93 and the Santa Maria River; northeasterly along the Santa Maria River to AZ Hwy 96; easterly on AZ Hwy 96 to Kirkland Junction; southeasterly along the Kirkland Junction-Wagoner-Crown King-Cordes road to the Hassayampa River (at Wagoner); southwesterly along the Hassayampa River to U.S. Hwy 60/93; northwesterly on U.S. Hwy 60/93 to the Santa Maria River.

Unit 21 – Beginning on I-17 at the Verde River; southerly on the southbound lane of I-17 to the New River Road (Exit 232); east on New River Road to Fig Springs Road; northeasterly on Fig Springs Road to the Tonto National Forest boundary; southeasterly along this boundary to the Verde River; north along the Verde River to I-17.

Unit 22 – Beginning at the junction of the Salt and Verde Rivers; north along the Verde River to the confluence with Fossil Creek; northeasterly along Fossil Creek to Fossil Springs; southeasterly on FS trail 18 (Fossil Spring Trail) to the top of the rim; northeasterly on the rim to Nash Point on the Tonto-Coconino National Forest boundary along the Mogollon Rim; easterly along this boundary to Tonto Creek; southerly along the east fork of Tonto Creek to the spring box, north of the Tonto Creek Hatchery, and continuing southerly along Tonto Creek to the Salt River; westerly along the Salt River to the Verde River; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Tonto Apache Tribe and the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation.

Unit 23 – Beginning at the confluence of Tonto Creek and the Salt River; northerly along Tonto Creek to the spring box, north of the Tonto Creek Hatchery, on Tonto Creek; northeasterly along the east fork of Tonto Creek to the Tonto-Sitgreaves National Forest boundary along the Mogollon Rim; east along this boundary to the White Mountain Apache Indian Reservation boundary; southerly along the reservation boundary to the Salt River; westerly along the Salt River to Tonto Creek.

Unit 24A – Beginning on AZ Hwy 177 in Superior; southeasterly on AZ Hwy 177 to the Gila River; northeasterly along the Gila River to the San Carlos Indian Reservation boundary; easterly, westerly and northerly along the reservation boundary to the Salt River; southwesterly along the Salt River to AZ Hwy 288; southerly on AZ Hwys 288 and 188 to U.S. Hwy 60; southwesterly on U.S. Hwy 60 to AZ Hwy 177.

Unit 24B – Beginning on U.S. Hwy 60 in Superior; northeasterly on U.S. Hwy 60 to AZ Hwy 188; northerly on AZ Hwys 188 and 288 to the Salt River; westerly along the Salt River to the Tonto National Forest boundary near Granite Reef Dam; southeasterly along Forest boundary to Forest Route 77 (Peralta Rd.); southwesterly on Forest

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Route 77 (Peralta Rd.) to U.S. Hwy 60; easterly on U.S. Hwy 60 to Superior.

Unit 25M – Beginning at the junction of 51st Ave. and I-10; west on I-10 to AZ Loop 303, northeasterly on AZ Loop 303 to I-17; north on I-17 to Carefree Hwy; east on Carefree Hwy to Cave Creek Rd.; northeasterly on Cave Creek Rd. to the Tonto National Forest boundary; easterly and southerly along the Tonto National Forest boundary to Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation boundary; northeasterly along the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation boundary to the Verde River; southerly along the Verde River to the Salt River; southwesterly along the Salt River to the Tonto National Forest boundary; southerly along the Tonto National Forest boundary to Bush Hwy/Power Rd.; southerly on Bush Hwy/Power Rd. to AZ Loop 202; easterly, southerly, and westerly on AZ Loop 202 to the intersection of Pecos Rd. at I-10; west on Pecos Rd. to the Gila River Indian Community boundary; northwesterly along the Gila River Indian Community boundary to 51st Ave; northerly on 51st Ave to I-10; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands.

Unit 26M – Beginning at the junction of I-17 and New River Rd. (Exit 232); southwesterly on New River Rd. to AZ Hwy 74; westerly on AZ Hwy 74 to U.S. Hwy 93; southeasterly on U.S. Hwy 93 to the Beardsley Canal; southwesterly on the Beardsley Canal to Indian School Rd.; west on Indian School Rd. to Jackrabbit Trail; south on Jackrabbit Trail to I-10 (Exit 121); west on I-10 to Oglesby Rd. (Exit 112); south on Oglesby Rd. to AZ Hwy 85; south on AZ Hwy 85 to the Gila River; northeasterly along the Gila River to the Gila River Indian Community boundary; southeasterly along the Gila River Indian Community boundary to AZ Hwy 347 (John Wayne Parkway); south on AZ Hwy 347 (John Wayne Parkway) to AZ Hwy 84; east on AZ Hwy 84 to Stanfield; south on the Stanfield-Cocklebur Rd. to the Tohono O’odham Nation boundary; easterly along the Tohono O’odham Nation boundary to Battaglia Rd.; east on Battaglia Rd. to Toltec Rd.; north on Toltec Rd. to I-10 (Exit 203); southeasterly on I-10 to AZ Hwy 87 (Exit 211); north on AZ Hwy 87 to AZ Hwy 287 north of Coolidge; east on AZ Hwy 287 to AZ Hwy 79; north on AZ Hwy 79 to U.S. Hwy 60; northwesterly on U.S. Highway 60 to Peralta Rd.; northeasterly along Peralta Rd. to the Tonto National Forest boundary; northwesterly along the Tonto National Forest boundary to the Salt River; northeasterly along the Salt River to the Verde River; northerly along the Verde River to the Tonto National Forest boundary; northwesterly along the Tonto National Forest boundary to Fig Springs Rd.; southwesterly on Fig Springs Rd. to New River Rd.; west on New River Rd. to I-17 (Exit 232); except Unit 25M and those portions that are sovereign tribal lands.

Unit 27 – Beginning at the New Mexico state line and AZ Hwy 78; southwest on AZ Hwy 78 to U.S. Hwy 191; north on U.S. Hwy 191 to Lower Eagle Creek Rd. (Pump Station Rd.); west on the Lower Eagle Creek Rd. (Pump Station Rd.) to Eagle Creek; north along Eagle Creek to the San Carlos Apache Indian Reservation boundary; north along the San Carlos Apache Indian Reservation boundary to Black River; northeast along Black River to the East Fork of Black River; northeast along the East Fork of Black River to Three Forks-Williams Valley-Alpine Rd. (FR 249); easterly along Three Forks-Williams Valley-Alpine Rd. to U.S. Hwy 180; southeast on

U.S. Hwy 180 to the New Mexico state line; south along the New Mexico state line to AZ Hwy 78.

Unit 28 – Beginning at I-10 and the New Mexico state line; north along the state line to AZ Hwy 78; southwest on AZ Hwy 78 to U.S. Hwy 191; northwest on U.S. Hwy 191 to Clifton; westerly on the Lower Eagle Creek Rd. (Pump Station Rd.) to Eagle Creek; northerly along Eagle Creek to the San Carlos Indian Reservation boundary; southerly and west along the reservation boundary to U.S. Hwy 70; southeast on U.S. Hwy 70 to U.S. Hwy 191; south on U.S. Hwy 191 to I-10 Exit 352; easterly on I-10 to the New Mexico state line.

Unit 29 – Beginning on I-10 at the New Mexico state line; westerly on I-10 to the Bowie-Apache Pass Rd.; southerly on the Bowie-Apache Pass Rd. to AZ Hwy 186; southeast on AZ Hwy 186 to AZ Hwy 181; south on AZ Hwy 181 to the West Turkey Creek-Kuykendall cutoff road; southerly on the Kuykendall cutoff road to Rucker Canyon Rd.; easterly on the Rucker Canyon Rd. to Tex Canyon Rd.; southerly on Tex Canyon Rd. to U.S. Hwy 80; northeast on U.S. Hwy 80 to the New Mexico state line; north along the state line to I-10.

Unit 30A – Beginning at the junction of the New Mexico state line and U.S. Hwy 80; south along the state line to the U.S.-Mexico border; west along the border to U.S. Hwy 191; northerly on U.S. Hwy 191 to I-10 Exit 331; northeasterly on I-10 to the Bowie-Apache Pass Rd.; southerly on the Bowie-Apache Pass Rd. to AZ Hwy 186; southeasterly on AZ Hwy 186 to AZ Hwy 181; south on AZ Hwy 181 to the West Turkey Creek - Kuykendall cutoff road; southerly on the Kuykendall cutoff road to Rucker Canyon Rd.; easterly on Rucker Canyon Rd. to the Tex Canyon Rd.; southerly on Tex Canyon Rd. to U.S. Hwy 80; northeast on U.S. Hwy 80 to the New Mexico state line.

Unit 30B – Beginning at U.S. Hwy 191 and the U.S.-Mexico border; west along the border to the San Pedro River; north along the San Pedro River to I-10; northeasterly on I-10 to U.S. Hwy 191; southerly on U.S. Hwy 191 to the U.S.-Mexico border.

Unit 31 – Beginning at Willcox Exit 340 on I-10; north on Fort Grant Rd. to Brookerson Rd.; north on Brookerson Rd. to Ash Creek Rd.; west on Ash Creek Rd. to Fort Grant Rd.; north on Fort Grant Rd. to Bonita; northerly on the Bonita-Klondyke Rd. to the junction with Aravaipa Creek; west along Aravaipa Creek to AZ Hwy 77; northerly along AZ Hwy 77 to the Gila River; northeast along the Gila River to the San Carlos Indian Reservation boundary; south then east and north along the reservation boundary to U.S. Hwy 70; southeast on U.S. Hwy 70 to U.S. Hwy 191; south on U.S. Hwy 191 to the 352 exit on I-10; southwest on I-10 to Exit 340.

Unit 32 – Beginning at Willcox Exit 340 on I-10; north on Fort Grant Rd. to Brookerson Rd.; north on Brookerson Rd. to Ash Creek Rd.; west on Ash Creek Rd. to Fort Grant Rd.; north on Fort Grant Rd. to Bonita; northerly on the Bonita-Klondyke Rd. to the junction with Aravaipa Creek; west along Aravaipa Creek to AZ Hwy 77; southerly along AZ Hwy 77 to the San Pedro River; southerly along the San Pedro River to I-10; northeast on I-10 to Willcox Exit 340.

Unit 33 – Beginning at Tangerine Rd. and AZ Hwy 77; north and northeast on AZ Hwy 77 to the San Pedro

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

River; southeast along the San Pedro River to I-10 at Benson; west on I-10 to Marsh Station Rd. (Exit 289); northwest on the Marsh Station Rd. to the Agua Verde Rd.; north on the Agua Verde Rd. to its terminus then north 1/2 mile to the Coronado National Forest boundary; north and west along the National Forest boundary; then west, north, and east along the Saguaro National Park boundary; continuing north and west along the Coronado National Forest boundary to the southern boundary of Catalina State Park; west along the southern boundary of Catalina State Park to AZ Hwy 77; north on AZ Hwy 77 to Tangerine Rd.

Unit 34A – Beginning in Nogales at I-19 and Grand Avenue (U.S. Highway 89); northeast on Grand Avenue (U.S. Hwy. 89) to AZ Hwy 82; northeast on AZ Hwy 82 to AZ Hwy 83; northerly on AZ Hwy 83 to the Sahuarita road alignment; west along the Sahuarita road alignment to I-19 Exit 75; south on I-19 to Grand Avenue (U.S. Hwy 89).

Unit 34B – Beginning at AZ Hwy 83 and I-10 Exit 281; easterly on I-10 to the San Pedro River; south along the San Pedro River to AZ Hwy 82; westerly on AZ Hwy 82 to AZ Hwy 83; northerly on AZ Hwy 83 to I-10 Exit 281.

Unit 35A – Beginning on the U.S.-Mexico border at the San Pedro River; west along the border to Lochiel Rd.; north on Lochiel Rd. to Patagonia San Rafael Rd.; north on the Patagonia San Rafael Rd. to San Rafael Valley-FS 58 Rd.; north on the San Rafael Valley-FS 58 Rd. to Christian Ln.; north on the Christian Ln. to Ranch Rd.; east and north on the Ranch Rd. to FR 799-Canelo Pass Rd.; northeasterly on the FR 799-Canelo Pass Rd. to AZ Hwy 83; northwesterly on the AZ Hwy 83 to Elgin Canelo Rd.; northeasterly on the Elgin-Canelo Rd. to Upper Elgin Rd.; north on the Upper Elgin Rd. to AZ Hwy 82; easterly on AZ Hwy 82 to the San Pedro River; south along the San Pedro River to the U.S.-Mexico border.

Unit 35B – Beginning at Grand Avenue (U.S. Hwy 89) at the U.S.-Mexico border in Nogales; east along the U.S.-Mexico border to Lochiel Rd.; north on the Lochiel Rd. to Patagonia San Rafael Rd.; north on the Patagonia San Rafael Rd. to San Rafael Valley-FS 58 Rd.; north on the San Rafael Valley-FS 58 Rd. to Christian Ln.; north on the Christian Ln. to Ranch Rd.; east and north on the Ranch Rd. to FR 799-Canelo Pass Rd.; northeasterly on FR 799-Canelo Pass Rd. to AZ Hwy 83; northwesterly on the AZ Hwy 83 to Elgin Canelo Rd.; north on the Elgin Canelo Rd. to Upper Elgin Rd.; north on the Upper Elgin Rd. to AZ Hwy 82; southwest on AZ Hwy 82 to Grand Avenue; southwest on Grand Avenue to the U.S.-Mexico border.

Unit 36A – Beginning at the junction of Sandario Rd. and AZ Hwy 86; southwest on AZ Hwy 86 to AZ Hwy 286; southerly on AZ Hwy 286 to the Arivaca-Sasabe Rd.; southeasterly on the Arivaca-Sasabe Rd. to the town of Arivaca; from the town of Arivaca northeasterly on the Arivaca Rd. to I-19; north on I-19 to the southern boundary of the San Xavier Indian Reservation boundary; westerly and northerly along the reservation boundary to the Sandario road alignment; north on Sandario Rd. to AZ Hwy 86.

Unit 36B – Beginning at I-19 and Grand Avenue (U.S. Hwy 89) in Nogales; southwest on Grand Avenue to the

U.S.-Mexico border; west along the U.S.-Mexico border to AZ Hwy 286; north on AZ Hwy 286 to the Arivaca-Sasabe Rd.; southeasterly on the Arivaca-Sasabe Rd. to the town of Arivaca; from the town of Arivaca northeasterly on the Arivaca Rd. to I-19; south on I-19 to Grand Avenue (U.S. Hwy 89).

Unit 36C – Beginning at the junction of AZ Hwy 86 and AZ Hwy 286; southerly on AZ Hwy 286 to the U.S.-Mexico border; westerly along the border to the east boundary of the Tohono O'odham (Papago) Indian Reservation; northerly along the reservation boundary to AZ Hwy 86; easterly on AZ Hwy 86 to AZ Hwy 286.

Unit 37A – Beginning at the junction of I-10 and Tangerine Rd. (Exit 240); southeast on I-10 to Avra Valley Rd. (Exit 242); west on Avra Valley Rd. to Sandario Rd.; south on Sandario Rd. to AZ Hwy 86; southwest on AZ Hwy 86 to the Tohono O'odham Nation boundary; north, east, and west along this boundary to Battaglia Rd.; east on Battaglia Rd. to Toltec Rd.; north on Toltec Rd. to I-10 (Exit 203); southeast on I-10 to AZ Hwy 87 (Exit 211); north on AZ Hwy 87 to AZ Hwy 287; east on AZ Hwy 287 to AZ Hwy 79 at Florence; southeast on AZ Hwy 79 to its junction with AZ Hwy 77; south on AZ Hwy 77 to Tangerine Rd.; west on Tangerine Rd. to I-10.

Unit 37B – Beginning at the junction of AZ Hwy 79 and AZ Hwy 77; northwest on AZ Hwy 79 to U.S. Hwy 60; east on U.S. Hwy 60 to AZ Hwy 177; southeast on AZ Hwy 177 to AZ Hwy 77; southeast and southwest on AZ Hwy 77 to AZ Hwy 79.

Unit 38M – Beginning at the junction of I-10 and Tangerine Rd. (Exit 240); southeast on I-10 to Avra Valley Rd. (Exit 242); west on Avra Valley Rd. to Sandario Rd.; south on Sandario Rd. to the San Xavier Indian Reservation boundary; south and east along the reservation boundary to I-19; south on I-19 to Sahuarita Rd. (Exit 75); east on Sahuarita Rd. to AZ Hwy 83; north on AZ Hwy 83 to I-10 (Exit 281); east on I-10 to Marsh Station Rd. (Exit 289); northwest on Marsh Station Rd. to the Agua Verde Rd.; north on the Agua Verde Rd. to its terminus, then north 1/2 mile to the Coronado National Forest boundary; north and west along the National Forest boundary, then west, north, and east along the Saguaro National Park boundary; continuing north and west along the Coronado National Forest boundary to the southern boundary of Catalina State Park; west along the southern boundary of Catalina State Park to AZ Hwy 77; north on AZ Hwy 77 to Tangerine Rd.; west on Tangerine Rd. to I-10.

Unit 39 – Beginning at AZ Hwy 85 and the Gila River; east along the Gila River to the western boundary of the Gila River Indian Community; southeasterly along this boundary to AZ Hwy 347 (John Wayne Parkway); south on AZ Hwy 347 (John Wayne Parkway) to AZ Hwy 84; east on AZ Hwy 84 to Stanfield; south on the Stanfield-Cocklebur Rd. to I-8; westerly on I-8 to Exit 87; northerly on the Agua Caliente Rd. to the Hyder Rd.; northeasterly on Hyder Rd. to 555th Ave.; north on 555th Ave. to Lahman Rd.; east on Lahman Rd., which becomes Agua Caliente Rd.; northeasterly on Agua Caliente Rd. to Old Hwy 80; northeasterly on Old Hwy 80 to Arizona Hwy 85; southerly on AZ Hwy 85 to the Gila River; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Tohono O'odham Nation and the Ak-Chin Indian Community.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Unit 40A – Beginning at Ajo; southeasterly on AZ Hwy 85 to Why; southeasterly on AZ Hwy 86 to the Tohono O’odham (Papago) Indian Reservation; northerly and easterly along the reservation boundary to the Cocklebur-Stanfield Rd.; north on the Cocklebur-Stanfield Rd. to I-8; westerly on I-8 to AZ Hwy 85; southerly on AZ Hwy 85 to Ajo.

Unit 40B – Beginning at Gila Bend; westerly on I-8 to the Colorado River; southerly along the Colorado River to the Mexican border at San Luis; southeasterly along the border to the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge; northerly, easterly and southerly around the refuge boundary to the Mexican border; southeast along the border to the Tohono O’odham (Papago) Indian Reservation; northerly along the reservation boundary to AZ Hwy 86; northwesterly on AZ Hwy 86 to AZ Hwy 85; north on AZ Hwy 85 to Gila Bend; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Cocopah Tribe.

Unit 41 – Beginning at I-8 and U.S. Hwy 95 (in Yuma); easterly on I-8 to exit 87; northerly on the Agua Caliente Rd. to the Hyder Rd.; northeasterly on Hyder Rd. to 555th Ave.; north on 555th Ave. to Lahman Rd.; east on Lahman Rd., which becomes Agua Caliente Rd.; northeasterly on Agua Caliente Rd. to Old Hwy 80; northeasterly on Old Hwy 80 to Arizona Hwy 85; northerly on AZ Hwy 85 to Oglesby Rd.; north on Oglesby Rd. to I-10; westerly on I-10 to Exit 45; southerly on Vicksburg-Kofa National Wildlife Refuge Rd. to the Refuge boundary; easterly, southerly, westerly, and northerly along the boundary to the Castle Dome Rd.; southwest on the Castle Dome Rd. to U.S. Hwy 95; southerly on U.S. Hwy 95 to I-8.

Unit 42 – Beginning at the junction of the Beardsley Canal and U.S. Hwy 93 (U.S. 89, U.S. 60); northwesterly on U.S. Hwy 93 to AZ Hwy 71; southwest on AZ Hwy 71 to U.S. Hwy 60; westerly on U.S. Hwy 60 to Aguila; south on the Eagle Eye Rd. to the Salome-Hassayampa Rd.; southeasterly on the Salome-Hassayampa Rd. to I-10 (Exit 81); easterly on I-10 to Jackrabbit Trail (Exit 121); north along Jackrabbit Trail to the Indian School road; east along Indian School Rd. to the Beardsley Canal; northeasterly along the Beardsley Canal to U.S. Hwy 93.

Unit 43A – Beginning at U.S. Hwy 95 and the Bill Williams River; west along the Bill Williams River to the Arizona-California state line; southerly to the south end of Cibola Lake; northerly and easterly on the Cibola Lake Rd. to U.S. Hwy 95; south on U.S. Hwy 95 to the Stone Cabin-King Valley Rd. (King Rd.); east along the Stone Cabin-King Valley Rd. (King Rd.) to the west boundary of the Kofa National Wildlife Refuge; northerly along the refuge boundary to the Crystal Hill Rd. (Blevens Rd.); northwesterly on the Crystal Hill Rd. (Blevens Rd.) to U.S. Hwy 95; northerly on U.S. Hwy 95 to the Bill Williams River; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Colorado River Indian Tribes.

Unit 43B – Beginning at the south end of Cibola Lake; southerly along the Arizona-California state line to I-8; southeasterly on I-8 to U.S. Hwy 95; easterly and northerly on U.S. Hwy 95 to the Castle Dome road; northeast on the Castle Dome Rd. to the Kofa National Wildlife Refuge boundary; north along the refuge boundary to the Stone Cabin-King Valley Rd. (King Rd.); west along the Stone Cabin-King Valley Rd. (King Rd.) to U.S. Hwy 95;

north on U.S. Hwy 95 to the Cibola Lake Rd.; west and south on the Cibola Lake Rd. to the south end of Cibola Lake; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Quechan Tribe.

Unit 44A – Beginning at U.S. Hwy 95 and the Bill Williams River; south along U.S. Hwy 95 to AZ Hwy 72; southeasterly on AZ Hwy 72 to Vicksburg; south on the Vicksburg-Kofa National Wildlife Refuge Rd. to I-10; easterly on I-10 to the Salome-Hassayampa Rd. (Exit 81); northwesterly on the Salome-Hassayampa Rd. to Eagle Eye Rd.; northeasterly on Eagle Eye Rd. to Aguila; east on U.S. Hwy 60 to AZ Hwy 71; northeasterly on AZ Hwy 71 to U.S. Hwy 93; northwesterly on U.S. Hwy 93 to the Santa Maria River; westerly along the Santa Maria and Bill Williams rivers to U.S. Hwy 95; except those portions that are sovereign tribal lands of the Colorado River Indian Tribes.

Unit 44B – Beginning at Quartzsite; south on U.S. Hwy 95 to the Crystal Hill Rd. (Blevens Rd.); east on the Crystal Hill Rd. (Blevens Rd.) to the Kofa National Wildlife Refuge; north and east along the refuge boundary to the Vicksburg-Kofa National Wildlife Refuge Rd.; north on the Vicksburg-Kofa National Wildlife Refuge Rd. to AZ Hwy 72; northwest on AZ Hwy 72 to U.S. Hwy 95; south on U.S. Hwy 95 to Quartzsite.

Unit 45A – Beginning at the junction of the Stone Cabin-King Valley Rd. (King Rd.) and Kofa National Wildlife Refuge boundary; east on the Stone Cabin-King Valley Rd. (King Rd.) to O-O Junction; north from O-O Junction on the Kofa Mine Rd. to the Evening Star Mine; north on a line over Polaris Mountain to Midwell-Alamo Spring-Kofa Cabin Rd. (Wilbanks Rd.); north on the Midwell-Alamo Spring-Kofa Cabin Rd. (Wilbanks Rd.) to the El Paso Natural Gas Pipeline Rd.; north on a line from the junction to the north boundary of the Kofa National Wildlife Refuge; west and south on the boundary line to Stone Cabin-King Valley Rd. (King Rd.).

Unit 45B – Beginning at O-O Junction; north from O-O Junction on the Kofa Mine Rd. to the Evening Star Mine; north on a line over Polaris Mountain to Midwell-Alamo Spring-Kofa Cabin Rd. (Wilbanks Rd.); north on the Midwell-Alamo Spring-Kofa Cabin Rd. (Wilbanks Rd.) to the El Paso Natural Gas Pipeline Rd.; north on a line from the junction to the north Kofa National Wildlife Refuge boundary; east to the east refuge boundary; south and west along the Kofa National Wildlife Refuge boundary to the Stone Cabin-King Valley Rd. (Wellton-Kofa Rd./Ave 40E); north and west on the Stone Cabin-King Valley Rd. (Wellton-Kofa Rd./Ave 40E) to O-O Junction.

Unit 46A – That portion of the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge east of the Yuma-Pima County line.

Unit 46B – That portion of the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge west of the Yuma-Pima County line.

#### Historical Note

Amended as an emergency effective April 10, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective March 5, 1976 (Supp. 76-2). Amended effective May 17, 1977 (Supp. 77-3). Amended effective September 7, 1978 (Supp. 78-5). Amended effective June 4, 1979 (Supp. 79-3). Former Section R12-4-10 renumbered as Section R12-4-108 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective February 4, 1993

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

(Supp. 93-1). Amended effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 1146, effective July 1, 2000 (Supp. 00-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 865, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 1458, effective January 1, 2013 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-109. Approved Trapping Education Course Fee**

Under A.R.S. § 17-333.02(A), the provider of an approved educational course of instruction in responsible trapping and environmental ethics may collect a fee from each participant that:

1. Is reasonable and commensurate for the course, and
2. Does not exceed \$25.

**Historical Note**

Amended as an emergency effective April 10, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Editorial correction paragraph (14) (Supp. 78-5). Former Section R12-4-11 renumbered as Section R12-4-109 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended by adding paragraphs (2) and (3) and renumbering former paragraphs (2) through (17) as paragraphs (4) through (19) effective May 12, 1982 (Supp. 82-3). Amended effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Section repealed by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective May 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-110. Posting and Access to State Land**

**A.** For the purpose of this Section:

1. "Corrals," "feed lots," or "holding pens" mean completely fenced areas used to contain livestock for purposes other than grazing.
2. "Existing road" means any maintained or unmaintained road, way, highway, trail, or path that has been used for motorized vehicular travel, and clearly shows or has a history of established vehicle use, and is not currently closed by the Commission.
3. "State lands" means all land owned or held in trust by the state that is managed by the State Land Department and lands that are owned or managed by the Game and Fish Commission.

**B.** In addition to the prohibition against posting prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-304, a person shall not lock a gate, construct a fence, place an obstacle, or otherwise commit an act that denies legally available access to or use of any existing road upon state lands by persons lawfully taking or retrieving wildlife or conducting any activities that are within the scope of and take place while lawfully hunting or fishing.

1. A person in violation of this Section shall take immediate corrective action to remove any lock, fence, or other obstacle unlawfully preventing access to state lands.
2. If immediate corrective action is not taken, a representative of the Department may remove any unlawful posting and remove any lock, fence, or other obstacle that unlawfully prevents access to state lands.
3. In addition, the Department may take appropriate legal action to recover expenses incurred in the removal of any unlawful posting or obstacle that prevented access to state land.

**C.** The provisions of this Section do not allow any person to trespass upon private land to gain access to any state land.

**D.** A person may post state lands as closed to hunting, fishing, or trapping without further action by the Commission when the state land is within one-quarter mile of any:

1. Occupied residence, cabin, lodge, or other building; or
2. Corrals, feed lots, or holding pens containing concentrations of livestock other than for grazing purposes.

**E.** The Commission may grant permission to lock, tear down, or remove a gate or close a road or trail that provides legally available access to state lands for persons lawfully taking wildlife or conducting any activities that are within the scope of and take place while lawfully hunting or fishing if access to such lands is provided by a reasonable alternate route.

1. Under R12-4-610, the Director may grant a permit to a state land lessee to temporarily lock a gate or close an existing road that provides access to state lands if the taking of wildlife will cause unreasonable interference during a critical livestock or commercial operation. This permit shall not exceed 30 days.
2. Applications for permits for more than 30 days shall be submitted to the Commission for approval.
3. If a permit is issued to temporarily close a road or gate, a copy of the permit shall be posted at the point of the closure during the period of the closure.

**F.** A person may post state lands other than those referenced under subsection (D) as closed to hunting, fishing, or trapping, provided the person has obtained a permit from the Commission authorizing the closure. A person possessing a permit authorizing the closure of state lands shall post signs in compliance with A.R.S. 17-304(C). The Commission may permit the closure of state land when it is necessary:

1. Because the taking of wildlife constitutes an unusual hazard to permitted users;
2. To prevent unreasonable destruction of plant life or habitat; or
3. For proper resource conservation, use, or protection, including but not limited to high fire danger, excessive interference with mineral development, developed agricultural land, or timber or livestock operations.

**G.** A person shall submit an application for posting state land to prohibit hunting, fishing, or trapping under subsection (F), or to close an existing road under subsection (E), as required under R12-4-610. If an application to close state land to hunting, fishing, or trapping is made by a person other than the state land lessee, the Department shall provide notice to the lessee and the State Land Commissioner before the Commission considers the application. The state land lessee or the State Land Commissioner shall file any objections with the Department, in writing, within 30 days after receipt of notice, after which the matter shall be submitted to the Commission for determination.

**H.** A person may use a vehicle on or off a road to pick up lawfully taken big game animals.

**I.** The closing of state land to hunting, fishing, or trapping shall not restrict any other permitted use of the land.

**J.** State trust land may be posted with signs that read "State Land No Trespassing," but such posting shall not prohibit access to such land by any person lawfully taking or retrieving wildlife or conducting any activities that are within the scope of and take place while lawfully hunting or fishing.

**K.** When hunting, fishing, or trapping on state land, a license holder shall not:

1. Break or remove any lock or cut any fence to gain access to state land;
2. Open and not immediately close a gate;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

3. Intentionally or wantonly destroy, deface, injure, remove, or disturb any building, sign, equipment, marker, or other property;
  4. Harvest or remove any vegetative or mineral resources or object of archaeological, historic, or scientific interest;
  5. Appropriate, mutilate, deface, or destroy any natural feature, object of natural beauty, antiquity, or other public or private property;
  6. Dig, remove, or destroy any tree or shrub;
  7. Gather or collect renewable or non-renewable resources for the purpose of sale or barter unless specifically permitted or authorized by law;
  8. Frighten or chase domestic livestock or wildlife, or endanger the lives or safety of others when using a motorized vehicle or other means; or
  9. Operate a motor vehicle off road or on any road closed to the public by the Commission or landowner, except to retrieve a lawfully taken big game animal.
1. Upon surrender of the condemned wildlife, the Department shall provide to the person written authorization allowing the person to purchase a duplicate hunt permit- or nonpermit-tag.
  2. The person may purchase a duplicate tag from any Department office or license dealer where the permit-tag is available.
- D.** If the duplicate tag is issued by a license dealer, the license dealer shall forward the written authorization to the Department with the report required under R12-4-105(K).

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-04 renumbered as Section R12-4-112 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective June 1, 1977 (Supp. 77-3). Editorial correction subsection (F) (Supp. 78-5). Former Section R12-4-13 renumbered as Section R12-4-110 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-111. Identification Number**

A person applying for a Department identification number, as defined under R12-4-101, shall provide the person's:

1. Full name,
2. Any additional names the person has lawfully used in the past or is known by,
3. Date of birth, and
4. Mailing address.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective April 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-2). Former Section R12-4-05 renumbered as Section R12-4-111 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Section R12-4-111 repealed effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). New Section adopted effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-112. Diseased, Injured, or Chemically-immobilized Wildlife**

- A.** A person who lawfully takes and possesses wildlife believed to be diseased, injured, or chemically-immobilized may request an inspection of the wildlife carcass provided:
1. The wildlife was lawfully taken and possessed under a valid hunt permit- or nonpermit-tag, and
  2. The person who took the wildlife did not create the condition.
- B.** The Department, after inspection, may condemn the carcass if it is determined the wildlife is unfit for human consumption. The Department shall condemn chemically-immobilized wildlife only when the wildlife was taken during the immobilizing drug's established withdrawal period.
- C.** The person shall surrender the entire condemned wildlife carcass and any parts thereof to the Department.

**R12-4-113. Small Game Depredation Permit**

- A.** The Department shall issue a small game depredation permit authorizing the take of small game and the allowable methods of take only after the Department has determined all other remedies prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-239(A), (B), and (C) have been exhausted and the take of the small game is necessary to alleviate the property damage. A small game depredation permit is:

1. A complimentary permit.
2. Not valid for the take of migratory birds unless the permit holder:
  - a. Obtains and possesses a federal special purpose permit under 50 C.F.R. 21.41, revised October 1, 2014, which is incorporated by reference; or
  - b. Is exempt from permitting requirements under 50 C.F.R. 21.43, revised October 1, 2014, which is incorporated by reference;
  - c. For subsections (A)(2)(a) and (b), the incorporated material is available at any Department office, online at [www.gpoaccess.gov](http://www.gpoaccess.gov), or it may be ordered from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000. This incorporation by reference does not include any later amendments or editions of the incorporated material.

- B.** A person desiring a small game depredation permit shall submit to the Department an application requesting the permit. The application form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The person shall provide all of the following information on the form:

1. Full name or, when submitted by a municipality, the name of the agency and agency contact;
2. Mailing address;
3. Telephone number or, when submitted by a municipality, agency contact number;
4. E-mail address, when available, or, when submitted by a municipality, agency contact e-mail address;
5. Description of property damage suffered;
6. Species of animal causing the property damage; and
7. Area the permit would be valid for.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective August 5, 1976 (Supp. 76-4). Former Section R12-4-12 renumbered as Section R12-4-113 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended as an emergency effective September 20, 1985, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1003, valid for only 90 days

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

(Supp. 85-5). Amended effective May 5, 1986 (Supp. 86-3). Section R12-4-113 repealed, new Section R12-4-113 adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-114. Issuance of Nonpermit-tags and Hunt Permit-tags**

- A.** The Department provides numbered tags for sale to the public. The Department shall ensure each tag:
1. Includes a transportation and shipping permit as prescribed under A.R.S. §§ 17-332 and 17-371, and
  2. Clearly identifies the animal for which the tag is valid.
- B.** If the Commission establishes a big game season for which a hunt number is not assigned, the Department or its authorized agent, or both, shall sell nonpermit-tags.
1. A person purchasing a nonpermit-tag shall provide all of the following information to a Department office or license dealer at the time of purchase; the applicant's:
    - a. Name,
    - b. Mailing address, and
    - c. Department identification number.
  2. An applicant shall not obtain nonpermit-tags in excess of the bag limit established by Commission Order when it established the season for which the nonpermit-tags are valid.
- C.** If the number of hunt permits for a species in a particular hunt area must be limited, a Commission Order establishes a hunt number for that hunt area and a hunt permit-tag is required to take the species in that hunt area.
1. A person applying for a hunt permit-tag shall submit an application as described under R12-4-104.
  2. The Department shall determine whether a hunt permit-tag will be issued to an applicant as follows:
    - a. The Department shall reserve a maximum of 20% of the hunt permit-tags for each hunt number, except as established under subsection (C)(2)(b), for antelope, bear, deer, elk, javelina, and turkey and reserve a maximum of 20% of the hunt permit-tags for all hunt numbers combined statewide for bighorn sheep and buffalo to issue to persons who have bonus points and shall issue the hunt permit-tags as established under subsection (C)(2)(c).
    - b. For antelope, bear, deer, elk, javelina, and turkey, the Department shall reserve one hunt permit-tag for any hunt number with fewer than five, but more than one, hunt permit-tags and shall issue the tag as established under subsection (C)(2)(c). When this occurs, the Department shall adjust the number of available hunt permit-tags in order to ensure the total number of hunt permit-tags available does not exceed the 20% maximum specified in subsection (C)(2)(a).
    - c. The Department shall issue the reserved hunt permit-tags for hunt numbers that eligible applicants designate as their first or second choices. The Department shall issue the reserved hunt permit-tags by random selection:
      - i. First, to eligible applicants with the highest number of bonus points for that genus;
      - ii. Next, if there are reserved hunt permit-tags remaining, to eligible applicants with the next highest number of bonus points for that genus; and
      - iii. If there are still tags remaining, to the next eligible applicants with the next highest number of bonus points; continuing in the same manner until all of the reserved tags have been issued or until there are no more applicants for that hunt number who have bonus points.
- D.** A person may purchase hunt permit-tags equal to the bag limit for a genus.
1. A person shall not exceed the established bag limit for that genus.
  2. A person shall not apply for any additional hunt-permit-tags if the person has reached the bag limit for that genus during the same calendar year.
  3. A person who surrenders a tag in compliance with R12-4-118 is eligible to apply for another hunt permit-tag for the same genus during the same calendar year, provided the person has not reached the bag limit for that genus.
- E.** The Department shall make available to nonresidents:
1. For bighorn sheep and buffalo, no more than one hunt permit-tag or 10% of the total hunt permit-tags, whichever is greater, for bighorn sheep or buffalo in any computer draw. The Department shall not make available more than 50% nor more than two bighorn sheep or buffalo hunt permit-tags of the total in any hunt number.
  2. For antelope, antlered deer, bull elk, or turkey, no more than 10%, rounded down to the next lowest number, of the total hunt permit-tags in any hunt number. If a hunt number for antelope, antlered deer, bull elk, or turkey has 10 or fewer hunt permit-tags, no more than one hunt permit-tag will be made available unless the hunt number has only one hunt permit-tag, then that tag shall only be available to a resident.
- F.** The Commission may, at a public meeting, increase the number of hunt permit-tags issued to nonresidents in a computer draw when necessary to meet management objectives.
- G.** The Department shall not issue under subsection (C)(2)(c), more than half of the hunt permit-tags made available to nonresidents under subsection (E).
- H.** A nonresident cap established under this Section applies only to hunt permit-tags issued by computer draw under subsections (C)(2)(c) and (d).

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended effective January 1, 1997; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 610, effective April 6, 2003 (Supp. 03-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1183, effective May 2, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-115. Restricted Nonpermit-Tags; Supplemental Hunts and Hunter Pool**

A. For the purposes of this Section, the following definitions apply:

“Companion tag” means a restricted nonpermit-tag valid for a supplemental hunt prescribed by Commission Order that exactly matches the season dates and open areas of another big game hunt, for which a hunt number is assigned and hunt permit-tags are issued through the computer draw.

“Emergency season” means a season established for reasons constituting an immediate threat to the health, safety or management of wildlife or its habitat, or public health or safety.

“Management objectives” means goals, recommendations, or guidelines contained in Department or Commission-approved wildlife management plans, which include hunt guidelines, operational plans, or hunt recommendations;

“Hunter pool” means all persons who have submitted an application for a supplemental hunt.

“Restricted nonpermit-tag” means a permit limited to a season for a supplemental hunt established by the Commission for the following purposes:

Take of depredating wildlife as authorized under A.R.S. § 17-239;

Take of wildlife under an Emergency Season; or

Take of wildlife under a population management hunt if the Commission has prescribed nonpermit-tags by Commission Order for the purpose of meeting management objectives because regular seasons are not, have not been, or will not be sufficient or effective to achieve management objectives.

- B. The Commission shall, by Commission Order, open a season or seasons and prescribe a maximum number of restricted nonpermit-tags to be made available under this Section.
- C. The Department shall implement a population management hunt under the open season or seasons established under subsection (B) if the Department determines the:
1. Regular seasons have not met or will not meet management objectives;
  2. Take of wildlife is necessary to meet management objectives; and
  3. Issuance of a specific number of restricted nonpermit-tags is likely to meet management objectives.

- D. To implement a population management hunt established by Commission Order, the Department shall:
1. Select season dates, within the range of dates listed in the Commission Order;
  2. Select specific hunt areas, within the range of hunt areas listed in the Commission Order;
  3. Select the legal animal that may be taken from the list of legal animals identified in the Commission Order;
  4. Determine the number of restricted nonpermit-tags that will be issued from the maximum number of tags authorized in the Commission Order.
    - a. The Department shall not issue more restricted nonpermit-tags than the maximum number prescribed by Commission Order.
    - b. A restricted nonpermit-tag is valid only for the supplemental hunt for which it is issued.
- E. The provisions of R12-4-104, R12-4-107, R12-4-114, and R12-4-609 do not apply to a supplemental hunt.
- F. If the Department anticipates the normal fee structure will not generate adequate participation, then the Department may reduce restricted nonpermit-tag fees up to 75%, as authorized under A.R.S. § 17-239(D).
- G. A supplemental hunt application submitted in accordance with this Section does not invalidate any other application submitted by the person for a hunt permit-tag.
  1. The Department shall not accept a group application, as defined under R12-4-104, for a restricted nonpermit-tag.
  2. An applicant shall not apply for or obtain a restricted nonpermit-tag to take wildlife in excess of the bag limit established by Commission Order.
  3. The issuance of a restricted nonpermit-tag does not authorize a person to exceed the bag limit established by Commission Order.
- H. To participate in a supplemental hunt, a person shall:
  1. Obtain a restricted nonpermit-tag as prescribed under this Section, and
  2. Possess a valid hunting license. If the applicant does not possess a valid license or the license will expire before the supplemental hunt, the applicant shall purchase an appropriate license.
- I. The Department or its authorized agent shall maintain a hunter pool for supplemental hunts other than companion tag hunts.
  1. The Department shall purge and renew the hunter pool on an annual basis.
  2. An applicant for a restricted nonpermit-tag under this subsection shall submit a hunt permit-tag application to the Department. The application is available at any Department office, an authorized agent, or online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application:
    - a. The applicant's:
      - i. Name,
      - ii. Mailing address,
      - iii. Number of years of residency immediately preceding application,
      - iv. Date of birth, and
      - v. Daytime and evening telephone numbers,
    - b. The species that the applicant would like to hunt, if selected,
    - c. The applicant's hunting license number.
  3. In addition to the requirements established under subsection (I)(2), at the time of application the applicant shall submit the application fee required under R12-4-102.
  4. When issuing a restricted nonpermit-tag, the Department or its authorized agent shall randomly select applicants from the hunter pool.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- a. The Department or its authorized agent shall attempt to contact each randomly-selected applicant by telephone at least three times within a 24-hour period.
  - b. If an applicant cannot be contacted or is unable to participate in the supplemental hunt, the Department or its authorized agent shall return the application to the hunter pool and draw another application.
  - c. In compliance with subsection (D)(4), the Department or its authorized agent shall select no more applications after the number of restricted nonpermit-tags established by Commission Order are issued.
5. The Department shall reserve a restricted nonpermit-tag for an applicant only for the period specified by the Department when contact is made with the applicant. If an applicant fails to purchase the nonpermit-tag within the specified period, the Department or its authorized agent shall:
    - a. Remove the person's application from the hunter pool, and
    - b. Offer that restricted nonpermit-tag to another person whose application is drawn from the hunter pool as established under this Section.
  6. A person who participates in a supplemental hunt through the hunter pool shall be removed from the supplemental hunter pool for the genus for which the person participated. A hunter pool applicant who is selected and who wishes to participate in a supplemental hunt shall submit the following to the Department to obtain a restricted nonpermit-tag:
    - a. The fee for the tag as established under R12-4-102 or subsection (F) if the fee has been reduced, and
    - b. The applicant's hunting license number. The applicant shall possess an appropriate license that is valid at the time of the supplemental hunt. The applicant shall purchase a license at the time of application when:
      - i. The applicant does not possess a valid license, or
      - ii. The applicant's license will expire before the supplemental hunt.
  7. A person who participates in a supplemental hunt shall not reapply for the hunter pool for that genus until the hunter pool is renewed.
- J.** The Department shall only make a companion tag available to a person who possesses a matching hunt permit-tag and not a person from the hunter pool. Authorization to issue a companion tag occurs when the Commission establishes a hunt in Commission Order under subsection (B).
1. The requirements of subsection (D) are not applicable to a companion tag issued under this subsection.
  2. To obtain a companion tag under this subsection, an applicant shall submit a hunt permit-tag application to the Department. The application is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application, the applicant's:
    - a. Name,
    - b. Mailing address,
    - c. Department identification number, and
    - d. Hunt permit-tag number, to include the hunt number and permit number, corresponding with the season dates and open areas of the supplemental hunt.
  3. In addition to the requirements established under subsection (J)(2), at the time of application the applicant shall:
    - a. Provide verification that the applicant lawfully obtained the hunt permit-tag for the hunt described under this subsection by presenting the hunt permit-tag to a Department office for verification, and
    - b. Submit all applicable fees required under R12-4-102.
- Historical Note**
- Adopted effective June 13, 1977 (Supp. 77-3). Former Section R12-4-14 renumbered as Section R12-4-115 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-115 renumbered as Section R12-4-607 without change effective December 22, 1987 (Supp. 87-4). New Section R12-4-115 adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 610, effective April 6, 2003 (Supp. 03-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 991, effective April 2, 2005; amended by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1177, effective May 2, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-116. Reward Payments**
- A.** Subject to the restrictions prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-315, a person may claim a reward from the Department when the person provides information that leads to an arrest through the Operation Game Thief Program. The person who reports the unlawful activity will then become eligible to receive a reward as established under subsections (C) and (D), provided funds are available in the Wildlife Theft Prevention Fund and:
    1. The person who reported the violation provides the Operation Game Thief control number issued by Department law enforcement personnel, as established under subsection (B);
    2. The information provided relates to a violation of any provisions of A.R.S. Title 17, A.A.C. Title 12, Chapter 4, or federal wildlife laws enforced by and under the jurisdiction of the Department, but not on Indian Reservations;
    3. The person did not first provide information during a criminal investigation or judicial proceeding; and
    4. The person who reports the violation is not:
      - a. The person who committed the violation,
      - b. A peace officer,
      - c. A Department employee, or
      - d. An immediate family member of a Department employee.
  - B.** The Department shall inform the person providing information regarding a wildlife violation of the procedure for claiming a reward if the information results in an arrest. The Department shall also provide the person with the control number assigned to the reported violation.
  - C.** Reward payments for information that results in an arrest for the reported violation are as follows:
    1. For cases that involve antelope, eagles, bear, bighorn sheep, buffalo, deer, elk, javelina, mountain lion, turkey, or endangered or threatened wildlife as defined under R12-4-401, \$500;
    2. For cases that involve wildlife that are not listed under subsection (C)(1), a minimum of \$50, not to exceed \$150, except for additional amounts authorized under subsection (C)(3); and
    3. For cases that involve any wildlife, an additional \$1,000 may be made available based on:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- a. The value of the information;
  - b. The unusual value of the wildlife;
  - c. The number of individual animals taken;
  - d. Whether or not the person who committed the unlawful act was arrested for commercialization of wildlife; and
  - e. Whether or not the person who committed the unlawful act is a repeat offender.
- D.** If more than one person independently provides information or evidence that leads to an arrest for a violation, the Department may divide the reward payment among the persons who provided the information if the total amount of the reward payment does not exceed the maximum amount of a monetary reward established under subsections (C) or (E);
- E.** Notwithstanding subsection (C), the Department may offer and pay a reward up to the minimum civil damage value of the wildlife unlawfully taken, wounded or killed, or unlawfully possessed as prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-314, if the Department believes that an enhanced reward offer is merited due to the specific circumstances of the case.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective January 10, 1979 (Supp. 79-1). Former Section R12-4-15 renumbered as Section R12-4-116 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective December 18, 1985 (Supp. 85-6). Section R12-4-116 repealed, new Section R12-4-116 adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-117. Indian Reservations**

A state license, permit, or tag is not required to hunt or fish on any Indian reservation in this State. Wildlife lawfully taken on an Indian reservation may be transported or processed anywhere in the State if it can be identified as to species and legality as provided in A.R.S. § 17-309(A)(19). All wildlife transported anywhere in this State is subject to inspection under the provisions of A.R.S. § 17-211(E)(4).

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-02 renumbered as Section R12-4-117 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-117 repealed, new Section R12-4-117 adopted effective April 10, 1984 (Supp. 84-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-118. Hunt Permit-tag Surrender**

- A.** The Commission authorizes the Department to implement a tag surrender program if the Director finds:
- 1. The Department has the administrative capacity to implement the program;
  - 2. There is public interest in such a program; or
  - 3. The tag surrender program is likely to meet the Department's revenue objectives.
- B.** The tag surrender program is limited to a person who has a valid and active membership in a Department membership program.
- 1. The Department may establish a membership program that offers a person various products and services.
  - 2. The Department may establish different membership levels based on the type of products and services offered and set prices for each level.
    - a. The lowest membership level may include the option to surrender one hunt permit-tag during the membership period.
    - b. A higher membership level may include the option to surrender more than one hunt permit-tag during the membership period.
  - 3. The Department may establish terms and conditions for the membership program in addition to the following:
    - a. Products and services to be included with each membership level.
    - b. Membership enrollment is available online only and requires a person to create a portal account.
    - c. Membership is not transferable.
    - d. No refund shall be made for the purchase of a membership, unless an internal processing error resulted in the collection of erroneous fees.
- C.** The tag surrender program is restricted to the surrender of an original, unused hunt permit-tag obtained through a computer draw.
- 1. A person must have a valid and active membership in the Department's membership program with at least one unredeemed tag surrender that was valid:
    - a. On the application deadline date for the computer draw in which the hunt permit-tag being surrendered was drawn, and
    - b. At the time of tag surrender.
  - 2. A person who chooses to surrender an original, unused hunt permit-tag shall do so prior to the close of business the day before the hunt begins for which the tag is valid.
  - 3. A person may surrender an unused hunt permit-tag for a specific species only once before any bonus points accrued for that species must be expended.
- D.** To surrender an original, unused hunt permit-tag, a person shall comply with all of the following conditions:
- 1. A person shall submit a completed application form to any Department office. The application form is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application form:
    - a. The applicant's:
      - i. Name,
      - ii. Mailing address,
      - iii. Department identification number,
      - iv. Membership number,
    - b. Applicable hunt number,
    - c. Applicable hunt permit-tag number, and
    - d. Any other information required by the Department.
  - 2. A person shall surrender the original, unused hunt permit-tag as required under subsection (C) in the manner described by the Department as indicated on the application form.
- E.** Upon receipt of an original, unused hunt permit-tag surrendered in compliance with this Section, the Department shall:
- 1. Restore the person's bonus points that were expended for the surrendered tag, and
  - 2. Award the bonus point the person would have accrued had the person been unsuccessful in the computer draw for the surrendered tag.
  - 3. Not refund any fees the person paid for the surrendered tag, as prohibited under A.R.S. § 17-332(E).
- F.** The Department may, at its sole discretion, re-issue or destroy the surrendered original, unused hunt permit-tag. When re-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

issuing a tag, the Department may use any of the following methods in no order of preference:

1. Re-issuing the surrendered tag, beginning with the highest membership level in the Department's membership program, to a person who has a valid and active membership in that membership level and who would have been next to receive a tag for that hunt number, as evidenced by the random numbers assigned during the Department's computer draw process;
  2. Re-issuing the surrendered tag to a person who has a valid and active membership in any tier of the Department's membership program with a tag surrender option and who would have been next to receive a tag for that hunt number, as evidenced by the random numbers assigned during the Department's computer draw process;
  3. Re-issuing the surrendered tag to an eligible person who would have been next to receive a tag for that hunt number, as evidenced by the random numbers assigned during the Department's computer draw process; or
  4. Offering the surrendered tag through the first-come, first-served process.
- G.** For subsections (F)(1), (2), and (3); if the Department cannot contact a person qualified to receive a tag or the person declines to purchase the surrendered tag, the Department shall make a reasonable attempt to contact and offer the surrendered tag to the next person qualified to receive a tag for that hunt number based on the assigned random number during the Department's computer draw process. This process will continue until the surrendered tag is either purchased or the number of persons qualified is exhausted. For purposes of subsections (G) and (H), the term "qualified" means a person who satisfies the conditions for re-issuing a surrendered tag as provided under the selected re-issuing method.
- H.** When the re-issuance of a surrendered tag involves a group application and one or more members of the group is qualified under the particular method for re-issuing the surrendered tag, the Department shall offer the surrendered tag first to the applicant designated "A" if qualified to receive a surrendered tag.
1. If applicant "A" chooses not to purchase the surrendered tag or is not qualified, the Department shall offer the surrendered tag to the applicant designated "B" if qualified to receive a surrendered tag.
  2. This process shall continue with applicants "C" and then "D" until the surrendered tag is either purchased or all qualified members of the group application choose not to purchase the surrendered tag.
- I.** A person who receives a surrendered tag shall submit the applicable tag fee as established under R12-4-102 and provide their valid hunting license number.
1. A person receiving the surrendered tag as established under subsections (F)(1), (2), and (3) shall expend all bonus points accrued for that genus, except any accrued Hunter Education and loyalty bonus points.
  2. The applicant shall possess a valid hunting license at the time of purchasing the surrendered tag and at the time of the hunt for which the surrendered tag is valid. If the person does not possess a valid license at the time the surrendered tag is offered, the applicant shall purchase a license in compliance with R12-4-104.
  3. The issuance of a surrendered tag does not authorize a person to exceed the bag limit established by Commission Order.

4. It is unlawful for a person to purchase a surrendered tag when the person has reached the bag limit for that genus during the same calendar year.

- J.** A person is not eligible to petition the Commission under R12-4-611 for reinstatement of any expended bonus points, except as authorized under R12-4-107(M).
- K.** For the purposes of this Section and R12-4-121, "valid and active membership" means a paid and unexpired membership in any level of the Department's membership program.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 8, 1983 (Supp. 83-2). Section R12-4-118 repealed effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). New Section made by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-119. Arizona Game and Fish Department Reserve**

- A.** The Commission shall establish an Arizona Game and Fish Department Reserve under A.R.S. § 17-214, consisting of commissioned reserve officers and noncommissioned reserve volunteers.
- B.** Commissioned reserve officers shall:
1. Meet and maintain the minimum qualifications and training requirements necessary for peace officer certification by the Arizona Peace Officer Standards and Training Board as prescribed under 13 A.A.C. 4, and
  2. Assist with wildlife enforcement patrols, boating enforcement patrols, off-highway vehicle enforcement patrols, special investigations, and other enforcement and related non-enforcement duties as the Director designates.
- C.** Noncommissioned reserve volunteers shall:
1. Meet qualifications that the Director determines are related to the services to be performed by the volunteer and the success or safety of the program mission, and
  2. Perform any non-enforcement duties designated by the Director for the purposes of conservation and education to maximize paid staff time.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective September 29, 1983 (Supp. 83-5). Section R12-4-119 repealed, new Section R12-4-119 adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 1702, effective March 11, 2002 (Supp. 02-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-120. Issuance, Sale, and Transfer of Special Big Game License-tags**

- A.** An incorporated nonprofit organization that is tax exempt under section 501(c) seeking special big game license-tags as authorized under A.R.S. § 17-346 shall submit a proposal to the Director of the Arizona Game and Fish Department from March 1 through May 31 preceding the year when the tags may be legally used. The proposal shall include all of the following information for each member of the organization coordinating the proposal:
1. The name of the organization making the proposal and the:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. E-mail address, when available; and
    - d. Telephone number;
  2. Organization's previous involvement with wildlife management;
  3. Organization's conservation objectives;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

4. Number of special big game license-tags and the species requested;
  5. Purpose to be served by the issuance of these tags;
  6. Method or methods by which the tags will be marketed and sold;
  7. Proposed fund raising plan;
  8. Estimated amount of money to be raised and the rationale for that estimate;
  9. Any special needs or particulars relevant to the marketing of the tags;
  10. A copy of the organization's articles of incorporation and evidence that the organization has tax-exempt status under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, unless a current and correct copy is already on file with the Department;
  11. Statement that the person or organization submitting the proposal agrees to the conditions established under A.R.S. § 17-346 and this Section;
  12. Printed name and signature of the president and secretary-treasurer of the organization or their equivalent; and
  13. Date of signing.
- B.** The Director shall return to the organization any proposal that does not comply with the requirements established under A.R.S. § 17-346 and this Section. Because proposals are reviewed for compliance after the May 31 deadline, an organization that receives a returned proposal cannot resubmit a corrected proposal, but may submit a proposal that complies with the requirements established under A.R.S. § 17-346 and this Section the following year.
- C.** The Director shall submit all timely and valid proposals to the Commission for consideration.
1. In selecting an organization, the Commission shall consider the:
    - a. Written proposal;
    - b. Proposed uses for tag proceeds;
    - c. Qualifications of the organization as a fund raiser;
    - d. Proposed fund raising plan;
    - e. Organization's previous involvement with wildlife management; and
    - f. Organization's conservation objectives.
  2. The Commission may accept any proposal in whole or in part and may reject any proposal if it is in the best interest of wildlife to do so.
  3. Commission approval and issuance of any special big game license-tag is contingent upon compliance with this Section.
- D.** A successful organization shall agree in writing to all of the following:
1. To underwrite all promotional and administrative costs to sell and transfer each special big game license-tag;
  2. To transfer all proceeds to the Department within 90 days of the date that the organization sells or awards the tag;
  3. To sell and transfer each special big game license-tag as described in the proposal; and
  4. To provide the Department with the name, address, and physical description of each person to whom a special big game license-tag is transferred.
- E.** The Department and the successful organization shall coordinate on:
1. The specific projects or purposes identified in the proposal;
  2. The arrangements for the deposit of the proceeds, the accounting procedures, and final audit; and
  3. The dates when the wildlife project or purpose will be accomplished.
- F.** The Department shall dedicate all proceeds generated by the sale or transfer of a special big game license-tag to the management of the species for which the tag was issued.
- a. A special license-tag shall not be issued until the Department receives all proceeds from the sale of license-tags.
  - b. The Department shall not refund proceeds.
- G.** A special big game license-tag is valid only for the person named on the tag, for the season dates on the tag, and for the species for which the tag was issued.
1. A hunting license is not required for the tag to be valid.
  2. Possession of a special big game license-tag shall not invalidate any other big game tag or application for any other big game tag.
  3. Wildlife taken under the authority of a special big game license-tag shall not count towards the established bag limit for that species.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective September 22, 1983 (Supp. 83-5). Amended effective April 7, 1987 (Supp. 87-2). Correction, balance of language in subsection (I) is deleted as certified effective April 7, 1987 (Supp. 87-4). Amended effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-121. Big Game Tag Transfer****A.** For the purposes of this Section:

"Authorized nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit organization approved by the Department to receive donated unused tags.

"Unused tag" means a big game hunt permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or special license tag that has not been attached to any animal.

- B.** A parent, grandparent, or guardian issued a big game hunt permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or special license tag may transfer the unused tag to the parent's, grandparent's, or guardian's minor child or grandchild.
1. A parent, grandparent, or guardian issued a tag may transfer the unused tag to a minor child or grandchild at any time prior to the end of the season for which the unused tag was issued.
  2. A parent, grandparent, or guardian may transfer the unused tag by providing all of the following documentation in person at any Department office:
    - a. Proof of ownership of the unused tag to be transferred,
    - b. The unused tag, and
    - c. The minor's valid hunting license.
  3. If a parent, grandparent, or legal guardian is deceased, the personal representative of the person's estate may transfer an unused tag to an eligible minor. The person acting as the personal representative shall present:
    - a. The deceased person's death certificate, and
    - b. Proof of the person's authority to act as the personal representative of the deceased person's estate.
  4. To be eligible to receive an unused tag from a parent, grandparent, or legal guardian, the minor child shall meet the criteria established under subsection (D).
  5. A minor child or grandchild receiving an unused tag from a parent, grandparent, or legal guardian shall be accompanied into the field by any grandparent, parent, or legal guardian of the minor child.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- C. A person issued a tag or the person's legal representative may donate the unused tag to an authorized nonprofit organization for use by a minor child with a life threatening medical condition or permanent physical disability or a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States with a service-connected disability.
1. The person or legal representative who donates the unused tag shall provide the authorized nonprofit organization with a written statement indicating the unused tag is voluntarily donated to the organization.
  2. An authorized nonprofit organization receiving a donated tag under this subsection may transfer the unused tag to an eligible minor child or veteran by contacting any Department office.
    - a. To obtain a transfer, the nonprofit organization shall:
      - i. Provide proof of donation of the unused tag to be transferred;
      - ii. Provide the unused tag;
      - iii. Provide proof of the minor child's or veteran's valid hunting license.
    - b. To be eligible to receive a donated unused tag from an authorized nonprofit organization, a minor child shall meet the criteria established under subsection (D).
  3. A person who donates an original, unused hunt permit-tag issued in a computer drawing to an authorized nonprofit organization may submit a request to the Department for the reinstatement of the bonus points expended for that unused tag, provided all of the following conditions are met:
    - a. The person has a valid and active membership in the Department's membership program with at least one unredeemed tag surrender on the application deadline date, for the computer draw in which the hunt permit-tag being surrendered was drawn, and at the time of tag surrender.
    - b. The person submits a completed application form as described under R12-4-118;
    - c. The person provides acceptable proof to the Department that the tag was transferred to an authorized nonprofit organization; and
    - d. The person submits the request to the Department:
      - i. No later than 60 days after the date on which the tag was donated to an authorized nonprofit organization; and
      - ii. No less than 30 days prior to the computer draw application deadline for that genus, as specified in the hunt permit-tag application schedule.
- D. To receive an unused tag authorized under subsections (B) or (C), an eligible minor child shall meet the following criteria:
1. Possess a valid hunting license,
  2. Has not reached the applicable annual or lifetime bag limit for that genus, and
  3. Is 10 to 17 years of age on the date of the transfer. A minor child under the age of 14 shall have satisfactorily completed a Department-sanctioned hunter education course before the beginning date of the hunt.
- E. To receive an unused tag authorized under subsection (C), an eligible veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States with a service-connected disability shall meet the following criteria:
1. Possess a valid hunting license, and
  2. Has not reached the applicable annual or lifetime bag limit for that genus.
- F. A nonprofit organization is eligible to apply for authorization to receive a donated unused tag, provided the nonprofit organization:
1. Is qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, and
  2. Affords opportunities and experiences to:
    - a. Children with life-threatening medical conditions or physical disabilities, or
    - b. Veterans with service-connected disabilities.
  3. This authorization is valid for a period of one-year, unless revoked by the Department for noncompliance with the requirements established under A.R.S. § 17-332 or this Section.
  4. A nonprofit organization shall apply for authorization by submitting an application to any Department office. The application form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office. A nonprofit organization shall provide all of the following information on the application:
    - a. Nonprofit organization's information:
      - i. Name,
      - ii. Physical address,
      - iii. Telephone number;
    - b. Contact information for the person responsible for ensuring compliance with this Section:
      - i. Name,
      - ii. Address,
      - iii. Telephone number;
    - c. Signature of the president and secretary-treasurer of the organization or their equivalents; and
    - d. Date of signing.
  5. In addition to the application, a nonprofit organization shall provide all of the following:
    - a. A copy of the organization's articles of incorporation and evidence that the organization has tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, unless a current and correct copy is already on file with the Department;
    - b. Document identifying the organization's mission;
    - c. A letter stating how the organization will participate in the Big Game Tag Transfer program; and
    - d. A statement that the person or organization submitting the application agrees to the conditions established under A.R.S. § 17-332 and this Section.
  6. An applicant who is denied authorization to receive donated tags under this Section may appeal to the Commission as provided under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective October 10, 1986, filed September 25, 1986 (Supp. 86-5). Rule expired one year from effective date of October 10, 1986. Rule readopted without change for one year effective January 22, 1988, filed January 7, 1988 (Supp. 88-1). Rule expired effective January 22, 1989 (Supp. 89-1). New Section R12-4-121 adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Repealed effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). New Section made by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2732, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 1195, effective June 30, 2012 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-122. Handling, Transporting, Processing, and Storing of Game Meat Given to Public Institutions and Charitable Organizations**

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- A. Under A.R.S. § 17-240 and this Section, the Department may donate the following wildlife, except that the Department shall not donate any portion of an animal killed in a collision with a motor vehicle or an animal that died subsequent to immobilization by any chemical agent:
1. Big game, except bear or mountain lion;
  2. Upland game birds;
  3. Migratory game birds;
  4. Game fish.
- B. The Director shall not authorize an employee to handle game meat for the purpose of this Section until the employee has satisfactorily completed a course designed to give the employee the expertise necessary to protect game meat recipients from diseased or unwholesome meat products. A Department employee shall complete a course that is either conducted or approved by the State Veterinarian. The employee shall provide a copy of a certificate that demonstrates satisfactory completion of the course to the Director.
- C. Only an employee authorized by the Director shall determine if game meat is safe and appropriate for donation. An authorized Department employee shall inspect and field dress each donated carcass before transporting it. The Department shall not retain the game meat in storage for more than 48 continuous hours before transporting it, and shall reinspect the game meat for wholesomeness before final delivery to the recipient.
- D. Final processing and storage is the responsibility of the recipient.
5. Certified copy of an Arizona court order such as an order of probation, parole, or mandatory release;
  6. Selective Service Registration Acknowledgement Card indicating an address in Arizona;
  7. Social Security Administration document indicating an address in Arizona; or
  8. Current documents issued by the U.S. military indicating Arizona as state of residence or an address in Arizona.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-125. Public Solicitation or Event on Department Property**

- A. All Department buildings, properties, and wildlife areas are designated non-public forums and are closed to all solicitations and events unless permitted by the Department.
- B. A solicitation or event on Department property shall not:
1. Conflict with the Department's mission; or
  2. Constitute partisan political activity, the activity of a political campaign, or influence in any way an election or the results thereof.
- C. A request for permission to conduct a solicitation or event on Department property shall be directed to the responsible Regional Supervisor or Branch Chief who shall initially determine whether an application is required for the solicitation or event.
- D. If it is determined that an application is required, the person may apply for a solicitation or event permit by submitting a completed solicitation or event application to any Department office or Department Headquarters, Director's Office, at 5000 W. Carefree Hwy, Phoenix, AZ 85086. The application form is furnished by the Department and available at all Department offices.
1. An applicant shall submit an application:
    - a. Not more than six months prior to the solicitation or event; and
    - b. Not less than 14 days prior to the desired date of the solicitation or event for solicitations other than the posting of advertising, handbills, leaflets, circulars, posters, or other printed materials; or
    - c. Not less than 10 days prior to the desired date of the solicitation or event for solicitations involving only the posting of advertising, handbills, leaflets, circulars, posters, or other printed materials.
  2. An applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application:
    - a. Sponsor's name, address, and telephone number;
    - b. Sponsor's e-mail address, when available;
    - c. Contact person's name and telephone number, when the sponsor is an organization;
    - d. Proposed date of the solicitation or event;
    - e. Specific, proposed location for the solicitation or event;
    - f. Starting and approximate concluding times;
    - g. General description of the solicitation or event's purpose;
    - h. Anticipated number of attendees, when applicable;
    - i. Amount of fees to be charged to attendees, when applicable;
    - j. Detailed description of any activity that will occur at the solicitation or event, including a detailed map of the solicitation or event and any equipment that will be used, e.g., tents, tables, etc.;

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective August 6, 1991 (Supp. 91-3).  
Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1).

**R12-4-123. Expenditure of Funds**

- A. The Director may expend funds available through appropriations, licenses, gifts, or other sources, in compliance with applicable laws and rules, and:
1. For purposes designated by lawful Commission agreements and Department guidelines;
  2. In agreement with budgets approved by the Commission;
  3. In agreement with budgets appropriated by the legislature;
  4. With regard to a gift, for purposes designated by the donor, the Director shall expend undesignated donations for a public purpose in furtherance of the Department's responsibilities and duties.
- B. The Director shall ensure that the Department implements internal management controls to comply with subsection (A) and to deter unlawful use or expenditure of funds.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 291, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1).

**R12-4-124. Proof of Domicile**

- A. An applicant may be required to present acceptable proof of domicile in Arizona to the Department upon request.
- B. Acceptable proof of domicile in Arizona may include, but is not limited to, one or more of the following lawfully obtained documents:
1. Arizona Driver's License;
  2. Arizona Resident State Income Tax Return filing;
  3. Arizona school records containing satisfactory proof of identity and relationship of the parent or guardian to the minor child, when applicable;
  4. Arizona Voter Registration Card;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- k. Copies of any solicitation materials to be distributed to the public or to be posted on Department property;
  - l. Copy of a current and valid license issued by the Arizona Department of Liquor Licenses and Control, required when the applicant intends to sell alcohol at the solicitation or event; and
  - m. The contact person's signature and date. The person's signature on the application certifies that the sponsor:
    - i. Assumes risk of injury to persons or property;
    - ii. Agrees to hold harmless the state of Arizona, its officials, Departments, employees, and agents against all claims arising from the use of Department facilities;
    - iii. Assumes responsibility for any damages or clean-up costs due to the solicitation or event, solicitation or event cleanup, or solicitation or event damage repair; and
    - iv. Agrees to surrender the premises in a clean and orderly condition.
- E.** The Department may take any of the following actions to the extent necessary and in the best interest of the State:
1. Require the sponsor to furnish all necessary labor, material, and equipment for the solicitation or event;
  2. Require the sponsor to post a deposit against damage and cleanup expense;
  3. Require indemnification of the state of Arizona, its Departments, agencies, officers, and employees;
  4. Require the sponsor to carry adequate insurance and provide certificates of insurance to the Department not less than ten business days before the solicitation or event. A certificate of insurance for a solicitation or event shall name the state of Arizona, its Departments, agencies, boards, commissions, officers, agents, and employees as additional insureds;
  5. Require the sponsor to enter into written agreements with any vendors and subcontractors and require vendors and subcontractors to provide certificates of insurance to the Department not less than ten business days before the solicitation or event. A certificate of insurance for a solicitation or event shall name the state of Arizona, its Departments, agencies, boards, commissions, officers, agents, and employees as additional insureds;
  6. Require the sponsor to provide medical support, security, and sanitary services, including public restrooms; and
  7. Impose additional conditions not otherwise specified under this Section on the conduct of the solicitation or event.
- F.** The Department may consider the following criteria when determining whether any of the actions in subsection (E) are necessary and in the best interest of the state:
1. Previous experience with similar solicitations or events;
  2. Deposits required for similar solicitations or events in Arizona;
  3. Risk data; and
  4. Medical, sanitary, and security services required for similar solicitations or events in Arizona and the cost of those services.
- G.** The Department shall designate the hours of use for Department property.
- H.** The Department shall inspect the solicitation or event site at the conclusion of activities and document any damage or cleanup costs incurred because of the solicitation or event. The sponsor shall be responsible for any cleanup or damage costs associated with the solicitation or event.
- I.** The sponsor shall not allow, without the express written permission of the Department, the possession, use, or consumption of alcoholic beverages at the solicitation or event site. When the Department provides written permission for the possession, use, or consumption of alcoholic beverages at the solicitation or event site, the sponsor shall provide to the Department:
1. A copy of a current and valid license issued by the Arizona Department of Liquor Licenses and Control to the sponsor and vendor, required when the applicant intends to sell alcohol at the solicitation or event; and
  2. A liquor liability rider, included with the insurance certificate required under subsection (E)(4).
- J.** The sponsor shall not allow unlawful possession or use of drugs at the solicitation or event site.
- K.** The Department shall deny an application for any of the following reasons:
1. The solicitation or event interferes with the work of an employee or the daily business of the Department;
  2. The solicitation or event conflicts with the time, place, manner, or duration of other approved or pending solicitations or events;
  3. The content of the solicitation or event conflicts with or is unrelated to the Department's activities or its mission;
  4. The solicitation or event presents a risk of injury or illness to persons or risk of damage to property;
  5. The sponsor cannot demonstrate adequate compliance with applicable local, state, or federal laws, ordinances, codes, or regulations, or
  6. The sponsor has not complied with the requirements of the application process or this Section.
- L.** At all times, the Department reserves the right to immediately remove or cause to be removed all obstructions or other hazards of the solicitation or event that could damage state property, inhibit egress, or poses a safety risk. The Department also reserves the right to immediately remove or cause to be removed any person damaging state property, inhibiting egress, or posing a threat to public health and safety.
- M.** The Department may revoke approval of a solicitation or event due to emergency circumstances or for failure to comply with this Section.
- N.** The Department shall send written notice of the denial or revocation of an approved permit. The notice shall contain the reason for the denial or revocation.
- O.** A sponsor:
1. Is liable to the Department for damage to Department property and any expense arising out of the sponsor's use of Department property.
  2. Shall post solicitation material only in designated posting areas.
  3. Shall ensure that a solicitation or event on Department property causes the minimum infringement of use to the public and government operation.
  4. Shall modify or terminate a solicitation or event, upon request by the Department, if the Department determines that the solicitation or event unacceptably infringes on the Department's operations or causes an unacceptable risk of liability exposure to the State.
- P.** When conducting an event on Department property, a sponsor shall:
1. Park or direct vehicles in designated parking areas.
  2. Obey all posted requirements and restrictions.
  3. Designate one person to act as a monitor for every 50 persons anticipated to attend the solicitation or event. The monitor shall act as a contact person for the Department for the purposes of the solicitation or event.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

4. Ensure that all safety standards, guidelines, and requirements are followed.
  5. Implement additional safety requirements upon request by the Department.
  6. Ensure all obstructions and hazards are eliminated.
  7. Ensure trash and waste is properly disposed of throughout the solicitation or event.
- Q.** The Department shall revoke or terminate the solicitation or event if a sponsor fails to comply with a Department request or any one of the following minimum safety requirements:
1. All solicitation or event activities shall comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, codes, statutes, rules, and regulations.
  2. The layout of the solicitation or event shall ensure that emergency vehicles will have access at all times.
  3. The Department may conduct periodic safety checks throughout the solicitation or event.
- R.** This Section does not apply to government agencies.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by emergency rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 4777, effective November 4, 2004 for 180 days (Supp. 04-4). Emergency expired (Supp. 05-2). New Section renumbered from R12-4-804 and amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**ARTICLE 2. LICENSES; PERMITS; STAMPS; TAGS****R12-4-201. Pioneer License**

- A.** A pioneer license grants all of the hunting and fishing privileges of a combination hunting and fishing license. The pioneer license is only available at a Department office.
- B.** The pioneer license is a complimentary license and is valid for the license holder's lifetime.
- C.** A person who is age 70 or older and has been a resident of Arizona for at least 25 consecutive years immediately preceding application may apply for a pioneer license by submitting an application to the Department. The application form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A pioneer license applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's personal information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth;
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - e. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available; and
    - i. E-mail address, when available;
  2. Affirmation that:
    - a. The applicant is 70 years of age or older and has been a resident of this state for 25 or more consecutive years immediately preceding application for the license; and
    - b. The information provided on the application is true and accurate.
  3. Applicant's signature and date. The applicant's signature shall be either notarized or witnessed by a Department employee,
- D.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (C), an applicant for a pioneer license shall also submit any one of the following documents at the time of application:
1. Valid U.S. passport;
  2. Original or certified copy of the applicant's birth certificate;
  3. Original or copy of a valid government-issued driver's license; or
  4. Original or copy of a valid government-issued identification card.
- E.** All information and documentation provided by the applicant is subject to Department verification. The Department shall return the original or certified copy of a document to the applicant after verification.
- F.** The Department shall deny a pioneer license when the applicant:
1. Fails to meet the criteria prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-336(A)(1),
  2. Fails to comply with this Section, or
  3. Provides false information on the application.
- G.** The Department shall provide written notice to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The applicant may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Ch 6, Article 10.
- H.** A pioneer license holder may request a no-fee duplicate of the paper license provided:
1. The license was lost or destroyed;
  2. The license holder submits a written request to the Department for a no-fee duplicate paper license; and
  3. The Department's records indicate a pioneer license was previously issued to that person.
- I.** A person issued a pioneer license prior to January 1, 2014 shall be entitled to the privileges established under subsection (A).

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-31 renumbered as Section R12-4-201 without change effective August 13, 1981. New Section R12-4-201 amended effective August 31, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsection (B) effective December 9, 1985 (Supp. 85-6). Amended subsections (D) and (E), and changed application for a Pioneer License effective September 24, 1986 (Supp. 86-5). Former Section repealed, new Section adopted effective December 22, 1989 (Supp. 89-4). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 212, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 3045, effective January 3, 2015 (Supp. 14-4).

**R12-4-202. Disabled Veteran's License**

- A.** A disabled veteran's license grants all of the hunting and fishing privileges of a combination hunting and fishing license. The disabled veteran's license is only available at a Department office.
- B.** The disabled veteran's license is a complimentary license and is valid for a three-year period from the issue date or the license holder's lifetime, as established under subsection (F).
- C.** An eligible applicant is a disabled veteran who:
1. Has been a resident of Arizona for at least one year immediately preceding application, and
  2. Is receiving compensation from the United States government for permanent service-connected disabilities rated as 100% disabling. Eligibility for the disabled veteran's

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- license is based on the disability rating, not on the compensation received by the veteran.
- D.** A person applying for a disabled veteran's license shall submit an application to the Department. The application form is furnished by the Department and available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's personal information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth,
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - e. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available; and
    - i. E-mail address, when available;
  2. Affirmation that:
    - a. The applicant meets the eligibility requirements prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-336(A)(2),
    - b. The applicant has been a resident of this state for at least one year immediately preceding application for the license, and
    - c. The information provided on the application is true and accurate.
  3. Applicant's signature and date.
- E.** In addition to the requirements established under subsection (D), an applicant for a disabled veteran's license shall, at the time of application, also submit an original certification or a benefits letter issued by the United States Department of Veteran's Affairs (DVA) or obtained from the DVA website that meets the requirements specified in subsections (D)(1), (2), and (3). The certification form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The certification shall be completed by an agent of the United States Department of Veteran's Affairs. The certification shall include all of the following information:
1. The applicant's full name,
  2. Certification that the applicant is receiving compensation from the United States government for permanent service-connected disabilities rated as 100% disabling,
  3. Certification that the 100% rating is permanent, and:
    - a. Will not require reevaluation or
    - b. Will be reevaluated in three years, and
  4. The signature and title of the Department of Veterans' Affairs agent who issued or approved the certification.
- F.** If the certification or benefits letter required under subsection (E) indicate the applicant's disability rating of 100% is permanent and:
1. Will not be reevaluated, the disabled veteran's license will not expire.
  2. Will be reevaluated in three years, the disabled veteran's license will expire three years from the date of issuance.
- G.** All information and documentation provided by the applicant is subject to Department verification. The Department shall return the original or certified copy of a document to the applicant after verification.
- H.** The Department shall deny a disabled veteran's license when the applicant:
1. Fails to meet the criteria prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-336(A)(2),
  2. Fails to comply with the requirements of this Section, or
  3. Provides false information during the application process.
- I.** The Department shall provide written notice to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The applicant may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- J.** A disabled veteran's license holder may request a no-fee duplicate paper license provided:
1. The license was lost or destroyed,
  2. The license holder submits a written request to the Department for a duplicate license, and
  3. The Department's records indicate a disabled veteran's license was previously issued to that person.
- K.** A person issued a disabled veteran's license prior to January 1, 2014 shall be entitled to the privileges established under subsection (A).
- L.** For the purposes of this Section, "disabled veteran" means a veteran of the armed forces of the United States with a service connected disability.

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-66 renumbered, then repealed and readopted as Section R12-4-43 effective February 20, 1981 (Supp. 81-1). Former Section R12-4-43 renumbered as Section R12-4-202 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective December 31, 1984 (Supp. 84-6). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section R12-4-202 adopted effective December 22, 1989 (Supp. 89-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective December 14, 1999 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 212, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 1199, effective June 30, 2012 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 3045, effective January 3, 2015 (Supp. 14-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2550, effective January 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-2).

**R12-4-203. National Harvest Information Program (HIP); State Waterfowl and Migratory Bird Stamp**

- A.** All state fish and wildlife agencies are required to obtain data to assess the harvest of migratory game birds in compliance with the federally mandated National Harvest Information Program administered by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service in accordance with 50 C.F.R. Part 20.
- B.** In compliance with the National Harvest Information Program, the Department requires a person to possess a migratory bird stamp or authorization number, which may be affixed to or written on the appropriate license, and a current, valid federal waterfowl stamp. The migratory bird stamp and authorization number are required to take band-tailed pigeons, moorhen, coots, doves, ducks, geese, snipe, or swans.
1. The state migratory bird stamp expires on June 30 of each year. To obtain a state migratory bird stamp, a person shall submit:
    - a. The fee required under R12-4-102, and
    - b. A completed state migratory bird registration form to a license dealer or a Department office.
  2. The person shall provide on the state migratory bird registration form the person's:
    - a. Name,
    - b. Mailing address,
    - c. Date of birth, and
    - d. Information on past and anticipated hunting activity.
  3. The youth combination hunting and fishing license includes the state migratory bird stamp privileges. A

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

youth hunter who possesses a valid combination hunting and fishing license shall obtain:

- a. A Federal waterfowl stamp when the youth hunter is 16 years of age or older and is taking ducks, geese, swans, coots, gallinules; or
  - b. A permit-tag when the youth hunter is taking sandhill crane.
- C. A license dealer shall submit state migratory bird registration forms for all state migratory bird stamps sold with the monthly report required under A.R.S. § 17-338.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2).

Amended effective April 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-2).

Amended subsections (A), (C), (D), and (G) effective December 29, 1980 (Supp. 80-6). Former Section R12-4-41 renumbered as Section R12-4-203 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsections (A), (C), (E), (G) and added Form 7016 (Supp. 81-6). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section adopted effective July 1, 1997; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 1146, effective July 1, 2000 (Supp. 00-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 212, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 462, effective February 6, 2007 (Supp. 07-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**Editor's Note**

For similar subject matter, see Section R12-4-411.

This editor's note does not apply to the new Section adopted effective July 1, 1997 (Supp. 96-4).

**R12-4-204. Taxidermy Registration; Register**

- A. A person shall register with the Department before engaging in the business of taxidermy for hire. A taxidermy registration authorizes a person to mount, refurbish, maintain, restore, or preserve wildlife as defined under A.R.S. § 17-101.
- B. A taxidermy registration expires on December 31 of each year.
- C. The Department shall deny a taxidermy registration when the applicant:
  1. Fails to meet the requirements established under this Section;
  2. Provides false information during the application process; or
  3. Provides false information in the register required under A.R.S. § 17-363(B).
- D. The Department shall provide written notice to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The applicant may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- E. A person may apply for a taxidermy registration by paying the applicable fee and submitting an application to the Department. The application form is available on the Department's website. A taxidermy registration applicant shall provide all of the following information:
  1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth;
    - c. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - d. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - e. Physical address;
    - f. Telephone number, when available;
    - g. Email address, when available; and

2. The applicant's business information:
  - a. Name;
  - b. Mailing address;
  - c. Email address;
  - d. Website URL address, if available;
  - e. Business telephone number, when applicable;
  - f. Calendar year for which the application is made; and
  - g. Whether the applicant is seeking renewal of an existing taxidermy registration.
3. Affirmation that the information provided on the application is true and accurate; and
4. Applicant's signature and date.

F. A registered taxidermist may submit an application for renewal of a taxidermy registration after December 1 of the year it was issued.

G. A registered taxidermist shall maintain a register of all persons who furnish raw and unmounted wildlife specimens for taxidermy service using the form available on the Department's website.

1. This register shall be:
  - a. Maintained for a period of five years after the date the raw and unmounted wildlife specimens were received;
  - b. Provided upon request to an employee of the Department; and
  - c. Filed with the Department on or before January 31 of each year.
2. This register shall contain all of the following information, as applicable:
  - a. The registered taxidermist's information:
    - i. Name;
    - ii. Taxidermy registration number;
    - iii. Email address, when available; and
  - b. The customer's or potential customer's:
    - i. Name;
    - ii. Address;
    - iii. Taker's tag or license number;
    - iv. Species and number of wildlife received;
    - v. Date wildlife received; and
  - c. A signed affirmation from the registered taxidermist that the information provided in the register is true and accurate.
3. The taxidermy renewal registration becomes invalid if the register is not submitted to the Department by January 31 of the year following registration.

H. As authorized under A.R.S. § 17-363(C), the Commission may revoke or suspend the taxidermy registration of a person convicted of violating any provision of A.R.S. § 17-363 or requirement established under this Section.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 31, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Correction, Historical Note Supp. 76-3 should read "Amended effective May 3, 1976" (Supp. 78-5). Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2). Amended effective March 20, 1981 (Supp. 81-2). Former Section R12-4-32 renumbered as Section R12-4-204 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 212, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Repealed by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). New Section made by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1854, effective July 2, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).

**R12-4-205. High Achievement Scout License**

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- A. A high achievement scout license is offered to a resident who is:
1. Eligible for a combination hunting and fishing license,
  2. Under 21 years of age, and
  3. A member of the Boy Scouts of the United States of America and has attained the rank of Eagle Scout, or
  4. A member of the Girl Scouts of the United States of America and has attained the Gold Award.
- B. The high achievement scout license grants all of the hunting and fishing privileges of the youth combination hunting and fishing license and is only available at Department offices.
1. The license is valid for one year from the date of purchase or selected start date provided the date selected is no more than 60 calendar days from and after the date of purchase.
  2. A valid hunt permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or stamp is required to validate the high achievement scout license for the take of big game animals, migratory game birds, or other wildlife authorized by an applicable tag or stamp.
- C. An applicant for a high achievement scout license shall apply on an application form available from any Department office and on the Department's web site at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth;
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - e. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available; and
    - i. E-mail address, when available;
  2. Affirmation that the information provided on the application is true and accurate; and
  3. Applicant's signature and date.
- D. In addition to the application, an eligible applicant shall present with the application:
1. For an applicant who is a member of the Boy Scouts of the United States of America, any one of the following original documents:
    - a. A certification letter from the Boy Scouts of the United States of America stating that the applicant has attained the rank of Eagle Scout,
    - b. A Boy Scouts of the United States of America Eagle Scout Award Certificate, or
    - c. A Boy Scouts of the United States of America Eagle Scout wallet card.
  2. For an applicant who is a member of the Girl Scouts of the United States of America, any one of the following original documents:
    - a. A certification letter from the Girl Scouts of the United States of America stating that the applicant has completed the award,
    - b. A Girl Scouts of the United States of America Gold Award Certificate, or
    - c. A Girl Scouts Gold Award Certificate from the local council.
- E. The Department shall deny a high achievement scout license to an applicant who:
1. Is not eligible for the license;
  2. Fails to comply with the requirements of this Section; or
  3. Provides false information during the application process.
- F. The Department shall provide written notice to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The applicant may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Editorial correction subsection (A) (Supp. 78-5). Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2). Amended effective September 23, 1980 (Supp. 80-5). Former Section R12-4-33 renumbered as Section R12-4-205 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 1472, effective July 12, 2011 (Supp. 11-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 3045, effective January 3, 2015 (Supp. 14-4).

**R12-4-206. General Hunting License; Exemption**

- A. A general hunting license is valid for the taking of small game, fur-bearing animals, predatory animals, nongame animals, and upland game birds. A valid hunt permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or stamp is required to validate the general hunting license for the take of big game animals, migratory game birds, or other wildlife authorized by an applicable tag or stamp.
- B. The general hunting license is valid for one-year from:
1. The date of purchase when a person purchases the hunting license from a license dealer, as defined under R12-4-101;
  2. On the last day of the application deadline for that draw, as established by the hunt permit-tag application schedule published by the Department;
  3. On the last day of an extended deadline date, as authorized under subsection R12-4-104(C). If an applicant does not possess an appropriate license that meets the requirements of this subsection, the applicant shall purchase the license at the time of application; or
  4. The selected start date when a person purchases the hunting license from a Department office or online. A person may select the start date for the hunting license provided the date selected is no more than 60 calendar days from and after the date of purchase.
- C. A resident may apply for a general hunting license by submitting an application to the Department, a License Dealer as defined under R12-4-101, or online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office, license dealer, and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A general hunting license applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth,
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - e. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available; and
    - i. E-mail address, when available; and
  2. Affirmation that the information provided on the application is true and accurate; and
  3. Applicant's signature and date.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- D.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (C), at the time of application an applicant who is applying for a general hunting license:
1. In person shall pay the applicable fee required under R12-4-102.
  2. Online shall electronically pay the fee required under R12-4-102 and print the new license. A person applying online shall affirm, or provide permission for another person to affirm, the information electronically provided is true and accurate.
- E.** A person who is under 10 years of age may hunt wildlife other than big game without a hunting license when accompanied by a properly licensed person who is 18 years of age or older.
- e. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
  - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
  - g. Physical address;
  - h. Telephone number, when available; and
  - i. E-mail address, when available; and
2. Affirmation that the information provided on the application is true and accurate; and
  3. Applicant's signature and date.
- D.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (C), an applicant who is applying for a general fishing license:
1. In person shall pay the applicable fee required under R12-4-102.
  2. Online shall electronically pay the fee required under R12-4-102 and print the new license. A person applying online shall affirm, or provide permission for another person to affirm, the information electronically provided is true and accurate.
- E.** In addition to the exemption prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-335, a person who is under 10 years of age may fish without a fishing license.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2).  
 Amended effective December 4, 1980 (Supp. 80-6). Former Section R12-4-34 renumbered as Section R12-4-206 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4).  
 Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-207. General Fishing License; Exemption**

- A.** A general fishing license is valid for the taking of all aquatic wildlife and allows the license holder to engage in simultaneous fishing as defined under R12-4-301. The general fishing license is valid:
1. State-wide including Mittry Lake and Topock Marsh and the Arizona shoreline of Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and Lake Havasu, and Commission designated community waters. The list of Commission designated community waters is available at any license dealer, Department office, and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).
  2. On that portion of the Colorado River that forms the common boundary between Arizona and Nevada and Arizona and California and connected adjacent water, provided Arizona has an agreement with California and Nevada that recognizes a general fishing license as valid for taking aquatic wildlife on any portion of the Colorado River that forms the common boundary between Arizona and Nevada and Arizona and California.
- B.** The general fishing license is valid for one-year from:
1. The date of purchase when a person purchases the fishing license from a license dealer, as defined under R12-4-101; or
  2. The selected start date when a person purchases the fishing license from a Department office or online. A person may select the start date for the fishing license provided the date selected is no more than 60 calendar days from and after the date of purchase.
- C.** A resident or nonresident may apply for a general fishing license by submitting an application to the Department, a License Dealer as defined under R12-4-101, or online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office, license dealer, and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A general fishing license applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth,
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Department identification number, when applicable;

**Historical Note**

Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2).  
 Amended effective December 4, 1980 (Supp. 80-6). Former Section R12-4-35 renumbered as Section R12-4-207 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4).  
 Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-208. Guide License**

- A.** A guide, as defined under A.R.S. § 17-101, is a person who does any one of the following:
1. Advertises for guiding services.
  2. Is presented to the public for hire as a guide.
  3. Is employed by a commercial enterprise as a guide.
  4. Accepts compensation in any form commensurate with the market value in this state for guiding services in exchange for aiding, assisting, directing, leading, or instructing a person in the field to locate and take wildlife.
  5. Is not a landowner or lessee who, without full fair market compensation, allows access to the landowner's or lessee's property and directs and advises a person in taking wildlife.
- B.** A person shall not act as a guide unless the person holds one of the following guide licenses:
1. A hunting guide license, which authorizes the license holder to act as a guide for the taking of lawful wildlife other than aquatic wildlife as defined under A.R.S. § 17-101.
  2. A fishing guide license, which authorizes the license holder to act as a guide for the taking of lawful aquatic wildlife.
  3. A hunting and fishing guide license, which authorizes the license holder to act as a guide for the taking of lawful wildlife.
- C.** A guide license shall expire on December 31 of each year.
- D.** A person is not eligible to apply for an original or renewal guide license when any one of the following conditions apply:
1. The applicant was convicted of a felony violation of any federal wildlife law, within five years immediately preceding the date of application;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

2. The applicant was convicted of a violation listed under A.R.S. § 17-309(D), within five years immediately preceding the date of application;
  3. The applicant was convicted of a violation of a federal or state wildlife law for which a license to take wildlife may be revoked or suspended within five years immediately preceding the date of application; or
  4. The applicant's privilege to take or possess wildlife or to guide or act as a guide is currently suspended or revoked anywhere in the United States for violation of a federal or state wildlife law.
- E.** Notwithstanding subsection (D), a person who was convicted of a misdemeanor violation of any wildlife law within one year preceding the date of application may apply for a guide license provided the person immediately and voluntarily reported the violation to the Department after committing the violation.
- F.** An applicant for a guide license shall:
1. Be 18 years of age or older, and
  2. Possess the required Department-issued license, as applicable:
    - a. A current Arizona hunting license when applying for a hunting guide license;
    - b. A current Arizona fishing license when applying for a fishing guide license;
    - c. A current Arizona combination hunting and fishing license when applying for a hunting and fishing guide license;
- G.** The guide license does not exempt the license holder from any applicable method of take or licensing requirement. The guide license holder shall comply with all applicable Commission rules, including, but not limited to, rules governing:
1. Lawful methods of take,
  2. Lawful devices, and
  3. License requirements.
- H.** Unless otherwise provided under this Section, a person shall successfully complete the Department administered examination, and answer at least 80% of the questions correctly, prior to applying for a guide license. Guide examinations are:
1. Provided at a Department office.
  2. Valid for a period up to twelve months prior to the date on which the applicant submits an application to the Department.
  3. Conducted during normal business hours.
  4. Conducted on the first Monday of the month or by special appointment. A person interested in taking the guide examination shall contact a Department office to obtain scheduling information.
- I.** The examination is based on the type of guide license the person is seeking.
1. A person shall provide acceptable proof of identity, as listed under subsection (L)(2), prior to taking the examination.
  2. The examination may include questions regarding any of the following topics:
    - a. A.R.S. Title 17 Game and Fish statutes and Commission rules regarding the taking and handling of terrestrial and aquatic wildlife;
    - b. A.R.S. Title 28, Ch 3, Article 20 Off-highway Vehicles statutes and rule regarding the use of off-highway vehicles;
    - c. A.R.S. Title 5, Ch 3, Boating and Water Sports statutes and Commission rules on boating;
    - d. Requirements for guiding on federal lands;
    - e. Identification of aquatic wildlife species;
    - f. Identification of wildlife;
    - g. Special state and federal laws regarding certain species;
    - h. General knowledge of species habitat and wildlife that may occur in the same habitat;
    - i. General knowledge of the types of habitat within the State; and
    - j. General knowledge of special or concurrent jurisdictions within the State.
3. An applicant who fails an examination may retake the examination on the same day or as otherwise agreed upon by the applicant and the examination administrator. An applicant who fails an examination twice on the same day shall wait at least seven calendar days, from the examination date, before retaking the examination.
- J.** In addition to the guide examination requirement under subsection (H), a guide license holder shall take the Department administered examination when:
1. The applicant is applying to add a new guiding authority to a current guide license;
  2. The applicant for a hunting guide license was convicted of a violation of A.R.S. Title 17 or Game and Fish Commission rule governing the taking and handling of terrestrial wildlife within one year preceding the date of application;
  3. The applicant for a fishing guide license was convicted of a violation of A.R.S. Title 17 or Game and Fish Commission rule governing the taking and handling of aquatic wildlife within one year preceding the date of application;
  4. The applicant failed to submit a renewal application post-marked before the expiration date of the guide license; or
  5. The applicant failed to submit the annual report for the preceding license year by January 10 of the following license year.
- K.** A person may apply for a guide license by submitting an application to the Department. The application form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A guide license applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's personal information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth;
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Social Security Number or Department identification number;
    - e. Residency status;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available;
    - i. E-mail address, when available;
    - j. Type of guide license sought; and
    - k. Calendar year for which the application is made;
  2. The outfitting or guide:
    - a. Business name; and
    - b. Business address, as applicable;
  3. Responses to questions relating to criminal violations;
  4. Affirmation that:
    - a. The applicant meets the eligibility requirements prescribed under this Section; and
    - b. The information provided on the application is true and accurate;
  5. Applicant's signature and date.
- L.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (K), an applicant for a guide license shall also submit the following documents at the time of application for an original or renewal of a guide license:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

1. Proof of the successful completion of the guide examination required under subsection (H). The applicant must successfully complete the examination within the twelve months immediately preceding the date of application.
  2. One of the following as proof of the applicant's identity:
    - a. Valid U.S. passport;
    - b. Original or certified copy of the applicant's birth certificate;
    - c. Original or copy of a valid government-issued driver's license; or
    - d. Original or copy of a valid government-issued identification card.
- M.** All information and documentation provided by the guide license applicant is subject to Department verification. The Department shall return the original or certified copy of a document to the applicant after verification.
- N.** An applicant for a guide license shall pay all applicable fees required under R12-4-102 upon approval of an initial or renewal application for a guide license.
- O.** The Department shall deny a guide license when the applicant:
1. Fails to meet the criteria prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-362,
  2. Fails to comply with the requirements of this Section,
  3. Provides false information during the application process,
  4. Fails to provide the annual report required under subsection (R) by January 10, or
  5. Provides false information in the annual report required under subsection (R) within three years immediately preceding the date of application.
- P.** The Department shall provide written notice to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The applicant may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- Q.** A guide license holder may submit an application for renewal of a guide license after December 1 of the year it was issued. The Department shall not start the substantive review, as defined under A.R.S. § 41-1072, before January 10 of the following license year, unless the Department receives the annual report prior to the date established under subsection (R). The current guide license shall remain valid pending a Department decision on the application for renewal, provided:
1. The application for renewal is submitted to the Department by December 31, and
  2. The Department receives the annual report submitted in compliance with subsection (R).
- R.** A guide license holder shall submit to the Department the annual report required under A.R.S. § 17-362(C) for the previous calendar year before January 10 of the following license year. The report form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office or online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).
1. A report is required whether or not the license holder performed any guiding activities.
  2. The annual report shall include all of the following information, as applicable:
    - a. License holder's personal information:
      - i. Name;
      - ii. Guide license number; and
      - iii. E-mail address, when available; and
    - b. Client's personal information:
      - i. Name;
      - ii. Mailing address; and
      - iii. Arizona license, tag and permit numbers, and
    - c. Dates guiding activities were conducted;
    - d. Number and species of wildlife taken by the clients;
      - e. Game management unit or body of water where guiding activities took place;
      - f. Affirmation that the information provided in the annual report is true and accurate; and
      - g. License holder's signature and date.
  3. The Department shall not renew a guide license if the annual report is not submitted to the Department by January 10 of the following license year.
- S.** The date of receipt for the items required under subsections (K), (L), (Q), and (R) shall be as follows:
1. The date a person presents the items to a Department office;
  2. The date a private express mail carrier receives the package containing the items as indicated on the shipping package; or
  3. The date of the United States Postal Service postmark stamped on the envelope containing the items.
- T.** While performing guide activities or providing guide services, a guide license holder shall:
1. Possess a valid guide license.
  2. Possess a valid Arizona hunting, fishing, or combination hunting and fishing license, as applicable under subsection (F)(2).
  3. Present the license for inspection upon the request of any peace officer, wildlife manager, or game ranger.
  4. Report any violation of a federal or state wildlife regulation, law, or rule personally witnessed by the guide license holder.
- U.** A guide license holder shall not:
1. Use, or allow another person to use, any method or device prohibited under any federal or state wildlife regulation, law, or rule while taking wildlife.
  2. Aid, counsel, agree to aid, or attempt to aid another person in planning or engaging in conduct that results in a violation of any federal or state wildlife regulation, law, or rule while taking wildlife.
  3. Pursue any wildlife or hold at bay any wildlife for a person unless that person is present during the pursuit to take the wildlife.
    - a. The person shall be continuously present during the entire pursuit of that specific target animal.
    - b. If dogs are used, the person shall be present when the dogs are released on a specific target animal and shall be continuously present for the remainder of the pursuit.
  4. Hold wildlife at bay other than during daylight hours, unless a Commission Order authorizes the take of the species at night.
- V.** As authorized under A.R.S. § 17-362(A), the Commission may revoke or suspend a guide license when any one or more of the following actions occur:
1. The guide license holder failed to comply with the requirements of A.R.S. Title 17 or was convicted of violating any provision of A.R.S. Title 17;
  2. The guide license holder was convicted of a felony violation of any federal wildlife law;
  3. The guide license holder was convicted of a violation listed under A.R.S. § 17-309(D);
  4. The guide license holder was convicted of a violation of a federal or state wildlife law for which a license to take wildlife may be revoked or suspended; or
  5. The guide license holder's privilege to take or possess wildlife is suspended or revoked by any jurisdiction for violation of a federal or state wildlife law.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2). Former

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Section R12-4-40 renumbered as Section R12-4-208 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former rule repealed, new Section R12-4-208 adopted effective December 22, 1989 (Supp. 89-4). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Section repealed; new Section adopted by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective January 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 212, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 3045, effective January 3, 2015 (Supp. 14-4).

**R12-4-209. Community Fishing License; Exemption**

- A.** A community fishing license is valid for taking all aquatic wildlife from Commission designated community waters, only, and allows the license holder to engage in simultaneous fishing as defined under R12-4-301. The list of Commission designated community waters is available at any license dealer, Department office, and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).
- B.** The community fishing license is valid for one-year from:
1. The date of purchase when a person purchases the community fishing license from a license dealer, as defined under R12-4-101; or
  2. The selected start date when a person purchases the community fishing license from a Department office or online. A person may select the start date for the community fishing license provided the date selected is no more than 60 calendar days from and after the date of purchase.
- C.** A resident or nonresident may apply for a community fishing license by submitting an application to the Department, a License Dealer as defined under R12-4-101, or online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office, license dealer, and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A community fishing license applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth,
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - e. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available; and
    - i. E-mail address, when available; and
  2. Affirmation that the information provided on the application is true and accurate; and
  3. Applicant's signature and date.
- D.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (C), an applicant who is applying for a community fishing license:
1. In person shall pay the applicable fee required under R12-4-102.
  2. Online shall electronically pay the fee required under R12-4-102 and print the new license. A person applying online shall affirm, or provide permission for another person to affirm, the information electronically provided is true and accurate.
- E.** In addition to the exemption prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-335, a person who is under 10 years of age may fish in Commission designated community waters without a fishing license.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective March 20, 1981 (Supp. 81-2). Former Section R12-4-42 renumbered as Section R12-4-209 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-210. Combination Hunting and Fishing License; Exemption**

- A.** A combination hunting and fishing license is valid for the taking of small game, fur-bearing animals, predatory animals, nongame animals, and upland game birds.
- B.** A combination hunting and fishing license is valid for the taking of all aquatic wildlife and allows the license holder to engage in simultaneous fishing as defined under R12-4-101. The combination hunting and fishing license is valid:
1. State-wide including Mitty Lake and Topock Marsh and the Arizona shoreline of Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and Lake Havasu, and Commission designated community waters. The list of Commission designated community waters is available at any license dealer, Department office, and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).
  2. On that portion of the Colorado River that forms the common boundary between Arizona and Nevada and Arizona and California and connected adjacent water, provided Arizona has an agreement with California and Nevada that recognizes a combination hunting and fishing license as valid for taking aquatic wildlife on any portion of the Colorado River that forms the common boundary between Arizona and Nevada and Arizona and California.
- C.** The Department offers three combination hunting and fishing licenses:
1. A short-term combination hunting and fishing license, valid for one 24-hour period from midnight to midnight.
    - a. The short-term combination hunting and fishing license is not valid for the take of big game animals.
    - b. The short-term combination hunting and fishing license is valid for the take of migratory game birds and waterfowl, provided the person possesses the applicable State Migratory Bird stamp and Federal Waterfowl stamp.
    - c. The Department does not limit the number of short-term combination hunting and fishing licenses a resident or nonresident may purchase.
  2. A combination hunting and fishing license for a person age 18 and over.
    - a. The combination hunting and fishing license is valid for one-year from:
      - i. The date of purchase when a person purchases the combination hunting and fishing license from a license dealer, as defined under R12-4-101;
      - ii. On the last day of the application deadline for that draw, as established by the hunt permit-tag application schedule published by the Department;
      - iii. On the last day of an extended deadline date, as authorized under subsection R12-4-104(C). If an applicant does not possess an appropriate license that meets the requirements of this subsection, the applicant shall purchase the license at the time of application; or
      - iv. The selected start date when a person purchases the combination hunting and fishing license from a Department office or online. A person

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- may select the start date for the combination hunting and fishing license provided the date selected is no more than 60 calendar days from and after the date of purchase.
- b. A valid hunt permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or stamp is required to validate the combination hunting and fishing license for the take of big game animals, migratory game birds, or other wildlife authorized by an applicable tag or stamp.
3. A youth combination hunting and fishing license for a person through age 17.
    - a. The combination hunting and fishing license is valid for one-year from:
      - i. The date of purchase when a person purchases the combination hunting and fishing license from a license dealer, as defined under R12-4-101;
      - ii. On the last day of the application deadline for that draw, as established by the hunt permit-tag application schedule published by the Department;
      - iii. On the last day of an extended deadline date, as authorized under subsection R12-4-104(C). If an applicant does not possess an appropriate license that meets the requirements of this subsection, the applicant shall purchase the license at the time of application; or
      - iv. The selected start date when a person purchases the combination hunting and fishing license from a Department office or online. A person may select the start date for the combination hunting and fishing license provided the date selected is no more than 60 calendar days from and after the date of purchase.
    - b. A valid hunt permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or stamp is required to validate the combination hunting and fishing license for the take of big game animals, migratory game birds, or other wildlife authorized by an applicable tag or stamp.
- D.** A resident or nonresident may apply for a combination hunting and fishing license by submitting an application to the Department, a License Dealer as defined under R12-4-101, or online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office, license dealer, and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A combination hunting and fishing license applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth,
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - e. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available; and
    - i. E-mail address, when available; and
  2. Affirmation that the information provided on the application is true and accurate; and
  3. Applicant's signature and date.
- E.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (C), an applicant who is applying for a combination hunting and fishing license:
1. In person shall pay the applicable fee required under R12-4-102.
  2. Online shall electronically pay the fee required under R12-4-102 and print the new license. A person applying online shall affirm, or provide permission for another person to affirm, the information electronically provided is true and accurate.
- F.** Exemptions authorized under R12-4-206(E), R12-4-207(E), and R12-4-209(E) also apply to this Section, as applicable.
- Historical Note**
- Former Section R12-4-39 repealed, new Section R12-4-39 adopted effective January 20, 1977 (Supp. 77-1). Editorial correction subsection (A), paragraph (2) (Supp. 78-5). Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2). Amended effective April 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-2). Former Section R12-4-39 repealed, new Section R12-4-39 adopted effective March 17, 1981 (Supp. 81-2). Former Section R12-4-39 renumbered as Section R12-4-210 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective December 16, 1982 (Supp. 82-6). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).
- R12-4-211. Lifetime License**
- A.** The Department offers the following lifetime licenses:
1. A lifetime hunting license includes the privileges established under R12-4-206(A).
  2. A lifetime fishing license includes the privileges established under R12-4-207(A).
  3. A lifetime combination hunting and fishing license includes the privileges established under R12-4-210(A) and (B).
- B.** A lifetime license does not expire and remains valid if the licensee subsequently resides outside of this state.
1. A licensee who resides outside of Arizona shall submit the nonresident fee to purchase any required permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or stamp to hunt and fish in this state.
  2. Limits established under R12-4-114 for nonresident permit-tags do not apply to a lifetime license holder.
- C.** A resident may apply for a lifetime license by submitting an application to the Department and paying the applicable fee required under subsection (D). The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A lifetime license applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth,
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Social Security Number, when required under A.R.S. §§ 25-320(P) and 25-502(K);
    - e. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - f. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - g. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - h. Physical address;
    - i. Telephone number, when available; and
    - j. E-mail address, when available; and
  2. Affirmation that the information provided on the application is true and accurate; and
  3. Applicant's signature and date.
- D.** The fees for resident lifetime licenses are determined by the age of the applicant as follows:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

1. Age 0 through 13 years is 17 times the fee established under R12-4-102 for the equivalent one-year license.
  2. Age 14 through 29 years is 18 times the fee established under R12-4-102 for the equivalent one-year license.
  3. Age 30 through 44 years is 16 times the fee established under R12-4-102 for the equivalent one-year license.
  4. Age 45 through 61 years is 15 times the fee established under R12-4-102 for the equivalent one-year license.
  5. Age 62 and older is 8 times the fee established under R12-4-102 for the equivalent one-year license.
  6. For the purposes of this subsection, when the applicant is under the age of 18, the fee for the lifetime license is based on the full priced license fee, not the youth license fee.
- E.** A lifetime license may be denied or suspended pursuant to, and for the offenses described under, A.R.S. § 17-340.
- F.** A person issued a lifetime license prior to the effective date of this Section shall be entitled to the privileges established under subsection (A)(1), (A)(2), or (A)(3), as applicable, for the equivalent lifetime license.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2).  
Amended effective October 9, 1980 (Supp. 80-5). Former Section R12-4-36 renumbered as Section R12-4-211 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-212. Benefactor License**

- A.** A benefactor license includes the privileges established under R12-4-210(A) and (B). A valid hunt permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or stamp is required to validate the benefactor license for the take of big game animals, migratory game birds, or other wildlife authorized by an applicable tag or stamp.
- B.** A benefactor license does not expire and remains valid if the licensee subsequently resides outside of this state.
1. A licensee who resides outside of Arizona shall submit the nonresident fee to purchase any required permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or stamp to hunt and fish in this state.
  2. Limits established under R12-4-114 for nonresident permit-tags do not apply to a benefactor license holder.
- C.** The benefactor license fee is \$1,500. The difference between \$1,500 and the license fee for a resident lifetime combination hunting and fishing license established under R12-4-211(D):
1. Is a donation to the State for continued management, protection, and conservation of the State's wildlife.
  2. Shall be credited to the wildlife endowment fund established under A.R.S. § 17-271.
  3. May be tax deductible to the extent allowed by federal and state income tax statutes for contributions to qualifying tax-exempt organizations.
- D.** A resident may apply for a benefactor license by submitting an application to the Department. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A benefactor license applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth;
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Social Security Number, when required under A.R.S. §§ 25-320(P) and 25-502(K);
    - e. Department identification number, when applicable;

- f. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
  - g. Mailing address, when applicable;
  - h. Physical address;
  - i. Telephone number, when available; and
  - j. E-mail address, when available; and
2. Affirmation that the information provided on the application is true and accurate; and
  3. Applicant's signature and date.
- E.** A benefactor license may be denied or suspended pursuant to, and for the offenses described under, A.R.S. § 17-340.
- F.** A person issued a benefactor license prior to the effective date of this Section shall be entitled to the privileges established under subsection (A).

**Historical Note**

Amended as an emergency effective April 10, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective January 1, 1977 (Supp. 76-5). Former Section R12-4-37 renumbered as Section R12-4-211 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-213. Hunt Permit-tags and Nonpermit-tags**

- A.** A valid hunt permit-tag or nonpermit-tag is required to validate a license to take a big game animal or other wildlife requiring a valid tag. Before a person may take a big game animal or other wildlife requiring a tag, the person shall apply for and obtain the appropriate tag required for the take of that big game animal or other wildlife.
- B.** A person may apply for a hunt permit-tag in accordance with R12-4-104 and at the times, locations, and in the manner established by the hunt permit-tag application schedule that the Department publishes and is available at any Department office, online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov), or a license dealer as defined under R12-4-101.
- C.** A person applying for a nonpermit-tag shall apply in accordance with R12-4-114 and pay the required fee established under R12-4-102.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2). Amended effective December 4, 1980 (Supp. 80-6). Former Section R12-4-38 renumbered as Section R12-4-213 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-214. Apprentice License**

- A.** An apprentice license authorizes the taking of small game, furbearing animals, predatory animals, nongame animals, and upland game birds. The apprentice license is only available from a Department office.
- B.** An apprentice license is:
1. A complimentary license,
  2. Valid for any two consecutive days; and
  3. Issued to a person only once per calendar year.
- C.** The apprentice license is not valid for the take of big game animals.
- D.** The apprentice license is valid for the take of migratory game birds and waterfowl when the apprentice also possesses the applicable Migratory Bird stamp and federal waterfowl stamp.
- E.** An apprentice license holder shall be accompanied by a mentor at all times while in the field. A mentor is eligible to apply

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

for no more than two apprentice hunting licenses in any calendar year. A mentor shall:

1. Be a resident of Arizona,
2. Be 18 years of age or older,
3. Possess an appropriate and valid Arizona hunting license, and
4. Provide the apprentice with instruction and supervision on safe and ethical hunting practices.
5. A short-term license does not meet the license requirement of this subsection.

F. A mentor may apply for an apprentice license at any Department office. An applicant for an apprentice license shall provide the following information at the time of application:

1. The mentor's:
  - a. Name;
  - b. Arizona hunting license number and effective date of the license; and
2. The applicant's:
  - a. Name;
  - b. Age;
  - c. Date of birth;
  - d. Telephone number, when available;
  - e. Department identification number, when applicable;
  - f. E-mail address, when available;
  - g. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
  - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
  - g. Physical address; and
  - h. Residency status.

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-67 renumbered as Section R12-4-214 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective December 22, 1989 (Supp. 89-4).

New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-215. Youth Group Two-day Fishing License**

A. A youth group two-day fishing license authorizes a nonprofit organization or governmental entity as defined under subsection (C) that sponsors adult supervised activities for youth to take up to 25 youths fishing. The youth group two-day fishing license is only available from a Department office. The youth group two-day fishing license is valid for:

1. Two consecutive days,
2. The take of all aquatic wildlife, and
3. All privileges established under R12-4-207(A).

B. A nonprofit organization or governmental entity may apply for a youth group two-day fishing license at any Department office. An applicant for a youth group two-day fishing license shall be a resident. The applicant shall pay the fee required under R12-4-102 and provide the following information at the time of application:

1. The nonprofit organization's or governmental entity's:
  - a. Name;
  - b. Mailing address; and
  - c. Telephone number, when available;
2. The applicant's:
  - a. Name;
  - b. Date of birth,
  - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
  - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
  - e. Mailing address, when applicable;
  - f. Physical address;
  - g. Telephone number, when available; and
  - h. E-mail address, when available;

3. The dates on which the nonprofit organization intends to conduct the youth group fishing activity.
4. The approximate number of youth participating in the group fishing activity.

C. For the purpose of this Section, "governmental entity" means any town, city, county, municipality, or other political subdivision of this state or any department, agency, board, commission, authority, division, office, public school, public charter school, public corporation, or other public entity of this state or any department agency bureau, or office of the federal government that is physically located within this state.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 9, 1982 (Supp. 82-6). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Section expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(E) at 11 A.A.R. 4308, effective December 31, 2003 (Supp. 05-4). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-216. Crossbow Permit**

A. For the purposes of this Section, "healthcare provider" means a person who is licensed to practice by the federal government, any state, or U.S. territory with one of the following credentials:

Medical Doctor,  
 Doctor of Osteopathy,  
 Doctor of Chiropractic,  
 Nurse Practitioner, or  
 Physician Assistant.

B. A crossbow permit allows a person to use the following devices during an archery-only season, as prescribed under R12-4-318, when authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:

1. A crossbow as defined under R12-4-101,
2. Any bow to be drawn and held with an assisting device, or
3. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons, as defined under R12-4-301, using arrows or bolts and with a capacity of holding and firing only one arrow or bolt at a time.

C. The crossbow permit does not exempt the permit holder from any other applicable method of take or licensing requirement. The permit holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements.

D. The crossbow permit does not expire, unless:

1. The medical certification portion of the application indicates the person has a temporary physical disability; then the crossbow permit shall be valid only for the period of time indicated on the crossbow permit as specified by the healthcare provider,
2. The permit holder no longer meets the criteria for obtaining the crossbow permit, or
3. The Commission revokes the person's hunting privileges under A.R.S. § 17-340. A person whose crossbow permit is revoked by the Commission may petition the Commission for a rehearing as established under R12-4-607.

E. An applicant for a crossbow permit shall apply by submitting an application to the Department. The application form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A crossbow permit applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application:

1. The applicant's:
  - a. Name;
  - b. Date of birth;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
  - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
  - e. Residency status;
  - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
  - g. Physical address;
  - h. Telephone number, when available; and
  - i. E-mail address, when available;
2. Affirmation that:
    - a. The applicant meets the requirements of this Section, and
    - b. The information provided on the application is true and accurate, and
  3. Applicant's signature and date.
  4. The certification portion of the application shall be completed by a healthcare provider. The healthcare provider shall:
    - a. Certify the applicant has one or more of the following physical limitations:
      - i. An amputation involving body extremities required for stable function to use conventional archery equipment;
      - ii. A spinal cord injury resulting in a disability to the lower extremities, leaving the applicant nonambulatory;
      - iii. A wheelchair restriction;
      - iv. A neuromuscular condition that prevents the applicant from drawing and holding a bow;
      - v. A failed functional draw test that equals 30 pounds of resistance and involves holding it for four seconds;
      - vi. A failed manual muscle test involving the grading of shoulder and elbow flexion and extension or an impaired range-of-motion test involving the shoulder or elbow; or
      - vii. A combination of comparable physical disabilities resulting in the applicant's inability to draw and hold a bow.
    - b. Indicate whether the disability is temporary or permanent and, when temporary, specify the expected duration of the physical limitation; and
    - c. Provide the healthcare provider's:
      - i. Typed or printed name,
      - ii. License number,
      - iii. Business address,
      - iv. Telephone number, and
      - v. Signature and date;
  5. A person who holds a valid Challenged Hunter Access/Mobility Permit (CHAMP) and who is applying for a crossbow permit is exempt from the requirements of subsection (E)(4) and shall indicate "CHAMP" in the space provided for the medical certification on the crossbow permit application.
- F. All information and documentation provided by the applicant is subject to Department verification. The Department shall return the original or certified copy of a document to the applicant after verification.
  - G. The Department shall deny a crossbow permit when the applicant:
    1. Fails to meet the criteria prescribed under this Section,
    2. Fails to comply with the requirements of this Section, or
    3. Provides false information during the application process.
  - H. The Department shall provide written notice to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The applicant may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
    - I. The applicant claiming a temporary or permanent disability is responsible for all costs associated with obtaining the medical documentation, re-evaluation of the information, or a second medical opinion.
    - J. When acting under the authority of a crossbow permit, the crossbow permit holder shall possess the permit, and exhibit the permit upon request to any peace officer, wildlife manager, or game ranger.
    - K. A crossbow permit holder shall not:
      1. Transfer the permit to another person, or
      2. Allow another person to use or possess the permit.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 7, 1983 (Supp. 83-2). Repealed effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1993 (Supp. 92-4). New Section adopted effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective January 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 212, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 3045, effective January 3, 2015 (Supp. 14-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-217. Challenged Hunter Access/Mobility Permit (CHAMP)**

- A. For the purposes of this Section, the following definitions apply:
 

"Healthcare provider" means a person who is licensed to practice by the federal government, any state, or U.S. territory with one of the following credentials:

Medical Doctor,  
 Doctor of Osteopathy,  
 Doctor of Chiropractic,  
 Nurse Practitioner, or  
 Physician Assistant.

"Severe permanent disability" means one or more permanent physical or mental disabilities resulting from amputation, arthritis, autism, blindness, burn injury, cancer, cerebral palsy, cystic fibrosis, intellectual disability, muscular dystrophy, musculoskeletal disorders, neurological disorders, paraplegia, pulmonary disorders, quadriplegia and other spinal cord conditions, sickle cell anemia, and end stage renal disease or a combination of permanent disabilities resulting in comparable substantial functional limitations.

- B. The Challenged Hunter Access/Mobility Permit (CHAMP) allows a person with a severe permanent disability to perform one or more of the following activities:
  1. Discharge a firearm or other legal hunting device from a motor vehicle if, under existing conditions:
    - a. The discharge is otherwise lawful;
    - b. The motor vehicle is not in motion;
    - c. The motor vehicle is not on any road, as defined under A.R.S. § 17-101; and
    - d. The motor vehicle's engine is turned off.
  2. Discharge a firearm or other legal hunting device from a watercraft, as defined under R12-4-501; provided the motor is turned off, the sail furled, or both; and progress has ceased.
    - a. The watercraft may be drifting as a result of current or wind, beached, moored, resting at anchor, or propelled by paddle, oars, or pole.
    - b. A person may use a watercraft under power to retrieve dead or wounded wildlife.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- c. For the purposes of this subsection, “watercraft” does not include a sinkbox.
3. Use off-road locations in a motor vehicle if use is not in conflict with federal or state statutes or regulations or local ordinances or regulations and the motor vehicle is used as a place to wait for game. A person shall not use a motor vehicle to chase or pursue game.
  4. Designate an assistant to track and dispatch a wounded animal, and to retrieve the animal, in accordance with the requirements of this Section.
- C.** The CHAMP holder shall comply with all applicable regulatory requirements. A CHAMP does not exempt the permit holder from any other applicable method of take or licensing requirement.
- D.** The CHAMP does not expire, unless:
1. The permit holder no longer meets the criteria for obtaining the CHAMP, or
  2. The Commission revokes the person’s hunting privileges under A.R.S. § 17-340. A person whose CHAMP is revoked by the Commission may petition the Commission for a rehearing as established under R12-4-607.
- E.** An applicant for a CHAMP shall apply by submitting an application to the Department. The application form is furnished by the Department and is available from any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The CHAMP applicant shall provide all of the following information on the application:
1. The applicant’s:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth;
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant’s eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Department identification number, when applicable;
    - e. Residency status;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available; and
    - i. E-mail address, when available;
  2. Affirmation that:
    - a. The applicant meets the requirements of this Section, and
    - b. The information provided on the application is true and accurate, and
  3. Applicant’s signature and date.
  4. The certification portion of the application shall be completed by a healthcare provider. The healthcare provider shall:
    - a. Certify the applicant is a person with a severe permanent disability as defined under subsection (A), and
    - b. Provide the healthcare provider’s:
      - i. Typed or printed name,
      - ii. Business address,
      - iii. Telephone number, and
      - iv. Signature and date;
- F.** All information and documentation provided by the applicant is subject to Department verification. The Department shall return the original or certified copy of a document to the applicant after verification.
- G.** The applicant claiming a severe permanent disability is responsible for all costs associated with obtaining the medical documentation, re-evaluation of the information, or a second medical opinion.
- H.** The Department shall deny a CHAMP when the applicant:
1. Fails to meet the criteria prescribed under this Section,
  2. Fails to comply with the requirements of this Section, or
  3. Provides false information during the application process.
- I.** The Department shall provide written notice to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The applicant may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed in A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- J.** When acting under the authority of the CHAMP, the permit holder shall possess and exhibit the permit upon request to any peace officer, wildlife manager, or game ranger.
- K.** The CHAMP holder shall ensure the CHAMP vehicle placard, issued with the CHAMP, is visibly displayed on the motor vehicle or watercraft when in use.
- L.** The Department shall provide a CHAMP holder with a dispatch permit that allows the CHAMP holder to designate a licensed hunter as an assistant to:
1. Dispatch and retrieve an animal wounded by the CHAMP holder, or
  2. Retrieve wildlife killed by the CHAMP holder.
- M.** The CHAMP holder shall:
1. Designate an assistant only after the animal is wounded or killed.
  2. Ensure the designation on the dispatch permit is in ink and includes:
    - a. A description of the animal,
    - b. The assistant’s name and valid Arizona hunting license number,
    - c. The date and time the animal was wounded or killed, and
  3. Ensure compliance with all of the following requirements:
    - a. The site where the animal is wounded and the location from which tracking begins are marked so they can be identified later.
    - b. The assistant possesses the dispatch permit and a valid hunting license while tracking and dispatching the wounded animal. When acting under the authority of the dispatch permit, the assistant shall possess and exhibit the dispatch permit and hunting license upon request to any peace officer, wildlife manager, or game ranger.
    - c. The CHAMP holder is in the field while the assistant is tracking and dispatching the wounded animal.
    - d. The assistant does not transfer the dispatch permit to anyone except that the dispatch permit may be transferred back to the CHAMP holder.
    - e. Dispatch is made by a method that is lawful for the take of the particular animal in the particular season in accordance with requirements established under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
    - f. The assistant attaches the dispatch permit to the carcass of the animal and returns the carcass to the CHAMP holder, and the tag of the CHAMP holder is affixed to the carcass.
    - g. If the assistant is unsuccessful in locating and dispatching the wounded animal, the assistant returns the dispatch permit to the CHAMP holder. The CHAMP holder shall strike the name and authorization of the assistant from the dispatch permit.
- N.** A dispatch permit may not be reused when all spaces for designation of an assistant are filled or the dispatch permit is attached to a carcass. The CHAMP holder may request another dispatch permit from the Department if:
1. All spaces for assistants are filled,
  2. The dispatch permit is lost, or
  3. When the CHAMP holder needs another dispatch permit for another big game hunt.
- O.** A CHAMP holder shall not:
1. Transfer the permit to another person, or

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

2. Allow another person to use or possess the permit.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective October 9, 1980 (Supp. 80-5). Former Section R12-4-59 renumbered as Section R12-4-310 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-310 renumbered as R12-4-217 and amended effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-310 renumbered as R12-4-217 and amended effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective January 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 212, effective March 11, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 3045, effective January 3, 2015 (Supp. 14-4).

**R12-4-218. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Repealed effective November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4).

**R12-4-219. Renumbered****Historical Note**

Adopted as an emergency effective July 5, 1988 pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 88-3). Correction, Historical Note, Supp. 88-3, should read, "Adopted as an emergency effective July 15, 1988..."; readopted and amended as an emergency effective October 13, 1988 pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 88-4). Emergency expired. Readopted without change as an emergency effective January 24, 1989 pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 89-1). Emergency expired. Former Section R12-4-219 amended and adopted as a permanent rule and renumbered as Section R12-4-424 effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2).

**R12-4-220. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Repealed effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4).

**ARTICLE 3. TAKING AND HANDLING OF WILDLIFE****R12-4-301. Definitions**

In addition to the definitions provided under A.R.S. § 17-101 and R12-4-101, the following definitions apply to this Article unless otherwise specified:

"Administer" means to apply a drug directly to wildlife by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means.

"Aircraft" means any contrivance used for flight in the air or any lighter-than-air contrivance, including unmanned aircraft systems also known as drones.

"Artificial flies and lures" means man-made devices intended as visual attractants to catch fish. Artificial flies and lures does

not include living or dead organisms or edible parts of those organisms, natural or prepared food stuffs, or chemicals or organic materials intended to create a scent, flavor, or chemical stimulant to the device regardless of whether it is added or applied during or after the manufacturing process.

"Barbless hook" means any fish hook manufactured without barbs or on which the barbs have been completely closed or removed.

"Body-gripping trap" means a device designed to capture an animal by gripping the animal's body.

"Confinement trap" means a device designed to capture wildlife alive and hold it without harm.

"Crayfish net" means a net that does not exceed 36 inches on a side or in diameter and is retrieved by means of a hand-held line.

"Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as provided under A.R.S. § 13-3101.

"Device" has the same meaning as provided under A.R.S. § 17-101.

"Dip net" means any net, excluding the handle, that is no greater than three feet in the greatest dimension, that is hand-held, non-motorized, and the motion of the net is caused by the physical effort of the person.

"Drug" means any chemical substance, other than food or mineral supplements, that affects the structure or biological function of wildlife.

"Edible portions of game meat" means, for:

Upland game birds, migratory game birds and wild turkey: breast.

Bear, bighorn sheep, bison, deer, elk, javelina, mountain lion, and pronghorn antelope: front quarters, hind quarters, loins (backstraps), neck meat, and tenderloins.

Game fish: fillets of the fish.

"Evidence of legality" means the wildlife is accompanied by the applicable license, tag, stamp, or permit required by law and is identifiable as the "legal wildlife" prescribed by Commission Order, which may include evidence of species, gender, antler or horn growth, maturity, and size.

"Foothold trap" means a device designed to capture an animal by the leg or foot.

"Hybrid device" means a device with a combination of components from two or more lawful devices and is used for the take of wildlife, such as but not limited to a firearm, pneumatic weapon, or slingshot that shoots arrows or bolts.

"Instant kill trap" means a device designed to render an animal unconscious and insensitive to pain quickly with inevitable subsidence into death without recovery of consciousness.

"Land set" means any trap used on land rather than in water.

"Live-action trail camera" means an unmanned device capable of transmitting images, still photographs, video, or satellite imagery, wirelessly to a remote device such as but not limited to a computer, smart phone, or tablet. This does not include a trail camera that only records photographic or video data and stores the data for later use, provided the device is not capable of transmitting data wirelessly.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

“Minnow trap” means a trap with dimensions that do not exceed 12 inches in depth, 12 inches in width, and 24 inches in length.

“Muzzleloading handgun” means a firearm intended to be fired from the hand, incapable of firing fixed ammunition, and loaded with black powder or synthetic black powder and a single projectile.

“Muzzleloading rifle” means a firearm intended to be fired from the shoulder, incapable of firing fixed ammunition, having a single barrel, and loaded through the muzzle with black powder or synthetic black powder and a single projectile.

“Muzzleloading shotgun” means a firearm intended to be fired from the shoulder, incapable of firing fixed ammunition, having a single or double smooth barrel and loaded through the muzzle with black powder or synthetic black powder and using ball shot as a projectile.

“Paste-type bait” means a partially liquefied substance used as a lure for animals.

“Pneumatic weapon” means a device that fires a projectile by means of air pressure or compressed gas. This does not include tools that are common in the construction and art trade such as, but not limited to, nail and rivet guns.

“Pre-charged pneumatic weapon” means an air gun or pneumatic weapon that is charged from a high compression source such as an air compressor, air tank, or internal or external hand pump.

“Prohibited possessor” has the same meaning as provided under A.R.S. § 13-3101.

“Prohibited weapon” has the same meaning as provided under A.R.S. § 13-3101.

“Rifle” means a firearm intended to be fired from the shoulder that uses the energy from an explosive in a fixed cartridge to fire a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger. This does not include a pre-charged pneumatic weapon.

“Shotgun” means a firearm intended to be fired from the shoulder and that uses the energy from an explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire either ball shot or a single projectile through a smooth bore or rifled barrel for each pull of the trigger.

“Sight-exposed bait” means a carcass, or parts of a carcass, lying openly on the ground or suspended in a manner so that it can be seen from above by a bird. This does not include a trap flag, dried or bleached bone with no attached tissue, or less than two ounces of paste-type bait.

“Simultaneous fishing” means taking fish by using only two lines at one time and not more than two hooks or two artificial flies or lures per line.

“Single-point barbless hook” means a fishhook with a single point, manufactured without barbs, or on which the barbs have been completely closed or removed. This does not include a treble fishhook.

“Sinkbox” means a low-floating device with a depression that affords a hunter a means of concealment beneath the surface of the water.

“Smart device” means any device equipped with a target-tracking system or an electronically-controlled, electronically-assisted, or computer-linked trigger or release. This includes but is not limited to smart rifles.

“Trap flag” means an attractant made from materials other than animal parts that is suspended at least three feet above the ground.

“Water set” means any trap used and anchored in water rather than on land.

**Historical Note**

Amended as an emergency effective April 10, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective May 3, 1976, Amended effective June 7, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective May 26, 1978 (Supp. 78-3). Editorial correction subsection (D) (Supp. 78-5). Amended effective June 4, 1979 (Supp. 79-3). Former Section R12-4-50 renumbered as Section R12-4-301 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsection (A) effective May 12, 1982 (Supp. 82-3). Amended effective July 3, 1984 (Supp. 84-4). Amended effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read “Amended effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988” (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective February 9, 1998 (Supp. 98-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Former R12-4-301 renumbered to R12-4-321; new Section made by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 1458, effective January 1, 2013 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-302. Use of Tags**

- A.** In addition to meeting requirements prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-331, a person who takes wildlife shall have in possession any tag required for the particular season or hunt area.
- B.** A tag obtained in violation of statute or rule is invalid and shall not be used to take, transport, or possess wildlife.
- C.** A person who lawfully possesses both a nonpermit-tag and a hunt permit-tag shall not take a genus or species in excess of the bag limit established by Commission Order for that genus or species.
- D.** A person shall:
1. Take and tag only the wildlife identified on the tag.
  2. Use a tag only in the season and hunt for which the tag is valid as specified by Commission Order.
- E.** Except as permitted under R12-4-217, a person shall not:
1. Allow their tag to be attached to wildlife killed by another person,
  2. Allow their tag to be possessed by another person while taking wildlife,
  3. Allow wildlife killed by that person to be tagged with another person’s tag,
  4. Attach their tag to wildlife killed by another person, or
  5. Possess a tag issued to another person while taking wildlife.
- F.** Except as permitted under R12-4-217, immediately after a person kills wildlife, the person shall attach the tag to the wildlife carcass in the manner indicated on the tag.
- G.** A person who lawfully takes wildlife with a valid tag and authorizes another person to possess, transport, or ship the tagged portion of the carcass shall complete the Transportation and Shipping Permit portion of the original tag authorizing the take of that wildlife.
- H.** If a tag is cut, notched, mutilated, or the Transportation and Shipping Permit portion of the tag is signed or filled out, the tag is no longer valid for the take of wildlife.

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-51 renumbered as Section R12-4-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

302 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsections (A), (D), (E), and repealed subsection (G) effective May 12, 1982 (Supp. 82-3). Amended effective March 23, 1983 (Supp. 83-2). Amended subsection (F) effective October 31, 1984 (Supp. 84-5). Amended subsections (A), (D), (F) and (G) and added a new Section (H) effective June 4, 1987 (Supp. 87-2). Amended effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Amended effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Section R12-4-302 repealed, new Section R12-4-302 adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 683, effective April 8, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-303. Unlawful Devices, Methods, and Ammunition**

A. In addition to the prohibitions prescribed under A.R.S. §§ 17-301 and 17-309, the following devices, methods, and ammunition are unlawful for taking wildlife in this state:

1. A person shall not use any of the following to take wildlife:
  - a. Fully automatic firearms, including firearms capable of selective automatic fire.
  - b. Tracer or armor-piercing ammunition designed for military use.
  - c. Any smart device as defined under R12-4-301.
  - d. Any self-guided projectiles.
2. A person shall not take big game using full-jacketed or total-jacketed bullets that are not designed to expand upon impact,
3. A person shall not use or possess any of the following while taking wildlife:
  - a. Poisoned projectiles or projectiles that contain explosives or a secondary propellant.
  - b. Pitfalls of greater than 5-gallon size, explosives, poisons, or stupefying substances, except as permitted under A.R.S. § 17-239 or as allowed by a scientific collecting permit issued under A.R.S. § 17-238.
  - c. Any lure, attractant, or cover scent containing any cervid urine.
  - d. Electronic night vision equipment, electronically enhanced light-gathering devices, thermal imaging devices or laser sights projecting a visible light; except for devices such as laser range finders projecting a non-visible light, scopes with self-illuminating reticles, and fiber optic sights with self-illuminating sights or pins that do not project a visible light onto an animal.
4. A person shall not by any means:
  - a. Hold wildlife at bay other than during daylight hours, unless authorized by Commission Order.
  - b. Injure, confine, place, or use a tracking device in or on wildlife for the purpose of taking or aiding in the take of wildlife.
5. A person shall not use a live-action trail camera, or images from a live-action trail camera, for the purpose of:
  - a. Taking or aiding in the take of wildlife, or
  - b. Locating wildlife for the purpose of taking or aiding in the take of wildlife.
6. A person shall not use images of wildlife produced or transmitted from a satellite or other device that orbits the earth for the purpose of:
  - a. Taking or aiding in the take of wildlife, or
  - b. Locating wildlife for the purpose of taking or aiding in the take of wildlife.
  - c. This subsection does not prohibit the use of mapping systems or programs.
- c. Place any substance, device, or object in, on, or by any water source to prevent wildlife from using that water source.
- d. Place any substance in a manner intended to attract bears.
- e. Use a manual or powered jacking or prying device to take reptiles or amphibians.
- f. Use dogs to pursue, tree, corner or hold at bay any wildlife for a hunter, unless that hunter is present for the entire hunt.
- g. Take migratory game birds, except Eurasian colored-doves:
  - i. Using a shotgun larger than 10 gauge, a shotgun of any description capable of holding more than three shells unless it is plugged with a one-piece filler that cannot be removed without disassembling the shotgun so that its total capacity does not exceed three shells.
  - ii. Using electronically amplified bird calls or baits.
  - iii. By means or aid of any motordriven land, water, or air conveyance, or any sailboat used for the purpose of or resulting in the concentrating, driving, rallying, or stirring up of any migratory bird.
  - iv. Activities described under subsections (A)(4)(g)(i) through (A)(4)(g)(iii) are prohibited under 50 C.F.R. 20.21, revised October 1, 2015. The material incorporated by reference in this Section does not include any later amendments or editions. The incorporated material is available at any Department office, online from the Government Printing Office website [www.gpoaccess.gov](http://www.gpoaccess.gov), or may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000.
- h. Discharge any of the following devices while taking wildlife within one-fourth mile (440 yards) of an occupied farmhouse or other residence, cabin, lodge or building without permission of the owner or resident:
  - i. Arrow or bolt,
  - ii. Hybrid device, or
  - iii. Pneumatic weapon .35 caliber or larger.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

7. A person shall not use edible or ingestible substances to aid in taking big game. The use of edible or ingestible substances to aid in taking big game is unlawful when:
- A person places edible or ingestible substances for the purpose of attracting or taking big game, or
  - A person knowingly takes big game with the aid of edible or ingestible substances placed for the purpose of attracting wildlife to a specific location.
8. Subsection (A)(7) does not limit Department employees or Department agents in the performance of their official duties.
9. For the purposes of subsection (A)(7), edible or ingestible substances do not include any of the following:
- Water.
  - Salt.
  - Salt-based materials produced and manufactured for the livestock industry.
  - Nutritional supplements produced and manufactured for the livestock industry and placed during the course of livestock or agricultural operations.
- B.** It is unlawful for a person who is a prohibited possessor to take wildlife with a deadly weapon or prohibited weapon.
- C.** Wildlife taken in violation of this Section is unlawfully taken.
- D.** This Section does not apply to any activity allowed under A.R.S. § 17-302, to a person acting within the scope of their official duties as an employee of the state or United States, or as authorized by the Department.
- Historical Note**
- Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective April 29, 1977 (Supp. 77-2). Amended effective September 7, 1978 (Supp. 78-5). Former Section R12-4-52 renumbered as Section R12-4-303 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective March 28, 1983 (Supp. 83-2). Amended subsections (A) and (C) effective October 31, 1984 (Supp. 84-5). Amended effective June 4, 1987 (Supp. 87-2). Former Section R12-4-303 repealed, new Section R12-4-303 adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-303 repealed, new Section R12-4-303 adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective February 9, 1998 (Supp. 98-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 2473, effective November 3, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).
- R12-4-304. Lawful Methods for Taking Wild Mammals, Birds, and Reptiles**
- A.** A hybrid device is lawful for the take of wildlife provided all components of the device are authorized for the take of that species under this Section.
- B.** A person may only use the following methods to take big game when authorized by Commission Order and subject to the restrictions under R12-4-303 and R12-4-318.
- To take bear:
    - Centerfire rifles;
    - Muzzleloading rifles;
    - All other rifles using black powder or synthetic black powder;
    - Centerfire handguns;
    - Muzzleloading handguns;
    - Shotguns shooting slugs, only;
  - To take bighorn sheep:
    - Centerfire rifles;
    - Muzzleloading rifles;
    - All other rifles using black powder or synthetic black powder;
    - Centerfire handguns;
    - Muzzleloading handguns;
    - Shotguns shooting slugs, only;
    - Pre-charged pneumatic weapons .35 caliber or larger;
    - Pre-charged pneumatic weapons using arrows or bolts with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges and capable of firing a minimum of 250 feet per second;
    - Bows with a standard pull of 30 or more pounds, using arrows with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges;
    - Crossbows with a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds, using bolts with a minimum length of 16 inches and broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges or bows as described in subsection (B)(1)(i) to be drawn and held with an assisting device; and
    - Pursuit with dogs only between August 1 and December 31, provided the person shall immediately kill or release the bear after it is treed, cornered, or held at bay. For the purpose of this subsection, "release" means the person removes the dogs from the area so the bear can escape on its own after it is treed, cornered, or held at bay.
  - To take bison:
    - Statewide, except for the management units identified under subsection (B)(3)(b):
      - Centerfire rifles;
      - Muzzleloading rifles;
      - All other rifles using black powder or synthetic black powder;
      - Centerfire handguns no less than .41 Magnum or centerfire handguns with an overall cartridge length of no less than two inches;
      - Pre-charged pneumatic weapons 40 caliber or larger a minimum of 500 foot pounds of energy;
      - Pre-charged pneumatic weapons using arrows or bolts with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- ceramic cutting edges and capable of firing a minimum of 250 feet per second; and
- vii. Bows with a standard pull of 40 or more pounds, using arrows with broadheads of no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges;
  - viii. Crossbows with a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds, using bolts with a minimum length of 16 inches and broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges or bows as described in subsection (B)(3)(a)(vi) to be drawn and held with an assisting device.
- b. In Management Units 5A and 5B:
    - i. Centerfire rifles,
    - ii. Muzzleloading rifles, and
    - iii. All other rifles using black powder or synthetic black powder.
4. To take deer:
- a. Centerfire rifles;
  - b. Muzzleloading rifles;
  - c. All other rifles using black powder or synthetic black powder;
  - d. Centerfire handguns;
  - e. Muzzleloading handguns;
  - f. Shotguns shooting slugs, only;
  - g. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons .35 caliber or larger;
  - h. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons using arrows or bolts with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges and capable of firing a minimum of 250 feet per second;
  - i. Bows with a standard pull of 30 or more pounds, using arrows with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges; and
  - j. Crossbows with a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds, using bolts with a minimum length of 16 inches and broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges or bows as described in subsection (B)(4)(i) to be drawn and held with an assisting device.
5. To take elk:
- a. Centerfire rifles;
  - b. Muzzleloading rifles;
  - c. All other rifles using black powder or synthetic black powder;
  - d. Centerfire handguns;
  - e. Muzzleloading handguns;
  - f. Shotguns shooting slugs, only;
  - g. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons 40 caliber or larger and capable of firing a minimum of 500 foot pounds of energy;
  - h. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons using arrows or bolts with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges and capable of firing a minimum of 250 feet per second;
  - i. Bows with a standard pull of 30 or more pounds, using arrows with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges; and
  - j. Crossbows with a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds, using bolts with a minimum length of 16 inches and broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges or bows as described in subsection (B)(5)(h) to be drawn and held with an assisting device.
6. To take javelina:
- a. Centerfire rifles;
  - b. Muzzleloading rifles;
  - c. All other rifles using black powder or synthetic black powder;
  - d. Centerfire handguns;
  - e. Muzzleloading handguns;
  - f. Shotguns shooting slugs, only;
  - g. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons .35 caliber or larger;
  - h. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons using arrows or bolts with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges and capable of firing a minimum of 250 feet per second;
  - i. Bows with a standard pull of 30 or more pounds, using arrows with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges;
  - j. Crossbows with a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds, using bolts with a minimum length of 16 inches and broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges or bows as described in subsection (B)(6)(i) to be drawn and held with an assisting device;
  - k. .22 rimfire magnum rifles; and
  - l. 5 mm rimfire magnum rifles.
7. To take mountain lion:
- a. Centerfire rifles;
  - b. Muzzleloading rifles;
  - c. All other rifles using black powder or synthetic black powder;
  - d. Centerfire handguns;
  - e. Muzzleloading handguns;
  - f. Shotguns shooting slugs or shot;
  - g. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons .35 caliber or larger;
  - h. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons using arrows or bolts with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges and capable of firing a minimum of 250 feet per second;
  - i. Bows with a standard pull of 30 or more pounds, using arrows with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges;
  - j. Crossbows with a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds, using bolts with a minimum length of 16 inches and broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges or bows as described in subsection (B)(7)(i) to be drawn and held with an assisting device;
  - k. Artificial light, during seasons with day-long hours, provided the light is not attached to or operated from a motor vehicle, motorized watercraft, watercraft under sail, or floating object towed by a motorized watercraft or a watercraft under sail; and
  - l. Pursuit with dogs, provided the person shall immediately kill or release the mountain lion after it is treed, cornered, or held at bay. For the purpose of this subsection, "release" means the person removes the dogs from the area so the mountain lion can

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- escape on its own after it is treed, cornered, or held at bay.
8. To take pronghorn antelope:
    - a. Centerfire rifles;
    - b. Muzzleloading rifles;
    - c. All other rifles using black powder or synthetic black powder;
    - d. Centerfire handguns;
    - e. Muzzleloading handguns;
    - f. Shotguns shooting slugs, only;
    - g. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons .35 caliber or larger;
    - h. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons using arrows or bolts with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges and capable of firing a minimum of 250 feet per second;
    - i. Bows with a standard pull of 30 or more pounds, using arrows with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges; and
    - j. Crossbows with a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds, using bolts with a minimum length of 16 inches and broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges or bows as described in subsection (B)(8)(i) to be drawn and held with an assisting device.
  9. To take turkey:
    - a. Shotguns shooting shot;
    - b. Bows with a standard pull of 30 or more pounds, using arrows with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges; and
    - c. Crossbows with a minimum draw weight of 125 pounds, using bolts with a minimum length of 16 inches and broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges or bows as described in subsection (B)(9)(b) to be drawn and held with an assisting device.
    - d. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons using arrows or bolts with broadheads no less than 7/8 inch in width with metal, ceramic-coated metal, or ceramic cutting edges and capable of firing a minimum of 250 feet per second;
- C.** A person may only use the following methods to take small game, when authorized by Commission Order and subject to the restrictions under R12-4-303, R12-4-318, and R12-4-422.
1. To take cottontail rabbits and tree squirrels:
    - a. Firearms,
    - b. Bow and arrow,
    - c. Crossbow,
    - d. Pneumatic weapons,
    - e. Slingshots,
    - f. Hand-held projectiles,
    - g. Falconry, and
    - h. Dogs.
  2. To take all upland game birds and Eurasian collared-dove:
    - a. Bow and arrow;
    - b. Falconry;
    - c. Pneumatic weapons;
    - d. Shotguns shooting shot, only;
    - e. Handguns shooting shot, only;
    - f. Crossbow;
    - g. Slingshot;
    - h. Hand-held projectiles; and
  3. To take migratory game birds, except Eurasian collared-dove:
    - a. Bow and arrow;
    - b. Crossbow;
    - c. Falconry;
    - d. Dogs;
    - e. Shotguns shooting shot:
      - i. Ten gauge or smaller, except that lead shot shall not be used or possessed while taking ducks, geese, swans, mergansers, common moorhens, or coots; and
      - ii. Incapable of holding more than a total of three shells as prescribed under 50 C.F.R. 20.21, published October 1, 2015. The material incorporated by reference in this subsection does not include any later amendments or editions. The material is available at any Department office, online from the Government Printing Office website [www.gpoaccess.gov](http://www.gpoaccess.gov), or may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000.
- D.** A person may take waterfowl from any watercraft, except a sinkbox, subject to the following conditions:
1. The motor is shut off, the sail is furled, as applicable, and any progress from a motor or sail has ceased;
  2. The watercraft may be:
    - a. Adrift as a result of current or wind action;
    - b. Beached;
    - c. Moored;
    - d. Resting at anchor; or
    - e. Propelled by paddle, oars, or pole; and
  3. The person may only use the watercraft under power to retrieve dead or crippled waterfowl; shooting is prohibited while the watercraft is under power.
- E.** A person may take predatory and fur-bearing animals by using the following methods, when authorized by Commission Order and subject to the restrictions under R12-4-303 and R12-4-318:
1. Firearms;
  2. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons .22 caliber or larger;
  3. Bow and arrow;
  4. Crossbow;
  5. Traps not prohibited under R12-4-307;
  6. Artificial light while taking raccoon provided the light is not attached to or operated from a motor vehicle, motorized watercraft, watercraft under sail, or floating object towed by a motorized watercraft or a watercraft under sail;
  7. Artificial light while taking coyote during seasons with day-long hours, provided the light is not attached to or operated from a motor vehicle, motorized watercraft, watercraft under sail, or floating object towed by a motorized watercraft or a watercraft under sail; and
  8. Dogs.
- F.** A person may take nongame mammals and birds by any method authorized by Commission Order and not prohibited under R12-4-303, R12-4-318, and R12-4-422, subject to the following restrictions. A person:
1. Shall not take nongame mammals and birds using foothold traps;
  2. Shall check pitfall traps of any size daily, release non-target species, remove pitfalls when no longer in use, and fill any holes;
  3. Shall not use firearms at night; and

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

4. May use artificial light while taking nongame mammals and birds, if the light is not attached to or operated from a motor vehicle, motorized watercraft, watercraft under sail, or floating object towed by a motorized watercraft or a watercraft under sail.
- G.** A person may take reptiles by any method not prohibited under R12-4-303 or R12-4-318 subject to the following restrictions. A person:
1. Shall check pitfall traps of any size daily, release non-target species, remove pitfalls when no longer in use, and fill any holes;
  2. Shall not use firearms at night; and
  3. May use artificial light while taking reptiles provided the light is not attached to or operated from a motor vehicle, motorized watercraft, watercraft under sail, or floating object towed by a motorized watercraft or a watercraft under sail.
3. Sandhill crane and Eurasian-collared dove has either the fully feathered head or one fully feathered wing attached;
  4. Quail has attached a fully feathered head, or a fully feathered wing, or a leg with foot attached, when the current Commission Order has established separate bag or possession limits for any species of quail; and
  5. Freshwater fish has the head, tail, or skin attached so the species can be identified and the total number and required length determined.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 21, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective October 20, 1977 (Supp. 77-5). Amended effective January 11, 1978 (Supp. 78-1). Amended effective September 7, 1978 (Supp. 78-5). Amended effective November 14, 1979 (Supp. 79-6). Amended effective July 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-4). Former Section R12-4-53 renumbered as Section R12-4-304 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective May 12, 1982 (Supp. 82-3). Amended effective April 7, 1983 (Supp. 83-2). Amended subsection (I) effective June 7, 1984 (Supp. 84-3). Amended effective February 28, 1985 (Supp. 85-1). Amended effective September 16, 1985 (Supp. 85-5). Amended effective June 4, 1987 (Supp. 87-2). Former Section R12-4-304 repealed, new Section R12-4-304 adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-304 repealed, new Section R12-4-304 adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Former Section R12-4-304 repealed, new Section R12-4-304 adopted effective February 9, 1998 (Supp. 98-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 1702, effective March 11, 2002 (Supp. 02-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 2629, effective December 9, 2011 (Supp. 11-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-305. Possessing, Transporting, Importing, Exporting, and Selling Carcasses or Parts of Wildlife**

- A.** A person shall ensure that evidence of legality remains with the carcass or parts of a carcass of any wildlife that the person possesses, transports, or imports until arrival at the person's permanent abode, a commercial processing plant, or the place where the wildlife is to be consumed.
- B.** In addition to the requirement under subsection (A), a person possessing or transporting the following wildlife shall ensure each:
1. Big game animal, sandhill crane, and pheasant has the required valid tag attached in the manner indicated on the tag;
  2. Migratory game bird, except sandhill cranes, has one fully feathered wing attached;
- C.** A person who has lawfully taken wildlife that requires a valid tag when prescribed by the Commission may authorize its transportation or shipment by completing and signing the Transportation and Shipping Permit portion of the valid tag for that animal. A separate Transportation and Shipping Permit issued by the Department is necessary to transport or ship to another state or country any big game taken with a resident license. Under A.R.S. § 17-372(B), a person may ship other lawfully taken wildlife by common carrier after obtaining a valid Transportation and Shipping Permit issued by the Department. The person shall provide the following information:
1. Number and description of the wildlife to be transported or shipped;
  2. Name, address, license number, and license class of the person who took the wildlife;
  3. Tag number;
  4. Name and address of the person receiving a portion of the carcass of the wildlife as authorized under subsection (D), if applicable;
  5. Address of destination where the wildlife is to be transported or shipped; and
  6. Name and address of transporter or shipper.
- D.** A person who lawfully takes wildlife under a tag may authorize another individual to possess the head or carcass of the wildlife by separating and attaching the tag as prescribed under R12-4-302.
- E.** A person who receives a portion of the wildlife shall provide the identity of the person who took and gave the portion of the wildlife upon request to any peace officer, wildlife manager, or game ranger.
- F.** A person shall not possess the horns of a bighorn sheep, taken by a hunter in this state, unless the horns are marked or sealed as established under R12-4-308.
- G.** Except as provided under R12-4-307, before a person may sell, offer for sale, or export the raw pelt or unskinned carcass of a bobcat taken in this state, the person shall:
1. Present the bobcat for inspection at any Department office, and
  2. Purchase a bobcat seal by paying the fee established under R12-4-102 at any Department office or other location as determined and published by the Department. Department personnel or an authorized agent shall attach and lock the bobcat seal only to a pelt or unskinned carcass presented with a validated transportation tag.
- H.** A person who takes bear or mountain lion under A.R.S. § 17-302 may retain the carcass of the wildlife if the person has a valid hunting license and the carcass is immediately tagged with a nonpermit-tag or a valid hunt permit-tag as required under R12-4-114 and R12-4-302, provided the person has not reached the applicable bag limit for that big game animal. An animal retained under this subsection shall count toward the applicable bag limit for bear or mountain lion as authorized by Commission Order. The person shall comply with inspection and reporting requirements established under R12-4-308.
- I.** A person may possess, transport, or import only the following portions of a cervid lawfully taken in another state or country:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

1. Boneless portions of meat, or meat that has been cut and packaged either personally or commercially;
  2. Clean hides and capes with no skull or soft tissue attached, except as required for proof of legality;
  3. Clean skulls with antlers, clean skull plates, or antlers with no meat or soft tissue attached, this includes velvet antlers;
  4. Finished taxidermy mounts or products; and
  5. Upper canine teeth with no meat or tissue attached.
- J.** A private game farm license holder may transport a cervid lawfully killed or slaughtered at the license holder's game farm to a licensed meat processor.
- K.** A person may possess or transport only the following portions of a cervid lawfully killed or slaughtered at a private game farm authorized under R12-4-413:
1. Boneless portions of meat, or meat that has been cut and packaged either personally or commercially;
  2. Clean hides and capes with no skull or soft tissue attached;
  3. Clean skulls with antlers, clean skull plates, or antlers with no meat or soft tissue attached, this includes velvet antlers;
  4. Finished taxidermy mounts or products; and
  5. Upper canine teeth with no meat or tissue attached.
- L.** A person who obtains bison meat as authorized under R12-4-306 may sell the meat.
- M.** Except for cervids, which are subject to requirements established under subsections (I), (J), and (K), a person may import into this state the carcasses or parts of wildlife, including aquatic wildlife, lawfully taken in another state or country if transported and exported in accordance with the laws of the state or country of origin.
- N.** A person shall not transport live crayfish from the site where taken, except as permitted under R12-4-316.
- O.** A person in possession of a common carp (*Cyprinus carpio*), buffalofish (*Ictiobus* spp.), or crayfish (families *Astacidae*, *Cambaridae*, and *Parastacidae*) carcass taken under Commission Order may sell the carcass.
3. Be accompanied by an authorized Department employee who:
    - a. Shall designate the bison to be harvested, and
    - b. May assist in taking the bison if the hunter fails to dispatch a wounded bison within a reasonable period of time.
  4. Take only the bison designated by the Department employee.
- C.** A hunter issued a bison permit-tag or nonpermit-tag shall check out no more than three days after the end of the hunt, regardless of whether the hunter harvested a bison, did not harvest a bison, or did not participate in the bison hunt.
1. House Rock Herd (Units 12A, 12B, and 13A): a hunter may check out either in person, electronically, or by telephone with the Department's Flagstaff regional office or Jacob Lake Check station, when open during deer season.
  2. Raymond Herd (Units 5A and 5B):
    - a. A hunter may check out either in person, electronically, or by telephone with the Department's Flagstaff regional office, or when required, with the Raymond Wildlife Area headquarters.
    - b. A hunter may be required to present the harvested bison to the Department for the purpose of gathering biological data when the bison was taken in Units 5A or 5B and a Department employee did not accompany the hunter during the bison hunt.
  3. At the time of check out, the hunter shall provide all of the following information:
    - a. Hunter's name,
    - b. Hunter's contact number,
    - c. Tag number,
    - d. Sex of bison taken,
    - e. Age of the bison taken: adult or yearling,
    - f. Number of days hunted, and
    - g. Number of bison seen while hunting.
  4. An authorized Department employee who accompanies the hunter, shall conduct the check out at the end of the hunt.

- D.** Failure to comply with the requirements of this Section shall result in the invalidation of the hunter's permit-tag or nonpermit-tag, consistent with the written acknowledgment signed and agreed to by the hunter.

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-55 renumbered as Section R12-4-306 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsections (A), (B), and (D) effective May 12, 1982 (Supp. 82-3). Amended effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Amended effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Former Section R12-4-54 renumbered as Section R12-4-305 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective May 12, 1982 (Supp. 82-3). Amended effective June 14, 1983 (Supp. 83-3). Amended effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Amended effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective April 1, 1997; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 683, effective April 8, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-306. Bison Hunt Requirements**

- A.** When authorized by Commission Order, the Department shall conduct a hunt to harvest bison from the state's bison herds.
- B.** A hunter with a bison permit-tag or nonpermit-tag shall, when required:
  1. Provide a signed written acknowledgment that the hunter received, read, understands, and agrees to comply with the requirements of this Section.
  2. Hunt in the order scheduled.

**R12-4-307. Trapping Regulations, Licensing; Methods; Tagging of Bobcat Pelts**

- A.** An Arizona trapping license permits a person to trap predatory and fur-bearing animals.
- B.** A trapping license is required for any person 10 years of age and older. A person under the age of 10 is not required to purchase a trapping license, but shall apply for and obtain a registration number. The trapper registration number is not transferable.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- C. A person born on or after January 1, 1967 shall successfully complete a Department-approved trapping education course before applying for a trapping license.
- D. A person applying for a trapping registration number or trapping license shall pay the applicable fees established under R12-4-102.
- E. A person applying for a trapping registration number or trapping license shall apply using a form furnished by the Department. The form is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The person shall provide all of the following information on the form:
1. The applicant's personal information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth;
    - c. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - d. Department identification number;
    - e. Residency status and number of years of residency immediately preceding application, when applicable;
    - f. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - g. Physical address;
    - h. Telephone number, when available; and
    - i. E-mail address, when available;
  2. Category of license:
    - a. Resident,
    - b. Nonresident, or
    - c. Youth, and
  3. The applicant's signature and date.
- F. A trapper may only trap predatory and fur-bearing animals during trapping seasons established by Commission Order.
- G. A trapper shall:
1. Inspect traps daily;
  2. Kill or release all predatory and fur-bearing animals;
  3. Possess a choke restraint device that enables the trapper to release a javelina from a trap when trapping in a javelina hunt unit as designated by Commission Order;
  4. Possess a device that is designed or manufactured to restrain a trapped animal while it is being removed from a trap when its release is required under this Section; and
  5. Release, without additional injury, all animals that cannot lawfully be taken by trap.
  6. Subsections (G)(3) and (G)(4) do not apply when the trapper is using a confinement trap.
- H. A trapper shall not:
1. Bait a confinement trap with:
    - a. A live animal;
    - b. Any edible parts of small game, big game, or game fish; or
    - c. Any part of any game bird or nongame bird.
  2. Set any trap within:
    - a. One-half mile (880 yards) of any of the following areas developed for public use:
      - i. Boat ramp or launching area,
      - ii. Camping area,
      - iii. Picnic area,
      - iv. Roadside rest area, or
      - v. Developed wildlife viewing platform.
    - b. One-half mile of any occupied farmhouse or other residence, cabin, lodge or building without permission of the owner or resident.
    - c. One-hundred yards of an interstate highway or any other highway maintained by the Arizona Department of Transportation.
    - d. Fifty feet of any trail maintained for public use by a government agency.
      - e. Seventy-five feet of any other road as defined under A.R.S. § 17-101.
      - f. Subsections (H)(2)(b), (H)(2)(c), (H)(2)(d), and (H)(2)(e) do not apply when the trapper is using a confinement trap.
  3. Set a foothold trap within 30 feet of sight-exposed bait.
  4. Use any:
    - a. Body-gripping or other instant kill trap with an open jaw spread that exceeds 5 inches for any land set or 10 inches for any water set;
    - b. Foothold trap with an open jaw spread that exceeds 7 1/2 inches for any water set;
    - c. Snare, unless authorized under subsection (I);
    - d. Trap with an open jaw spread that exceeds 6 1/2 inches for any land set; or
    - e. Trap with teeth.
- I. A trapper who uses a foothold trap to take wildlife with a land set shall use commercially manufactured traps that meet the following specifications:
1. A padded or rubber-jawed trap or an unpadded trap with jaws permanently offset to a minimum of 3/16 inch and a device that allows for pan tension adjustment;
  2. A foothold trap that captures wildlife by means of an enclosed bar or spring designed to prevent the capture of non-targeted wildlife or domestic animals; or
  3. A powered cable device with an inside frame hinge width no wider than 6 inches, a cable loop stop size of at least 2 inches in diameter to prevent capture of small non-target species, and a device that allows for a pan tension adjustment.
- J. A trapper who uses a foothold trap to take wildlife with a land set shall ensure that the trap has an anchor chain equipped with at least two swivels as follows:
1. An anchor chain 12 inches or less in length shall have a swivel attached at each end.
  2. An anchor chain greater than 12 inches in length shall have one swivel attached at the trap and one swivel attached within 12 inches of the trap. The anchor chain shall be equipped with a shock-absorbing spring that requires less than 40 pounds of force to extend or open the spring.
- K. A trapper shall ensure that each trap has either the name and address or the registration number of the trapper marked on a metal tag attached to the trap. The registration number assigned by the Department is the only acceptable registration number.
- L. A trapper shall immediately attach a valid bobcat transportation tag to the pelt or unskinned carcass of a bobcat taken in this state. The trapper shall validate the transportation tag by providing all of the following information on the bobcat transportation tag:
1. Current trapping license number,
  2. Management unit where the bobcat was taken,
  3. Sex of the bobcat, and
  4. Method by which the bobcat was taken.
- M. The Department shall provide transportation tags with each trapping license. Additional transportation tags are available at any Department office at no charge.
- N. A trapper shall ensure that all bobcats taken in this state have a bobcat seal attached and locked either through the mouth and an eye opening or through both eye openings no later than April 1 of each year.
1. When available, bobcat seals are issued on a first-come, first-served basis at Department offices and other locations at those times and places as determined and published by the Department.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

2. The trapper shall pay the bobcat seal fee established under R12-4-102.
  3. Department personnel or an authorized agent shall attach and lock a bobcat seal only to a pelt or unskinned carcass presented with a validated transportation tag and a complete lower jaw identified with labels provided with the transportation tag. Department personnel or authorized agents shall collect the transportation tags and jaws before attaching the bobcat seal.
- O.** Department personnel shall attach a bobcat seal to a bobcat pelt seized under A.R.S. § 17-211(E)(4) before disposal by the Department to the public.
- P.** A licensed trapper shall file the annual report prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-361(D). The report form is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).
1. The trapper shall submit the report to Arizona Game and Fish Department, Terrestrial Wildlife Branch, 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, AZ 85086 by April 1 of each year.
  2. A report is required even when trapping activities were not conducted.
  3. The Department shall deny a trapping license to any trapper who fails to submit an annual report until the trapper complies with reporting requirements.
- Q.** Persons suffering property loss or damage due to wildlife and who take responsive measures as permitted under A.R.S. §§ 17-239 and 17-302 are exempt from this Section. This exemption does not authorize any form of trapping prohibited under A.R.S. § 17-301.

**Historical Note**

Repealed effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). New Section R12-4-56 adopted effective September 2, 1977 (Supp. 77-5). Amended effective December 27, 1979 (Supp. 79-6). Former Section R12-4-56 renumbered as Section R12-4-307 without change effective August 13, 1981. New Section R12-4-307 amended effective August 31, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective August 4, 1982 (Supp. 82-4). Correction, Former Section R12-4-56 renumbered as Section R12-4-307 without change effective August 13, 1981 should read "effective August 31, 1981." Amended as an emergency effective March 29, 1983 pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1003, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 83-2). Amended subsections (B), (C)(6), (7), and (8) and added subsection (I)(5) as a permanent rule effective August 27, 1984 (Supp. 84-4). Amended subsection (C), paragraph (4), subsection (D), subsection (H), paragraph (1), subsection (I), paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) effective September 12, 1986 (Supp. 86-5). Amended effective March 1, 1994; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State November 23, 1993; Exhibit A - "Trapping Report" Form 2050, repealed from Section R12-4-307 (Supp. 93-4). Amended effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Corrected mislabeled subsection "C" to subsection "D" as per the Commission's request July 22, 1997 (Supp. 97-2). Amended effective February 9, 1998 (Supp. 98-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 1702, effective March 11, 2002 (Supp. 02-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-308. Wildlife Inspections, Check Stations, and Road-blocks**

- A.** The Department has the authority to establish mandatory wildlife check stations.
1. The Department shall publish in the Commission Order establishing the season the:
    - a. Location,
    - b. Check in requirements, and
    - c. Check out requirements for that specific season.
  2. The Department shall ensure a wildlife check station with a published:
    - a. Check in requirement is open:
      - i. 8:00 a.m. the day before the season until 8:00 p.m. the first day of the season, and
      - ii. 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. during each day of the season.
    - b. Check out requirement is open:
      - i. 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. during each day of the season, and
      - ii. Until 12:00 p.m. on the day after the close of the season.
  3. A hunter shall:
    - a. Check in at a wildlife check station in person before hunting when the Department includes a check in requirement in the Commission Order for that season;
    - b. Check out at a wildlife check station in person after hunting when the Department includes a check out requirement in the Commission Order for that season and shall:
      - i. Present for inspection any wildlife taken; and
      - ii. Display any license, tag, or permit required for taking or transporting wildlife.
- B.** The Department may conduct inspections of lawfully taken wildlife at the Department's Phoenix and regional offices or designated locations during the posted business hours.
1. A bighorn sheep hunter shall check out either in person or by designee within three days after the close of the season. The hunter or designee shall submit the intact horns and skull for inspection and photographing. A Department representative shall affix a mark or seal to one horn of each bighorn sheep lawfully taken under Commission Order. It is unlawful for any person to remove, alter, or obliterate the mark or seal.
  2. A hunter who harvests a bear or mountain lion shall:
    - a. Report information about the kill to the Department either in person or by telephone within 48 hours of taking the wildlife. The report shall include the:
      - i. Name of the hunter,
      - ii. Hunter's hunting license number,
      - iii. Sex of the wildlife taken,
      - iv. Management unit where the wildlife was taken,
      - v. Telephone number where the hunter can be reached for additional information, and
      - vi. Any additional information required by the Department.
    - b. Present either in person or by designee the skull, hide, and attached proof of sex for inspection within 10 days of taking the wildlife. If a hunter freezes the skull or hide before presenting it for inspection, the hunter shall prop the jaw open to allow access to the teeth and ensure that the attached proof of sex is identifiable and accessible.
  3. For seasons other than bear, bighorn sheep, or mountain lion, a hunter who harvests wildlife for which a harvest objective is established, shall report information about the kill either in person or by telephone within 48 hours

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

of taking the wildlife. The report shall include the information required under subsection (B)(2)(a).

- C. The Director may establish vehicle roadblocks at specific locations when necessary to ensure compliance with applicable wildlife laws. Any occupant of a vehicle at a roadblock shall, upon request, present for inspection all wildlife in possession, and provide evidence of legality as defined under R12-4-301.
- D. This Section does not limit the game ranger or wildlife manager's authority to conduct stops, searches, and inspections authorized under A.R.S. §§ 17-211(E), 17-250(A)(4), and 17-331, or to establish voluntary wildlife survey stations to gather biological information.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective June 29, 1978 (Supp. 78-3). Former Section R12-4-57 renumbered as Section R12-4-308 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-308 repealed, new Section R12-4-308 adopted effective May 12, 1982 (Supp. 82-3). Amended subsections (B), (D), and (F), and added subsection (G) effective July 3, 1984 (Supp. 84-4). Former Section R12-4-308 repealed, new Section R12-4-308 adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-308 repealed, new Section R12-4-308 adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended effective November 10, 1997 (Supp. 97-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 683, effective April 8, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-309. Authorization for Use of Drugs on Wildlife**

- A. A person shall not administer any drug to any wildlife under the jurisdiction of the state, including but not limited to drugs used for fertility control, disease prevention or treatment, immobilization, or growth stimulation without written authorization from the Department or as otherwise provided under subsection (E). This authorization does not:
1. Exempt a person from any state or federal statute, rule, or regulation, or any municipal or county code or ordinance; or
  2. Authorize a person to engage in any activity using federally protected wildlife.
- B. A person requesting written authorization for the use of drugs on wildlife shall submit the request in writing to the Department at 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, AZ 85086 and at least 120 days before the anticipated start date of the activity. The written request shall include all of the following:
1. A plan that includes:
    - a. The purpose and need for the proposed activity;
    - b. A clear statement of the objectives; for fertility control the statement shall include the target wildlife population goals or densities and the anticipated time-frame for meeting these objectives;
    - c. A description of the agent, drug, or method and any mandated labeling restrictions or limitations designed to reduce or minimize detrimental effects to wildlife and humans;
    - d. Citations of published scientific literature documenting field studies on the efficacy and safety for both

target and non-target species, including predators, scavengers, and humans;

- e. A description of the activity area;
  - f. A description of the target species population and current status;
  - g. A description of the field methodology for delivery that includes the following, as applicable:
    - i. Timing,
    - ii. Sex and number of animals to be treated,
    - iii. Percentage of the population to be treated,
    - iv. Calculated population effect, and
    - v. Short and long term monitoring and evaluation procedures.
  2. Documentation regarding the experience and credentials of the applicant or the applicant's agents as it applies to the requested activity;
  3. Written permission from landowners or lessees in all locations where the drug will be administered; and
  4. Written endorsement from the agency or institution; required when the applicant is a government agency, university, or other institution. The person signing the written endorsement shall have the authority to execute the written endorsement on behalf of the agency or institution.
- C. The Department shall notify the applicant of the Department's decision to grant or deny the request within 90 days. The Department has the authority to place conditions on the written authorization regarding:
1. Locations and time-frames,
  2. Drugs and methodology,
  3. Limitations,
  4. Reporting requirements, and
  5. Any other conditions deemed necessary by the Department.
- D. A person with authorization shall:
1. Carry written authorization while engaged in the activity and exhibit it upon request to any peace officer, wildlife manager, or game ranger;
  2. Allow Department personnel to be present to monitor activities for compliance, public safety, and proper treatment of animals;
  3. Adhere to all drug label restrictions and precautions;
  4. Provide an annual and final report:
    - a. The annual report shall include the number of animals treated, the level of treatment effect obtained to date, and any problems including mortalities or morbidities of target animals. The person shall submit the annual report to the Department by January 31 of each year or as otherwise specified in the written authorization.
    - b. The final report shall include the end results, including the number of wildlife treated and treatment effects on target and non-target wildlife, including mortalities, morbidities, and reproductive rate changes. The person shall submit the final report to the Department no later than 90 days after the completion of the project for which the permit was issued.
  5. Comply with all conditions and requirements set forth in the written authorization.
- E. This Section does not prohibit the treatment of wildlife by a licensed veterinarian or holder of a special license in accordance with R12-4-407(B)(2) and (8), R12-4-413(K)(5), R12-4-420(J)(3), activities as authorized under R12-4-418, R12-4-420, R12-4-421, and R12-4-423, a person exempt from special licensing under R12-4-407(A)(4) and (5), or reasonable lethal

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

removal activities for wildlife control as authorized under A.R.S. § 17-239(A).

**F.** This Section does not limit:

1. Department employees or Department agents in the performance of their official duties related to wildlife management,
2. The practices of aquaculture facilities administered by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and commercial aquaculture facilities operating under a valid license from the Arizona Department of Agriculture, or
3. The use of supplements or drugs as a part of conventional livestock operations where those supplements may incidentally be consumed by wildlife.

**G.** The Department shall take possession of and dispose of any remaining wildlife drugs administered in violation of this Section and any devices and paraphernalia used to administer those drugs as authorized under A.R.S. §§ 17-211(E), 17-231(A), and 17-240(B).

**H.** Require the person with authorization to indemnify the Department against any injury or damage resulting from the use of animal drugs.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 21, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective March 7, 1979 (Supp. 79-2). Former Section R12-4-58 renumbered as Section R12-4-309 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-309 repealed, new Section R12-4-309 adopted effective May 12, 1982 (Supp. 82-3). Amended subsection (A) effective July 3, 1984 (Supp. 84-4). Former Section R12-4-309 repealed, new Section R12-4-309 adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-309 repealed, new Section R12-4-309 adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended effective January 1, 1997; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective January 1, 1999; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State December 4, 1998 (Supp. 98-4). Section repealed by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 1702, effective March 11, 2002 (Supp. 02-1). New Section made by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1460, effective September 11, 2010 (Supp. 10-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-310. Fishing Permits**

**A.** The Department may issue a fishing permit to state, county, or municipal agencies or departments and to nonprofit organizations whose primary purpose is to provide treatment and care for persons with physical, developmental, or mental disabilities.

**B.** The permit:

1. Is valid for any two days within a 30 day period;
2. Authorizes persons with physical, developmental, or mental disabilities to fish without a fishing license upon any public waters except that fishing in the waters of the Colorado River is restricted to fishing from the Arizona shoreline only, unless the persons fishing under the authority of the permit also possess a valid Colorado River stamp from the adjacent state; and

3. Does not exempt persons fishing under the authority of the permit from compliance with other statutes, Commission Orders, and rules not contained in this Section.

**C.** An applicant for a fishing permit shall submit a properly completed application to the Department. The application is furnished by the Department and is available from any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).

1. The applicant shall provide all of the following information:

- a. The name, address, and telephone number of the agency, department, or nonprofit organization requesting the permit;
- b. The name, position title, and telephone number of the persons responsible for supervising the persons fishing under the authority of the permit;
- c. The total number of persons who will be fishing under the authority of the permit;
- d. The dates for which the permit will be used; and
- e. The location for which the permit will be valid.

2. In addition to the information required under subsection (C)(1), nonprofit organizations shall also submit:

- a. A copy of the organization's articles of incorporation and evidence that the organization has tax-exempt status under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, unless a current and correct copy is already on file with the Department; and
- b. Document identifying the organization's mission.

**D.** The Department shall either grant or deny the fishing permit within the applicable overall time-frame established under R12-4-106.

**E.** The fishing permit holder shall provide instruction on fish identification, fishing ethics, safety, and techniques to the persons who will be fishing under authority of the permit curriculum outline provided by the Department.

**F.** Each person fishing under the sole authority of the fishing permit may take only one-half the regular bag limit established by Commission Order for any species, unless the regular bag limit is one, in which case the permit authorizes the regular bag limit.

**G.** The permit holder shall submit a report to the Department no later than 30 days after the end of the authorized fishing dates. The report form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office. The permit holder shall report all of the following information on the form:

1. The fishing permit number and the information contained in the permit;
2. The total number of persons who fished and total hours fished;
3. The total number of fish caught, kept, and released, by species.

**H.** The Department may deny future fishing permits to a permit holder who failed to submit the report required under subsection (G) until the permit holder complies with reporting requirements.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective October 9, 1980 (Supp. 80-5). Former Section R12-4-59 renumbered as Section R12-4-310 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-310 renumbered as R12-4-217 and amended effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-310 renumbered as R12-4-217 and amended effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). New Section adopted November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-311. Exemptions from Requirement to Possess an Arizona Fishing License or Hunting License While Taking Wildlife** In addition to the exemptions prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-335, R12-4-206(E), R12-4-207(E), and R12-4-209(E) and provided the person's fishing, hunting, or trapping license privileges are not currently revoked by the Commission:

1. A fishing license is not required when a person is:
  - a. Fishing from artificial ponds, tanks, and lakes contained entirely on private lands that are not:
    - i. Open to the public, and
    - ii. Managed by the Department.
  - b. Taking from private property nonnative terrestrial mollusks, such as but not limited to brown garden snails (*Helix aspersa*) and decollata snails (*Rumina decollata*), or crustaceans, such as crayfish.
  - c. Fishing in Arizona on any designated Saturday occurring during National Fishing and Boating Week, except in waters of the Colorado River forming the common boundaries between Arizona and California, Nevada, or Utah where fishing without a license is limited to the shoreline, unless the state with concurrent jurisdiction removes licensing requirements on the same day.
  - d. Participating in an introductory fishing education program sanctioned by the Department, during scheduled program hours, only. A sanctioned program shall have a Department employee, or authorized volunteer instructor present during scheduled program hours. For the purposes of this subsection, "authorized volunteer instructor" means a person who has successfully passed the Department's required background check, or provided documentation of the person's application for a fingerprint clearance card, and sport fishing education workshop.
2. A hunting license is not required when a person is participating in an introductory hunting event organized, sanctioned, or sponsored by the Department. The person may hunt small game, fur-bearing, predator, and designated mammals during scheduled event hours, only. To hunt migratory game birds, the person shall have any stamps required by federal regulation. The introductory hunting event shall have a Department employee, certified hunter education instructor, or authorized volunteer present during scheduled hunting hours. For the purposes of this subsection, "authorized volunteer" means a person who has successfully passed the Department's required background check, or provided documentation of the person's application for a fingerprint clearance card, and Department event best practices training. This subsection does not apply to any event that requires a participant to obtain a permit-tag or nonpermit-tag.

**Historical Note**

Amended as an emergency effective April 10, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective May 26, 1978 (Supp. 78-3).

Amended effective May 31, 1979. Amended effective June 4, 1979 (Supp. 79-3). Amended effective April 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-2). Former Section R12-4-60 renumbered as Section R12-4-311 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsections (A), (B), and (D) and added subsections (F) and (G) effective

December 17, 1981 (Supp. 81-6). Amended as an emergency effective May 12, 1982, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1003, valid for 90 days (Supp. 82-3). Emergency certification expired. Amended subsections (A) through (E) effective December 7, 1982 (Supp. 82-6). Amended subsections (C) and (D) effective February 9, 1984 (Supp. 84-1). Amended effective December 13, 1985 (Supp. 85-6). Amended subsections (A) and (D) effective December 16, 1986 (Supp. 86-6). Former Section R12-4-311 repealed, new Section R12-4-311 adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-322 repealed, new Section R12-4-311 adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed effective December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-312. Repealed****Historical Note**

Amended effective June 4, 1979 (Supp. 79-3). Amended effective April 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-2). Former Section R12-4-61 renumbered as Section R12-4-312 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsections (B), (E) and (F) effective December 17, 1981 (Supp. 81-6). Amended subsections (A), (C), (D), (E), and added subsection (G) effective December 9, 1982 (Supp. 82-6). Amended subsection (A), paragraph (1) effective November 27, 1984 (Supp. 84-6). Amended effective December 13, 1985 (Supp. 85-6). Former Section R12-4-312 repealed, new Section R12-4-312 adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-312 repealed, new Section R12-4-312 adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3).

**R12-4-313. Lawful Methods of Take and Season for Aquatic Wildlife**

- A. Subject to the restrictions of this Section, a person may take aquatic wildlife during the day or night using artificial light as prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-301. When a fish die-off is imminent or when otherwise deemed appropriate, the Commission may designate a special season by Commission Order to allow fish to be taken by hand or by any hand-held, non-motorized implement that does not discharge a projectile.
- B. A person who possesses a valid Arizona fishing license may take aquatic wildlife by angling or simultaneous fishing as defined under R12-4-301 with any bait, artificial fly, or lure subject to the following restrictions:
  1. Except for sunfish of the genus *Lepomis*, the flesh of game fish may not be used as bait.
  2. Live baitfish, as defined under R12-4-101, may only be used in designated areas prescribed by Commission Order and designated areas may subsequently be closed or restricted by Commission Order.
  3. Waterdogs may not be used as live bait in that portion of Santa Cruz County lying east and south of State Highway

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- 82 or that portion of Cochise County lying west of the San Pedro River and south of State Highway 82.
4. Shall not use more than two lines at any one time.
  5. The Commission may further restrict the lawful methods of take on particular waters by designating one or more of the following special seasons by Commission Order:
    - a. An “artificial flies and lures” season in which only artificial flies and lures may be used in designated areas,
    - b. A “barbless hooks” season in which only the use of barbless or single-point barbless hooks may be used in designated areas,
    - c. An “immediate kill or release” season in which a person must kill and retain the designated species as part of the person’s bag limit or immediately release the wildlife,
    - d. A “catch and immediate release” in which a person must immediately release the designated species, or
    - e. An “immediate kill” season in which a person must immediately kill and retain the designated species as part of the person’s bag limit.
- C. In addition to angling, a person who possesses a valid Arizona fishing license may also take the following aquatic wildlife using the following methods:
1. A hybrid device is lawful for the take of aquatic wildlife provided all components of the device are authorized for the take of that species under this subsection.
  2. Carp (*Cyprinus carpio*), buffalofish, mullet, tilapia, goldfish, and shad may be taken by:
    - a. Bow and arrow,
    - b. Crossbow,
    - c. Snare,
    - d. Gig,
    - e. Spear or spear gun, or
    - f. Snagging,
  3. A person shall not use any of the methods of take listed under subsection (C)(2) within 200 yards of a designated swimming area as indicated by way of posted signs or notices.
  4. Except for snagging, a person shall not use any of the methods of take listed under subsection (C)(2) within 200 yards of any boat dock or fishing pier.
  5. Striped bass may be taken by spear or spear gun in waters designated by Commission Order.
  6. Catfish may be taken by bow and arrow or crossbow in waters designated by Commission Order.
  7. Amphibians, soft-shelled turtles, mollusks, and crustaceans may be taken by minnow trap, crayfish net, hand, or with any hand-held, non-motorized implement that does not discharge a projectile, unless otherwise permitted under this Section.
  8. In addition to the methods described under subsection (C)(7), bullfrogs may be taken by:
    - a. Bow and arrow,
    - b. Crossbow,
    - c. Pneumatic weapon, or
    - d. Slingshot.
  9. Live baitfish may be taken for personal use as bait by:
    - a. A cast net not to exceed a radius of 4 feet measured from the horn to the leadline;
    - b. A minnow trap, as defined under R12-4-301;
    - c. A seine net not to exceed 10 feet in length and 4 feet in width; or
    - d. A dip net.
  10. In addition to the methods described under subsection (C)(7), crayfish may be taken with the following devices:
    - a. A trap not more than 3 feet in the greatest dimension,
    - b. A dip net as defined under R12-4-301, or
    - c. A seine net not larger than 10 feet in length and 4 feet in width.
  11. The Commission may further restrict the lawful methods of take on particular waters by designating one or more of the following special seasons by Commission Order:
    - a. A “snagging” season in which a person may use this method only at times and locations designated by Commission Order, or
    - b. A “spear or spear gun” season in which a person may use this method only at times and locations designated by Commission Order.
- D. Aquatic wildlife taken in violation of this Section is unlawfully taken.

**Historical Note**

Amended as an emergency effective April 10, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective May 17, 1977 (Supp. 77-3). Amended effective June 29, 1978 (Supp. 78-3). Amended effective April 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-2). Former Section R12-4-62 renumbered as Section R12-4-313 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective December 7, 1982 (Supp. 82-6). Amended subsection (A)(7) and added subsection (E)(3) effective November 27, 1984 (Supp. 84-6). Amended subsections (A) and (E) effective December 9, 1985 (Supp. 85-6). Amended subsections (A) and (E) effective December 16, 1986 (Supp. 86-6). Former Section R12-4-313 repealed, new Section R12-4-313 adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read “Former Section R12-4-313 repealed, new Section R12-4-313 adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988” (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended effective October 14, 1993 (Supp. 93-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2220, effective May 25, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-314. Possession, Transportation, or Importation of Aquatic Wildlife**

- A. The Commission may prescribe legal sizes for possession of aquatic wildlife through Commission Order.
- B. A person who possesses a valid Arizona fishing license may possess live aquatic wildlife lawfully taken on the waters where taken, but the person shall not transport the aquatic wildlife alive from the waters where taken except that:
  1. A person may transport live baitfish listed in subsection (C)(1);
  2. A person may transport live waterdogs except in the portion of Santa Cruz County lying east and south of State Highway 82 or the portion of Cochise County lying west of the San Pedro River and south of State Highway 82; and
  3. Any crayfish taken on waters within Yuma or La Paz Counties may be transported alive for use as live bait in that portion of La Paz County west of Highway 95 and south of Interstate 10, Yuma County, and on the Colorado River from the Palo Verde Diversion Dam downstream to the Southern international boundary with Mexico.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- C. A person who possesses a valid Arizona fishing license may import, transport, or possess live baitfish, crayfish, or waterdogs for personal use as live bait only as follows:
1. A person may possess or transport only the following live baitfish for personal use as live bait:
    - a. Fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*),
    - b. Golden shiners (*Notemigonus crysoleucas*),
    - c. Goldfish (*Carassius auratus*),
    - d. Longfin Dace (*Agosia chrysogaster*)
    - e. Sonora Sucker (*Catostomus insignis*),
    - f. Speckled Dace (*Rhynchithys osculus*), and
    - f. Desert Sucker (*Catostomus clarki*).
  2. A person may import for personal use live baitfish listed in subsection (C)(1) from:
    - a. California or Nevada, or
    - b. From any other state with accompanying documentation certifying that the fish are free of Furunculosis.
  3. A person may import, transport, or possess live waterdogs for personal use as bait, except in the portion of Santa Cruz County lying east and south of State Highway 82 or the portion of Cochise County lying west of the San Pedro River and south of State Highway 82.
  4. A person shall not import, transport, or move live crayfish between waters for personal use as live bait except as allowed in 12 A.A.C. 4, Article 4, or except as allowed in subsection (B)(3).
- D. A person shall attach water-resistant identification to any unattended live boxes or stringers holding fish and ensure the identification bears the person's:
1. Name,
  2. Address, and
  3. Fishing license number.
- E. A person who uses a crayfish net or a minnow trap shall raise and empty the trap daily and shall attach water-resistant identification to any unattended traps and ensure the identification bears the person's:
1. Name,
  2. Address, and
  3. Fishing license number.
- F. A person shall not knowingly disturb the crayfish net, live box, minnow trap, or stringer of another unless authorized to do so by the owner.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective April 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-2). Former Section R12-4-63 renumbered as Section R12-4-314 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsection (B) effective December 31, 1984 (Supp. 84-6).

Amended effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4).

Correction, former Historical Note should read "Amended effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Section repealed by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). New Section made by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-315. Repealed****Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-64 renumbered as Section R12-4-315 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4).

Correction, former Historical Note should read "Amended effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30,

1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-316. Repealed****Historical Note**

Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective June 4, 1979 (Supp. 79-3). Amended subsections (A), (B), (C), and (D) effective December 29, 1980 (Supp. 80-6). Former Section R12-4-65 renumbered as Section R12-4-316 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsections (B), (C) and (F) effective February 9, 1984 (Supp. 84-1). Amended effective December 31, 1984 (Supp. 84-6). Former Section R12-4-316 repealed, new Section R12-4-316 adopted effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Former Section R12-4-316 repealed, new Section R12-4-316 adopted effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2147, effective May 25, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-317. Repealed****Historical Note**

Renumbered, then repealed and readopted as Section R12-4-43 effective February 20, 1981 (Supp. 81-1). Former Section R12-4-66 renumbered as Section R12-4-317 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4).

Correction, Section R12-4-317 formerly shown as repealed should have read reserved. Former Historical Note erroneous, see R12-4-202. Section R12-4-317 adopted effective June 20, 1984 (Supp. 84-3). Repealed effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Repealed effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-318. Seasons for Lawfully Taking Wild Mammals, Birds, and Reptiles**

A. Methods of lawfully taking wild mammals, birds, and reptiles during seasons designated by Commission Order as "general" seasons are designated under R12-4-304.

1. Lawful devices are defined under R12-4-101 and R12-4-301.
2. Lawful devices are listed under this Section by the range of effectiveness, from greatest range to least range.
3. A hybrid device may be used in a general season, provided:
  - a. All components of the hybrid device are designated as lawful for a given species under R12-4-304, and
  - b. No components are prohibited under R12-4-303.

B. Methods of lawfully taking big game during seasons designated by Commission Order as "special" are designated under R12-4-304. "Special" seasons are open only to a person who

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

possesses a special big game license tag authorized under A.R.S. § 17-346 and R12-4-120.

- C. When designated by Commission Order, the following seasons have specific requirements and lawful methods of take more restrictive than those for general and special seasons as established under this Section. While taking the species authorized by the season, a person participating in:
1. A "CHAMP" season shall be a challenged hunter access/mobility permit holder as established under R12-4-217.
  2. A "youth-only hunt" shall be under the age of 18. A youth hunter whose 18th birthday occurs during a "youth-only hunt" for which the youth hunter has a valid permit or tag may continue to participate for the duration of that "youth-only hunt."
  3. A "pursuit-only" season may use dogs to pursue bears, mountain lions, or raccoons as designated by Commission Order, but shall not kill or capture the quarry. A person participating in a "pursuit-only" season shall possess and, at the request of Department personnel, produce an appropriate and valid hunting license and any required tag for taking the animal pursued, even though there shall be no kill.
  4. A "restricted season" may use any lawful method authorized for a specific species under R12-4-304, except dogs may not be used to pursue the wildlife for which the season was established.
  5. An "archery-only" season shall not use any other weapons, including crossbows or bows with a device that holds the bow in a drawn position except as authorized under R12-4-216. A person participating in an "archery-only" season may use one or more of the following methods or devices if authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:
    - a. Bows and arrows, and
    - b. Falconry.
  6. A "handgun, archery, and muzzleloader (HAM)" season may use one or more of the following methods or devices if authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:
    - a. Muzzleloading rifles,
    - b. Handguns,
    - c. Muzzleloading handguns,
    - d. Bows and arrows,
    - e. Crossbows or bows to be drawn and held with an assisting device, and
    - f. Pre-charged pneumatic weapons capable of holding and discharging a single projectile .35 caliber or larger.
  7. A "muzzleloader" season may use one or more of the following methods or devices if authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:
    - a. Muzzleloading rifles or muzzleloading handguns,
    - b. Bows and arrows, and
    - c. Crossbows or bows to be drawn and held with an assisting device.
  8. A "limited weapon" season may use one or more of the following methods or devices for taking wildlife, if authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:
    - a. Bows and arrows,
    - b. Crossbows or bows to be drawn and held with an assisting device,
    - c. Pneumatic weapons capable of holding and discharging a single projectile .25 caliber or smaller,
    - d. Hand-propelled projectiles,
    - e. Any trap except foothold traps,
    - f. Slingshots,
    - g. Dogs,
    - h. Falconry,
    - i. Nets, or
    - j. Capture by hand.
  9. A "limited weapon hand or hand-held implement" season may use one or more of the following methods or devices for taking wildlife, if authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:
    - a. Catch-pole,
    - b. Hand,
    - c. Snake hook, or
    - d. Snake tongs.
  10. A "limited weapon-pneumatic" season may use one or more of the following methods or devices for taking wildlife, if authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:
    - a. Pneumatic weapons discharging a single projectile .25 caliber or smaller,
    - b. Hand-propelled projectiles,
    - c. Slingshots,
    - d. Dogs,
    - e. Falconry,
    - f. Nets, or
    - g. Capture by hand.
  11. A "limited weapon-rimfire" season may use one or more of the following methods or devices for taking wildlife, if authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:
    - a. Rifled firearms using rimfire cartridges,
    - b. Shotgun shooting shot or slug,
    - c. Bows and arrows,
    - d. Crossbows or bows to be drawn and held with an assisting device,
    - e. Pneumatic weapons,
    - f. Hand-propelled projectiles,
    - g. Any trap except foothold traps,
    - h. Slingshots,
    - i. Dogs,
    - j. Falconry,
    - k. Nets, or
    - l. Capture by hand.
  12. A "limited weapon-shotgun" season may use one or more of the following methods or devices for taking wildlife, if authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:
    - a. Shotgun shooting shot or slug,
    - b. Muzzleloading shotgun,
    - c. Bows and arrows,
    - d. Crossbows or bows to be drawn and held with an assisting device,
    - e. Pneumatic weapons,
    - f. Hand-propelled projectiles,
    - g. Any trap except foothold traps,
    - h. Slingshots,
    - i. Dogs,
    - j. Falconry,
    - k. Nets, or
    - l. Capture by hand.
  13. A "limited weapon-shotgun shooting shot" season may use one or more of the following methods or devices for taking wildlife, if authorized under R12-4-304 as lawful for the species hunted:
    - a. Shotgun shooting shot,
    - b. Muzzleloading shotgun shooting shot,
    - c. Bows and arrows,

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- d. Crossbows or bows to be drawn and held with an assisting device,
  - e. Pneumatic weapons,
  - f. Hand-propelled projectiles,
  - g. Any trap except foothold traps,
  - h. Slingshots,
  - i. Dogs,
  - j. Falconry,
  - k. Nets, or
  - l. Capture by hand.
14. A “falconry-only” season shall be a falconer licensed under R12-4-422 unless exempt under A.R.S. § 17-236(C) or R12-4-407. A falconer participating in a “falconry-only” season shall use no other method of take except falconry.
15. A “raptor capture” season shall be a falconer licensed under R12-4-422 unless exempt under R12-4-407.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective June 4, 1987 (Supp. 87-2). Amended effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read “Amended effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988” (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended effective January 1, 1997; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended effective January 1, 1998; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State November 10, 1997 (Supp. 97-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective January 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1460, effective September 11, 2010 (Supp. 10-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 1458, effective January 1, 2013 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-319. Use of Aircraft to Take Wildlife**

- A. A person shall not take or assist in taking wildlife from or with the aid of aircraft, including drones.
- B. Except in hunt units with Commission-ordered special seasons under R12-4-115 and R12-4-120 and hunt units with seasons only for mountain lion and no other concurrent big game season, a person shall not locate or assist in locating wildlife from or with the aid of an aircraft, including drones, in a hunt unit with an open big game season. This restriction begins 48 hours before the opening of a big game season in a hunt unit and extends until the close of the big game season for that hunt unit.
- C. A person who possesses a special big game license tag for a special season under R12-4-115 or R12-4-120 or a person who assists or will assist such a licensee shall not use an aircraft, including drones, to locate wildlife beginning 48 hours before and during a Commission-ordered special season.
- D. This Section does not apply to any person acting within the scope of official duties as an employee or authorized agent of the state or the United States to manage or protect or aid in the management or protection of land, water, wildlife, livestock, domesticated animals, human life, or crops.

- E. For the purposes of this Section, “locate” means any act or activity that does not take or harass wildlife and is directed at locating or finding wildlife in a hunt area.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective May 21, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended effective June 12, 1979 (Supp. 79-3). Amended effective April 22, 1980 (Supp. 80-2). Former Section R12-4-68 renumbered as Section R12-4-319 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). New Section R12-4-319 adopted as an emergency effective October 18, 1990, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 90-4). Emergency expired. New Section adopted by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective December 14, 1999 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-320. Harassment of Wildlife**

- A. In addition to the provisions established under A.R.S. § 17-301, it is unlawful to harass, molest, chase, rally, concentrate, herd, intercept, torment, or drive wildlife with or from any aircraft, including drones, as defined under R12-4-301, or with or from any motorized terrestrial or aquatic vehicle.
- B. This Section does not apply to person’s acting:
  - 1. In accordance with the provisions established under A.R.S. § 17-239; or
  - 2. Within the scope of official duties as an employee or authorized agent of the state or the United States to manage or protect or aid in the management or protection of land, water, wildlife, livestock, domesticated animals, human life, or crops.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 850, effective April 3, 2004 (Supp. 04-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-321. Restrictions for Taking Wildlife in City, County, or Town Parks and Preserves**

- A. All city, county, and town parks and preserves are closed to hunting and trapping, unless open by Commission Order.
- B. Unless otherwise provided under Commission Order or rule, a city, county, or town may:
  - 1. Limit or prohibit any person from hunting within one-fourth mile (440 yards) or trapping within one half mile (880 yards) of any:
    - a. Developed picnic area,
    - b. Developed campground,
    - c. Developed trailhead,
    - d. Developed wildlife viewing platform,
    - e. Boat ramp,
    - f. Shooting range,
    - g. Occupied structure, or
    - h. Golf course.
  - 2. Require a person entering a city, county, or town park or preserve, for the purpose of hunting, to declare the person’s intent to hunt within the park or preserve, if the park or preserve has a check in process established.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

3. Allow a person to take wildlife in a city, county, or town park or preserve only during the posted park or preserve hours.
- C. The requirements of subsection (B)(1) do not apply to a reptile and amphibian limited weapon hand or hand-held implement season established by Commission Order.

**Historical Note**

New Section R12-4-321 renumbered from R12-4-301 and amended by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 1458, effective January 1, 2013 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**R12-4-322. Pickup and Possession of Wildlife Carcasses or Parts**

- A. For the purposes of this Section, the following definitions apply:
1. "Fresh" means the majority of the wildlife carcass or part is not exposed dry bone and is comprised mainly of hair, hide, or flesh.
  2. "Not fresh" means the majority of the wildlife carcass or part is exposed dry bone due to natural processes such as scavenging, decomposition, or weathering.
- B. If not contrary to federal law or regulation, a person may pick up and possess naturally shed antlers or horns or other wildlife parts that are not fresh without a permit or inspection by a Department law enforcement officer.
- C. If not contrary to federal law or regulation, a person may only pick up and possess a fresh wildlife carcass or its parts under this Section if the person notifies the Department prior to pick up and possession and:
1. The Department's first report or knowledge of the carcass or its parts is voluntarily provided by the person wanting to possess the carcass or its parts;
  2. A Department law enforcement officer or an authorized Department employee or agent is able to observe the carcass or its parts at the site where the animal was found in the same condition and location as when the animal was originally found by the person wanting to possess the carcass or its parts; and
  3. A Department law enforcement officer, using the officer's education, training, and experience, determines the animal died from natural causes. The Department may require the person to take the officer to the site where the animal carcass or parts were found when an adequate description or location cannot be provided to the officer.
- D. If a Department law enforcement officer determines that the person wanting to possess the carcass or its parts is authorized to do so under subsection (C), the officer may authorize possession of the carcass or its parts.
- E. Wildlife parts picked up and possessed from areas under control of jurisdictions that prohibit such activity, such as other states, reservations, or national parks, are illegal to possess in this state.
- F. This Section does not authorize the pickup and possession of a threatened or endangered species carcass or its parts.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 826, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

**ARTICLE 4. LIVE WILDLIFE****R12-4-401. Live Wildlife Definitions**

In addition to definitions provided under A.R.S. § 17-101, and for the purposes of this Article, the following definitions apply:

"Adoption" means the transfer of custody of live wildlife to a member of the public, initiated by either the Department or its authorized agent, when no special license is required.

"Agent" means the person identified on a special license and who assists a special license holder in performing activities authorized by the special license to achieve the objectives for which the license was issued. "Agent" has the same meaning as "sublicensee" and "subpermittee" as these terms are used for the purpose of federal permits.

"Aquarium trade" means the commercial industry and its customers who lawfully trade in aquatic live wildlife.

"Aversion training" means behavioral training in which an aversive stimulus is paired with an undesirable behavior in order to reduce or eliminate that behavior.

"Captive live wildlife" means live wildlife held in captivity, physically restrained, confined, impaired, or deterred to prevent it from escaping to the wild or moving freely in the wild.

"Captive-reared" means wildlife born, bred, raised, or held in captivity.

"Circus" means a scheduled event where a variety of entertainment is the principal business, primary purpose, and attraction. "Circus" does not include animal displays or exhibits held as an attraction for a secondary commercial endeavor.

"Commercial purpose" means the bartering, buying, leasing, loaning, offering to sell, selling, trading, exporting or importing of wildlife or their parts for monetary gain.

"Domestic" means an animal species that does not exist in the wild, and includes animal species that have only become feral after they were released by humans who held them in captivity or individuals or populations that escaped from human captivity.

"Educational display" means a display of captive live wildlife to increase public understanding of wildlife biology, conservation, and management without requiring or soliciting payment from an audience or an event sponsor. For the purposes of this Article, "to display for educational purposes" refers to display as part of an educational display.

"Educational institution" means any entity that provides instructional services or education-related services to persons.

"Endangered or threatened wildlife" means wildlife listed under 50 C.F.R. 17.11, revised October 1, 2013, which is incorporated by reference. A copy of the list is available at any Department office, online at [www.gpoaccess.gov](http://www.gpoaccess.gov), or may be ordered from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000. This incorporation by reference does not include any later amendments or editions of the incorporated material.

"Evidence of lawful possession" means any license or permit authorizing possession of a specific live wildlife species or individual, or other documentation establishing lawful possession. Other forms of documentation may include, but are not limited to, a statement issued by the country or state of origin verifying a license or permit for that specific live wildlife species or individual is not required.

"Exhibit" means to display captive live wildlife in public or to allow photography of captive live wildlife for any commercial purpose.

"Exotic" means wildlife or offspring of wildlife not native to North America.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

“Fish farm” means a commercial operation designed and operated for propagating, rearing, or selling aquatic wildlife for any purpose.

“Game farm” means a commercial operation designed and operated for the purpose of propagating, rearing, or selling terrestrial wildlife or the parts of terrestrial wildlife for any purpose stated under R12-4-413.

“Health certificate” means a certificate of an inspection completed by a licensed veterinarian verifying the animal examined appears to be healthy and free of infectious, contagious, and communicable diseases.

“Hybrid wildlife” means an offspring from two different wildlife species or genera. Offspring from a wildlife species and a domestic animal species are not considered wildlife.

“Live baitfish” means any species of live freshwater fish designated by Commission Order as lawful for use in taking aquatic wildlife under R12-4-313 and R12-4-317.

“Live bait” means aquatic live wildlife used or intended for use in taking aquatic wildlife.

“Migratory birds” mean all species listed under 50 C.F.R. 10.13 revised October 1, 2014, and no later amendments or editions. The incorporated material is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000, and is on file with the Department.

“Noncommercial purpose” means the use of products or services developed using wildlife for which no compensation or monetary value is received.

“Nonhuman primate” means any nonhuman member of the order Primate of mammals including prosimians, monkeys, and apes.

“Nonnative” means wildlife or its offspring that did not occur naturally within the present boundaries of Arizona before European settlement.

“Photography” means any process that creates durable images of wildlife or parts of wildlife by recording light or other electromagnetic radiation, either chemically by means of a light-sensitive material or electronically by means of an image sensor.

“Rehabilitated wildlife” means live wildlife that is injured, orphaned, sick, or otherwise debilitated and is provided care to restore it to a healthy condition suitable for release to the wild or for lawful captive use.

“Research facility” means any association, institution, organization, school, except an elementary or secondary school, or society that uses or intends to use live animals in research.

“Restricted live wildlife” means wildlife that cannot be imported, exported, or possessed without a special license or lawful exemption.

“Shooting preserve” means any operation where live wildlife is released for the purpose of hunting.

“Special license” means any license issued under this Article, including any additional stipulations placed on the license authorizing specific activities normally prohibited under A.R.S. § 17-306 and R12-4-402.

“Species of greatest conservation need” means any species listed in the Department’s Arizona’s State Wildlife Action Plan list Tier 1a and 1b published by the Arizona Game and Fish

Department. The material is available for inspection at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).

“Stock” and “stocking” means to release live aquatic wildlife into public or private waters other than the waters where taken.

“Taxa” means groups of animals within specific classes of wildlife occurring in the state with common characteristics that establish relatively similar requirements for habitat, food, and other ecological, genetic, or behavioral factors.

“Unique identifier” means a permanent marking made of alphanumeric characters that identifies an individual animal, which may include, but is not limited to, a tattoo or microchip.

“USFWS” means the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.

“Volunteer” means a person who:

Assists a special license holder in conducting activities authorized under the special license,

Is under the direct supervision of the license holder at the premises described on the license,

Is not designated as an agent, and

Receives no compensation.

“Wildlife disease” means any disease that poses a health risk to wildlife in Arizona.

“Zoo” means any facility licensed by the Arizona Game and Fish Department under R12-4-420 or, for facilities located outside of Arizona, licensed or recognized by the applicable governing agency.

“Zoonotic” means a disease that can be transmitted from animals to humans or, more specifically, a disease that normally exists in animals but that can infect humans.

#### Historical Note

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1047, effective June 1, 2019 (Supp. 19-2).

#### R12-4-402. Live Wildlife: Unlawful Acts

- A. A person shall not perform any of the following activities with live wildlife unless authorized by a federal license or permit, this Chapter, or A.R.S. Title 3, Chapter 16:
1. Import any live wildlife into the state;
  2. Export any live wildlife from the state;
  3. Conduct any of the following activities with live wildlife within the state:
    - a. Display,
    - b. Exhibit,
    - c. Give away,
    - d. Lease,
    - e. Offer for sale,
    - f. Possess,
    - g. Propagate,
    - h. Purchase,
    - i. Release,
    - j. Rent,
    - k. Sell,
    - l. Sell as live bait,

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- m. Stock,
  - n. Trade,
  - o. Transport; or
- 4. Kill any captive live wildlife.
- B. The Department may seize, quarantine, hold, or euthanize any lawfully possessed wildlife held in a manner that poses an actual or potential threat to the wildlife, other wildlife, or the safety, health, or welfare of the public. The Department shall make reasonable efforts to find suitable placement for any animal prior to euthanizing it.
- C. A person who does not lawfully possess wildlife in accordance with this Article shall be responsible for all costs associated with the care and keeping of the wildlife.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2732, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-403. Escaped or Released Live Wildlife**

- A. The Department may seize, quarantine, or euthanize any live wildlife that has been released, has escaped, or is likely to escape if the wildlife poses an actual or potential threat to:
  - 1. Native wildlife;
  - 2. Wildlife habitat; or
  - 3. Public health, safety, or welfare; or
  - 4. Property.
- B. A person shall not release live wildlife, unless specifically directed to do so by the Department or authorized under this Article.
- C. The person possessing the wildlife shall be responsible for all costs incurred by the Department associated with seizing or quarantining the wildlife.
- D. All special license holders shall be subject to the requirements of this Section.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-404. Possession of Live Wildlife Taken Under an Arizona Hunting or Fishing License**

- A. A person may take live wildlife from the wild under a valid Arizona hunting or fishing license provided the current Commission Order authorizes a live bag and possession limit for that wildlife and the individual possesses the appropriate hunting or fishing license and special license, when applicable.
- B. Except for live baitfish which may only be possessed and transported as established under R12-4-316, a person may conduct any of the following activities with wildlife taken under an Arizona hunting or fishing license provided the activity is for a noncommercial purpose:
  - 1. Export,
  - 2. Kill,
  - 3. Place on educational display,
  - 4. Possess,
  - 5. Propagate, and
  - 6. Transport.
- C. A person possessing wildlife or offspring of wildlife taken under this Section shall dispose of the wildlife or offspring of wildlife using any one or more of the following methods:
  - 1. Giving the wildlife as a gift,
  - 2. Exporting the wildlife to another state or jurisdiction, or

- 3. Disposing of the wildlife as directed by the Department.
- D. A person shall not use wildlife or offspring of wildlife taken under this Section for commercial purposes.
- E. A person exporting live wildlife for a noncommercial purpose shall verify exported live wildlife and offspring of wildlife shall not be:
  - 1. Bartered,
  - 2. Leased,
  - 3. Offered for sale,
  - 4. Purchased,
  - 5. Rented,
  - 6. Sold, or
  - 7. Used for any commercial purpose.
- F. A person may temporarily hold and release live wildlife possessed under this Section into the wild, provided the person did not remove the wildlife from the immediate area where it was taken.
- G. A person shall not exceed the possession limit of live wildlife established by Commission Order for that species.
  - 1. Offspring of wildlife possessed under this Section shall count towards the established possession limit.
  - 2. A person may possess offspring of amphibians or reptiles in excess of the possession limit for no more than 12 months from the date of birth or hatching.
  - 3. On or before the day the offspring reach 12 months of age, the person possessing them shall dispose of them as prescribed under subsection (C).
  - 4. A person is prohibited from releasing offspring of propagated wildlife into the wild.
- H. A person may use reptiles and amphibians taken under a valid Arizona hunting license for the purpose of providing aversion or avoidance training when the current Commission Order authorizes a live bag and possession limit for that reptile or amphibian.
- I. A person may sell photographs of wildlife taken under a valid hunting or fishing license.
- J. A person who possesses live wildlife or offspring of wildlife taken under this Section shall comply with the requirements prescribed under R12-4-425 if the wildlife becomes listed as restricted wildlife under R12-4-406.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-405. Importing, Purchasing, and Transporting Live Wildlife Without an Arizona License or Permit**

- A. A person may import mammals, birds, amphibians, and reptiles not listed as restricted wildlife under R12-4-406 without a special license required under this Article, provided the animals are:
  - 1. Lawfully possessed under a:
    - a. Lawful exemption; or
    - b. Valid license, permit, or other form of authorization from another state, the United States, or another country; and
  - 2. Accompanied by the health certificate required under 3 A.A.C. 2, Article 6, and this Article, when applicable.
- B. A person may import live aquatic wildlife not listed as restricted wildlife under R12-4-406 without a special license under the following conditions:
  - 1. The aquatic wildlife is lawfully possessed under a lawful exemption, valid license, permit, or other form of authori-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

zation from another state, the United States, or another country; and

2. The aquatic wildlife is used only for restaurants or markets that are licensed to sell food to the public and the wildlife is killed before it is transported from the restaurant or market, or, if transported alive from the market, is conveyed directly to its final destination for preparation as food; or
3. The aquatic wildlife is used only for the aquarium trade or a fish farm and is accompanied by a valid license or permit issued by another state or the United States that allows the wildlife to be transported into this state.
  - a. A person in the aquarium trade shall:
    - i. Only use aquatic wildlife used in the aquarium trade as a pet or in an educational display, and
    - ii. Keep aquatic wildlife used in the aquarium trade in an aquarium or enclosed pond that does not allow the wildlife to leave the aquarium or pond and does not allow other live aquatic wildlife to enter the aquarium or pond.
  - b. A person in the aquarium trade shall not use or possess aquatic wildlife listed as restricted live wildlife under R12-4-406.
- C. A person shall obtain the appropriate special license listed under R12-4-409(A) before importing aquatic live wildlife for any purpose not stated under subsection (B), unless exempt under this Chapter.
- D. A person may purchase, possess, exhibit, transport, propagate, trade, rent, lease, give away, sell, offer for sale, export, or kill wildlife or aquatic wildlife or its offspring without an Arizona license or permit if the wildlife is lawfully imported and possessed as prescribed under subsections (A) or (B).
- E. An individual shall use and dispose of wildlife that is taken under an Arizona hunting or fishing license as prescribed by R12-4-404, or R12-4-417 and this Article, as applicable.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-406. Restricted Live Wildlife**

- A. In order to lawfully possess wildlife listed as restricted under this Section, for any activity prohibited under A.R.S. §§ 17-255.02, 17-306, R12-4-1102, or this Article, a person shall possess:
  1. All applicable federal licenses and permits; and
  2. The appropriate special license listed under R12-4-409(A); or
  3. Act under a lawful exemption authorized under A.R.S. § 17-255.04, R12-4-316, R12-4-404, R12-4-405, R12-4-407, R12-4-425, R12-4-427, and R12-4-430.
- B. The Commission recognizes the online taxonomic classification from the Integrated Taxonomic Information System as the authority in determining the designations of restricted live mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fish, crustaceans, and mollusks referenced under this Article. The Integrated Taxonomic Information System is available at any Department office and at [www.itis.gov](http://www.itis.gov).
- C. All of the following are considered restricted live wildlife and are subject to the requirements of this Article, unless otherwise specified:
  1. Hybrid wildlife, as defined under R12-4-401, resulting from the interbreeding of at least one parent species of wildlife that is listed as restricted under this Section; and
  2. Transgenic species, unless otherwise specified under this Article. For the purposes of this Section, “transgenic species” means any organism that has had genes from another organism put into its genome through direct human manipulation of that genome. Transgenic species do not include natural hybrids or individuals that have had their chromosome number altered to induce sterility. A transgenic animal is considered wildlife if the animal is the offspring of at least one wildlife species.
- D. Domestic animals, as defined under R12-4-401, are not subject to restrictions under A.R.S. Title 17, 12 A.A.C. 4, or Commission Orders.
- E. Unless otherwise specified, all mammals listed below are considered restricted live wildlife:
  1. All species of the order *Afrosoricida*. Common names include: tenrecs and golden moles.
  2. All species of the following families of the order *Artiodactyla*. Common name: even-toed ungulates:
    - a. The family *Antilocapridae*. Common name: pronghorns.
    - b. The family *Bovidae*. Common names include: cattle, buffalo, bison, oxen, duikers, antelopes, gazelles, goats, and sheep. Except the following genera which are not restricted:
      - i. The genus *Bubalus*. Common name: water buffalo.
      - ii. The genus *Bison*. Common name: bison, American bison or buffalo.
    - c. The family *Cervidae*. Common names include: cervid, deer, elk, moose, wapiti, and red deer.
    - d. The family *Tayassuidae*. Common name: peccaries.
  3. All species of the order *Carnivora*. Common names include: carnivores, skunks, raccoons, bears, foxes, and weasels.
  4. All species of the order *Chiroptera*. Common name: bats.
  5. All species of the genus *Didelphis*. Common name: American opossums.
  6. All species of the order *Erinaceomorpha*. Common names include: gymnures and moonrats. Except members of the family *Erinaceidae*, which are not restricted. Common name: hedgehogs.
  7. All species of the order *Lagomorpha*. Common names include: pikas, rabbits, and hares. Except for members of the genus *Oryctolagus* containing domestic rabbits, which are not wildlife and are not restricted.
  8. All nonhuman primates. Common names include: orangutans, chimpanzees, gorillas, macaques, and spider monkeys.
  9. All species of the following families of the order *Rodentia*. Common name: rodents:
    - a. The family *Capromyidae*. Common name: hutias.
    - b. The family *Castoridae*. Common name: beavers.
    - c. The family *Echimyidae*. Common names include: coypus and nutrias.
    - d. The family *Erethizontidae*. Common name: new world porcupines.
    - e. The family *Geomyidae*. Common name: pocket gophers.
    - f. The family *Sciuridae*. Common names include: squirrels, chipmunks, marmots, woodchucks, and prairie dogs.
  10. All species of the order *Soricomorpha*. Common names include: shrews, desmans, moles, and shrew-moles.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

11. All species of the order *Xenarthra*. Common names include: edentates; or sloths, anteaters, and armadillos.
- F.** Birds listed below are considered restricted live wildlife:
- The following species within the family *Phasianidae*. Common names: partridges, grouse, turkeys, quail, and pheasants:
    - Callipepla gambelii*. Common name: Gambel's quail.
    - Callipepla squamata*. Common name: scaled quail.
    - Colinus virginianus*. Common name: northern bobwhite. Restricted only in game management units 34A, 36A, 36B, and 36C as prescribed under R12-4-108.
    - Cyrtonyx montezumae*. Common name: Montezuma, harlequin, or Mearn's quail.
    - Dendragapus obscurus*. Common name: dusky grouse.
  - All species listed under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act listed under 50 C.F.R. 10.13 revised October 1, 2014, and no later amendments or editions. The incorporated material is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000, and is on file with the Department.
- G.** Reptiles listed below are considered restricted live wildlife:
- All species of the order *Crocodylia*. Common names include: gavials, caimans, crocodiles, and alligators.
  - All species of the following families or genera of the order *Squamata*:
    - The family *Atractaspididae*. Common name: burrowing asps.
    - The following species and genera of the family *Colubridae*:
      - Boiga irregularis*. Common name: brown tree snake.
      - Dispholidus typus*. Common name: boomslang.
      - Rhabdophis*. Common name: keelback.
      - Thelotornis kirtlandii*. Common names include: bird snake or twig snake.
    - The family *Elapidae*. Common names include: cobras, mambas, coral snakes, kraits, Australian elapids, and sea snakes.
    - The family *Helodermatidae*. Common names include: Gila monster and Mexican beaded lizard.
    - The family *Viperidae*. Common names include: true vipers and pit vipers, including rattlesnakes.
  - The following species of the order *Testudines*:
    - All species of the family *Chelydridae*. Common name: snapping turtles.
    - All species of the genus *Gopherus*. Common names include: gopher tortoises, including the desert tortoise.
- H.** Amphibians listed below are considered restricted live wildlife. The following species within the order *Anura*, common names frogs and toads:
- The species *Bufo horribilis*, *Bufo marinus*, *Bufo schneideri*. Common names include: giant or marine toads.
  - All species of the genus *Rana*. Common names include: leopard frogs and bullfrogs. Except bullfrogs possessed under A.R.S. § 17-102.
  - All species of the genus *Xenopus*. Common name: clawed frogs.
- I.** Fish listed below are considered restricted live wildlife:
- All species of the family *Acipenseridae*. Common name: sturgeon.
  - The species *Amia calva*. Common name: bowfin.
  - The species *Aplodinotus grunniens*. Common name: freshwater drum.
  - The species *Arapaima gigas*. Common name: bony tongue.
  - All species of the genus *Astyanax*. Common name: tetra.
  - The species *Belonesox belizanus*. Common name: pike topminnow.
  - All species, both marine and freshwater, of the orders *Carcharhiniformes*, *Heterodontiformes*, *Hexanchiformes*, *Lamniformes*, *Orectolobiformes*, *Pristiophoriformes*, *Squaliformes*, *Squatiformes*, and except for all species of the families *Brachaeluridae*, *Hemiscylliidae*, *Orectolobidae*, and *Triakidae*; genera of the family *Scyliorhinidae*, including *Aulohalaelurus*, *Halaelurus*, *Haploblepharus*, *Poroderma*, and *Scyliorhinus*; and genera of the family *Parascylliidae*, including *Cirrhoscyllium* and *Parascyllium*. Common name: sharks.
  - All species of the family *Centrarchidae*. Common name: sunfish.
  - All species of the family *Cetopsidae* and *Trichomycteridae*. Common name: South American catfish.
  - All species of the family *Channidae*. Common name: snakehead.
  - All of the species *Cirrhinus mrigala*, *Gibelion catla*, and *Labeo rohita*. Common name: Indian carp.
  - All species of the family *Clariidae*. Common names include: labyrinth or airbreathing catfish.
  - All species of the family *Clupeidae* except threadfin shad, species *Dorosoma petenense*. Common names include: herring and shad.
  - The species *Ctenopharyngodon idella*. Common names include: white amur or grass carp.
  - The species *Cyprinella lutrensis*. Common name: red shiner.
  - The species *Electrophorus electricus*. Common name: electric eel.
  - All species of the family *Esocidae*. Common names include: pike and pickerels.
  - All species of the family *Hiodontidae*. Common names include: goldeye and mooneye.
  - The species *Hoplias malabaricus*. Common name: tiger fish.
  - The species *Hypophthalmichthys molitrix*. Common name: silver carp.
  - The species *Hypophthalmichthys nobilis*. Common name: bighead carp.
  - All species of the family *Ictaluridae*. Common name: catfish.
  - All species of the genus *Lates* and *Luciolates*. Common name: Nile perch.
  - All species of the family *Lepisosteidae*. Common name: gar.
  - The species *Leuciscus idus*. Common names include: whitefish and ide.
  - The species *Malapterurus electricus*. Common name: electric catfish.
  - All species of the family *Moronidae*. Common name: temperate bass.
  - The species *Mylopharyngodon piceus*. Common name: black carp.
  - All species of the family *Percidae*. Common names include: walleye and pike perches.
  - All species of the family *Petromyzontidae*. Common name: lamprey.
  - The species *Polyodon spathula*. Common name: American Paddlefish.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

32. All species of the family *Potamotrygonidae*. Common name: stingray.
33. All species of the genera *Pygocentrus*, *Pygopristis*, and *Serrasalmus*. Common name: piranha.
34. All species of the family *Salmonidae*. Common names include: trout and salmon.
35. The species *Scardinius erythrophthalmus*. Common name: rudd.
36. All species of the family *Serranidae*. Common name: bass.
37. The following species, and hybrid forms, of the Genus *Tilapia*: *O. aureus*, *O. mossambica*; *O. niloticus*, *O. urolepis hornorum* and *T. zilli*. Common name: tilapia.
38. The species *Thymallus arcticus*. Common name: Arctic grayling.
- J.** Crustaceans listed below are considered restricted live wildlife:
1. All freshwater species within the families *Astacidae*, *Cambaridae*, and *Parastacidae*. Common name: crayfish.
  2. The species *Eriocheir sinensis*. Common name: Chinese mitten crab.
- K.** Mollusks listed below are considered restricted live wildlife:
1. The species *Corbicula fluminea*. Common name: Asian clam.
  2. All species of the family *Dreissenidae*. Common names include: zebra and quagga mussel.
  3. The species *Euglandina rosea*. Common name: rosy wolfsnail.
  4. The species *Mytilopsis leucophaeata*. Common names include: Conrad's false mussel or false dark mussel.
  5. All species of the genus *Pomacea*. Common names include: Chinese mystery snail or apple snail.
  6. The species *Potamopyrgus antipodarum*. Common name: New Zealand mud snail.
- L.** All wildlife listed within Aquatic Invasive Species Director's Order #1.
- Historical Note**
- Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2220, effective May 25, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 196, effective January 10, 2012 (Supp. 12-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-407. Exemptions from Special License Requirements for Restricted Live Wildlife**
- A.** All live cervids may only be imported, possessed, or transported as authorized under R12-4-430.
- B.** A person is not required to possess a special license to lawfully possess restricted live wildlife under the following circumstances:
1. A person may possess, transport, or give away a desert tortoise (*Gopherus morafkai*) or the progeny of a desert tortoise provided the person possessed the tortoise prior to April 28, 1989 or obtained the tortoise through a Department authorized adoption program. A person who receives a desert tortoise that is given away under this Section is also exempt from special license requirements. A person shall not:
    - a. Propagate lawfully possessed desert tortoises or their progeny unless authorized in writing by the Department's special license administrator.
    - b. Export a live desert tortoise from this state unless authorized in writing by the Department.
  2. A licensed veterinarian may possess restricted wildlife while providing medical care to the wildlife and may release rehabilitated wildlife as directed in writing by the Department, provided:
    - a. The veterinarian keeps records of restricted live wildlife as required by the Veterinary Medical Examining Board, and makes the records available for inspection by the Department.
    - b. The Department assumes no financial responsibility for any care the veterinarian provides, except care that is specifically authorized by the Department.
  3. A person may transport restricted live wildlife through this state provided the person:
    - a. Transports the wildlife through the state within 72 continuous and consecutive hours;
    - b. Ensures at least one person is continually present with, and accountable for, the wildlife while in this state;
    - c. Ensures the wildlife is neither transferred nor sold to another person;
    - d. Ensures the wildlife is accompanied by evidence of lawful possession, as defined under R12-4-401;
    - e. Ensures a health certificate required under this Article accompanies the wildlife described on the health certificate, when applicable; and
    - f. Ensures the carcasses of any wildlife that die while in transport through this state are disposed of only as directed by the Department.
  4. A person may exhibit, export, import, possess, and transport restricted live wildlife for a circus, temporary animal exhibit, or government-authorized state or county fair, provided the person:
    - a. Possesses evidence of lawful possession as defined under R12-4-401, for the wildlife;
    - b. Ensures the evidence of lawful possession accompanies the wildlife described on that evidence;
    - c. Ensures a health certificate required under this Article accompanies the wildlife described on the health certificate, when applicable;
    - d. Ensures the wildlife does not come into physical contact with the public;
    - e. Keeps the wildlife under complete control by safe and humane means; and
    - f. Ensures the wildlife is not in this state for more than 60 consecutive days.
  5. A person may export, import, possess, and transport restricted live wildlife for the purpose of commercial photography, provided the person:
    - a. Possesses evidence of lawful possession as defined under R12-4-401 for the wildlife;
    - b. Ensures the evidence of lawful possession accompanies the wildlife described on that evidence;
    - c. Ensures a health certificate required under this Article accompanies the wildlife described on the health certificate, when applicable;
    - d. Ensures the wildlife does not come into physical contact with the public;
    - e. Keeps the wildlife under complete control by safe and humane means; and
    - f. Ensures the wildlife is not in this state for more than 60 consecutive days.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

6. A person may exhibit, import, possess, and transport restricted live wildlife for advertising purposes other than photography, provided the person:
    - a. Ensures the wildlife is accompanied by evidence of lawful possession as defined under R12-4-401;
    - b. Ensures the evidence of lawful possession accompanies the wildlife described on that evidence;
    - c. Ensures a health certificate required under this Article accompanies the wildlife described on the health certificate, when applicable;
    - d. Maintains the wildlife under complete control by safe and humane means;
    - e. Prevents the wildlife from coming into contact with the public or being photographed with the public;
    - f. Does not charge the public a fee to view the wildlife; and
    - g. Exports the wildlife from the state within 10 days of importation.
  7. A person may export restricted live wildlife, provided the person:
    - a. Ensures the wildlife is accompanied by evidence of lawful possession as defined under R12-4-401;
    - b. Ensures the evidence of lawful possession accompanies the wildlife described on that evidence;
    - c. Maintains the wildlife under complete control by safe and humane means;
    - d. Prevents the wildlife from coming into contact with the public or being photographed with the public;
    - e. Does not charge the public a fee to view the wildlife; and
    - f. Exports the wildlife from the state within 10 days of importation.
  8. A person may possess restricted live wildlife taken alive under R12-4-404, R12-4-405, and R12-4-427, provided the person possesses the wildlife in compliance with those Sections.
  9. A person who holds a falconry license issued by another state or country is exempt from obtaining an Arizona Sport Falconry License under R12-4-422, unless remaining in this State for more than 180 consecutive days.
    - a. The falconer licensed in another state or country shall present a copy of the out-of-state or out-of-country falconry license, or its equivalent, to the Department upon request.
    - b. A falconer licensed in another state or country and who remains in this State for more than the 180-day period shall apply for an Arizona Sport Falconry License in order to continue practicing sport falconry in this state.
  10. A person may export, give away, import, kill, possess, propagate, purchase, trade, and transport restricted live wildlife provided the person is doing so for a medical or scientific research facility registered with the United States Department of Agriculture under 9 C.F.R. 2.30 revised January 1, 2012, which is incorporated by reference in this Section. The incorporated material is available at any Department office, online at [www.gpoaccess.gov](http://www.gpoaccess.gov), or may be ordered from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000. This incorporation by reference contains no future editions or amendments.
  11. A person may import and transport restricted live game fish and crayfish directly to restaurants or markets that are licensed to sell food to the public.
  12. A person operating a restaurant or market licensed to sell food to the public may exhibit, offer for sale, possess, and sell restricted live game fish or crayfish, provided the live game fish and crayfish are killed before being transported from the restaurant or market.
  13. A person may export, giveaway, import, kill, possess, propagate, purchase, and trade transgenic animals provided the person is doing so for a medical or scientific research facility.
- C. An exemption granted under this Section is not valid for any wildlife protected by federal statute or regulation.
- Historical Note**
- Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2220, effective May 25, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-408. Holding Wildlife for the Department**
- A. A game ranger may authorize a person to possess or transport live wildlife on behalf of the Department if the wildlife is needed as evidence in a pending civil or criminal proceeding.
  - B. With the exception of live cervids, the Department has the authority to allow a person to possess and transport captive live wildlife for up to 72 hours or as otherwise directed by the Department.
  - C. The Director has the authority to allow a person to hold a live cervid on behalf of the Department.
- Historical Note**
- Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-409. General Provisions and Penalties for Special Licenses**
- A. A special license is required when a person intends to conduct any activity using restricted live wildlife. Special licenses are listed as follows:
    1. Aquatic wildlife stocking license, established under R12-4-410;
    2. Game bird license, established under R12-4-414;
    3. Live bait dealer's license, established under R12-4-411;
    4. Private game farm license, established under R12-4-413;
    5. Scientific collecting license, established under R12-4-418;
    6. Sport falconry license, established under R12-4-422;
    7. White amur stocking and holding license, established under R12-4-424;
    8. Wildlife holding license, established under R12-4-417;
    9. Wildlife rehabilitation license, established under R12-4-423;
    10. Wildlife service license, established under R12-4-421; and
    11. Zoo license, established under R12-4-420.
  - B. A person applying for a special license listed under subsection (A) shall:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- a. Submit an application to the Department meeting the specific application requirements established under the applicable governing Section.
  - i. Applications for special licenses are furnished by the Department and are available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).
  - ii. An application is required upon initial application for a special license and when renewing a special license.
- b. Pay all applicable fees required under R12-4-412.
- C. At the time of application, the person shall certify:
  - 1. The information provided on the application is true and correct to the applicant's knowledge;
  - 2. The applicant shall comply with any municipal, county, state or federal code, ordinance, statute, regulation, or rule applicable to the license held; and
  - 3. The applicant's live wildlife privileges are not currently suspended or revoked in this state, any other state or territory, or by the United States.
- D. A special license obtained by fraud or misrepresentation is invalid from the date of issuance.
- E. The Department shall either grant or deny a special license within the applicable overall time-frame established for that special license under R12-4-106Ch.
- F. In addition to the criteria prescribed under the applicable governing Section, the Department shall deny a special license when:
  - 1. The applicant's live wildlife privileges are revoked or suspended in this state, any other state, or by the United States;
  - 2. The applicant was convicted of illegally holding or possessing live wildlife within five years preceding the date of application for the special license; or
  - 3. The applicant knowingly provides false information on an application.
  - 4. The Department shall deny a license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under the applicable governing Section or this Section. The Department shall provide a written notice to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- G. A special license holder may only engage in activities using federally-protected wildlife when the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license. A special license issued by the Department does not:
  - 1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state or federal code, ordinance, statute, regulation, or rule; or
  - 2. Authorize the license holder to engage in any activity using wildlife that is protected by federal regulation.
- H. The Department may place additional stipulations on a special license at the time of initial application or renewal when necessary to:
  - 1. Conserve wildlife populations,
  - 2. Prevent the introduction and proliferation of wildlife diseases,
  - 3. Prevent wildlife from escaping, or
  - 4. Protect public health or safety.
- I. A special license holder shall keep live wildlife in a facility according to the captivity standards prescribed under R12-4-428 or as otherwise required under this Article.
- J. The Department may inspect a facility to verify compliance with all applicable requirements established under this Article.
- K. A special license holder shall keep records in compliance with the requirements established under the governing Section and shall make the records available for inspection to the Department upon request.
- L. The Department may conduct an inspection of an applicant's or license holder's facility at any time before or during the license period to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article. The Department shall comply with A.R.S. § 41-1009 when conducting inspections at a license holder's facility.
- M. Upon determining a disease or other emergency condition exists that poses an immediate threat to the public or the welfare of any wildlife, the Department may immediately order a cessation of operations under the special license and, if necessary, order the humane disposition or quarantine of any contaminated or affected wildlife.
  - 1. When directed by the Department, a special license holder shall:
    - a. Perform disease testing,
    - b. Submit biological samples to the Department or its designee,
    - c. Surrender the wildlife to the Department;
    - d. Quarantine the wildlife, or
    - e. Humanely euthanize the wildlife.
  - 2. The license holder shall:
    - a. Ensure any disease or other emergency condition under this subsection is diagnosed by a person professionally certified to make the diagnosis.
    - b. Be responsible for all costs associated with the testing and treatment of the contaminated and affected wildlife.
- N. If a condition exists, including disease or any violation of this Article, that poses a threat to the public or the welfare of any wildlife, but the threat does not constitute an emergency, the Department may issue a written notice of the condition to the special license holder specifying a reasonable period of time for the license holder to remedy the noticed condition. The notice of condition shall be delivered to the special license holder by certified mail or personal service.
  - 1. Failure of the license holder to remedy the noticed condition within the time specified by the Department is a violation under subsection (O).
  - 2. If a licensee receives three notices under this subsection for the same condition within a two-year period, the Department shall treat the third notice as a failure to remedy.
- O. A special license holder shall not:
  - 1. Violate any provision of the governing Section or this Section;
  - 2. Violate any provision of the special license that the person possesses, including any stipulations specified on the special license;
  - 3. Violate A.R.S. § 13-2908, relating to criminal nuisance;
  - 4. Violate A.R.S. § 13-2910, relating to cruelty to animals; or
  - 5. Refuse to allow the inspection of facilities, wildlife, or required records.
- P. The Department may take one or more of the following actions when a special license holder is convicted of a criminal offense involving cruelty to animals, violates subsection (N), or fails to comply with any requirement established under the governing Section or this Section:
  - 1. File criminal charges,
  - 2. Suspend or revoke a special license,

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

3. Humanely dispose of the wildlife,
  4. Seize or seize in place any wildlife held under a special license.
  5. A person may appeal to the Commission any Department action listed under this subsection as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10, except the filing of criminal charges.
- Q.** A special license holder who wishes to continue conducting activities authorized under the special license shall submit a renewal application to the Department on or before the special license expiration date.
1. The current license will remain valid until the Department grants or denies the new special license.
  2. If the Department denies the renewal application and the license holder appeals the denial to the Commission as prescribed under subsection (F)(4), the license holder may continue to hold the wildlife until:
    - a. The date on which the Commission makes its final decision on the appeal, or
    - b. The final date on which a person may request judicial review of the decision.
  3. A special license holder who fails to submit a renewal application to the Department before the date the license expires, cannot lawfully possess any live wildlife currently possessed under the license.
- R.** If required by the governing Section, a special license holder shall submit an annual report to the Department before January 31 of each year for the previous calendar year. The report form is furnished by the Department.
1. A report is required regardless of whether or not activities were performed during the previous year.
  2. The special license becomes invalid if the special license holder fails to submit the annual report by January 31 of each year.
  3. The Department will not process the special license holder's renewal application until the annual report is received by the Department.
  4. When the license holder is acting as a representative of an institution, organization, or agency for the purposes of the special license, the license holder shall submit the report required under subsection this Section:
    - a. By January 31 of each year the license holder is affiliated with the institution, organization, or agency; or
    - b. Within 30 days of the date of termination of the license holder's affiliation with the institution, organization, or agency.
- Historical Note**
- Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2732, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-410. Aquatic Wildlife Stocking License**
- A.** An aquatic wildlife stocking license allows a person to import, possess, purchase, stock, and transport any restricted species designated on the license at the location specified on the license.
- B.** The aquatic wildlife stocking license is valid for no more than 20 consecutive days.
- C.** In addition to the requirements established under this Section, an aquatic wildlife stocking license holder shall comply with the special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- D.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements. The aquatic wildlife stocking license does not:
1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- E.** The Department shall deny an aquatic wildlife stocking license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-409 or this Section. The Department shall provide the written notice established under R12-4-409(F)(4) to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10. In addition to the requirements and criteria established under R12-4-409(F)(1) through (4), the Department shall deny an aquatic wildlife stocking license when:
1. The Department determines that issuance of the license will result in a negative impact to native wildlife; or
  2. The applicant proposes to use aquatic wildlife that is not compatible with, or poses a threat to, any wildlife within the river drainage or the area where the stocking is to occur.
- F.** A person applying for an aquatic wildlife stocking license shall submit an application to the Department. A separate application is required for each location where the applicant proposes to use wildlife. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). An applicant shall provide the following on the application:
1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address; and
    - c. Department ID number, when applicable;
  2. When the applicant proposes to use the aquatic wildlife for a commercial purpose the applicant's business:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address; and
    - d. Telephone number;
  3. Aquatic wildlife species information:
    - a. Common name of the aquatic wildlife species;
    - b. Number of animals for each species; and
    - c. Approximate size of the aquatic wildlife that will be used under the license;
  4. The purpose for introducing the aquatic wildlife species;
  5. For each location where the aquatic wildlife will be stocked, the owner's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Physical location of the stocking site, to include river drainage and the Global Positioning System location or Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates;
  6. A detailed description or diagram of the facilities where the applicant will stock the aquatic wildlife, which includes:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- a. Size of waterbody proposed for stocking aquatic wildlife;
  - b. Nearest river, stream, or other freshwater system;
  - c. Points where water enters each waterbody, when applicable;
  - d. Points where water leaves each waterbody, when applicable; and
  - e. Location of fish containment barriers;
7. For each supplier from whom the applicant will obtain aquatic wildlife, the supplier's:
- a. Name;
  - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
  - c. Mailing address;
  - d. Telephone number;
8. The dates on which the person will stock aquatic wildlife;
9. Any other information required by the Department; and
10. The certification required under R12-4-409(C).
- G.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (F), when an applicant wishes to stock an aquatic species in an area where that species has not yet been introduced, is not currently established, or there is potential for conflict with Department efforts to conserve wildlife, the applicant shall also submit a written proposal to the Department at the time of application. The written proposal shall contain all of the following information:
- 1. Anticipated benefits resulting from the introduction of the aquatic live wildlife species;
  - 2. Potential adverse economic impacts;
  - 3. Potential dangers the introduced aquatic species may possibly create for native aquatic species and game fish, to include all of the following:
    - a. Determination of whether or not the introduced aquatic species is compatible with native aquatic species or game fish;
    - b. Potential ecological problems created by the introduced aquatic species;
    - c. Anticipated hybridization concerns with introducing the aquatic species; and,
    - d. Future plans designed to evaluate the status and impact of the species after it is introduced.
  - 4. Assessment of probable impacts to sensitive species in the area using the list generated by the Department's On-Line Environmental Review Tool, which is available at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The proposal must address each species listed.
- H.** An applicant for an aquatic wildlife stocking license shall pay all applicable fees established under R12-4-412.
- I.** An aquatic wildlife stocking license holder shall:
- 1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  - 2. Obtain all aquatic wildlife, live eggs, fertilized eggs, and milt from a licensed fish farm operator or a private non-commercial fish pond certified to be free of diseases and causative agents through the following actions:
    - a. An inspection shall be performed by a qualified fish health inspector or fish pathologist at the fish farm or pond where the aquatic wildlife or biological material is held before it is shipped to the license holder.
    - b. The inspection shall be conducted no more than 12 months prior to the date on which the aquatic wildlife or biological material is shipped to the license holder. The Department may require additional inspections at any time prior to stocking.
  - 3. Allow the Department to conduct inspections of an applicant's or license holder's facility and records at any time before or during the license period to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article.
  - 4. Possess the license or legible copy of the license while conducting any activities authorized under the aquatic stocking license and presents it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.
  - 5. Dispose of wildlife only as authorized under this Section or as directed in writing by the Department.
- J.** An aquatic wildlife stocking license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-409 and R12-4-428.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-411. Live Bait Dealer's License**

- A.** A live bait dealer's license allows a person to perform any of the following activities using the aquatic live wildlife listed under subsection (B): exhibit for sale, export, import, kill, offer for sale, possess, purchase, sell, trade, or transport.
- B.** A live bait dealer's license allows a person to perform any of the activities listed under subsection (A) with any or all of the following aquatic live wildlife:
- 1. Fathead minnow, *Pimephales promelas*;
  - 2. Golden shiner, *Notemigonus crysoleucas*;
  - 3. Goldfish, *Carassius auratus*;
  - 4. Mosquito fish, *Gambusia affinis*;
  - 5. Threadfin shad, *Dorosoma petenense*; and
  - 6. Waterdogs, *Ambystoma tigrinum*, except in that portion of Santa Cruz County lying east and south of State Highway 82, or that portion of Cochise County lying west of the San Pedro River and south of State Highway 82.
- C.** A live bait dealer's license expires on December 31 of each year.
- D.** In addition to the requirements established under this Section, a live bait dealer license holder shall comply with the special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- E.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements. The live bait dealer's license does not:
- 1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  - 2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- F.** The Department shall deny a live bait dealer's license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-409 or this Section. The Department shall provide the written notice established under R12-4-409(F)(4) to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- G.** A person applying for a live bait dealer's license shall submit an application to the Department. A separate application is

CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

required for each location where the applicant proposes to use wildlife. The application is available from any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). An applicant shall provide the following information on the application:

1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Department ID number, when applicable;
  2. The applicant's business:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address; and
    - d. Telephone number of the applicant's business;
  3. Wildlife species information:
    - a. Common name of all wildlife species; and
    - b. The number of animals for each species that will be sold under the license.
  4. For each location where the wildlife will be used, the owner's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
  5. A detailed description or diagram of the facilities where the applicant will hold the wildlife;
  6. For each supplier from whom the applicant will obtain wildlife, the supplier's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address;
    - d. Telephone number;
  7. Any other information required by the Department; and
  8. The certification required under R12-4-409(C).
- H.** An applicant for a live bait dealer's license shall pay all applicable fees established under R12-4-412.
- I.** A live bait dealer's license holder shall:
1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  2. Obtain live baitfish from a facility certified free of the diseases and causative agents through the following actions:
    - a. An inspection shall be performed by a qualified fish health inspector or fish pathologist at the facility where the wildlife is held before it is shipped to the license holder.
    - b. The inspection shall be conducted no more than 12 months prior to the date on which the aquatic wildlife or biological material is shipped to the license holder. The Department may require additional inspections at any time prior to shipping.
    - c. The applicant shall submit a copy of the certification to the Department prior to conducting any activities authorized under the license.
    - d. The live bait dealer's license holder shall include a copy of the certification in each shipment.
  3. Allow the Department to conduct inspections of an applicant's or license holder's facility and records at any time before or during the license period to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article.
  4. Possess the license or legible copy of the license while conducting activities authorized under the live bait dealers license and presents it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.
  5. Dispose of aquatic wildlife only as authorized under this Section or as directed by the Department.

- J.** A live bait dealer's license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-428.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2220, effective May 25, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-412. Special License Fees**

- A.** A person who applies for a special license authorized under this Article shall pay all applicable fees at the time of application.
- B.** A new application fee is required upon initial application or when an applicant fails to renew a special license before the license expires.
- C.** A renewal application fee is required when an applicant submits an application to renew the special license before the license expires.

Special License Fees	New Application	Renewal Application
Aquatic Wildlife Stocking License	no fee	no fee
Game Bird		
Field Trial License	\$6	\$6
Hobby License	\$5	\$5
Shooting Preserve License	\$115	\$115
Live Bait Dealer's License	\$35	\$35
Private Game Farm License	\$57.50	\$57.50
Scientific Collecting License		
Commercial	no fee	no fee
Noncommercial	no fee	no fee
Sport Falconry License, not available to a nonresident under R12-4-422(J).	\$87.50	\$87.50
White Amur Stocking and Holding License		
Commercial	\$250	\$250
Noncommercial	\$250	no fee
Wildlife Holding License	no fee	no fee
Wildlife Rehabilitation License	no fee	no fee
Wildlife Service License	no fee	no fee
Zoo License	\$115	\$115

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Repealed effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). New Section adopted effective November 10, 1997 (Supp. 97-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective December 14, 1999 (Supp. 99-4). Section repealed by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-413. Private Game Farm License**

- A.** A private game farm license authorizes a person to commercially farm and sell wildlife, as specified on the license at the location designated on the license.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

1. A private game farm license allows the license holder to:
  - a. Display for sale, give away, import, offer for sale, possess, purchase, rent or lease, sell, trade, or transport wildlife, wildlife carcasses, or parts of wildlife; and
  - b. Propagate and rear wildlife.
2. The Private Game Farm License expires on December 31 of each year.
- B.** Private game farm wildlife may be killed or slaughtered, but a person shall not kill or allow the wildlife to be killed by hunting or in a manner that could be perceived as hunting or recreational sport harvest.
- C.** Private game farm wildlife shall not be killed by a person who pays a fee to the owner of the private game farm for killing the wildlife, nor shall the game farm owner accept a fee for killing the wildlife, except as authorized under R12-4-414.
- D.** A private game farm licenses authorizes the use of only the following species:
  1. Captive-reared game birds:
    - a. *Alectoris chukar*, Chukar;
    - b. *Callipepla californica*, California or valley quail;
    - c. *Callipepla gambelii*, Gambel's quail;
    - d. *Callipepla squamata*, Scaled quail;
    - e. *Colinus virginianus*, Northern bobwhite;
    - f. *Cyrtonyx montezumae*, Montezuma or Mearns' quail;
    - g. *Dendragapus obscurus*, Dusky grouse; and
    - h. *Phasianus colchicus*, Ringneck and whitewing pheasant;
  2. Mammals listed as restricted live wildlife under R12-4-406, provided:
    - a. The same species does not exist in the wild in this state;
    - b. The applicant submits proof of a valid license issued by the United States Department of Agriculture under 9 CFR 25.30 at the time of application;
    - c. The applicant submits a written proposal at the time of application, which includes all of the following information:
      - i. Species to be possessed,
      - ii. Purpose of possession,
      - iii. Purpose of propagation, when applicable,
      - iv. Methods designed to prevent wildlife from escaping,
      - v. Methods designed to prevent threat to native wildlife,
      - vi. Methods designed to ensure public safety; and
      - vii. Methods for disposal of the wildlife, which may include export from this state, or transfer to an eligible game farm licensed under this Section, a zoo licensed under R12-4-420, or a medical or scientific research facility exempted under R12-4-407.
- E.** The Department shall deny an application for:
  1. A new private game farm license for cervids. The Department may accept a renewal application for a private game farm license holder currently permitted to possess cervids, provided the license holder is in compliance with all applicable requirements under R12-4-409, R12-4-430, and this Section.
  2. A private game farm license for Northern bobwhite, *Colinus virginianus*, in game management units 34A, 36A, 36B, and 36C, as prescribed under R12-4-108.
- F.** In addition to the requirements established under this Section, a private game farm holder shall comply with the special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- G.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements. The private game farm license does not:
  1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- H.** The Department shall deny a private game farm license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-409 or this Section. The Department shall provide the written notice established under R12-4-409(F)(4) to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- I.** A person applying for a private game farm license shall submit an application to the Department. A separate application is required for each location where the applicant proposes to use wildlife. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). An applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
  1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Department ID number, when applicable;
  2. The applicant's business:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address; and
    - d. Telephone number;
  3. For wildlife to be used under the license:
    - a. Common name of the wildlife species;
    - b. Number of animals for each species; and
    - c. When the applicant is renewing the private game farm license, the species and number of animals for each species currently held in captivity under the license;
  4. For each location where the wildlife will be used, the land owner's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - d. Telephone number; and
    - e. Physical location description to include the Global Positioning System location or Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates;
  5. A detailed description or diagram of the facilities where the applicant will hold the wildlife, and a description of how the facilities comply with the requirements established under R12-4-428 and any other captivity standards established under this Section;
  6. For each wildlife supplier from whom the special license applicant will obtain wildlife, the supplier's;
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address;
    - d. Telephone number;
  7. Any other information required by the Department; and
  8. The certification required under R12-4-409(C).
- J.** An applicant for a private game farm license shall pay all applicable fees established under R12-4-412.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- K.** A private game farm license holder shall:
1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  2. Ensure each shipment of live wildlife imported into the state is accompanied by a health certificate.
    - a. The certificate shall be issued no more than 30 days prior to the date on which the wildlife shipped.
    - b. A copy of the certificate shall be submitted to the Department prior to importation.
  3. Ensure the following documentation accompanies each shipment of wildlife made by the game farm:
    - a. Name of the private game farm license holder,
    - b. Private game farm license number,
    - c. Date wildlife was shipped,
    - d. Number of wildlife, by species, included in the shipment,
    - e. Name of the person or common carrier transporting the shipment, and
    - f. Name of the person receiving the shipment.
  4. Provide each person who transports a wildlife carcass from the site of the game farm with a receipt that includes all of the following:
    - a. Date the wildlife was purchased, traded, or given as a gift;
    - b. Name of the game farm; and
    - c. Number of wildlife carcasses, by species, being transported.
  5. Ensure each facility is inspected by the attending veterinarian at least once every year.
  6. Allow the Department to conduct inspections of an applicant's or license holder's facility and records at any time before or during the license period to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article.
  7. Maintain records of all wildlife possessed under the license for a period of three years. In addition to the information required under subsections (M)(4)(a) through (M)(4)(e), the records shall also include:
    - a. The private game farm license holder's:
      - i. Name;
      - ii. Mailing address;
      - iii. Telephone number; and
      - iv. Special license number;
    - b. Copies of all federal, state, and local licenses, permits, and authorizations required for the lawful operation of the private game farm;
    - c. Copies of the annual report required under subsection (M);
    - d. Number of all restricted live wildlife, by species and the date it was obtained;
    - e. Source of all restricted live wildlife and the date it was obtained;
    - f. Number of offspring propagated by all restricted live wildlife; and
    - g. For all restricted live wildlife disposed of by the license holder:
      - i. Number, species, and date of disposition; and
      - ii. Manner of disposition to include the names and addresses of persons to whom the wildlife was bartered, given, or sold, when authorized.
- L.** A private game farm license holder shall not:
1. Propagate hybrid wildlife or domestic animals with wildlife; or
  2. Possess domestic species under the special license.
- M.** A private game farm license holder shall submit an annual report to the Department before January 31 of each year for activities performed under the license for the previous calendar year. The report form is furnished by the Department.
1. A report is required regardless of whether or not activities were performed during the previous year.
  2. The private game farm license becomes invalid if the annual report is not submitted to the Department by January 31 of each year.
  3. The Department will not process the special license holder's renewal application until the annual report is received by the Department.
  4. The annual report shall include all of the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Number of wildlife, by species;
    - b. Source of all wildlife that the license holder obtained or propagated;
    - c. Date on which the wildlife was obtained or propagated;
    - d. Date on which the wildlife was disposed of and the manner of disposition; and
    - e. Name of person who received wildlife disposed of by barter, given as a gift, or sale.
- N.** Except for cervids which shall be disposed of only as established under R12-4-430, a private game farm license holder who no longer uses the wildlife for a commercial purpose shall dispose of the wildlife as follows:
1. Export,
  2. Transfer to another private game farm licensed under this Section,
  3. Transfer to a zoo licensed under R12-4-420,
  4. Transfer to a medical or scientific research facility exempt under R12-4-407,
  5. As directed by the Department, or
  6. As otherwise authorized under this Section.
- O.** A private game farm license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-428 and R12-4-430.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2732, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-414. Game Bird License**

- A.** A game bird license authorizes a person to conduct certain activities with the captive pen-reared game birds specified on the license and only at the location or locations specified on the license, as described below:
1. Game Bird Hobby:
    - a. Authorizes a license holder to:
      - i. Possess no more than 50 captive pen-reared game birds at any one time; and
      - ii. Export, gift, import, kill, possess, propagate, purchase, and transport the captive pen-reared game birds specified on the license for personal, noncommercial purposes only.
    - b. The following captive pen-reared game bird species may be possessed by a Game Bird Hobby license holder:
      - i. *Alectoris chukar*, Chukar;
      - ii. *Callipepla californica*, California or valley quail;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- iii. *Callipepla gambelii*, Gambel's quail;
  - iv. *Callipepla squamata*, Scaled quail;
  - v. *Colinus virginianus*, Northern bobwhite, subject to the restriction specified under subsection (D);
  - vi. *Cyrtonyx montezumae*, Montezuma or Mearn's quail; and
  - vii. *Dendragapus obscurus*, Dusky grouse.
- c. The Game Bird Hobby license expires on December 31 each year.
2. Game Bird Shooting Preserve:
- a. Authorizes a license holder to:
    - i. Release captive pen-reared game birds for the purpose of hunting or shooting.
    - ii. Export, display, gift, import, kill, offer for sale, possess, propagate, purchase, trade, and transport the captive pen-reared game birds specified on the license.
  - b. The following captive pen-reared game bird species may be possessed by a Game Bird Shooting Preserve license holder:
    - i. *Alectoris chukar*, Chukar;
    - ii. *Anas platyrhynchos*, Mallard duck;
    - iii. *Colinus virginianus*, Northern bobwhite, subject to the restriction specified under subsection (D); and
    - iv. *Phasianus colchicus*, Ringneck and White-wing pheasant.
  - c. The license holder shall restrict the release and take of the live captive pen-reared game birds on private lands to an area not more than 1,000 acres.
  - d. The license holder may charge a fee to allow persons to take captive pen-reared game birds on the shooting preserve.
  - e. A person is not required to possess a hunting license when taking a captive pen-reared game bird released under the provisions of this Section.
  - f. A captive pen-reared game bird released under a Game Bird Shooting Preserve license may be taken with any method designated under R12-4-304.
  - g. The Game Bird Shooting Preserve license expires on December 31 each year.
3. Game Bird Field Trial:
- a. Authorizes a license holder to:
    - i. Release and take captive pen-reared game birds for the purpose of conducting a competition to test the performance of hunting dogs in one field trial event;
    - ii. Import, kill, possess, purchase within the State, and transport the captive pen-reared game birds specified on the license for one field trial event; and
    - iii. Export, gift, kill, or transport any captive pen-reared game bird held after the field trial event.
  - b. The following captive pen-reared game bird species may be possessed by a Game Bird Field Trial license holder:
    - i. *Alectoris chukar*, Chukar;
    - ii. *Anas platyrhynchos*, Mallard duck;
    - iii. *Colinus virginianus*, Northern bobwhite, subject to the restriction specified under subsection (D); and
    - iv. *Phasianus colchicus*, Ringneck and White-wing pheasant.
  - c. A person is not required to possess a hunting license in order to participate in a field trial event held under the provisions of this Section.
  - d. A captive pen-reared game bird released under a Game Bird Field Trial license may be taken with any method designated under R12-4-304.
  - e. The Game Bird Field Trial license is valid for no more than ten consecutive days.
4. Game Bird Field Training:
- a. Authorizes a license holder to:
    - i. Release and take released live captive pen-reared game birds specified on the license for the purpose of training a dog or raptor to hunt game birds; and
    - ii. Import, possess, purchase within the State, and transport the captive pen-reared game birds specified on the license; and
    - iii. Export, gift, kill, or transport any captive pen-reared game bird possessed under the license.
  - b. The following captive pen-reared game bird species may be possessed by a Game Bird Field Training license holder:
    - i. *Alectoris chukar*, Chukar;
    - ii. *Anas platyrhynchos*, Mallard duck;
    - iii. *Colinus virginianus*, Northern bobwhite, subject to the restriction specified under subsection (D)(2)(b);
    - iv. *Phasianus colchicus*, Ringneck and White-wing pheasant.
  - c. A person is not required to possess a hunting license when taking a captive pen-reared game bird released under the provisions of this Section.
  - d. A captive pen-reared game bird released under a Game Bird Field Training license may be taken with any method designated under R12-4-304.
  - e. The Game Bird Field Training license expires on December 31 each year.
- B.** In addition to the requirements established under this Section, a game bird license holder shall comply with the special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- C.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements. The game bird license does not:
- 1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  - 2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- D.** The Department shall deny a game bird license to a person who fails to meet the requirements under R12-4-409 or this Section. The Department shall provide the written notice established under R12-4-409(F)(4) to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10. In addition to the requirements and criteria established under R12-4-409(F)(1) through (4), the Department may deny a game bird license when:
- 1. The applicant proposes to release captive pen-reared game birds:
    - a. At a location where an established wild population of the same species exists.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- b. During nesting periods of upland game birds or waterfowl that nest in the area.
- 2. The applicant requests a license:
  - a. For the sole purpose described under subsection (A)(1) and proposes to possess more than 50 captive pen-reared game birds at any one time.
  - b. To possess Northern bobwhites, *Colinus virginianus*, in any one of the following game management units, as described under R12-4-108; 34A, 36A, 36B, and 36C.
- 3. The Department determines the:
  - a. Authorized activity listed under this Section may pose a threat to native wildlife, wildlife habitat, or public health or safety.
  - b. Escape of any species listed on the application may pose a threat to native wildlife or public health or safety.
  - c. Release of captive pen-reared game birds may interfere with a wildlife or habitat restoration program.
- E. A person applying for a game bird license shall submit an application to the Department. A person applying for multiple Game Bird Field Trial licenses shall submit a separate application for each date and location where a competition will occur. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and on the Department's website. An applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
  - 1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - c. Physical address;
    - d. Telephone number; and
    - e. Department ID number, when applicable;
  - 2. For captive pen-reared game birds to be used under the license:
    - a. Common name of game bird species;
    - b. Number of animals for each species; and
    - c. When the applicant is renewing a Game Bird Hobby or Shooting Preserve license, the species and number of animals for each species currently held in captivity under the license;
  - 3. The type of game bird license:
    - a. Game Bird Hobby;
    - b. Game Bird Shooting Preserve;
    - c. Game Bird Field Trial; or
    - d. Game Bird Field Training;
  - 4. For each location where captive pen-reared game birds will be held, the owner's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Physical address or general location description and Global Positioning System location, when available;
  - 5. For each location where captive pen-reared game birds will be released, the land owner's or agency's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address, when applicable;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Physical address or general location description and Global Positioning System location, when available; and
  - 6. For each captive pen-reared game bird supplier from whom the applicant will obtain game birds, the supplier's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address; and
    - c. Telephone number;
  - 7. An applicant who is applying for a Game Bird Shooting Preserve or Field Trial license and intends to use the captive pen-reared game birds for a commercial purpose shall also provide the applicant's business:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address; and
    - c. Telephone number;
  - 8. An applicant who intends to use the captive pen-reared game birds for an activity affiliated with a sponsoring organization shall also provide the organization's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address; and
    - c. Telephone number of the organization chair or local chapter;
  - 9. An applicant who is applying for a Game Bird Field Trial license shall also specify the range of dates within which the field trial event will take place, not to exceed a 10-day period;
  - 10. An applicant who is applying for a Game Bird Hobby or Game Bird Shooting Preserve license shall also provide a detailed description or diagram of the facilities where the applicant will hold captive pen-reared game birds and a description of how the facilities comply with the requirements established under R12-4-428 and any other captivity standards established under this Section;
  - 11. Any other information required by the Department; and
  - 12. The certification required under R12-4-409(B).
- F. An applicant for a game bird license shall pay all applicable fees established under R12-4-412.
- G. A game bird license holder shall:
  - 1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  - 2. Allow the Department to conduct inspections of an applicant's or license holder's facility and records at any time before or during the license period to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article.
  - 3. Possess the license or legible copy of the license while conducting any activity authorized under the game bird license and present it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.
  - 4. Ensure each shipment of captive pen-reared game birds imported into the state is accompanied by a health certificate.
    - a. The certificate shall be issued no more than 30 days prior to the date on which the game birds are shipped.
    - b. A copy of the certificate shall be submitted to the Department prior to importation.
  - 5. Provide each person who transports captive pen-reared game birds taken under the game bird license with documentation that includes all of the following:
    - a. Name of the game bird license holder;
    - b. Game bird license number;
    - c. Date the captive pen-reared game bird was obtained;
    - d. Number of captive pen-reared game birds, by species; and
    - e. When the captive pen-reared game birds are being shipped:
      - i. Name of the person or common carrier transporting the shipment, and
      - ii. Name of the person receiving the shipment.
  - 6. Maintain records of all captive pen-reared game birds possessed under the license for a period of three years. In addition to the information required under subsections

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

(G)(5)(a) through (G)(5)(b), the records shall also include:

- a. The game bird license holder's:
    - i. Name;
    - ii. Mailing address;
    - iii. Telephone number; and
    - iv. Special license number;
  - b. Copies of the annual report required under subsection (H);
7. Dispose of captive pen-reared game birds only as authorized under this Section or as directed by the Department.
  8. Conduct license activities solely at the locations and within the time-frames approved by the Department. A Game Bird License holder may request permission to amend the license to conduct activities authorized under the license at an additional location by submitting the application required under subsection (E) to the Department.
- H.** A game bird license holder shall submit an annual report to the Department before January 31 of each year for the previous calendar year. The report form is furnished by the Department.
1. A report is required regardless of whether or not activities were performed during the previous year.
  2. The game bird license becomes invalid if the annual report is not submitted to the Department by January 31 of each year.
  3. The Department shall not process the special license holder's renewal application until the annual report is received by the Department.
  4. The annual report shall include all of the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Number of all captive pen-reared game birds, by species and the date obtained;
    - b. Source of all captive pen-reared game birds and the date obtained;
    - c. Number of offspring propagated by all captive pen-reared game birds; and
    - d. For all captive pen-reared game birds disposed of by the license holder:
      - i. Number, species, and date of disposition; and
      - ii. Manner of disposition to include the names and addresses of persons to whom the wildlife was bartered, given, or sold, when authorized.
- I.** A game bird license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-428.
- J.** A game bird released under a game bird license and found outside of the location specified on the license shall become property of the State and is subject to the requirements prescribed under A.R.S. Title 17 and 12 A.A.C. 4, Article 3.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 2557, effective September 6, 2017 (Supp. 17-3).

**R12-4-415. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Repealed by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-416. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Repealed by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-417. Wildlife Holding License**

- A.** A wildlife holding license authorizes a person to display for educational purposes, euthanize, export, give away, import, photograph for commercial purposes, possess, propagate, purchase, or transport, restricted and nonrestricted live wildlife lawfully:
1. Held under a valid hunting or fishing license for a purpose listed under subsection (C),
  2. Collected under a valid scientific collecting license issued under R12-4-418,
  3. Obtained under a valid wildlife rehabilitation license issued under R12-4-423,
  4. Or as otherwise authorized by the Department.
- B.** A wildlife holding license expires on December 31 of the year issued, or, if the license holder is a representative of an institution, organization, or agency described under subsection (C)(4), upon termination of affiliation with that entity, whichever comes first.
- C.** A wildlife holding license is valid for the following purposes, only:
1. Advancement of science;
  2. Lawfully possess restricted live wildlife when it is:
    - a. Necessary to give humane treatment to restricted live wildlife that has been abandoned or permanently disabled, and is therefore unable to meet its own needs in the wild; or
    - b. Previously possessed under another special license and the primary purpose for that special license no longer exists;
  3. Promotion of public health or welfare;
  4. Provide education under the following conditions:
    - a. The applicant is an educator affiliated or partnered with an educational organization; and
    - b. The educational organization permits the use of live wildlife.
  5. Photograph for a commercial purpose live wildlife provided:
    - a. The wildlife will be photographed without posing a threat to other wildlife or the public, and
    - b. The photography will not adversely impact other affected wildlife in this state, or
  6. Wildlife management.
- D.** The Department shall deny an application for a wildlife holding license for the possession of cervids.
- E.** In addition to the requirements established under this Section, a wildlife holding license holder shall comply with the special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- F.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements. The wildlife holding license does not:
1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- G.** The Department shall deny a wildlife holding license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-409 or this Section, or when the person's wildlife holding privileges are suspended or revoked in any state. The Department shall provide the written notice established under R12-4-409(F)(4) to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10. In addition to the requirements and criteria established under R12-4-409(F)(1) through (4), the Department shall deny a wildlife holding when:
1. It is in the best interest of the wildlife; or
  2. The issuance of the license will adversely impact other wildlife or their habitat in the state.
- H.** A person applying for a wildlife holding license shall submit an application to the Department. A separate application is required for each location where the applicant proposes to use wildlife. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The applicant shall provide the following information:
1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Department ID number, when applicable;
  2. If the applicant will use the wildlife for a commercial purpose, the applicant's business:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address; and
    - d. Telephone number;
  3. If the applicant will use wildlife for activities authorized by an educational or scientific institution that employs, contracts, or is similarly affiliated with the applicant, the institution's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address; and
    - c. Telephone number;
  4. For wildlife to be used under the license:
    - a. Common name of the wildlife species;
    - b. Number of animals for each species;
    - c. When the application is for the use of multiple species, the applicant shall list each species and the number of animals for each species; and
    - d. When the applicant is renewing the wildlife holding license, the species and number of animals for each species currently held in captivity under the license;
  5. For wildlife to be used for educational purposes:
    - a. The affiliated educational institution's:
      - i. Name;
      - ii. Federal Tax Identification Number;
      - iii. Mailing address; and
      - iv. Telephone number of the educational institution;
    - b. A copy of the established curriculum utilizing sound educational objectives; and
    - c. A plan for how the applicant will address any safety concerns associated with the use of live wildlife in a public setting.
  6. For each location where the applicant proposes to hold the wildlife, the owner's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Physical location description to include the Global Positioning System location or Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates;
  7. A detailed description and diagram, or photographs, of the facilities where the applicant will hold the wildlife and a description of how the facilities comply with the requirements established under R12-4-428, and any other captivity standards that may be established under this Section;
  8. The dates that the applicant will begin and end holding wildlife;
  9. A clear description of how the applicant intends to dispose of the wildlife once the proposed activity for which the license was issued ends;
  10. Any other information required by the Department; and
  11. The certification required under R12-4-409(C).
  12. For subsection (H)(7), the Department may, at its discretion, accept documented current certification or approval by the applicant's institutional animal care and use committee or similar committee in lieu of the description, diagram, and photographs of the facilities.
- I.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (H), at the time of application, an applicant for a wildlife holding license shall also submit:
1. Evidence of lawful possession, as defined under R12-4-401;
  2. A statement of the applicant's experience in handling and providing care for the wildlife to be held or experience relevant to handling or providing care for wildlife;
  3. A written proposal that contains all of the following information:
    - a. A description of the activity the applicant intends to perform under the license;
    - b. Purpose for the proposed activity;
    - c. The contribution the proposed activity will make to one or more of the primary purposes listed under subsection (C).
    - d. For an applicant who wishes to possess restricted live wildlife for the purpose of providing humane treatment, a written explanation stating why the wildlife is unable to meet its own needs in the wild and the following information for the licensed veterinarian who will provide care for the wildlife:
      - i. Name;
      - ii. Mailing address; and
      - iii. Telephone number;
- J.** An applicant for a wildlife holding license shall pay all applicable fees required under R12-4-412.
- K.** A wildlife holding license holder shall:
1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  2. Allow the Department to conduct inspections of an applicant's or license holder's facility and records at any time before or during the license period to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article.
  3. Possess the license or legible copy of the license while conducting any activity authorized under the wildlife holding license and presents it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.
  4. Permanently mark any restricted live wildlife used for lawful activities under the authority of the license, when required by the Department.
  5. Ensure that a copy of the license accompanies any transportation or shipment of wildlife made under the authority of the license.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

6. Surrender wildlife held under the license to the Department upon request.
- L.** A wildlife holding license holder shall submit an annual report to the Department before January 31 of each year for the previous calendar year or as indicated under subsection (O). The report form is furnished by the Department.
1. A report is required regardless of whether or not activities were performed during the previous year.
  2. The wildlife holding license becomes invalid if the annual report is not submitted to the Department by January 31 of each year.
  3. The Department will not process the special license holder's renewal application until the annual report is received by the Department.
  4. The annual report shall include all of the following information, as applicable:
    - a. A list of animals held during the year, the list shall be by species and include the source and date on which the wildlife was acquired.
    - b. The permanent mark or identifier of the wildlife, such as name, number, or another identifier for each animal held during the year, when required by the Department. This designation or identifier shall be provided with other relevant reported details for the holding or disposition of the individual animal;
    - c. Whether the wildlife is alive or dead.
    - d. The current location of the wildlife.
    - e. A list of all educational displays where the wildlife was utilized to include the date, location, organization or audience, approximate attendance, and wildlife used.
- M.** A wildlife holding license holder may authorize an agent to assist the license holder in conducting activities authorized under the wildlife holding license, provided the agent's wildlife privileges are not suspended or revoked in any state.
1. The license holder shall obtain written authorization from the Department before allowing a person to act as an agent.
  2. The license holder shall notify the Department in writing within 10 calendar days of terminating any agent.
  3. The Department may suspend or revoke the license holder's license if an agent violates any requirement of this Section or Article or any stipulations placed upon the license.
  4. An agent may possess wildlife for the purposes outlined under subsection (C), under the following conditions;
    - a. The agent shall possess evidence of lawful possession, as defined under R12-4-401, for all wildlife possessed by the agent;
    - b. The agent shall return the wildlife to the primary license holder's facility within two days of receiving the wildlife.
- N.** A wildlife holding license holder shall not barter, give as a gift, loan for commercial activities, offer for sale, sell, trade, or dispose of any restricted live wildlife, offspring of restricted live wildlife, or their parts except as stipulated on the wildlife holding license or as directed in writing by the Department.
- O.** A wildlife holding license is no longer valid once the primary purpose for which the license was issued, as prescribed in subsection (C), no longer exists. When this occurs, the wildlife holding license holder shall immediately submit the annual report required under (L) to the Department.
- P.** A wildlife license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-409, R12-4-428, and R12-4-430.
- repealed; new Section adopted by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective January 1, 2000 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-418. Scientific Collecting License**
- A.** A scientific collecting license allows a person to conduct any of the following activities with live wildlife when specified on the license:
1. Display,
  2. Photograph for noncommercial purposes,
  3. Possess,
  4. Propagate,
  5. Take,
  6. Transport, and
  7. Use for educational purposes.
- B.** The Department issues three types of scientific collecting licenses:
1. Personal,
  2. Consultant, and
  3. Government, which includes educational and research institutions.
- C.** A person may apply for a scientific collecting license only when the license is requested for:
1. The purpose of wildlife management, gathering information valuable to the maintenance of wild populations, education, the advancement of science, or promotion of the public health or welfare;
  2. A purpose that is in the best interest of the wildlife or the species, will not adversely impact other affected wildlife in this state, and may be authorized without posing a threat to wildlife or public safety; and
  3. A purpose that does not unnecessarily duplicate previously documented projects.
- D.** A scientific collecting license expires on December 31 each year.
- E.** For the protection of wildlife or public safety, the Department has the authority to take any one or more of the following actions:
1. Rescind or modify any method of take authorized by the license;
  2. Restrict the number of animals for each species or other taxa the license holder may take under the license;
  3. Restrict the age, condition, or location of wildlife the license holder may take under the license; or
  4. Deny or substitute the number of specimens and taxa requested on an application.
- F.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements. The scientific collecting license does not:
1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- G.** The Department may deny a scientific collecting license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-409 or this Section, or when the person's scientific collecting privileges are suspended or revoked in any state. The Department shall provide the written notice established under

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Section

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

R12-4-409(F)(4) to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10. In addition to the requirements and criteria established under R12-4-409(F)(1) through (4), the Department shall deny a scientific collecting license when it is in the best interest of the wildlife or public safety.

- H.** A person applying for a scientific collecting license shall submit an application to the Department. A separate application is required for each location where the applicant proposes to use wildlife. The application is furnished by the Department and is available from any Department office, and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). A person applying for a scientific collecting license shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Department ID number; when applicable;
  2. If the applicant will use wildlife for activities authorized by a scientific, educational, or government institution, organization, or agency that employs, contracts, or is similarly affiliated with the applicant, the applicant shall provide the institution's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address;
    - d. Telephone number of the institution; and
    - e. The applicant's title or a description of the nature of affiliation with the institution or organization;
  3. When the applicant is renewing the scientific collecting license, the species and number of animals for each species currently held in captivity;
  4. For each the location where the wildlife will be held, the land owner's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Physical location description to include the Global Positioning System location or Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates;
  5. A detailed description and diagram, or photographs, of the facilities where the applicant will hold the wildlife and a description of how the facilities comply with the requirements established under R12-4-428, and any other captivity standards that may be established under this Section;
  6. Any other information required by the Department; and
  7. The certification required under R12-4-409(C).
  8. For subsection (H)(5), the Department may, at its discretion, accept documented current certification or approval by the applicant's institutional animal care and use committee or similar committee in lieu of the description, diagram, and photographs of the facilities.
- I.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (H), at the time of application, an applicant for a scientific collecting license shall also submit a written proposal. The written proposal shall contain all of the following information:
1. List of activities the applicant intends to perform under the license;
  2. Purpose for the use of wildlife as established under subsection (C);
  3. When the applicant intends to use wildlife for educational purposes, the proposal shall also include the:
    - a. Minimum number of presentations the applicant anticipates to provide under the license
    - b. Name, title, address, and telephone number of persons whom the applicant has contacted to offer educational presentations; and
    - c. Number of specimens the applicant already possesses for any species requested on the application;
  4. Applicant's relevant qualifications and experience in handling and, when applicable, providing care for the wildlife to be held under the license;
  5. Methods of take that the applicant will use, to include:
    - a. Justification for using the method, and
    - b. Proposed method of disposing wildlife taken under the license and any subsequent offspring, when applicable;
  6. Number of animals for each species that will be used under the license;
  7. Locations where collection will take place;
  8. Names and addresses of any agents who will assist the applicant in carrying out the activities described in the proposal.
  9. Project completion date; and
  10. Whether the applicant intends to publish the project or its findings.
- J.** An applicant for a scientific collecting license shall pay all applicable fees required under R12-4-412.
- K.** A scientific collecting license holder shall:
1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  2. Possess the license or legible copy of the license while conducting any activity authorized under the scientific collecting license and presents it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.
  3. Notify the Department in writing within 10 calendar days of terminating any agent.
  4. Use the most humane and practical method possible prescribed under R12-4-304, R12-4-313, or as directed by the Department in writing.
  5. Conduct activities authorized under the scientific collecting license only at the locations and time periods specified on the scientific collecting license.
  6. Dispose of wildlife, wildlife parts, or offspring, only as directed by the Department.
- L.** A scientific collecting license holder shall not exhibit any wildlife held under the license, unless the person also possesses a zoo license authorized under R12-4-420.
- M.** A scientific collecting license holder may request authorization to allow an agent to assist the license holder in carrying out activities authorized under the scientific collecting license by submitting a written request to the Department.
1. An applicant may request the ability to allow a person to act as an agent on the applicant's behalf, provided:
    - a. An employment or supervisory relationship exists between the applicant and the agent, and
    - b. The agent's privilege to take or possess live wildlife is not suspended or revoked in any state.
  2. The license holder shall obtain approval from the Department prior to allowing the agent assist in any activities.
  3. The license holder is liable for all acts the agent performs under the authority of this Section.
  4. The Department, acting on behalf of the Commission, may suspend or revoke a license for violation of this Section by an agent.
  5. The license holder shall ensure the agent possesses a legible copy of the license while conducting any activity

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

authorized under the scientific collecting license and presents it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.

- N. A scientific collecting license holder may submit to the Department a written request to amend the license to add or delete an agent, location, project, or other component documented on the license at any time during the license period.
- O. A scientific collecting license holder shall submit an annual report to the Department before January 31 of each year. The report form is furnished by the Department.
  1. A report is required regardless of whether or not activities were performed during the previous year.
  2. The scientific collecting license becomes invalid if the annual report is not submitted to the Department by January 31 of each year.
  3. The Department will not process the special license holder's renewal application until the annual report is received by the Department.
  4. The Department may stipulate submission of additional interim reports upon license application or renewal.
- P. A scientific collecting license holder who wishes to permanently hold wildlife species collected under the license in Arizona that will no longer be used for activities authorized under the license shall apply for and obtain a wildlife holding license in compliance with R12-4-417 or another appropriate special license.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2732, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-419. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Repealed by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-420. Zoo License**

- A. A zoo license allows a person to exhibit, export, euthanize, display for educational purposes, give away, import, offer for sale, possess, propagate, purchase, sell, or transport any lawfully possessed restricted and nonrestricted live wildlife.
- B. A person may apply for a zoo license only when the license is requested for:
  1. Advancement of science or wildlife management,
  2. Promotion of public health or welfare,
  3. Public education, or
  4. Wildlife conservation.
- C. A zoo license expires on December 31 each year.
- D. In addition to the requirements established under this Section, a zoo license holder shall comply with the special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- E. The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements; the zoo license does not:
  1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- F. The Department shall deny a zoo license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-409 or this Section. The Department shall provide the written notice established under R12-4-409(F)(4) to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10. In addition to the requirements and criteria established under R12-4-409(F)(1) through (4), the Department shall deny a zoo license when:
  1. It is in the best interest of the wildlife; or
  2. The issuance of the license will adversely impact other wildlife or their habitat in the state;
- G. A person applying for a zoo license shall submit an application to the Department. A separate application is required for each location where the applicant proposes to use wildlife. The application is furnished by the Department and is available from any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). An applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
  1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number;
    - d. Federal Tax Identification Number; and
    - e. Department ID number, when applicable;
  2. If the applicant will use wildlife for activities authorized by an educational or scientific institution that employs, contracts, or is similarly affiliated with the applicant, the applicant shall provide the institution's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address;
    - d. Telephone number;
  3. Wildlife species to be held under the license;
    - a. Common and current scientific name of the wildlife species; and
    - b. Number of animals for each species;
  4. If the applicant is renewing the zoo license, the number of animals of each species that are currently in captivity, and evidence of lawful possession as defined under R12-4-401;
  5. For each location where the wildlife will be used, the land owner's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Physical location description to include the Global Positioning System location or Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates;
  6. A detailed description and diagram of the facilities where the applicant will hold the wildlife and a description of how the facilities comply with the requirements established under R12-4-428;
  7. Any other information required by the Department; and
  8. The certification required under R12-4-409(C).
- H. In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (G), an applicant for a zoo license shall also submit at the time of application:
  1. A written proposal that contains the following:
    - a. A description of how the facility or operation meets the definition of a zoo, as defined under A.R.S. § 17-101; and

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- b. The purpose of the license, as established under subsection (B);
- 2. Proof of current licensing by the United States Department of Agriculture under 9 C.F.R. Subchapter A, Animal Welfare;
- 3. Photographs of the facility when the zoo is not accredited by the Association of Zoos and Aquariums or Zoological Association of America.
- 4. For subsection (H)(2), 9 C.F.R. Subchapter A, Animal Welfare revised January 1, 2012, and no later amendments or editions, which is incorporated by reference. The incorporated material is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000, and is on file with the Department.
- I. An applicant for a zoo license shall pay all applicable fees established under R12-4-412.
- J. A zoo license holder shall:
  - 1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  - 2. Allow the Department to conduct inspections of an applicant's or license holder's facility and records at any time before or during the license period to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article.
  - 3. Ensure each facility is inspected by the attending veterinarian at least once every year.
  - 4. Hold all wildlife in such a manner designed to prevent wildlife from escaping from the facility specified on the license.
  - 5. Hold all wildlife in a manner designed to prevent the entry of unauthorized persons or other wildlife.
  - 6. Hold all wildlife lawfully possessed under the zoo license in the facility specified on the license, except when transporting the wildlife:
    - a. To or from a temporary exhibit;
    - b. For medical treatment; or
    - c. Other activities approved by the Department in writing.
  - 7. Ensure a temporary exhibit shall not exceed 60 consecutive days at any one location, unless approved by the Department in writing.
  - 8. Clearly display a sign at the facility's main entrance that states the days of the week and hours when the facility is open for viewing by the general public.
  - 9. Ensure all wildlife held under the license that has the potential to come into contact with the public is tested for zoonotic diseases appropriate to the species no more than 12 months prior to importation or display. Any wildlife that tests positive for a zoonotic disease shall not be imported into this state without review and approval by the Department in writing.
  - 10. Dispose of the following wildlife only as directed by the Department:
    - a. Wildlife obtained under a scientific collecting permit; or
    - b. Wildlife loaned to the zoo by the Department.
  - 11. Maintain records of all wildlife possessed under the license for a period of three years following the date of disposition. In addition to the information required under subsections (H)(1) through (H)(3), the records shall also include:
    - a. Number of all restricted live wildlife, by species and the date it was obtained;
    - b. Source of all restricted live wildlife and the date it was obtained;
    - c. Number of offspring propagated by all restricted live wildlife; and
    - d. For all restricted live wildlife disposed of by the license holder:
      - i. Number, species, and date of disposition; and
      - ii. Method of disposition.
- K. A zoo license holder shall not:
  - 1. Accept any wildlife that is donated, purchased, or otherwise obtained without accompanying evidence of lawful possession.
  - 2. Import into this state any wildlife that may come into contact with the public and tests positive for zoonotic disease, as established under subsection (J)(9).
- L. A zoo license holder shall dispose of restricted live wildlife in this state by:
  - 1. Giving, selling, or trading the wildlife to:
    - a. Another zoo licensed under this Section;
    - b. An appropriate special license holder or appropriately licensed or permitted facility in another state or country authorized to possess the wildlife being disposed;
  - 2. Giving selling, or donating the wildlife to a medical or scientific research facility exempt from special license requirements under R12-4-407;
  - 3. Exporting the wildlife to a zoo certified by the Association of Zoos and Aquariums or Zoological Association of America; or
  - 4. As otherwise directed by the Department.
- M. A zoo license holder shall submit an annual report to the Department before January 31 of each year for the previous calendar year. The report form is furnished by the Department.
  - 1. A report is required regardless of whether or not activities were performed during the previous year.
  - 2. The zoo license becomes invalid if the annual report is not submitted to the Department by January 31 of each year.
  - 3. The Department will not process the special license holder's renewal application until the annual report is received by the Department.
  - 4. The report shall summarize the current species inventory, and acquisition and disposition of all wildlife held under the license.
- N. A zoo license holder shall request the authority to possess a new species of restricted live wildlife by submitting a written request to the Department prior to acquisition, unless the wildlife was:
  - 1. Held under the previous year's zoo license and included in the previous annual report, or
  - 2. Authorized in advance by the Department in writing.
- O. A zoo license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-409, R12-4-426, R12-4-428, and R12-4-430, as applicable.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2732, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4). Subsections (J) through (O) omitted in supplement 15-4; errors corrected at the request of the Commission at R18-91 (Supp. 18-1). Subsections (A) through (I) amendments omitted in supplement 15-4; full text has been

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

included as submitted at 21 A.A.R. 2813, File No. R15-155, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 19-1).

**R12-4-421. Wildlife Service License**

- A.** A wildlife service license authorizes a person to provide, advertise, or offer assistance in removing the live wildlife listed below to the general public. For the purposes of this Section, the following wildlife, as defined under A.R.S. § 17-101(B), are designated live wildlife:
1. Furbearing animals;
  2. Javelina (*Pecari tajacu*);
  3. Nongame animals;
  4. Predatory animals; and
  5. Small game.
- B.** A wildlife service license is not required when conducting pest control removal services authorized under A.R.S. § Title 32, Chapter 22 for the following wildlife not protected under federal regulation:
1. Rodents, except those in the family Sciuridae;
  2. European starlings;
  3. Peach-faced love birds;
  4. House sparrows;
  5. Eurasian collared-doves; and
  6. Any other non-native wildlife species.
- C.** A wildlife service license allows a person to conduct activities that facilitate the removal and relocation of live wildlife listed under subsection (A) when the wildlife causes a nuisance, property damage, poses a threat to public health or safety, or if the health or well-being of the wildlife is threatened by its immediate environment. Authorized activities include, but are not limited to, capture, removal, transportation, and relocation.
- D.** The wildlife service license expires on December 31 each year.
- E.** An employee of a governmental public safety agency is not required to possess a wildlife service license when the employee is acting within the scope of the employee's official duties.
- F.** In addition to the requirements established under this Section, a wildlife service license holder shall comply with the special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- G.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements; the wildlife service license does not:
1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- H.** The Department shall deny a wildlife service license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-409 or this Section or when the person's wildlife service privileges are suspended or revoked in any state. The Department shall provide the written notice established under R12-4-409(F)(4) to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- I.** A person applying for a wildlife service license shall submit an application to the Department. The application is furnished by the Department and is available from any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). An applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number;
    - d. Physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight; and;
    - e. Department ID number, when applicable;
  2. If the applicant will perform license activities for a commercial purpose, the applicant's business:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address;
    - d. Telephone number; and
    - e. Hours and days of the week the applicant will be available for service;
  3. The designated wildlife species or groups of species listed under subsection (A) that will be used under the license;
  4. The methods that the wildlife license holder will use to perform authorized activities;
  5. The general geographic area where services will be performed;
  6. Any other information required by the Department; and
  7. The certification required under R12-4-409(C).
- J.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (I), at the time of application, an applicant for a wildlife service license shall also submit:
1. Proof the applicant has a minimum of six months full-time employment or volunteer experience handling wildlife of the species or groups designated on the application; and
  2. A written proposal that contains all of the following information:
    - a. Applicant's experience in the capture, handling, and removal of wildlife;
    - b. Specific species the applicant has experience capturing, handling, or removing;
    - c. General location and dates when the activities were performed;
    - d. Methods used to carry out the activities; and
    - e. The methods used to dispose of the wildlife.
- K.** When renewing a license without change to the species or species groups authorized under the current license, the wildlife service license holder may reference supporting materials previously submitted in compliance with subsection (J).
- L.** An applicant for a wildlife service license shall pay all applicable fees established under R12-4-412.
- M.** A wildlife service license holder shall:
1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  2. Facilitate the removal and relocation of designated wildlife in a manner that:
    - a. Is least likely to cause injury to the wildlife; and
    - b. Will prevent the wildlife from coming into contact with the general public.
  3. Obtain special authorization from the Department regional office that has jurisdiction over the area where the activities will be conducted when performing any activities involving javelina.
  4. Release captured designated wildlife only as follows:
    - a. Without immediate threat to the animal or potentially injurious contact with humans;
    - b. During an ecologically appropriate time of year;
    - c. Into a suitable habitat;
    - d. In the same geographic area as the animal was originally captured, except that birds may be released at

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- any location statewide within the normal range of that species in an ecological suitable habitat; and
- e. In an area designated by the Department regional office that has jurisdiction over the area where it was captured.
5. Euthanize the wildlife using the safest, quickest, and most humane method available.
  6. Dispose of all wildlife that is euthanized or that otherwise dies while possessed under the license by burial or incineration within 30 days of death, unless otherwise directed by the Department.
  7. Possess the license or legible copy of the license while conducting any wildlife service activity and presents it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.
  8. Inform the Department in writing within five working days of any change in telephone number, area of service, or business hours or days.
- N.** A wildlife service license holder may submit to the Department a written request to amend the license to add or delete authority to control and release designated species of wildlife, provided the request meets the requirements of this Section.
- O.** A wildlife service license holder shall not:
1. Exhibit wildlife or parts of wildlife possessed under the license.
  2. Possess designated wildlife beyond the period necessary to transport and relocate or euthanize the wildlife.
  3. Retain any parts of wildlife.
- P.** A wildlife service license holder may:
1. Euthanize designated wildlife only when authorized by the Department.
  2. Give injured or orphaned wildlife to a wildlife rehabilitation license holder.
- Q.** A wildlife service license holder shall submit an annual report to the Department before January 31 of each year on activities performed under the license for the previous calendar year. The report form is furnished by the Department.
1. A report is required regardless of whether or not activities were performed during the previous year.
  2. The wildlife service license becomes invalid if the annual report is not submitted to the Department by January 31 of each year.
  3. The Department will not process the special license holder's renewal application until the annual report is received by the Department.
  4. The annual report shall provide a list of all services performed under the license to include:
    - a. The date and location of service;
    - b. The number and species of wildlife removed, and
    - c. The method of disposition for each animal removed, including the location and date of release.
- R.** A wildlife service license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-409 and R12-4-428.
- Historical Note**
- Adopted effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2732, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-422. Sport Falconry License**
- A.** In addition to the definitions provided under A.R.S. § 17-101, R12-4-101, and R12-4-401, and for the purposes of this Section, the following definitions apply:
- “Abatement services” means the use of raptors possessed under a falconry permit for the control of nuisance species.
- “Captive-bred raptor” means a raptor hatched in captivity.
- “Hack” means the temporary release of a raptor into the wild to condition the raptor for use in falconry.
- “Hybrid” has the same meaning as prescribed under 50 C.F.R. 21.3, revised October 1, 2013. This incorporation by reference contains no future editions or amendments. The incorporated material is available at any Department office, online at [www.gpoaccess.gov](http://www.gpoaccess.gov), or may be ordered from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000.
- “Imping” means using a molted feather to replace or repair a damaged or broken feather.
- “Retrices” means a raptor's tail feathers.
- “Sponsor” means a licensed General or Master falconer with a valid Arizona Sport Falconry license who has committed to mentoring an Apprentice falconer.
- “Suitable perch” means a perch that is of the appropriate size and texture for the species of raptor using the perch.
- “Wild raptor” means a raptor taken from the wild, regardless of how long the raptor is held in captivity or whether the raptor is transferred to another licensed falconer or other permit type.
- B.** An Arizona Sport Falconry license permits a person to capture, possess, train, and transport a raptor for the purpose of sport falconry in compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the Endangered Species Act of 1973.
1. The sport falconry license validates the appropriate license for hunting or taking quarry with a trained raptor. When taking quarry using a raptor, a person must possess a valid:
    - a. Sport falconry license, and
    - b. Appropriate hunting license.
  2. The sport falconry license is valid until the third December from the date of issuance.
  3. A licensed falconer may capture, possess, train, or transport wild, captive-bred, or hybrid raptors, subject to the limitations established under subsections (H)(1), (H)(2), and (H)(3), as applicable.
- C.** The Department shall comply with the licensing time-frame established under R12-4-106.
- D.** A resident who possesses or intends to possess a raptor for the purpose of sport falconry shall hold an Arizona Sport Falconry license, unless the person is exempt under A.R.S. § 17-236(C) or possesses only raptors not listed under 50 C.F.R. Part 10.13, revised October 1, 2014, and no later amendments or editions. The incorporated material is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000, and is on file with the Department.
- E.** In addition to the requirements established under this Section, a licensed falconer shall also comply with special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- F.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements; the sport falconry license does not:
1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license; or
  3. Authorize a licensed falconer to capture or release a raptor or practice falconry on public lands where prohibited or on private property without permission from the land owner or land management agency.
- G.** The Department shall deny a sport falconry license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-409, R12-4-428, or this Section. The Department shall provide a written notice to an applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- H.** The Department may issue a Sport Falconry license for the following levels to an eligible person:
1. Apprentice level license:
    - a. An Apprentice falconer shall:
      - i. Be at least 12 years of age; and
      - ii. Have a sponsor while practicing falconry as an apprentice. When a sponsorship is terminated, the apprentice is prohibited from practicing falconry until a new sponsor is acquired. After acquiring a new sponsor, an apprentice shall submit a written statement from the new sponsor to the Department within 30 days. The written statement shall meet the requirements established under subsection (K)(3)(a)(vi).
    - b. An Apprentice falconer may possess only one raptor at a time for use in falconry.
    - c. An Apprentice falconer is prohibited from possessing any:
      - i. Species listed under 50 C.F.R. 17.11, revised October 1, 2014, and subspecies,
      - ii. Raptor taken from the wild as a nestling,
      - iii. Raptor that has imprinted on humans,
      - iv. Bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*),
      - v. White-tailed eagle (*Haliaeetus albicilla*),
      - vi. Steller's sea-eagle (*Haliaeetus pelagicus*), or
      - vii. Golden eagle (*Aquila chrysaetos*).
      - viii. For the purposes of subsection (H)(1)(c)(i), this incorporation by reference contains no future editions or amendments. The incorporated material is available at any Department office, online at [www.gpoaccess.gov](http://www.gpoaccess.gov), or may be ordered from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000.
  2. General level license:
    - a. A General falconer shall:
      - i. Be at least 16 years of age; and
      - ii. Have practiced falconry as an apprentice falconer for at least two years, including maintaining, training, flying, and hunting with a raptor for at least four months in each year. An applicant cannot substitute any falconry school or educational program to shorten the two-year Apprentice period.
    - b. A General falconer may possess up to three raptors at a time for use in falconry.
    - c. A General falconer is prohibited from possessing a:
      - i. Bald eagle,
      - ii. White-tailed eagle,
      - iii. Steller's sea-eagle, or
      - iv. Golden eagle.
  3. Master level license:
    - a. A Master falconer shall have practiced falconry as a General falconer for at least five years using raptors possessed by that falconer.
    - b. A Master falconer may possess:
      - i. Any species of wild, captive-bred, or hybrid raptor.
      - ii. Any number of captive-bred raptors provided they are trained and used in the pursuit of wild game; and
      - iii. Up to three of the following species, provided the requirements established under subsection (H)(3)(d) are met: Golden eagle, White-tailed eagle, or Steller's Sea eagle.
    - c. A Master falconer is prohibited from possessing:
      - i. More than three eagles
      - ii. A bald eagle, or
      - iii. More than five wild caught raptors.
    - d. A Master falconer who wishes to possess an eagle shall apply for and receive approval from the Department before possessing an eagle for use in falconry. The licensed falconer shall submit the following documentation to the Department before a request may be considered:
      - i. Proof the licensed falconer has experience in handling large raptors such as, but not limited to, ferruginous hawks (*Buteo regalis*) and goshawks (*Accipiter gentilis*);
      - ii. Information regarding the raptor species, to include the type and duration of the activity in which the experience was gained; and
      - iii. Written statements of reference from two persons who have experience handling or flying large raptors such as, but not limited to, eagles, ferruginous hawks, and goshawks. Each written statement shall contain a concise history of the author's experience with large raptors, and an assessment of the applicant's ability to care for and fly an eagle.
- I.** A sponsor shall:
1. Be at least 18 years of age;
  2. Have practiced falconry as a General falconer for at least two years;
  3. Sponsor no more than three apprentices during the same period of time;
  4. Notify the Department within 30 consecutive days after a sponsorship is terminated;
  5. Determine the appropriate species of raptor for possession by an apprentice; and
  6. Provide instruction pertaining to the:
    - a. Husbandry, training, and trapping of raptors held for falconry;
    - b. Hunting with a raptor; and
    - c. Relevant wildlife laws and regulations.
- J.** A falconer licensed in another state or country is exempt from obtaining an Arizona Sport Falconry license under R12-4-407(B)(9), unless remaining in Arizona for more than 180 consecutive days. A falconer licensed in another state or country and who remains in this state for more than the 180-day period shall apply for an Arizona Sport Falconry license in order to continue practicing sport falconry in this state. The falconer licensed in another state or country shall present a copy of the out-of-state or out-of-country falconry license, or its equivalent, to the Department upon request.
1. A falconer licensed in another state shall:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- a. Comply with all applicable state and federal falconry regulations,
  - b. Possess only those raptors authorized under the out-of-state sport falconry license, and
  - c. Provide a health certificate for each raptor possessed under the out-of-state sport falconry license when the raptor is present in this state for more than 30 consecutive days. The health certificate may be issued after the date of the interstate importation, but shall have been issued no more than 30 consecutive days prior to the interstate importation.
2. A falconer licensed in another country may possess, train, and use for falconry only those raptors authorized under the out-of-country sport falconry license, provided the import of that species into the United States is not prohibited. This subsection does not prohibit the falconer from flying or training a raptor lawfully possessed by any other licensed falconer.
  3. A falconer licensed in another country is prohibited from leaving an imported raptor in this state, unless authorized under federal permit. The falconer shall report the death or escape of a raptor possessed by that falconer to the Department as established under subsection (O)(1) or prior to leaving the state, whichever occurs first.
  4. A falconer licensed in another country shall:
    - a. Comply with all applicable state and federal falconry regulations;
    - b. Comply with falconry licensing requirements prescribed by the country of licensure not in conflict with federal or state law;
    - c. Notify the Department no less than 30 consecutive days prior to importing a raptor into this state;
    - d. Provide a health certificate, issued no earlier than 30 consecutive days prior to the date of importation, for each raptor imported into this state; and
    - e. Attach two functioning radio transmitters to any raptor imported into this country by the falconer while flown free in this state by any falconer.
- K.** A person applying for a Sport Falconry license shall submit an application to the Department. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov).
1. An applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
    - a. Falconry level desired;
    - b. Name;
    - c. Date of birth;
    - d. Mailing address;
    - e. Telephone number, when available;
    - f. Department I.D. number;
    - g. Applicant's physical description, to include the applicant's eye color, hair color, height, and weight;
    - h. Arizona Hunting license number, when available;
    - i. Number of years of experience as a falconer;
    - j. Current Falconry license level;
    - k. Physical address of a facility when the raptor is kept at another location, when applicable;
  1. Information documenting all raptors possessed by the applicant at the time of application, to include:
    - i. Species;
    - ii. Subspecies, when applicable;
    - iii. Age;
    - iv. Sex;
    - v. Band or microchip number, as applicable;
    - vi. Date and source of acquisition; and
  - m. The certification required under R12-4-409(C);
  - n. Parent or legal guardian's signature, when the applicant is under the age of 18;
  - o. Date of application; and
  - p. Any other information required by the Department.
2. An applicant shall certify that the applicant has read and is familiar with applicable state laws and rules and the regulations under 50 C.F.R. Part 13 and the other applicable parts in 50 C.F.R. Chapter I, Subchapter B and that the information submitted is complete and accurate to the best of their knowledge and belief.
  3. In addition to the information required under subsection (K)(1), a person applying for:
    - a. An Apprentice level license shall also provide the sponsor's:
      - i. Name,
      - ii. Date of birth,
      - iii. Mailing address,
      - iv. Department I.D. number,
      - v. Telephone number, and
      - vi. A written statement from the sponsor stating that the falconer agrees to sponsor the applicant.
    - b. A General level license shall also provide:
      - i. Information documenting the applicant's experience in maintaining falconry raptors, to include the species and period of time each raptor was possessed while licensed as an Apprentice falconer; and
      - ii. A written statement from the sponsor certifying that the applicant has practiced falconry at the Apprentice falconer level for at least two years, and maintained, trained, flown, and hunted with a raptor for at least four months in each year.
    - c. A Master level license shall certify that the falconer has practiced falconry as a General falconer for at least five years.
- L.** An applicant for any level Sport Falconry license shall pay all applicable fees established under R12-4-412.
- M.** The Department may inspect the applicant's raptor facilities, materials, and equipment to verify compliance with requirements established under R12-4-409(I), R12-4-428, and this Section before issuing a Sport Falconry license. The applicant or licensed falconer shall ensure all raptors currently possessed by the falconer and kept in the facility are present at the time of inspection.
1. Department may inspect a facility:
    - a. After a change of location, when the Department cannot verify the facility is the same facility as the one approved by a previous inspection, or
    - b. Prior to the acquisition of a new species or addition of another raptor when the previous inspection does not indicate the facilities can accommodate a new species or additional raptor.
  2. A licensed falconer shall notify the Department no more than five business days after changing the location of a facility.
  3. When a facility is located on property not owned by the licensed falconer, the falconer shall provide a written statement signed and dated by the property owner at the time of inspection. The written statement shall specify that the licensed falconer has permission to keep a raptor on the property and the property owner permits the Department to inspect the falconry facility at any reasonable time of day and in the presence of the licensed falconer.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

4. A licensed falconer shall ensure the facility:
    - a. Provides a healthy and safe environment,
    - b. Is designed to keep predators out,
    - c. Is designed to avoid injury to the raptor,
    - d. Is easy to access,
    - e. Is easy to clean, and
    - f. Provides access to fresh water and sunlight.
  5. In addition to the requirements established under R12-4-409(I) and R12-4-428:
    - a. A licensed falconer shall ensure facilities where raptors are held have:
      - i. A suitable perch that is protected from extreme temperatures, wind, and excessive disturbance for each raptor;
      - ii. At least one opening for sunlight; and
      - iii. Walls that are solid, constructed of vertical bars spaced narrower than the width of the body of the smallest raptor housed therein, or any other suitable materials approved by the Department.
    - b. A licensed falconer shall possess all of the following equipment:
      - i. At least one flexible, weather-resistant leash;
      - ii. One swivel appropriate to the raptor being flown;
      - iii. At least one water container, available to each raptor kept in the facility, that is at least two inches deep and wider than the length of the largest raptor using the container;
      - iv. A reliable scale or balance suitable for weighing raptors, graduated in increments of not more than 15 grams;
      - v. Suitable equipment that protects the raptor from extreme temperatures, wind, and excessive disturbance while transporting or housing a raptor when away from the permanent facility where the raptor is kept, and
      - vi. At least one pair of jesses constructed of suitable material or Alymeri jesses consisting of an anklet, grommet, and removable strap that attaches the anklet and grommet to a swivel. The falconer may use a one-piece jess only when the raptor is not being flown.
  6. A licensed falconer may keep a falconry raptor inside the falconer's residence provided a suitable perch is supplied. The falconer shall ensure all flighted raptors kept inside a residence are tethered or otherwise restrained at all times, unless the falconer is moving the raptor into or out of the residence. This subsection does not apply to unflighted eyas, which do not need to be tethered or otherwise restrained.
  7. A licensed falconer may keep multiple raptors together in one enclosure untethered only when the raptors are compatible with each other.
  8. A licensed falconer may keep a raptor temporarily outdoors in the open provided the raptor is continually under observation by the falconer or an individual designated by the falconer.
  9. A licensed falconer may keep a raptor in a temporary facility that the Department has inspected and approved for no more than 120 consecutive days.
  10. A licensed falconer may keep a raptor in a temporary facility that the Department has not inspected or approved for no more than 30 consecutive days. The falconer shall notify the Department of the temporary facility prior to the end of the 30-day period. The Department may inspect a temporary facility as established under R12-4-409(I).
- N. Prior to the issuance of a Sport Falconry license, an applicant shall:
    1. Present proof of a previously held state-issued sport falconry license, or
    2. Correctly answer at least 80% of the questions on the Department administered written examination.
      - a. A person whose Sport Falconry license is expired more than five years shall take the examination. The Department shall issue to an eligible applicant a license for the sport falconry license type previously held by the applicant after the applicant correctly answers at least 80% of the questions on the written examination and presents proof of the previous Sport Falconry license.
      - b. A person who holds a falconry license issued in another country shall correctly answer at least 80% of the questions on the written examination. The Department shall determine the level of license issued based upon the applicant's documentation.
  - O. A licensed falconer shall submit electronically a 3-186A form to report:
    1. Any of the following raptor possession changes to the Department no more than 10 business days after the occurrence:
      - a. Acquisition,
      - b. Banding,
      - c. Escape into the wild without recovery after 30 consecutive days have passed,
      - d. Death,
      - e. Microchipping,
      - f. Rebanding,
      - g. Release,
      - h. Take, or
      - i. Transfer.
    2. Upon discovering the theft of a raptor, a licensed falconer shall immediately report the theft of a raptor to the Department and USFWS by:
      - a. Contacting the Department's regional office within 48 hours; and
      - b. Submitting the electronic 3-186A form within 10 days.
  - P. A licensed falconer shall print and maintain copies of all required electronic database submissions for each falconry raptor possessed by the falconer. The falconer shall retain copies of all submissions for a period of five years from the date on which the raptor left the falconer's possession.
  - Q. A licensed falconer or a person with a valid falconry license, or its equivalent, issued by any state meeting federal falconry standards may capture a raptor for the purpose of falconry only when authorized by Commission Order.
    1. A falconer attempting to capture a raptor shall possess:
      - a. A valid Arizona Sport Falconry license or valid falconry license, or its equivalent, issued by another state, and
      - b. Any required Arizona hunt permit-tag issued to the licensed falconer for take of the authorized raptor, and
      - c. A valid Arizona hunting or combination license. A short-term combination hunting and fishing license is not valid for capturing a raptor under this subsection.
    2. An Apprentice falconer may take from the wild:
      - a. Any raptor not prohibited under subsection (H)(1)(c) that is less than one year of age, except nestlings or

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- b. An adult raptor.
3. A General or Master falconer may take from the wild:
  - a. A raptor of any age, including nestlings, provided at least one nestling remains in the nest; or
  - b. An adult raptor.
4. A licensed falconer shall take no more than two raptors from the wild for use in falconry each calendar year. For the purpose of take limits, a raptor is counted towards the licensed falconer's take limit by the falconer who originally captured the raptor.
5. A falconer attempting to capture a raptor shall:
  - a. Not use stupefying substances;
  - b. Use a trap or bird net that is not likely to cause injury to the raptor;
  - c. Ensure that each trap or net the falconer is using is continually attended; and
  - d. Ensure that each trap used for the purpose of capturing a raptor is marked with the falconer's name, address, and license number.
6. A licensed falconer shall report the injury of any raptor injured due to capture techniques to the Department. The falconer shall transport the injured raptor to a veterinarian or licensed rehabilitator and pay for the cost of the injured raptor's care and rehabilitation. After the initial medical treatment is completed, the licensed falconer shall either:
  - a. Keep the raptor and the raptor shall count towards the falconer's take and possession limit, or
  - b. Transfer the raptor to a permitted wildlife rehabilitator and the raptor shall not count against the falconer's take or possession limit.
7. When a licensed falconer takes a raptor from the wild and transfers the raptor to another falconer who is present at a capture site, the falconer receiving the raptor is responsible for reporting the take of the raptor.
8. A General or Master falconer may capture a raptor that will be transferred to another licensed falconer who is not present at the capture site. The falconer who captured the raptor shall report the take of the raptor and the capture shall count towards the General or Master falconer's take limit. The General or Master falconer may then transfer the raptor to another falconer.
9. A General or Master falconer may capture a raptor for another licensed falconer who cannot attend the capture due to a long-term or permanent physical impairment. The licensed falconer with the physical impairment is responsible for reporting the take of the raptor and the raptor shall count against their take and possession limits.
10. A licensed falconer may capture any raptor displaying a seamless metal band, or any other item identifying it as a falconry raptor, regardless of whether the falconer is prohibited from possessing the raptor. The falconer shall return the recaptured raptor to the falconer of record. The raptor shall not count towards the falconer's take or possession limits, provided the falconer reports the temporary possession of the raptor to the Department no more than five consecutive days after capturing the raptor.
  - a. When the falconer of record cannot or does not wish to possess the raptor, the falconer who captured the raptor may keep the raptor, provided the falconer is eligible to possess the species and may do so without violating any requirement established under this Section.
  - b. When the falconer of record cannot be located, the Department shall determine the disposition of the recaptured raptor.
11. A licensed falconer may capture and shall report the capture of any raptor wearing a transmitter to the Department no more than five business days after the capture. The falconer shall attempt to contact the researcher or licensed falconer who applied the transmitter and facilitate the replacement or retrieval of the transmitter and raptor. The falconer may possess the raptor for no more than 30 consecutive days while waiting for the researcher or falconer to retrieve the transmitter and raptor. The raptor shall not count towards the falconer's take or possession limits, provided the falconer reports the temporary possession of the raptor to the Department no more than five consecutive days after capturing the raptor. The Department shall determine the disposition of a raptor when the researcher or falconer does not replace the transmitter or retrieve the raptor within the initial 30-day period.
12. A licensed falconer may capture any raptor displaying a federal Bird Banding Laboratory (BBL) aluminum research band or tag, except a peregrine falcon (*Falco peregrinus*). A licensed falconer who captures a raptor wearing a research band or tag shall report the following information to BBL and the Department:
  - a. Species,
  - b. Band or tag number,
  - c. Location of the capture, and
  - d. Date of capture.
13. A licensed falconer may recapture a falconer's lost or any escaped falconry raptor at any time. The Department does not consider the recapture of a wild falconry raptor as taking a raptor from the wild.
14. When attempting to trap a raptor in Cochise, Graham, Pima, Pinal, or Santa Cruz counties, a licensed falconer shall:
  - a. Not begin trapping while a northern aplomado falcon (*Falco femoralis septentrionalis*) is observed in the vicinity of the trapping location.
  - b. Suspend trapping when a northern aplomado falcon arrives in the vicinity of the trapping location.
15. In addition to the requirements in subsection (Q)(14), an apprentice falconer shall be accompanied by a General or Master falconer when attempting to capture a raptor in Cochise, Graham, Pima, Pinal, or Santa Cruz counties.
16. A licensed Master falconer may take up to two golden eagles from the wild only as authorized under 50 C.F.R. part 22. The Master falconer may:
  - a. Capture an immature or sub-adult golden eagle, or
  - b. Take a nestling from its nest or a nesting adult golden eagle in a livestock depredation area if a biologist representing the agency responsible for declaring the depredation area determines the adult eagle is preying on livestock or wildlife and that any nestling of the adult will be taken by a falconer authorized to possess it.
  - c. The falconer shall inform the Department of the capture plans in person, in writing, or by telephone at least three business days before trapping is initiated. The falconer may send written notification to the Arizona Game and Fish Department's Law Enforcement Programs Coordinator at 5000 West Carefree Highway, Phoenix, Arizona 85086.
17. A licensed falconer shall ensure any falconry activities the falconer is conducting do not cause unlawful take under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. §

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

1531 et seq., or the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 668 through 668d. The Department or USFWS may provide information regarding where take is likely to occur. The falconer shall report the take of any federally listed threatened or endangered species or bald or golden eagle to the USFWS Arizona Ecological Services Field Office.

- R.** A licensed falconer shall comply with all of the following banding requirements:
1. A licensed falconer shall ensure the following raptors are banded after capture:
    - a. Northern Goshawk,
    - b. Harris's hawk (*Parabuteo unicinctus*), and
    - c. Peregrine falcon.
  2. The falconer shall request a band no more than five consecutive days after the capture of a raptor by contacting the Department. A Department representative or a General or Master licensed falconer may attach the USFWS leg band to the raptor.
  3. A licensed falconer shall not use a counterfeit, altered, or defaced band.
  4. A falconer holding a federal propagation permit shall ensure a raptor bred in captivity wears a seamless metal band furnished by USFWS, as prescribed under 50 C.F.R. 21.30.
  5. A licensed falconer may remove the rear tab on a band and smooth any imperfections on the surface, provided doing so does not affect the band's integrity or numbering.
  6. A licensed falconer shall report the loss of a band to the Department no more than five business days after discovering the loss. The falconer shall reband the raptor with a new USFWS leg band furnished by the Department.
- S.** A licensed falconer may request Department authorization to implant an ISO-compliant [134.2 kHz] microchip in lieu of a band into a captive-bred raptor or raptor listed under subsection (R)(1).
1. The falconer shall submit a written request to the Department.
  2. The falconer shall retain a copy of the Department's written authorization and any associated documentation for a period of five years from the date the raptor permanently leaves the falconer's possession.
  3. The falconer is responsible for the cost of implanting the microchip and any associated veterinary fees.
- T.** A licensed falconer may allow a falconry raptor to feed on any species of wildlife incidentally killed by the raptor for which there is no open season or for which the season is closed, but shall not take such wildlife into possession.
- U.** A General or Master falconer may hack a falconry raptor. Any raptor the falconer is hacking shall count towards the falconer's possession limit during hacking.
1. A falconer is prohibited from hacking a raptor near the nesting area of a federally threatened or endangered species or in any other location where the raptor is likely to disturb or harm a federally listed threatened or endangered species. The Department may provide information regarding where this is likely to occur.
  2. A licensed falconer shall ensure any hybrid raptor flown free or hacked by the falconer is equipped with at least two functioning radio transmitters.
- V.** A licensed falconer may release:
1. A wild-caught raptor permanently into the wild under the following circumstances:
    - a. The raptor is native to Arizona,
    - b. The falconer removes the raptor's falconry band and any other falconry equipment prior to release, and
    - c. The falconer releases the raptor in a suitable habitat and under suitable seasonal conditions.
  2. A captive-bred raptor permanently into the wild only when the raptor is native to Arizona and the Department approves the release of the raptor. The falconer shall request permission to release the captive-bred raptor by contacting the Department. When permitted by the Department and before releasing the captive-bred raptor, the General or Master falconer shall hack the captive-bred raptor in a suitable habitat and the appropriate season.
  3. A licensed falconer is prohibited from intentionally releasing any hybrid or non-native raptor permanently into the wild.
- W.** A Master falconer may conduct and receive payment for any abatement services conducted with a falconry raptor. The falconer shall apply for and obtain all required federal permits prior to conducting any abatement activities. A General falconer may conduct abatement services only when authorized under the federal permit held by the Master falconer.
- X.** A person other than a licensed falconer may temporarily care for a falconry raptor for no more than 45 consecutive days, unless approved by the Department. The raptor under temporary care shall remain in the falconer's facility. The raptor shall continue to count towards the falconer's possession limit. An unlicensed caretaker shall not fly the raptor. The falconer may request an extension from the Department to the temporary possession period if extenuating circumstances occur. The Department shall evaluate extension requests on a case-by-case basis.
- Y.** A licensed falconer may serve as a caretaker for another licensed falconer's raptor for no more than 120 consecutive days, unless approved by the Department. The falconer shall provide the temporary caretaker with a signed and dated statement authorizing the temporary possession of each raptor. The statement shall also include the temporary possession period and activities the caretaker may conduct with the raptor. The raptor under temporary care shall not count toward the caretaker's possession limit. The temporary caretaker may fly or train the raptor when permitted by the falconer in writing. The falconer may request an extension from the Department to the temporary possession period if extenuating circumstances occur. The Department shall evaluate extension requests on a case-by-case basis.
- Z.** A licensed falconer may assist a wildlife rehabilitator in conditioning a raptor in preparation for the raptor's release to the wild. The falconer may temporarily remove the raptor from the rehabilitation facilities while conditioning the raptor. The raptor shall remain under the rehabilitator's license and shall not count towards the falconer's possession limit. The rehabilitator shall provide the licensed falconer with a written statement authorizing the falconer to assist the rehabilitator. The written statement shall also identify the raptor by species, type of injury, and band number, when available. The licensed falconer shall return the raptor to the rehabilitator within the 180-day period established under R12-4-423(T), unless the raptor is:
1. Released into the wild in coordination with the rehabilitator and as authorized under this subsection,
  2. Allowed to remain with the rehabilitator for a longer period of time as authorized under R12-4-423(U), or
  3. Transferred permanently to the falconer, provided the falconer may legally possess the raptor and the Department

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

approves the transfer. The raptor shall count towards the falconer's possession limit.

- AA.** A licensed falconer may use a raptor possessed for falconry in captive propagation, when permitted by USFWS. A licensed falconer is not required to transfer a raptor from a Sport Falconry license to another license when the raptor is used for captive propagation less than eight months in a year.
- BB.** A General or Master licensed falconer may use a lawfully possessed raptor in a conservation education program presented in a public venue. An Apprentice falconer, under the direct supervision of a General or Master falconer, may use a lawfully possessed raptor in a conservation education program presented in a public venue. The primary use for a raptor is falconry; a licensed falconer shall not possess a raptor solely for the purpose of providing a conservation education program. The falconer shall ensure the focus of the conservation education program is to provide information about the biology, ecological roles, and conservation needs of raptors and other migratory birds. The falconer may charge a fee for presenting a conservation education program; however, the fee shall not exceed the amount required to recoup the falconer's costs for providing the program. As a condition of the Sport Falconry License, the licensed falconer agrees to indemnify the Department, its officers, and employees. The falconer is liable for any damages associated with the conservation education activities.
- CC.** A licensed falconer may allow the photography, filming, or similar uses of a falconry raptor possessed by the licensed falconer, provided:
1. The falconer is not compensated for these activities; and
  2. The final product from these activities:
    - a. Promotes the practice of falconry;
    - b. Provides information about the biology, ecological roles, and conservation needs of raptors and other migratory birds;
    - c. Endorses a nonprofit falconry organization or association, products, or other endeavors related to falconry; or
    - d. Is used in scientific research or science publications.
- DD.** A licensed falconer may use or dispose of lawfully possessed falconry raptor feathers. A falconer shall not buy, sell, or barter falconry raptor feathers. A falconer may possess feathers for imping from each species of raptor that the falconer currently possesses or has possessed.
1. The licensed falconer may transfer or receive feathers for imping from:
    - a. Another licensed falconer,
    - b. A licensed wildlife rehabilitator, or
    - c. Any licensed propagator located in the United States.
  2. A licensed falconer may donate falconry raptor feathers, except bald and golden eagle feathers, to:
    - a. Any person or institution permitted to possess falconry raptor feathers,
    - b. Any person or institution exempt from the permit requirement under 50 C.F.R. 21.12, or
    - c. A non-eagle feather repository. The Department may provide information regarding the submittal of falconry raptor feathers to a non-eagle feather repository.
  3. A licensed falconer shall gather primary and secondary flight feathers or retrices that are molted or otherwise lost from a golden eagle and either retain the feathers for imping purposes or submit the feathers to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Eagle Repository, Rocky Mountain Arsenal, Building 128, Commerce City, Colorado 80022.
4. A falconer whose license is either revoked or expired shall dispose of all falconry raptor feathers in the falconer's possession.
- EE.** Arizona licensed falconers importing raptors into Arizona shall have a health certificate issued no more than 30 consecutive days:
1. Prior to the international importation, or
  2. Prior to or after the inter-state importation.
- FF.** A licensed falconer may conduct any of the following activities with any captive-bred raptor provided the raptor is wearing a seamless band and the person receiving the raptor possesses an appropriate special license:
1. Barter,
  2. Offer for barter,
  3. Gift,
  4. Purchase,
  5. Sell,
  6. Offer for sale, or
  7. Transfer.
- GG.** A licensed falconer is prohibited from conducting any of the following activities with any wild-caught raptor protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act:
1. Barter,
  2. Offer for barter,
  3. Purchase,
  4. Sell, or
  5. Offer for sale.
- HH.** A licensed falconer may transfer:
1. Any wild-caught falconry raptor lawfully captured in Arizona with or without a permit tag to another Arizona Sport Falconry License holder at any time.
    - a. The raptor shall count towards the take limit for that calendar year for the falconer taking the raptor from the wild.
    - b. The raptor shall not count against the take limit of the falconer receiving the raptor.
  2. Any wild-caught falconry raptor to another license or permit type under this Article or federal law, provided the raptor has been used in the sport of falconry for at least two years preceding the transfer.
  3. A wild-caught falconry sharp-shinned hawk (*Accipiter striatus*), Cooper's hawk (*Accipiter cooperii*), merlin (*Falco columbarius*), or American kestrel (*Falco sparverius*) to another license or permit type under this Article or federal law, provided the raptor has been used in the sport of falconry for at least one-year preceding the transfer.
  4. Any hybrid or captive-bred raptor to another licensed falconer or permit type under this Article or federal law at any time.
  5. Any falconry raptor that is no longer capable of being flown, as determined by a veterinarian or licensed rehabilitator, to another permit type at any time. The licensed falconer shall provide a copy of the documentation from the veterinarian or rehabilitator stating that the raptor is not useable in falconry to the Federal Migratory Bird Permits office that administers the other permit type.
- II.** A licensed falconer shall not transfer a wild-caught raptor species to a licensed falconer in another state for at least one year from the date of capture if either resident or nonresident take is managed through Commission Order by way of a permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or annual harvest quota system. However, a licensed falconer may transfer a wild-caught raptor that is not managed through Commission Order by way of a permit-tag, nonpermit-tag, or annual harvest quota system to a licensed falconer in another state at any time.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- JJ.** A surviving spouse, executor, administrator, or other legal representative of a deceased or incapacitated licensed falconer shall transfer any raptor held by the licensed falconer to another licensed falconer no more than 90 consecutive days after the death of the falconer. The Department shall determine the disposition of any raptor not transferred prior to the end of the 90-day period.
- KK.** A licensed falconer shall conduct the following activities, as applicable, no more than 10 business days after either the death of a falconry raptor or the final examination of a deceased raptor by a veterinarian:
1. For a bald or golden eagle, send the entire body, including all feathers, talons, and other parts, to the National Eagle Repository;
  2. For any euthanized non-eagle raptor, to prevent secondary poisoning of other wildlife, the falconer shall either submit the carcass to a non-eagle repository or burn, bury, or otherwise destroy the carcass;
  3. For all other species:
    - a. Submit the carcass to a non-eagle repository;
    - b. Submit the carcass to the Department for submission to a non-eagle repository;
    - c. Donate the body or feathers to any person or institution exempt under 50 C.F.R. 21.12 or authorized by USFWS to acquire and possess such parts or feathers;
    - d. Retain the carcass or feathers for imping purposes as established under subsection (DD);
    - e. Burn, bury, or otherwise destroy the carcass; or
    - f. Mount the raptor carcass. The falconer shall ensure any microchip implanted in the raptor is not removed and any band attached to the raptor remains on the mount. The falconer may use the mount for a conservation education program. The falconer shall ensure copies of the license and all relevant 3-186A forms are retained with the mount. The mount shall not count towards the falconer's possession limit.
- Historical Note**
- Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended effective April 4, 1997 (Supp. 97-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective December 14, 1999 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 958, effective January 1, 2013 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).
- R12-4-423. Wildlife Rehabilitation License**
- A.** For the purposes of this Section, "volunteer" means a person who:
- Is not designated as an agent, as defined under R12-4-401,
  - Assists a wildlife rehabilitation license holder without compensation, and
  - Is under the direct supervision of the license holder at the location specified on the wildlife rehabilitation license.
- B.** A wildlife rehabilitation license is issued for the sole purpose of restoring and returning wildlife to the wild through rehabilitative services. The license allows a person 18 years of age or older to conduct any of the following activities with live injured, disabled, orphaned or otherwise debilitated wildlife specified on the rehabilitation license:
1. Capture;
  2. Euthanize;
  3. Export to a licensed zoo, when authorized by the Department;
  4. Rehabilitate;
  5. Release;
  6. Temporarily possess;
  7. Transport; or
  8. Transfer to one of the following:
    - a. Licensed veterinarian for treatment or euthanasia;
    - b. Another appropriately licensed special license holder;
    - c. Licensed zoo, when authorized by the Department; or
  9. As otherwise directed in writing by the Department.
- C.** A wildlife rehabilitation license authorizes the possession of the following taxa or species:
1. Amphibians;
  2. Reptiles;
  3. Birds:
    - a. Non-passerines, birds in any order other than those named in subsections (b) through (e);
    - b. Birds in the orders *Falconiformes* or *Strigiformes*, raptors;
    - c. Birds in the order, *Galliformes* quails and turkeys;
    - d. Birds in the order *Columbiformes*, doves;
    - e. Birds in the order *Trochiliformes*, hummingbirds; and
    - f. Birds in the order *Passeriformes*, passerines;
  4. Mammals:
    - a. Nongame mammals;
    - b. Bats;
    - c. Big game mammals other than cervids: bighorn sheep, bison, black bear, javelina, mountain lion, pronghorn;
    - d. Carnivores: bobcat, coati, coyote, foxes, raccoons, ringtail, skunks, and weasels; and
    - e. Small game mammals.
- D.** A wildlife rehabilitation license authorizes the possession of the following taxa or species only when specifically requested at the time of application:
1. Eagles;
  2. Species listed under 50 C.F.R. 17.11, revised October 1, 2013; and
  3. The Department's Tier 1 Species of Greatest Conservation Need, as defined under R12-4-401.
  4. For the purposes of subsection (D)(2), this incorporation by reference contains no future editions or amendments. The incorporated material is available at any Department office, online at [www.gpoaccess.gov](http://www.gpoaccess.gov), or may be ordered from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000.
- E.** All wildlife held under the license is the property of the state and shall be surrendered to the Department upon request.
- F.** The wildlife rehabilitation license expires on the last day of the third December from the date of issuance.
- G.** In addition to the requirements established under this Section, a wildlife rehabilitation license holder shall comply with the special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- H.** The Department shall deny a wildlife rehabilitation license to a person who fails to meet the requirements and criteria established under R12-4-409, R12-4-428, or this Section or when the person's wildlife rehabilitation license is suspended or revoked in any state. The Department shall provide the written notice established under R12-4-409 to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

- I.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements; the wildlife rehabilitation license does not:
1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- J.** Before applying for a wildlife rehabilitation license, a person shall successfully complete an examination conducted by the Department. The Department shall consider only those parts of the examination that are applicable to the taxa of wildlife for which the license is sought in establishing the qualifications of the applicant.
1. Examinations are provided by appointment, only.
  2. An applicant may request a verbal or written examination.
  3. The examination shall include questions regarding:
    - a. Wildlife rehabilitation;
    - b. Safe handling of wildlife;
    - c. Transporting wildlife;
    - d. Humane treatment;
    - e. Nutritional requirements;
    - f. Behavioral requirements;
    - g. Developmental requirements;
    - h. Ecological requirements;
    - i. Habitat requirements;
    - j. Captivity standards established under R12-4-428;
    - k. Human and wildlife safety considerations;
    - l. State statutes, rules, and regulations regarding wildlife rehabilitation; and
    - m. National Wildlife Rehabilitation Association minimum standards for wildlife rehabilitation.
  4. The applicant must successfully complete the examination within three years prior to the date on which the initial application for the license is submitted to the Department.
- K.** A person applying for a wildlife rehabilitation license shall submit an application to the Department. A separate application is required for each location where the applicant proposes to use wildlife. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Date of birth;
    - c. Mailing address;
    - d. Telephone number;
    - e. Facility address, if different from mailing address;
    - f. Physical location description to include the Global Positioning System location or Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates; and
    - g. Department ID number, when applicable;
  2. The wildlife taxa or species listed under subsection (C) that will be possessed under the license;
  3. For each location where the wildlife will be used, the land owner's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Physical location description to include the Global Positioning System location or Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates;
  4. A detailed description, diagram, and photographs of the facility where the applicant will hold the wildlife, and a description of how the facility complies with R12-4-428 and any other captivity standards established under this Section;
  5. Any other information required by the Department; and
  6. The certification required under R12-4-409(C).
- L.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (K), at the time of application, an applicant for a wildlife rehabilitation license shall also submit:
1. Any one or more of the following:
    - a. A valid, current license issued by a state veterinary medical examination authority that authorizes the applicant to practice as a veterinarian;
    - b. Proof of at least six months of experience performing wildlife rehabilitative work with an average of at least eight hours each week for the taxa or species of animal listed on the application; or
    - c. A current and valid license, permit, or other form of authorization issued by another state or the federal government that allows the applicant to perform wildlife rehabilitation;
  2. Proof the applicant successfully completed the examination required under subsection (J) no more than three years prior to submitting the application;
  3. An affidavit signed by the applicant affirming either of the following:
    - a. The applicant is a licensed veterinarian; or
    - b. A licensed veterinarian is reasonably available to provide veterinary services as necessary to facilitate rehabilitation of wildlife.
  4. A written statement describing:
    - a. The applicant's preferred method of disposing of non-releasable live wildlife as listed under subsection (B); and
    - b. A statement of the applicant's training and experience in handling, capturing, rehabilitating, and caring for the taxa or species when the applicant is applying for a license to perform authorized activities with taxa or species of wildlife listed under subsection (C).
- M.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder who wishes to continue activities authorized under the license shall renew the license before it expires.
1. When renewing a license without change to the species, location, or design of the facility where wildlife is held as authorized under the current license, the license holder may reference supporting materials previously submitted in compliance with subsection (K).
  2. A license holder applying for a renewal of the license shall successfully complete the examination at the time of renewal when the annual report submitted under subsection (Z) indicates the license holder did not perform any rehabilitative activities under the license.
  3. A license holder applying for a renewal of the license shall submit proof the license holder has completed the continuing education requirement established under subsection (N).
- N.** During the license period a wildlife rehabilitation license holder shall complete eight or more hours of continuing education sessions on wildlife rehabilitation or veterinary medicine.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- Acceptable continuing education sessions may be obtained from:
1. An accredited university or college;
  2. The National Wildlife Rehabilitators Association, 2625 Clearwater Rd. Suite 110, St. Cloud, MN 56301;
  3. The International Wildlife Rehabilitation Council, PO Box 3197, Eugene, OR 97403; or
  4. Other applicable training opportunities approved by the Department in writing. A license holder who wishes to use other applicable training to meet the eight hour continuing education requirement shall request approval of the other applicable training prior to participating in the education session.
- O.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder may request authorization to allow an agent to assist the license holder in carrying out activities authorized under the wildlife rehabilitation license by submitting a written request to the Department.
1. An applicant may request the ability to allow a person to act as an agent on the applicant's behalf, provided:
    - a. An employment or supervisory relationship exists between the applicant and the agent, and
    - b. The agent's privilege to take or possess live wildlife is not suspended or revoked in any state
  2. The license holder shall obtain approval from the Department prior to allowing the agent assist in any activities.
  3. The license holder is liable for all acts the agent performs under the authority of this Section.
  4. The Department, acting on behalf of the Commission, may suspend or revoke a license for violation of this Section by an agent.
  5. The license holder shall ensure the agent possesses a legible copy of the license while conducting any activity authorized under the wildlife rehabilitation license and presents it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.
- P.** At any time during the license period, a wildlife rehabilitation license holder may request permission to amend the license to add or delete an agent or a location where wildlife is held; or to obtain authority to rehabilitate additional taxa of wildlife. To request an amendment, the license holder shall submit the following information to the Department, as applicable:
1. To add or delete an agent, the information stated in subsections (K)(1) through (K)(4) and (L)(2), as applicable to the agent;
  2. To add or delete a location, the information stated in subsection (K)(1) through (K)(5); and
  3. To obtain authority to rehabilitate additional taxa or wildlife, the information stated in subsection (K)(1) through (K)(5) and (L)(1) through (L)(4).
- Q.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder authorized to rehabilitate wildlife species listed under subsection (C)(3)(c), (C)(4)(c) and (C)(4)(d) or (D) shall contact the Department within 24 hours of receiving the individual animal to obtain instructions in handling or transferring that animal. While awaiting instructions, the license holder shall ensure that emergency veterinary care is provided as necessary.
- R.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder shall:
1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  2. Allow the Department to conduct inspections of an applicant's or license holder's facility and records at any time before or during the license period to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article.
  3. Ensure each facility is inspected by the attending veterinarian at least once every year.
  4. Capture, remove, transport, and release wildlife held under the requirements of this Section in a manner that is least likely to cause injury to the affected wildlife.
  5. Conduct rehabilitation only at the location listed on the license
  6. Be responsible for all expenses incurred, including veterinary expenses, and all actions taken under the license, including all actions or omissions of all agents and volunteers when performing activities under the license.
  7. Immediately surrender wildlife held under the license to the Department upon request.
  8. Dispose of all wildlife that is euthanized or that otherwise dies within 30 days of death either by burial, incineration, or transfer to a scientific research institution, except that the license holder shall transfer all carcasses of endangered or threatened species, species listed under the Department's Tier 1 Species of Greatest Conservation Need, or eagles as directed by the Department.
  9. Maintain a current log that records the information specified under subsection (Z).
  10. Possess the license or legible copy of the license at each authorized location and while conducting any rehabilitation activities and presents it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.
  11. Ensure a copy of the wildlife rehabilitation license accompanies each transfer or shipment of wildlife.
- S.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder shall not:
1. Display for educational purposes any wildlife held under the license.
  2. Exhibit any wildlife held under the license.
  3. Permanently possess any wildlife held under the license.
- T.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder may possess:
1. All wildlife for no more than 90 days; or
  2. A bird for no more than 180 days, unless the Department has authorized possession for a longer period of time.
- U.** A license holder may request permission to possess wildlife for a longer period of time than specified in subsection (T) by submitting a written request to the Department.
1. The Department shall approve or deny the request within ten days of receiving the request.
  2. For requests made due to a medical necessity, the Department may require the license holder to provide a written statement listing the medical reasons for the extension, signed by a licensed veterinarian.
  3. The license holder may continue to hold the specified wildlife while the Department considers the request.
  4. If the request is denied, the Department shall send a written notice to the license holder which shall include specific, time-dated directions for the surrender or disposition of the animal.
- V.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder may allow a licensed falconer to assist in conditioning a raptor in preparation for the raptor's release to the wild.
1. The license holder may allow the licensed falconer to temporarily remove the raptor from the license holder's facility while conditioning the raptor.
  2. The license holder shall provide the licensed falconer with a written statement authorizing the falconer to assist the license holder.
  3. The written statement shall identify the raptor by species, type of injury, and band number, when available.
  4. The license holder shall ensure the licensed falconer returns the raptor to the license holder within the 180-day period established under subsection (T).
- W.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder may hold wildlife under the license after the wildlife reaches a state of restored

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

health only for the amount of time reasonably necessary to prepare the wildlife for release. Rehabilitated wildlife shall be released:

1. In an area without immediate threat to the wildlife or contact with humans;
  2. During an ecologically appropriate time of year and time of day; and
  3. Into a suitable habitat in the same geographic area where the animal was originally obtained; or
  4. In an area designated by the Department.
- X.** Wildlife that is not releasable after the time-frames specified in subsection (T) shall be transferred, disposed of, or euthanized as determined by the Department.
- Y.** To permanently hold rehabilitated wildlife that is unsuitable for release, a wildlife rehabilitation license holder shall apply for and obtain a wildlife holding license in compliance with under R12-4-417.
- Z.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder shall submit an annual report to the Department before January 31 of each year for the previous calendar year. The report form is furnished by the Department.
1. A report is required regardless of whether or not activities were performed during the previous year.
  2. The wildlife rehabilitation license becomes invalid if the annual report is not submitted to the Department by January 31 of each year.
  3. The Department will not process the special license holder's renewal application until the annual report is received by the Department.
  4. The annual report shall contain the following information:
    - a. The license holder's:
      - i. Name;
      - ii. Mailing address; and
      - iii. Telephone number;
    - b. Each agent's:
      - i. Name;
      - ii. Mailing address; and
      - iii. Telephone number;
    - c. The permit or license number of any federal permits or licenses that relate to any rehabilitative function performed by the license holder; and
    - d. An itemized list of each animal held under the license during the calendar year for which activity is being reported. For each animal held by the license holder or agent, the itemization shall include:
      - i. Species;
      - ii. Condition that required rehabilitation;
      - iii. Date of acquisition;
      - iv. Source of acquisition;
      - v. Location of acquisition;
      - vi. Age class at acquisition, when reasonably determinable;
      - vii. Status at disposition or end-of-year in relation to the condition requiring rehabilitation;
      - viii. Method of disposition;
      - ix. Location of disposition; and
      - x. Date of disposition.
    - e. For activities related to federally-protected wildlife, a copy of the rehabilitator's federal permit report of activities related to federally-protected wildlife satisfies the reporting requirement established under subsection (Z)(4)(c) for federally protected wildlife.
- AA.** A wildlife rehabilitation license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-409, R12-4-428, and R12-4-430, as applicable.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective January 4, 1990 (Supp. 90-1).  
 Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4).  
 Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2732, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3).  
 Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-424. White Amur Stocking and Holding License**

- A.** For the purposes of this Section:  
 "Closed aquatic system" means any body of water, water system, canal system, or series of lakes, canals, or ponds where triploid white amur are prevented from entering or exiting the system by any natural or man-made barrier, as determined by the Department.  
 "Triploid" means a species having 1.5 chromosome sets that renders them sterile.
- B.** A white amur stocking and holding license allows a person to import, possess, stock in a closed aquatic system, and transport triploid white amur (*Ctenopharyngodon idella*).
- C.** The white amur stocking and holding license is valid for no more than 20 consecutive days.
- D.** In addition to the requirements established under this Section, a white amur stocking and holding license holder shall comply with the special license requirements established under R12-4-409.
- E.** The license holder shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements; the white amur stocking and holding license does not:
1. Exempt the license holder from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  2. Authorize the license holder to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the license holder possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States authorizing the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- F.** The Department shall deny a white amur stocking and holding license to a person who fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-409 or this Section. The Department shall provide the written notice established under R12-4-409(F)(4) to the applicant stating the reason for the denial. The person may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10. In addition to the requirements and criteria established under R12-4-409(F)(1) through (4), the Department shall deny a white amur stocking license when it determines the issuance of the license may result in a negative impact on native wildlife.
- G.** A person applying for a white amur stocking and holding license shall submit an application to the Department. A separate application is required for each location where the applicant proposes to stock white amur. The application is furnished by the Department and is available from any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. The applicant's information:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Department ID number, when applicable;
  2. If the applicant will use the wildlife for a commercial purpose, the applicant's business:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- a. Name;
  - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
  - c. Mailing address; and
  - d. Telephone number;
3. For each location where the white amur will be held, stocked, or restocked, the land owner's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Mailing address;
    - c. Telephone number; and
    - d. Physical location description to include the Global Positioning System location or Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates;
    - e. For the purposes of this subsection, the following systems may qualify as separate locations, as determined by the Department:
      - i. Each closed aquatic system;
      - ii. Each separately managed portion of a closed aquatic system; or
      - iii. Multiple separate closed aquatic systems owned, controlled, or legally held by the same applicant where stocking is to occur;
  4. A detailed description and diagram of each enclosed aquatic system where the applicant will stock and hold the white amur, as prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-317, which shall include the following information, as applicable:
    - a. A description of how the system meets the definition of a "closed aquatic system" in subsection (A);
    - b. Size of waterbody proposed for stocking;
    - c. Nearest river, stream, or other freshwater system;
    - d. Points where water enters into each water body;
    - e. Points where water leaves each water body; and
    - f. Location of fish containment barriers;
  5. For each wildlife supplier from whom the applicant will obtain white amur, the supplier's:
    - a. Name;
    - b. Federal Tax Identification Number;
    - c. Mailing address; and
    - d. Telephone number;
  6. The number and average length of white amur to be stocked;
  7. The dates white amur will be stocked, or restocked;
  8. Any other information required by the Department; and
  9. The certification required under R12-4-409(C).
- H.** When the Department determines an applicant proposes to stock and hold white amur in a watershed in a manner that conflicts with the Department's efforts to conserve wildlife, in addition to the requirements listed under subsection (G), the applicant shall also submit a written proposal to the Department at the time of application. The written proposal shall contain all of the following:
1. Anticipated benefits from introducing white amur;
  2. Potential risks introducing white amur may create for wildlife, including:
    - a. Whether white amur are compatible with native aquatic species or game fish; and
    - b. Method for evaluating the potential impact introducing white amur will have on wildlife;
  3. Assessment of probable impacts to sensitive species in the area using the list generated by the Department's On-Line Environmental Review Tool, which is available at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov). The proposal must address each species listed.
- I.** A white amur stocking license holder who applies to renew the license shall pay fees as prescribed under R12-4-412.
- J.** A white amur stocking and holding license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-409.
1. Comply with all additional stipulations placed on the license by the Department, as authorized under R12-4-409(H).
  2. Obtain all aquatic wildlife, live eggs, fertilized eggs, and milt from a licensed fish farm operator or a private non-commercial fish pond certified free of the diseases and causative agents through the following actions:
    - a. An inspection shall be performed by a qualified fish health inspector or fish pathologist at the fish farm or pond where the aquatic wildlife or biological material is held before it is shipped to the license holder.
    - b. The inspection shall be conducted no more than 12 months prior to the date on which the aquatic wildlife or biological material is shipped to the license holder. The Department may require additional inspections at any time prior to stocking.
    - c. The applicant shall submit a copy of the certification to the Department prior to conducting any stocking activities.
  3. Allow the Department to conduct inspections of an applicant's or license holder's facility, records, and any waters proposed for stocking at any time before or during the license period to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article and to determine the appropriate number of white amur to be stocked.
  4. Ensure all shipments of white amur are accompanied by a USFWS, or similar agent, certificate confirming the white amur are triploid.
  5. Possess the license or legible copy of the license while conducting any activities authorized under the white amur stocking and holding license and presents it for inspection upon the request of any Department employee or agent.
- K.** A white amur stocking and holding license holder shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-409 and R12-4-428.

**Historical Note**

Adopted as an emergency effective July 5, 1988, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 88-3). Correction, Historical Note, Supp. 88-3, should read, "Adopted as an emergency effective July 15, 1988..."; readopted and amended as an emergency effective October 13, 1988, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 88-4). Emergency expired. Readopted as an emergency effective January 24, 1989, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 89-1). Emergency expired. Former Section R12-4-219 amended and adopted as a permanent rule and renumbered as Section R12-4-424 effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 2732, effective July 1, 2001 (Supp. 01-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-425. Restricted Live Wildlife Lawfully Possessed without License or Permit Before the Effective Date of Article 4 or Any Subsequent Amendments**

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- A. A person who lawfully possessed restricted live wildlife without a license or permit from the Department before the effective date of this Section or any subsequent amendments to R12-4-406, this Section, or this Article may continue to possess the wildlife and to use it for any purpose that was lawful, except propagation, before the effective date of R12-4-406, this Section, or this Article or any subsequent amendments, provided the person complies with the requirements established under subsections (A)(1) or (A)(2).
1. The person submits written notification to the Department's regional office in which the restricted live wildlife is held. The person shall submit the written notification to the regional office within 30 calendar days of the effective date of any subsequent amendments to this Section, R12-4-406, or this Article. The written notification shall include all of the following information:
    - a. The number of individuals of each species,
    - b. The purpose for which it is possessed, and
    - c. The unique identifier for each individual wildlife possessed by the person, as established under subsection (F); or
  2. The person maintains documentation of the restricted live wildlife held. The documentation shall include:
    - a. The number of individuals of each species,
    - b. Proof the individuals were legally acquired before the effective date of the amendment causing the wildlife to be restricted,
    - c. The purpose for which it is used, and
    - d. The unique identifier for each wildlife possessed by the person, as established under subsection (F).
  3. The person shall report the birth or hatching of any progeny conceived before and born after the effective date of this Section, R12-4-406, or this Article to the Department and comply with the requirements established under subsection (F).
- B. The person shall ensure the written notification described under subsection (A)(1) and (A)(2) includes the person's name, address, and the location where the wildlife is held. A person who maintains their own documentation under subsection (A)(2) shall make it available to the Department upon request.
- C. A person who possesses wildlife under this Section shall dispose of it using any one of the following methods:
  1. Exportation;
  2. Euthanasia;
  3. Transfer to an Arizona special license holder, provided the special license authorizes possession of the species involved; or
  4. As otherwise directed by the Department in writing.
- D. If a person transfers restricted live wildlife possessed under this Section to a special license holder:
  1. The exemption for that wildlife under this Section expires, and
  2. The special license holder shall use, possess, and report the wildlife in compliance with this Article and any stipulations applicable to that special license.
- E. A person who exports wildlife held under this Section shall not import the wildlife back into this state unless the person obtains a special license prior to importing the wildlife back into this state.
- F. A person who possesses wildlife under this Section shall permanently and uniquely mark the wildlife with a unique identifier as follows:
  1. Within 30 calendar days of the effective date of this Section, R12-4-406, or this Article if the person has notified the Department as provided under subsection (A)(1); or
  2. Within 30 calendar days of receiving written notice from the Department directing the person to permanently mark the wildlife.
- G. A person possessing a desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*) is not subject to the requirements of this Section and shall comply with requirements established under R12-4-404 and R12-4-407.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-426. Possession of Nonhuman Primates**

- A. A person is prohibited from possessing a nonhuman primate, unless authorized under a special license or lawful exemption.
- B. A person shall not import a nonhuman primate into this state unless:
  1. A person lawfully possessing a nonhuman primate shall ensure the primate is tested and reported to be free of any zoonotic disease that poses a serious health risk as determined by the Department. Zoonotic diseases that pose a serious health risk include, but are not limited to:
    - a. Tuberculosis;
    - b. Simian Herpes B virus;
    - c. Simian Immunodeficiency Virus;
    - d. Simian T Lymphotropic Virus; and
    - e. Gastrointestinal pathogens such as, but not limited to, Shigella, Salmonella, E. coli, and Giardia.
  2. A qualified person, as determined by the Department, performs the test and provides the test results; and
  3. The tests required under subsection (B)(1) are:
    - a. Conducted no more than 30 days before the person imports the nonhuman primate; and
    - b. The person submits the results to the Department prior to importation.
- C. A person lawfully possessing the nonhuman primate shall contain the primate within the confines of the person's private property or licensed facility.
- D. A person possessing a nonhuman primate may only transport the primate by way of a secure cage, crate, or carrier. A person possessing a primate shall only transport the primate to the following locations:
  1. To or from a licensed veterinarian;
  2. Into or out of the state for lawful purposes.
- E. A person lawfully possessing a nonhuman primate that bit, scratched, or otherwise exposed a human to pathogenic organisms, as determined by the Department, shall ensure the primate is examined and laboratory tested for the presence of pathogens as follows:
  1. The Department shall prescribe examinations and laboratory testing for the presence of pathogens.
  2. The person shall have the nonhuman primate examined by a state licensed veterinarian who shall perform any examinations or laboratory tests as directed by the Department.
    - a. The licensed veterinarian shall provide the laboratory results to the Department within 24 hours of receiving the results.
    - b. The Department shall notify the exposed person and the Department of Health Services, Vector Borne and Zoonotic Disease Section within 10 days of receiving notice of the test results.
  3. The person possessing the nonhuman primate shall pay all costs associated with the examination, laboratory testing, and maintenance of the primate.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- F. A person lawfully possessing a nonhuman primate shall ensure a primate that tests positive for a zoonotic disease that poses a serious health risk to humans, or is involved in more than one incident of biting, scratching, or otherwise exposing a human to pathogenic organisms, is maintained in captivity or disposed of as directed in writing by the Department.
- G. A zoo license holder or a person using nonhuman primates at a research facility, as defined under R12-4-401, possessing a primate that bit, scratched, or otherwise exposed a human to pathogenic organisms shall quarantine and test the primate in accordance with procedures approved by the Department.
- H. A person lawfully possessing a nonhuman primate is subject to the requirements established under R12-4-428.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Rule expired December 31, 1989; text rescinded (Supp. 93-2). New Section adopted by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective December 14, 1999 (Supp. 99-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Section R12-4-426(C) corrected to include subsection (C)(1), under A.R.S. § 41-1011 and A.A.C. R1-1-108, Office File No. M11-77, filed March 4, 2011 (Supp. 10-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-427. Exemptions from Requirements to Possess a Wildlife Rehabilitation License**

- A. A person may possess, provide rehabilitative care to, and release to the wild any live wildlife listed below that is injured, orphaned, or otherwise debilitated:
1. The order *Passeriformes*: passerine birds;
  2. The order *Columbiformes*: doves;
  3. The family *Phasianidae*: quail, pheasant, and chukars;
  4. The order *Rodentia*: rodents; and
  5. The order *Lagomorpha*: hares and rabbits.
- B. This Section does not:
1. Exempt the person from any municipal, county, state, or federal codes, ordinances, statutes, rules, or regulations; or
  2. Authorize the person to engage in authorized activities using federally-protected wildlife, unless the person possesses a valid license, permit, or other form of documentation issued by the United States that authorizes the license holder to use that wildlife in a manner consistent with the special license.
- C. This Section does not authorize the possession of any of the following:
1. Eggs of wildlife;
  2. Wildlife listed as Species of Greatest Conservation Need, as defined under R12-4-401; or
  3. More than 25 animals at the same time.
- D. A person taking and caring for wildlife listed under this Section is not required to possess a hunting license.
- E. A person shall only take wildlife listed under subsection (A) by hand or by a hand-held implement.
- F. A person shall not possess wildlife lawfully held under this Section for more than 60 days.
- G. The exemptions granted under this Section shall not apply to any person who, by their own action, has unlawfully injured, orphaned, or otherwise debilitated the wildlife.
- H. If the wildlife is rehabilitated and suitable for release, the person who possesses the wildlife shall release it within the 60-day period established under subsection (C):
1. Into a habitat that is suitable to sustain the wildlife, or

2. As close as possible to the same geographic area from where it was taken.
- I. If the wildlife is not rehabilitated within the 60-day period or the wildlife requires care normally provided by a veterinarian, the person who possesses it shall:
1. Transfer it to a wildlife rehabilitation license holder or veterinarian;
  2. Euthanize it; or
  3. Obtain a wildlife holding permit as established under R12-4-417.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective January 1, 1995; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 9, 1994 (Supp. 94-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-428. Captivity Standards**

- A. For the purposes of this Section, “animal” means any wildlife possessed under a special license, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. A person possessing wildlife under a special license authorized under this Article shall comply with the minimum standards for the humane treatment of animals established under this Section.
- C. A person possessing wildlife under an authority granted under this Article shall ensure all facilities meet the following minimum standards:
1. The facility shall be:
    - a. Constructed of material of sufficient strength to resist any force the animal may be capable of exerting against it.
    - b. Constructed in a manner designed to reasonably prevent the animal’s escape or the entry of unauthorized persons, wildlife, or domestic animals.
    - c. Constructed and maintained in good repair to protect animals from injury, disease, or death and to enable the humane practices established under this Section.
  2. If required to comply with related requirements established under this Section, each facility shall be equipped with safe, reliable and adequate electric power.
    - a. All electric wiring shall be constructed and maintained in accordance with all applicable governmental building codes.
    - b. Electrical construction and maintenance shall be sufficient to ensure that no animal has direct contact with any electrical wiring or electrical apparatus and the animal is fully protected from any possibility of injury, shock, or electrocution.
  3. Each animal shall be supplied with sufficient potable water to meet its needs.
    - a. All water receptacles shall be kept in clean and sanitary condition.
    - b. Water shall be readily available and monitored at least once daily or more often when the needs of the animal dictate.
    - c. If potable water is not accessible to the animal at all times, it shall be provided as often as necessary for the health and comfort of the animal.
  4. Food shall be suitable, wholesome, palatable, free from contamination, and of sufficient appeal, quantity, and nutritive value to maintain the good health of each animal held in the facility.
    - a. Each animal’s diet shall be prepared based upon the nutritional needs and preferences of the animal with consideration for the animal’s age, species, condi-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- tion, health, size, and all veterinary directions or recommendations in regard to diet.
- b. Each animal shall be fed as often as its needs dictate, taking into consideration behavioral adaptations, veterinary treatment or recommendations, normal fasts, or other professionally accepted humane practices.
  - c. The quantity or level of available food for each animal shall be monitored at least once daily, except for those periods of time when professionally accepted humane practices dictate that the animal not consume any food during the entire day.
  - d. Food and food receptacles, when used, shall be sufficient in quantity and accessible to all animals in the facility and shall be placed to minimize potential contamination and conflict between animals using the receptacles.
  - e. Food receptacles shall be kept clean and sanitary at all times.
  - f. Any self-feeding food receptacles shall function properly and the food they provide shall be monitored at least once daily and shall not be subject to deterioration, contamination, molding, caking, or any other process that would render the food unsafe or unpalatable for the animal.
  - g. An appropriate means of refrigeration shall be provided for supplies of perishable animal foods.
5. The facility shall be kept sanitary and regularly cleaned as the nature of the animal requires:
    - a. Adequate provision shall be made for the removal and disposal of animal waste, food waste, unusable bedding materials, trash, debris and dead animals not intended for food.
    - b. The facility shall be maintained to minimize the potential of vermin infestation, disease, and unseemly odors.
    - c. Excreta shall be removed from the primary enclosure facility as often as necessary to prevent contamination, minimize hazard of disease, and reduce unseemly odors.
    - d. The sanitary condition of the facility shall be monitored at least once daily.
    - e. When the facility is cleaned by hosing, flushing, or the introduction of any chemical substances, adequate measures shall be taken to ensure the animal has no direct contact with any chemical substance and is not directly sprayed with water, steam, or chemical substances or otherwise wetted involuntarily.
  6. A sanitary and humane method shall be provided to rapidly eliminate excess water from the facility. If drains are utilized, they shall be:
    - a. Properly constructed.
    - b. Kept in good repair to avoid foul odors or vermin infestation.
    - c. Installed in a manner that prevents the backup or accumulation of debris or sewage.
  7. No animal shall be exposed to any human activity or environment that may have an inhumane or harmful effect upon the animal that is inconsistent with the purpose of the special license.
  8. Facilities shall not be constructed or maintained in proximity to any physical condition which may pose any health threat or unnecessary stress to the animal.
  9. Persons caring for the animals shall conduct themselves in a manner that prevents the spread of disease, minimizes stress, and does not threaten the health of the animal.
  10. All animals housed in the same facility or within the same enclosed area shall be compatible and shall not pose a substantial threat to the health, life or well-being of any other animal in the same facility or enclosure, whether or not the other animals are held under a special license. This subsection shall not apply to live animals utilized as food items in the enclosures.
  11. Facilities for the enclosure of animals shall be constructed and maintained to provide sufficient space to allow each animal adequate freedom of movement to make normal postural and social adjustments.
    - a. The facility area shall be large enough and constructed in a manner to allow the animal proper and adequate exercise as is characteristic to each animal's natural behavior and physical needs.
    - b. Facilities for digging or burrowing animals shall have secure safe floors below materials supplied for digging or burrowing activity.
    - c. Animals that naturally climb or perch shall be provided with safe and adequate climbing or perching apparatus.
    - d. Animals that naturally live in an aquatic environment shall be supplied with sufficient access to safe water so as to meet their aquatic behavioral needs.
    - e. The facility and holding environment shall be structured to reasonably promote the psychological well-being of any animal held in the facility.
  12. A special license holder shall ensure that a sufficient number of properly trained personnel are utilized to meet all the humane husbandry practices established under this Section. The license holder shall be responsible for the actions of all animal care personnel and all other persons that come in contact with the animals.
  13. The special license holder shall designate a veterinarian licensed to practice in this state as the primary treating veterinarian for each species of animal to be held.
    - a. The license holder shall ensure that all animals in their care receive proper, adequate, and humane veterinary care as the needs of each animal dictate.
    - b. Each animal held for more than one year shall be inspected by the attending veterinarian at least once every year.
    - c. Every animal shall promptly receive licensed veterinary care whenever it appears that the animal is injured, sick, wounded, diseased, infected by parasites, or behaving in a substantially abnormal manner, including but not limited to exhibiting loss of appetite or disinclination to normal physical activity.
    - d. All medications, treatments and other directions prescribed by the attending veterinarian shall be properly administered by the license holder, authorized agent, or volunteer. A license holder, authorized agent, or volunteer shall not administer prescription medicine, unless under the direction of a veterinarian.
  14. Any animal that is suspected of or diagnosed as harboring any infectious or transmissible disease, whether or not the animal is held under a special license, shall be isolated immediately upon suspicion or diagnosis.
    - a. The isolated animal shall continue to be kept in a humane manner as required under this Section.
    - b. When there is an animal with an infectious or transmissible disease in any animal facility, whether or not the animal is held under a special license, the

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

facility shall be sanitized so as to reasonably eliminate the chance of other animals being exposed to infection. Sanitation procedures may include, but are not limited to:

- i. Washing facilities or animal-related materials with appropriate antibacterial chemical agents, soaps or detergents;
  - ii. Appropriate application of hot water or steam under pressure; and
  - iii. Replacement of gravel, dirt, sand, water, or food. All residue of chemical agents utilized in the sanitation process shall be reasonably eliminated from the facility before any animal is returned to the facility.
- c. Parasites and vermin shall be controlled and eliminated so as to ensure the continued health and well-being of all animals.
- D.** In addition the standards established under subsection (C), a person shall ensure all indoor facilities meet the following minimum standards:
1. Heating and cooling equipment shall be sufficient to regulate the temperature of the facility to protect the animals from temperature extremes as the nature of the wildlife requires to provide a healthy, comfortable, and humane living environment.
  2. Indoor facilities shall be adequately ventilated with fresh air to provide for the healthy, comfortable, and humane keeping of any animal and to minimize drafts, odors, and moisture condensation.
  3. Indoor facilities shall have lighting of a quality, distribution, and duration as is appropriate for the biological needs of the animals held and to facilitate the inspection and maintenance of the facility.
    - a. Artificial lighting, when used, shall be utilized in regular cycles as the animal's needs dictate.
    - b. Lighting shall be designed to protect the animals from excessive or otherwise harmful aspects of illumination.
- E.** In addition the standards established under subsection (C), a person shall ensure that all outdoor facilities meet the following minimum standards:
1. Sufficient shade to prevent the overheating or discomfort of any animal shall be provided.
  2. Sufficient shelter appropriate to protect animals from normal climatic conditions throughout the year. Each animal shall be acclimated to outdoor climatic conditions before they are housed in any outdoor facility or otherwise exposed to the extremes of climate.
- F.** A person who handles an animal shall ensure the animal is handled in an expeditious and careful manner to ensure no unnecessary discomfort, behavioral stress, or physical harm to the animal.
- a. An animal shall be transported in a secure, expeditious, careful, temperature appropriate, and humane manner. An animal shall not be transported in any manner that poses a substantial threat to the life, health, or behavioral well-being of the animal.
  - b. An animal placed on public exhibit or educational display shall be handled in a manner that minimizes the risk of harm to members of the public and to the animal, which includes but is not limited to providing and maintaining a sufficient distance between the animal and the viewing public.
  - c. Any restraint used on an animal shall not cause physical harm or unnecessary discomfort.

- G.** The Department may impose additional requirements on facilities that hold animals to meet the needs of the particular animal and ensure public health and safety. Any additional special license facility requirements shall be set forth in writing by the Department at the time the special license is issued.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**R12-4-429. Expired****Historical Note**

New Section made by emergency rulemaking under A.R.S. § 41-1026 at 8 A.A.R. 3127, effective July 1, 2002 for a period of 180 days (Supp. 02-3). Emergency rulemaking renewed under A.R.S. § 41-1026(D) for an additional 180-day period at 9 A.A.R. 132, effective December 27, 2002 (Supp. 02-4). Section expired effective June 24, 2003 (Supp. 03-2).

**R12-4-430. Importation, Handling, and Possession of Cervids**

- A.** The Department shall not issue a new special license authorizing the possession of a live cervid, except as provided under R12-4-418 and R12-4-420.
- B.** A person shall not import a live cervid into Arizona, except a zoo license holder may import any live nonnative cervid for exhibit, educational display, or propagation provided the nonnative cervid is quarantined for 30 days upon arrival and is procured from a facility that meets all of the following requirements:
1. The exporting facility has a disease surveillance program and no history of chronic wasting disease or other wildlife disease that pose a serious health risk to wildlife or humans and there is accompanying documentation from the facility certifying there is no history of disease at the facility;
  2. The nonnative cervid is accompanied by a health certificate, issued no more than 30 days prior to importation by a licensed veterinarian in the jurisdiction of origin; and
  3. The nonnative cervid is accompanied by evidence of lawful possession, as defined under R12-4-401.
- C.** A person shall not transport a live cervid within Arizona, except to:
1. Export the live cervid from Arizona for a lawful purpose;
  2. Transport the live cervid to a facility for the purpose of slaughter, when the slaughter will take place within five days of the date of transport;
  3. Transport the live cervid to or from a licensed veterinarian for medical care;
  4. Transport the live cervid to a new holding facility owned by, or under the control of, the cervid owner, when all of the following apply:
    - a. The current holding facility has been sold or closed;
    - b. Ownership, possession, custody, or control of the cervid will not be transferred to another person; and
    - c. The owner of the cervid has prior written approval from the Department; or
  5. Transport the live nonnative cervid within Arizona for the purpose of procurement or propagation when all of the following apply:
    - a. The nonnative cervid is transported to or from a zoo licensed under R12-4-420;
    - b. The nonnative cervid is quarantined for 30 days upon arrival at its destination;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- c. The nonnative cervid is procured from a facility that meets all of the requirements established under subsection (B)(1) though (B)(3).
- D.** A person who lawfully possesses a live cervid, except any cervid held under a private game farm or zoo license, shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-425.
- E.** A person shall comply with the requirements established under R12-4-305 when transporting a cervid carcass, or its parts, from a licensed private game farm.
- F.** In addition to the recordkeeping requirements of R12-4-413 and R12-4-420, a person who possesses a live cervid under a private game farm or zoo license shall:
1. Permanently mark each live cervid with either an individually identifiable microchip or tattoo within 30 days of acquisition or birth of the cervid; and
  2. Include in the annual report submitted to the Department before January 31 of each year, the following for each native cervid in the license holder's possession:
    - a. Name of the license holder,
    - b. License holder's mailing address,
    - c. License holder's telephone number,
    - d. Number and species of live cervids held,
    - e. The microchip or tattoo number of each live native cervid held,
    - f. The disposition of all cervids that were moved or died during the current reporting period
    - h. Any other information required by the Department to ensure compliance with this Section.
- G.** The holder of a private game farm, scientific collecting, or zoo license shall ensure that the retropharyngeal lymph nodes or obex from the head of a cervid over one year of age that dies while held under the special licenses is collected by either a licensed veterinarian or the Department and submitted within 72 hours of the time of death to an Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service certified veterinary diagnostic laboratory for chronic wasting disease analysis. A list of approved laboratories is available at any Department office and online at [www.azgfd.gov](http://www.azgfd.gov) or [www.aphis.usda.gov](http://www.aphis.usda.gov). The license holder shall:
1. Ensure the shipment of the deceased animal's tissues is made by a common, private, or contract carrier that utilizes a tracking number system to track the shipment.
  2. Include all of the following information with the shipment of the deceased animal's tissues, the license holder's:
    - a. Name,
    - b. Mailing address, and
    - c. Telephone number.
  3. Designate, on the sample submission form, test results shall be sent to the Department within 10 days of completing the analysis. The sample submission form is furnished by the diagnostic laboratory providing the test.
  4. Be responsible for all costs associated with the laboratory analysis.
- H.** A person who possesses a cervid shall comply with all procedures for:
1. Tuberculosis control and eradication for cervids as prescribed under the United States Department of Agriculture publication "Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication: Uniform Methods and Rules" USDA APHIS 91-45-011, revised January 1, 2005, which is incorporated by reference in this Section. available
  2. Prevention, control, and eradication of Brucellosis in cervids as prescribed under the United States Department of Agriculture publication "Brucellosis in Cervidae: Uniform Methods and Rules" U.S.D.A. A.P.H.I.S. 91-45-16, effective September 30, 2003.
3. The incorporated material is available at any Department office, online at [www.aphis.usda.gov](http://www.aphis.usda.gov), or may be ordered from the USDA APHIS Veterinary Services, Cattle Disease and Surveillance Staff, P. O. Box 96464, Washington D.C. 20090-6464.
4. The material incorporated by reference in this Section does not include any later amendments or editions.
- I.** The Department has the authority to seize, euthanize, and dispose of any cervid possessed in violation of this Section, at the owner's expense.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3186, effective August 30, 2003 (Supp. 03-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 980, effective May 6, 2006 (Supp. 06-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 2813, effective December 5, 2015 (Supp. 15-4).

**ARTICLE 5. BOATING AND WATER SPORTS****R12-4-501. Boating and Water Sports Definitions**

In addition to the definitions provided under A.R.S. § 5-301, the following definitions apply to this Article unless otherwise specified:

"Abandoned watercraft" means any watercraft that has remained:

On private property without the consent of the private property owner;

Unattended for more than 48 hours on a highway, public street, or other public property;

Unattended for more than 72 hours on state or federal lands; or

Unattended for more than 14 days on state or federal waterways, unless in a designated mooring or anchorage area.

"Aids to navigation" means buoys, beacons, or other fixed objects placed on, in, or near the water to mark obstructions to navigation or to direct navigation through channels or on a safe course.

"Authorized third-party provider" means an entity that has been awarded a written agreement with the Department, pursuant to a competitive bid process, to perform limited or specific services on behalf of the Department.

"AZ number" means the Department-assigned identification number with the prefix "AZ."

"Bill of sale" means a written agreement transferring ownership of a watercraft that includes all of the following information:

Name of buyer;

Name of seller;

Manufacturer of the watercraft, when known;

Hull identification number, unless exempt under R12-4-505;

Purchase price and sales tax paid, when applicable; and

Signature of seller.

"Boats keep out" in reference to a regulatory marker means the operator or user of a watercraft, or a person

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

being towed by a watercraft on water skis, an inflatable device, or similar equipment shall not enter.

“Certificate of number” means the Department-issued document that is proof that a motorized watercraft is registered in the name of the owner.

“Certificate of origin” means a document provided by the manufacturer of a new watercraft or its distributor, its franchised new watercraft dealer, or the original purchaser establishing the initial chain of ownership for a watercraft, such as but not limited to:

Manufacturer’s certificate of origin (MCO);

Manufacturer’s statement of origin (MSO);

Importer’s certificate of origin (ICO);

Importer’s statement of origin (ISO); or

Builder’s certification (Form CG-1261).

“Controlled-use marker” means an anchored or fixed marker on the water, shore, or a bridge that controls the operation of watercraft, water skis, surfboards, or similar devices or equipment.

“Dealer” means any person who engages in whole or in part in the business of buying, selling, or exchanging new or used watercraft, or both, either outright or on conditional sale, consignment, or lease.

“Homemade watercraft” means a watercraft that is not fabricated or manufactured for resale and to which a manufacturer has not attached a hull identification number. If a watercraft is assembled from a kit or constructed from an unfinished manufactured hull and does not have a manufacturer assigned hull identification number it is a “homemade watercraft.”

“Hull identification number” means a number assigned to a specific watercraft by the manufacturer or by a government jurisdiction as prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard.

“Junk watercraft” means any hulk, derelict, wreck, or parts of any watercraft in an unseaworthy or dilapidated condition that cannot be profitably dismantled or salvaged for parts or profitably restored.

“Letter of gift” means a document transferring ownership of a watercraft that includes all of the following information:

Name of previous owner;

Name of new owner;

Manufacturer of the watercraft, when known;

Hull identification number, unless exempt under R12-4-505;

A statement that the watercraft is a gift; and

Signature of previous owner.

“Livery” means a business authorized to rent or lease watercraft with or without an operator for recreational, non-commercial use as prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-371.

“Manufacturer” means any person engaged in the business of manufacturing or importing new watercraft for the purpose of sale or trade.

“Motorized watercraft” means any watercraft propelled by machinery and powered by electricity, fossil fuel, or steam.

“No ski” in reference to a regulatory marker means a person shall not be towed on water skis, an inflatable device, or similar equipment.

“No wake” in reference to a regulatory marker has the same meaning as “wakeless speed” as defined under A.R.S. § 5-301.

“Operate” in reference to a watercraft means use, navigate, or employ.

“Owner” in reference to a watercraft means a person who claims lawful possession of a watercraft by virtue of legal title or equitable interest that entitles the person to possession.

“Personal flotation device” means a U.S. Coast Guard approved wearable or throwable device for use on any watercraft, as prescribed under A.R.S. §§ 5-331, 5-350(A), and R12-4-511.

“Regatta” means an organized water event of limited duration affecting the public use of waterways, for which a lawful jurisdiction has issued a permit.

“Registered owner” means the person or persons to whom a watercraft is currently registered by any jurisdiction.

“Registration decal” means the Department-issued decal that is proof of watercraft registration.

“Regulatory marker” means a waterway marker placed on, in, or near the water to convey general information or indicate the presence of:

A danger, or

A restricted or controlled-use area.

“Release of interest” means a statement surrendering or abandoning unconditionally any claim or right of ownership or use in a watercraft.

“Sound level” means the noise level measured in decibels on the A-weighted scale of a sound level instrument that conforms to recognized industry standards and is maintained according to the manufacturer’s instructions.

“Staggered registration” means the system of renewing watercraft registrations in accordance with the schedule provided under R12-4-504.

“State of principal operation” means the state in whose waters the watercraft is used or will be operated most during the calendar year.

“Throwable personal flotation device” means a U.S. Coast Guard approved Type IV device for use on any watercraft such as, but not limited to, a buoyant cushion, ring buoy, or horse-shoe buoy.

“Unreleased watercraft” means a watercraft for which there is no written release of interest from the registered owner.

“Watercraft” means a boat or other floating device of rigid or inflatable construction designed to carry people or cargo on the water and propelled by machinery, oars, paddles, or wind action on a sail. Exceptions are sea-planes, makeshift contrivances constructed of inner tubes or other floatable materials that are not propelled by machinery, personal flotation devices

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

worn or held in hand, and other objects used as floating or swimming aids.

“Watercraft agent” means a person authorized by the Department to collect applicable fees for the registration and numbering of watercraft.

“Watercraft registration” means the validated certificate of number and validating decals issued by the Department.

“Wearable personal flotation device” means a U.S. Coast Guard approved Type I, Type II, Type III, or Type V device for use on any watercraft such as, but not limited to, an off-shore lifejacket, near-shore buoyant vest, special-use wearable device, or flotation aid.

**Historical Note**

Editorial correction subsection (A) (Supp. 78-5). Former Section R12-4-83 renumbered as Section R12-4-501 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-501 renumbered to R12-4-515, new Section R12-4-501 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended effective November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-502. Application for Watercraft Registration**

- A.** Only motorized watercraft as defined under R12-4-501 are subject to watercraft registration.
- B.** A person shall apply for watercraft registration under A.R.S. § 5-321 using a form furnished by the Department and available at any Department office or on the Department’s website. The applicant shall provide the following information for registration of all motorized watercraft except homemade watercraft, which are addressed under subsection (C):
1. Arizona residency certification statement, signed by the watercraft owner;
  2. Type of watercraft;
  3. Propulsion type;
  4. Engine drive type;
  5. Overall length of watercraft;
  6. Make and model of watercraft, if known;
  7. Year built or model year, if known;
  8. Hull identification number;
  9. Hull material;
  10. Fuel type;
  11. Category of use;
  12. Watercraft or AZ number previously issued for the watercraft, if any;
  13. State of principal operation; and
  14. For watercraft:
    - a. Owned by a person:
      - i. Legal name;
      - ii. Mailing address;
      - iii. Date of birth; and
      - iv. Signature of each applicant.
    - b. Owned by a business:
      - i. Name of business;
      - ii. Business address;
      - iii. Tax Identification Number; and
      - iv. Signature and title of authorized representative on behalf of the business.
- C.** The builder, owner, or owners of a homemade watercraft shall present the watercraft for inspection at a Department office. The applicant shall provide the following information for registration of homemade watercraft, using the same ownership designations specified in subsection (A)(15):
1. Type of watercraft;
  2. Propulsion type;
  3. Engine drive type;
  4. Overall length of watercraft;
  5. Year built;
  6. Hull material;
  7. Fuel type;
  8. Category of use;
  9. Each owner’s:
    - a. Name,
    - b. Mailing address, and
    - c. Date of birth;
  10. State of principal operation;
  11. Whether the watercraft was assembled from a kit or rebuilt from a factory or manufacturer’s hull;
  12. Hull identification number, if assigned; and
  13. Signature of the applicant, acknowledged before a Notary Public or witnessed by a Department employee.
- D.** As prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-321, the applicant shall submit a use tax receipt issued by the Arizona Department of Revenue with the application for registration unless any one of the following conditions apply:
1. The applicant is exempt from use tax as provided under 15 A.A.C. Chapter 5,
  2. The applicant is transferring the watercraft from another jurisdiction to Arizona without changing ownership,
  3. The applicant submits a bill of sale or receipt showing the sales or use tax was paid at the time of purchase, or
- c.** Held in a trust:
- i. Name of trust;
  - ii. Primary trustee’s address;
  - iii. Tax Identification Number, required when the trust is held by two or more persons;
  - iv. Date of trust; and
  - iv. Signature of each trustee, unless the trust instrument authorizes the signature of one trustee to bind the trust.
15. When ownership of the watercraft is in more than one name, the applicant shall indicate ownership designation by use of one of the following methods:
- a. Where ownership is joint tenancy with right of survivorship, the applicant shall use “and/or” between the names of the owners. To transfer registration of the watercraft, each owner shall provide a signature. Upon legal proof of the death or incompetency of either owner, the remaining owner may transfer registration of the watercraft.
  - b. Where ownership is a tenancy in common the applicant shall use “and” between the names of the owners. To transfer registration of the watercraft, each owner shall provide a signature. In the event of the death or incompetency of any owner, the disposition of the watercraft shall be handled through appropriate legal proceedings.
  - c. Where the ownership is joint tenancy or is community property with an express intent that either of the owners has full authority to transfer registration, the applicant shall use “or” between the names of the owners. Each owner shall sign the application for registration. To transfer registration, either owner’s signature is sufficient for transfer.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

4. The applicant submits a notarized affidavit of exemption stating that the acquisition of the watercraft was for rental or resale purposes.
- E. An applicant for a watercraft dealer registration authorized under A.R.S. § 5-322(F), shall be a business offering watercraft for sale or a watercraft manufacturer registered by the U.S. Coast Guard. A person shall display dealer registration for watercraft demonstration purposes only. For the purposes of this Section, "demonstration" means to operate a watercraft on the water for the purpose of selling, trading, negotiating, or attempting to negotiate the sale or exchange of interest in new watercraft, and includes operation by a manufacturer for purposes of testing a watercraft. Demonstration does not include operation of a watercraft for personal purposes by a dealer or manufacturer or an employee, family member, or an associate of a dealer or manufacturer. The watercraft dealer registration is subject to invalidation pursuant to R12-4-506 if a watercraft with displayed dealer registration is used for purposes other than those authorized under A.R.S. § 5-322(F) or this Section. A watercraft dealer registration applicant shall submit an application to the Department. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office. The applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. All business names used for the sale or manufacture of watercraft in Arizona;
  2. Mailing address and telephone number for each business for which a watercraft dealer registration is requested;
  3. Tax privilege license number;
  4. U.S. Coast Guard manufacturer identification code, when applicable;
  5. Total number of certificates of number and decals requested; and
  6. The business owner's or manager's:
    - a. Name,
    - b. Business address,
    - c. Telephone number, and
    - d. Signature.
- F. In addition to submitting the application form and any other information required under this Section, the applicant for watercraft registration shall submit one or more of the following additional forms of documentation:
1. Original title if the watercraft is titled in another state;
  2. Original registration if the watercraft is from a non-titling state;
  3. Bill of sale as defined under R12-4-501 if the watercraft has never been registered or titled in any state;
  4. Letter of gift as defined under R12-4-501 if the watercraft was received as a gift and was never registered or titled in any state;
  5. Court order or other legal documentation establishing lawful transfer of ownership;
  6. Letter of deletion, required when the watercraft was previously documented by the U.S. Coast Guard;
  7. Statement of facts form furnished by the Department and available from any Department office when none of the documentation identified under subsections (F)(1) through (F)(6) exists either in the possession of the watercraft owner or in the records of any jurisdiction responsible for registering or titling watercraft. An applicant for watercraft registration under a statement of facts shall present the watercraft for inspection at a Department office. The statement of facts form shall include the following information:
    - a. Hull identification number,
    - b. Certification that the watercraft meets one of the following conditions:
      - i. The watercraft was manufactured prior to 1972, is 12 feet in length or less, and is not propelled by an inboard engine;
      - ii. The watercraft is owned by the applicant and has never been registered or titled;
      - iii. The watercraft was owned in a state that required registration, but was never registered or titled; or
      - iv. The watercraft was purchased, received as a gift, or received as a trade and has not been registered, titled, or otherwise documented in the past five years.
    - c. Signature of the applicant, acknowledged before a Notary Public or witnessed by a Department employee.
8. An original certificate of origin when all of the following conditions apply:
- a. The watercraft was purchased as new,
  - b. The applicant is applying for watercraft registration within a year of purchasing the watercraft, and
  - c. The certificate of origin is not held by a lien holder.
- G. If the watercraft is being transferred to a person other than the original listed owner, the applicant for a watercraft registration shall submit a release of interest. The Department may require the applicant to provide a release of interest that is acknowledged before a Notary Public or witnessed by a Department employee when the Department is unable to verify the signature on the release of interest.
- H. If the original title is held by a lien holder, the applicant for a watercraft registration shall submit a form furnished by the Department and available from any Department office along with a copy of the title. The applicant shall comply with the following requirements when submitting the form:
1. The applicant shall provide the following information on the form:
    - a. Applicant's name,
    - b. Applicant's mailing address,
    - c. Make and model of watercraft, and
    - d. Watercraft hull identification number.
  2. The applicant shall ensure the lien holder provides the following information on the form:
    - a. Lien holder's name,
    - b. Lien holder's mailing address,
    - c. Name of person completing the form on behalf of the lien holder,
    - d. Title of person completing the form on behalf of the lien holder, and
    - e. Signature of the person completing the form on behalf of the lien holder, acknowledged before a Notary Public or witnessed by a Department employee.
- I. If the watercraft's original title or registration is lost, the Department shall register a watercraft upon receipt of one of the following:
1. A letter or printout from any jurisdiction responsible for registering or titling watercraft that verifies the owner of record for that specific watercraft;
  2. A printout of the Vessel Identification System for that specific watercraft from the U.S. Coast Guard and verification from the appropriate state agency that the information regarding the owner of record for that specific watercraft is correct and current;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

3. A statement of facts by the applicant as described under subsection (F)(7) if the watercraft has not been registered, titled, or otherwise documented in the past five years; or
  4. The abandoned or unreleased watercraft approval letter issued by the Department, as established under R12-4-507(I).
- J.** The Department shall issue a watercraft registration within 30 calendar days of receiving a valid application and the documentation required under this Section from the applicant or a watercraft agent authorized under R12-4-509.
- K.** All watercraft registrations and supporting documentation are subject to verification by the Department and to the requirements established under R12-4-505. The Department shall require a watercraft to be presented for inspection to verify the information provided by an applicant if the Department has reason to believe the information provided by the applicant is inaccurate or the applicant is unable to provide the required information.
- L.** The Department shall deem an application invalid if the Department receives legal documentation of any legal action that may affect ownership of that watercraft.
- M.** The Department shall invalidate a watercraft registration if the registration is obtained by an applicant who makes a false statement or provides false information on any application, statement of facts, or written instrument submitted to the Department.

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-84 renumbered as Section R12-4-502 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective January 2, 1985 (Supp. 85-1). Former Section R12-4-502 repealed, new Section R12-4-502 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended effective November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-503. Renewal of Watercraft Registration; Duplicate Watercraft Registration or Decal**

- A.** The owner of a registered watercraft shall renew the watercraft's registration no later than the day before the prior registration period expires.
1. To renew a watercraft's registration in person or by mail, an applicant shall pay the registration fee authorized under R12-4-504 and present any one of the following:
    - a. Current or prior certificate of number,
    - b. Valid driver's license,
    - c. Valid Arizona Motor Vehicle Division identification card,
    - d. Valid passport, or
    - e. Department-issued renewal notice.
  2. The owner of a registered watercraft may renew a watercraft registration by accessing the Department's online system and paying the applicable watercraft registration fee authorized under R12-4-504.
- B.** The owner of a registered watercraft may obtain a duplicate watercraft registration or decal in person or by mail. To obtain a duplicate watercraft registration or decal in person or by mail, an applicant shall:
1. Complete and submit an application for a duplicate certificate and/or decal form to the Department or its authorized agent, available from any Department office and on the Department's website; and
  2. Pay the duplicate watercraft registration fee authorized under R12-4-504.
- C.** If made available by the Department, the owner of a registered watercraft may obtain a duplicate watercraft registration or decal by accessing the Department's online system and paying the duplicate watercraft registration fee authorized under R12-4-504.
- D.** When a request for a watercraft registration renewal or duplicate watercraft registration or decal is submitted by mail or online, the Department shall mail the registration or decal, as applicable, to the address of record, unless the Department receives a notarized request from the registered owner instructing the Department to mail the duplicate registration or decal to another address.

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-85 renumbered as Section R12-4-503 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-503 renumbered to R12-4-519, new Section R12-4-503 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended effective November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-504. Watercraft Fees; Penalty for Late Registration; Staggered Registration Schedule**

- A.** The following fees are required, when applicable as authorized under A.R.S. §§ 5-321 and 5-322:
1. Motorized watercraft registration fees are assessed as follows:
    - a. Twelve feet and less: \$20
    - b. Twelve feet one inch through sixteen feet: \$22
    - c. Sixteen feet one inch through twenty feet: \$30
    - d. Twenty feet one inch through twenty-six feet: \$35
    - e. Twenty-six feet one inch through thirty-nine feet: \$39
    - f. Thirty-nine feet one inch through sixty-four feet: \$44
    - g. Sixty-four feet one inch and over: \$66
    - h. For the purposes of this subsection, the length of the motorized watercraft shall be measured in the same manner prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-321(C).
  2. Motorized watercraft transfer fee: \$13.
  3. Duplicate motorized watercraft registration: \$8.
  4. Duplicate decal: \$8.
  5. Watercraft dealer certificate of number: \$20.
  6. Abandoned or unreleased watercraft application fee: \$100.
  7. Unclaimed towed watercraft application fee: \$100.
- B.** The Department or its agent shall collect the entire registration fee for a late registration renewal and a penalty fee of \$5, unless exempt under A.R.S. § 5-321(L) or the expiration date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or state holiday, and the registration is renewed before the close of business on the next working day. The Department or its agent shall not assess a penalty fee when a renewal is mailed before the expiration date, as evidenced by the postmark.
- C.** All new watercraft registrations expire 12 months after the date of issue.
- D.** Resident and nonresident watercraft registration renewals:

CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

1. Shall be valid for a period of 7 to 18 months depending on the expiration month.
  - a. This provision applies to the initial renewal period only.
  - b. The Department shall prorate fees accordingly.
2. May be renewed up to six months prior to the expiration month.
3. Shall expire on the last day of the month indicated by the last two numeric digits of the AZ number, as shown in the following table:

Last two numeric digits of AZ number									Expiration month
00	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	December
01	13	25	37	49	61	73	85	97	January
02	14	26	38	50	62	74	86	98	February
03	15	27	39	51	63	75	87	99	March
04	16	28	40	52	64	76	88		April
05	17	29	41	53	65	77	89		May
06	18	30	42	54	66	78	90		June
07	19	31	43	55	67	79	91		July
08	20	32	44	56	68	80	92		August
09	21	33	45	57	69	81	93		September
10	22	34	46	58	70	82	94		October
11	23	35	47	59	71	83	95		November

- E. Watercraft dealer, manufacturer, and governmental use registration renewals expire on October 31 of each year.
- F. Livery and all other commercial use registration renewals expire on November 30 of each year.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective December 5, 1978 (Supp. 78-6). Amended effective March 6, 1980 (Supp. 80-2). Former Section R12-4-86 renumbered as Section R12-4-504 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-504 repealed, new Section R12-4-504 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 1613, effective July 5, 2003 (Sup. 03-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by exempt rulemaking pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1005(A)(2)(b) at 21 A.A.R. 1046, effective June 16, 2015 (Supp. 15-2). Amended by final exempt rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1034; amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, both effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-505. Hull Identification Numbers**

- A. The Department shall not register a watercraft without a hull identification number.
- B. The Department shall verify watercraft manufactured after November 1, 1972 have a primary hull identification number that complies with the requirements established under 33 C.F.R. 181, subpart C. The Department shall assign a hull identification number when the watercraft hull identification number does not meet the requirements established under 33 C.F.R. 181, subpart C.
- C. The hull identification number shall be fully visible and unobstructed at all times. Watercraft manufactured prior to August 1, 1984, are exempt from this requirement provided the

obstruction is original equipment and was attached by the manufacturer.

- D. The Department shall assign a hull identification number to a watercraft with a missing hull identification number only if the Department determines:
  1. The hull identification number was not intentionally or illegally removed or altered, unless the application is accompanied by an order of forfeiture, order of seizure, or other civil process;
  2. The missing hull identification number was caused by error of the manufacturer or a government jurisdiction; or
  3. The watercraft is a homemade watercraft as defined under R12-4-501.
- E. The Department may assign a hull identification number within 30 days of receipt of a valid application, as described under R12-4-502.
- F. The Department may accept a bill of sale presented with a missing or nonconforming hull identification number for registration purposes only when:
  1. The hull identification number matches the nonconforming hull identification number on the watercraft;
  2. Supporting evidence exists that the seller is the owner of the watercraft;
  3. The watercraft is homemade and does not have a hull identification number; or
  4. The watercraft was manufactured prior to November 1, 1972.
- G. Within 30 days of issuance, the applicant or registered owner shall:
  1. Burn, carve, stamp, emboss, mold, bond, or otherwise permanently affix each hull identification number to a non-removable part of the watercraft in a manner that ensures any alteration, removal, or replacement will be obvious.
  2. Ensure the characters of each hull identification number affixed to the watercraft are no less than 1/4 inch in height.
  3. Permanently affix the hull identification number as follows:
    - a. On watercraft with transoms, affix the hull identification number to the right or starboard side of the transom within two inches of the top of the transom or hull/deck joint, whichever is lower.
    - b. On watercraft without a transom, affix the hull identification number to the starboard outboard side of the hull, back or aft within one foot of the stern and within two inches of the top of the hull, gunwale, or hull/deck joint, whichever is lower.
    - c. On a catamaran or pontoon boat, affix the hull identification number on the aft crossbeam within one foot of the starboard hull attachment.
    - d. As close as possible to the applicable location established under subsections (a), (b), or (c) when rails, fittings, or other accessories obscure the visibility of the hull identification number.
    - e. Affix a duplicate of the visibly affixed hull identification number in an unexposed location on a permanent part of the hull.
  4. Certify to the Department that the hull identification number was permanently affixed to the watercraft. The certification statement is furnished by the Department when a hull identification number is issued. The certification statement shall include the location of the permanently affixed hull identification number.

**Historical Note**

Amended effective January 1, 1980 (Supp. 79-6). Former

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Section R12-4-87 renumbered as Section R12-4-505 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-505 repealed, new Section R12-4-505 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2).

Amended effective November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-506. Invalidation of Watercraft Registration and Decals**

- A. Any watercraft registration obtained by fraud or misrepresentation is invalid from the date of issuance.
- B. A certificate of number and any decals issued by the Department under R12-4-502 are invalid if any one of the following occurs:
  1. Any check, money order, or other currency certificate presented to the Department for payment of watercraft registration or renewal is found to be non-negotiable;
  2. Any person whose name appears on the certificate of number loses ownership of the watercraft by legal process;
  3. Arizona is no longer the state of principal operation;
  4. The watercraft is documented by the U.S. Coast Guard;
  5. An applicant provides incomplete or incorrect information to the Department and fails to provide the correct information within 30 days after a request by the Department;
  6. The Department revokes the certificate of number, AZ numbers, and decals as provided under A.R.S. § 5-391(I);
  7. The Department or its agent erroneously issued a certificate of number or any decals;
  8. A watercraft bearing a dealer registration is used for any purpose not authorized under R12-4-502(E); or
  9. A watercraft registered or used as a livery is operated in violation of A.R.S. § 5-371 or R12-4-514.
- C. A person shall surrender the invalid certificate of number and decals to the Department within 15 calendar days of receiving written determination from the Department that the certificate of number or decals are invalid, unless the person appeals the Department's determination to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- D. The Department shall not validate or renew an invalid watercraft registration or decals until the reason for invalidity is corrected or no longer exists.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 4, 1984 (Supp. 84-6). Amended subsection (B) effective December 30, 1988 (Supp. 88-4). Correction, former Historical Note should read "Amended subsection (B) effective January 1, 1989, filed December 30, 1988" (Supp. 89-2). Former Section R12-4-506 repealed, new Section R12-4-506 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-507. Transfer of Ownership of an Abandoned or Unreleased Watercraft**

- A. A person who has knowledge and custody of a watercraft abandoned on private property owned by that person may attempt to obtain ownership of the watercraft by way of the abandoned watercraft transfer process. A lienholder of foreclosed real property may assign an agent to act on its behalf.
- B. The last registered owner of an abandoned or unreleased watercraft is presumed to be responsible for the watercraft, unless the watercraft is reported stolen.
- C. The operator of a self-storage facility located in this state and having a possessory lien shall comply with the requirements prescribed under A.R.S. Title 33, Chapter 15, Article 1 when attempting to obtain ownership of a watercraft abandoned while in storage.
- D. A person having a possessory lien under a written agreement shall comply with the requirements prescribed under A.R.S. Title 33, Chapter 7, Article 6 when attempting to obtain ownership of a watercraft for which repairs or service fees remain unpaid.
- E. Only a person acting within the scope of official duties as an employee or authorized agent of a government agency may order the removal of a watercraft abandoned on public property or a public waterway.
- F. A person seeking ownership of an abandoned or unreleased watercraft shall submit an application to the Department and pay the fee established under R12-4-504. The application is furnished by the Department and available at any Department office. The application shall include the following information, if available:
  1. Hull identification number, unless exempt under R12-4-505;
  2. Registration number;
  3. Decal number;
  4. State of registration;
  5. Year of registration;
  6. Name, address, and daytime telephone number of the person who found the watercraft;
  7. For abandoned watercraft:
    - a. Address or description of the location where the watercraft was found,
    - b. Whether the watercraft was abandoned on private or public property, and
    - c. When applicable, for watercraft abandoned on private property, whether the applicant is the legal owner of the property;
  8. Condition of the watercraft: wrecked, stripped, or intact;
  9. State in which the watercraft will be operated;
  10. Length of time the watercraft was abandoned;
  11. Reason why the applicant believes the watercraft is abandoned; and
  12. Signature of the applicant, acknowledged before a Notary Public or witnessed by a Department employee.
- G. This state and its agencies, employees, and agents are not liable for relying in good faith on the contents of the application.
- H. The Department shall attempt to determine the name and address of the registered owner by:
  1. Conducting a search of its watercraft database when documentation indicates the watercraft was previously registered in this state, or
  2. Requesting the watercraft record from the other state when documentation indicates the watercraft was previously registered in another state.
- I. If the Department is able to determine the name and address of the registered owner, the Department shall send written notice of the applicant's attempt to register the watercraft to the owner by certified mail, return receipt requested.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

1. If service is successful or upon receipt of a response from the registered owner, the Department shall send the following written notification to the applicant, as appropriate:
    - a. If the registered owner provides a written release of interest in the watercraft, the Department shall mail the release of interest and an abandoned or unreleased watercraft approval letter to the applicant. The applicant shall apply for watercraft registration in compliance with the requirements established under R12-4-502.
    - b. If the registered owner provides written notice to the Department refusing to release interest in the watercraft, the Department shall notify the applicant of the owner's refusal. The Department shall not register the watercraft to the applicant unless the applicant provides proof of ownership and complies with the requirements established under R12-4-502.
    - c. If the registered owner does not respond to the notice in writing within 30 days from the date of receipt, the Department shall notify the applicant of the owner's failure to respond. The Department shall not register the watercraft to the applicant unless the applicant provides proof of ownership and complies with the requirements established under R12-4-502.
    - d. If the registered owner does not respond to the notice within 180 days from the date of receipt of the notice, this failure to act shall constitute a waiver of interest in the watercraft by any person having an interest in the watercraft, and the watercraft shall be deemed abandoned for all purposes. The Department shall mail an abandoned or unreleased watercraft approval letter to the applicant. The applicant shall apply for watercraft registration in compliance with the requirements established under R12-4-502.
  2. If the written notice is returned unclaimed or refused, the Department shall notify the applicant within 15 days of the notice being returned that the attempt to contact the registered owner was unsuccessful.
- J.** If the Department is unable to identify or serve the registered owner, the Department shall post a notice of intent on the Department's website within 45 days of the Department's notification to the applicant as provided in subsection (I)(2).
1. The notice shall include a statement of the Department's intent to transfer ownership of the watercraft ten days after the date of posting, unless the Department receives notice from the registered owner refusing to release interest in the watercraft within that ten-day period following posting.
  2. If the watercraft remains unclaimed after the ten-day period, the Department shall mail an abandoned or unreleased watercraft approval letter to the applicant. The applicant shall apply for watercraft registration in compliance with the requirements established under R12-4-502.
- K.** A government agency may submit an application for authorization to dispose of a junk watercraft abandoned on state or federal lands or waterways. The application is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department Office. Upon receipt of the application, the Department shall attempt to determine the name and address of the registered owner. If the Department is unable to identify and serve the registered owner, the Department shall publish a notice of intent to authorize the disposal of the junk watercraft as described under subsection (J).
1. The published notice shall include a statement of the Department's intent to authorize the disposal of the watercraft ten days after the date of publication, unless the Department receives notice from the registered owner refusing to release interest in the watercraft within that ten-day period following publication.
  2. If the watercraft remains unclaimed after the ten-day period, the Department shall mail an authorization to dispose of the junk watercraft to the government agency. The government agency may dispose of the abandoned watercraft and all indicia for that watercraft in any manner the agency determines expedient or convenient.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 1613, effective July 5, 2003 (Supp. 03-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final exempt rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1034; amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, both effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-508. New Watercraft Exchanges**

- A.** A person may request a no-fee replacement registration for a new watercraft, provided all of the following conditions apply:
1. The person purchased the newly registered watercraft from a new watercraft dealer,
  2. The person returned the watercraft to the new watercraft dealer within 30 days of purchase, and
  3. The new watercraft dealer exchanged the returned watercraft for a watercraft of the same year, make, and model within the same 30 day period.
- B.** To obtain a no-fee replacement registration, the person shall submit the original watercraft registration and a letter from the new watercraft dealer to the Department. The letter shall include all of the following information:
1. A statement that the original watercraft was replaced,
  2. The hull identification number for the original watercraft,
  3. The hull identification number for the replacement watercraft,
  4. The buyer's name, and
  5. The new watercraft dealer's name.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1).

**R12-4-509. Watercraft Dealers; Agents**

- A.** The Department may authorize a watercraft dealer to act as an agent on behalf of the Department for the purpose of issuing temporary certificates of number valid for 45 days for new or used watercraft, provided:
1. The applicant's previous authority to act as a watercraft agent under A.R.S. § 5-321(I) has not been canceled by the Department within the preceding 24 months, and
  2. The applicant is a business located and operating within this state and sells watercraft.
- B.** An applicant seeking watercraft agent authorization shall submit an application to the Department. The application is furnished by the Department and available at the Arizona Game and Fish Department, 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, AZ 85086. The applicant shall provide the following information on the application:
1. Principal business or corporation name, address, and telephone number or if not a corporation, the full name, address, and telephone number of all owners or partners;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

2. Name, address, and telephone number of the owner or manager responsible for compliance with this Section;
  3. Whether the applicant has previously issued temporary certificates of number under A.R.S. § 5-321(I);
  4. All of the following information specific to the location from which new watercraft are to be sold and temporary certificates of number issued:
    - a. Name of owner or manager;
    - b. Business hours;
    - c. Business telephone number;
    - d. Business type;
    - e. Storefront name; and
    - f. Street address;
  5. Manufacturers of the watercraft to be sold; and
  6. Signature of person named under subsection (B)(2).
- C.** The Department shall either approve or deny the application within the licensing time-frame established under R12-4-106.
- D.** Authorization to act as a watercraft agent is specific to the dealer's business location designated on the application and approved by the Department, unless the dealer is participating in a boat show for the purpose of selling watercraft.
- E.** The watercraft agent shall:
1. Use the assigned watercraft agent number when issuing a temporary certificate of number,
  2. Use the online application system and forms supplied by the Department; and
  3. Collect the appropriate fee as prescribed under R12-4-504 and R12-4-527.
- F.** A watercraft agent is prohibited from issuing a temporary certificate of number for a watercraft when:
1. The watercraft is involved in legal proceedings such as, but not limited to, a marital dissolution, probate, or bankruptcy proceeding;
  2. The watercraft is abandoned or unreleased;
  3. The watercraft is homemade; or
  4. The watercraft has a nonconforming HIN.
- G.** A watercraft agent issuing a temporary certificate of number to the purchaser of a watercraft shall comply with all the following:
1. The watercraft agent shall obtain a completed application that complies with the requirements established under R12-4-502.
  2. The watercraft agent shall identify to the applicant the state registration fee and the nonresident boating safety infrastructure fee, when applicable, separately from any other costs.
  3. The fees collected under subsection (E)(3) shall be submitted electronically to the Department prior to the submission of the documentation required under subsection (G)(4).
  4. Within five business days of issuing a temporary certificate of number, a watercraft agent shall deliver or mail the following documentation to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, Watercraft Agent Representative, 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, AZ 85086:
    - a. For a new watercraft:
      - i. Original application;
      - ii. Original or copy of the bill of sale issued by the watercraft agent; and
      - iii. Original certificate of origin;
    - b. For a used watercraft:
      - i. Original application;
      - ii. Original or copy of the bill of sale issued by the watercraft agent;
      - iii. Ownership document, such as but not limited to a title, bill of sale, letter of gift or U.S. Coast Guard letter of deletion when the watercraft was previously documented by the U.S. Coast Guard; and
- iv. Lien release, when applicable.
- H.** The Department may cancel the watercraft agent's authorization if the agent does any one of the following:
1. Fails to comply with the requirements established under this Article;
  2. Submits more than one electronic payment dishonored because of insufficient funds, payments stopped, or closed accounts to the Department within a calendar year;
  3. Predates, postdates, alters, or provides or knowingly allows false information to be provided on an application for a temporary certificate of number; or
  4. Falsifies the application for authorization as a watercraft agent.
- I.** The Department shall provide a written notice to the person stating the reason for the denial or cancellation of watercraft agent status, as applicable. The person may appeal the denial or cancellation to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 1613, effective July 5, 2003 (Supp. 03-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-510. Refund of Fees Paid in Error**

- A.** The Department shall issue a refund for watercraft registration fees paid and, when applicable, the Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure fee when:
1. The registered owner has erroneously paid those fees twice for the same watercraft;
  2. The registered owner has erroneously paid those fees for a watercraft that has already been sold to another individual; or
  3. The registered owner registered the watercraft in error.
- B.** To request a refund of fees paid in error, the person applying for the refund shall surrender all of the following to the Department:
1. Original certificate of number;
  2. Registration decals; and
  3. Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure Decal, when applicable.
- C.** A person requesting a refund of fees shall submit the request to the Department within 30 calendar days of the date the payment was received by the Department.
- D.** The Department shall not refund:
1. A late registration penalty fee.
  2. A fee collected by an authorized third-party provider. A person who paid their watercraft registration fee to a third-party provider shall request a refund of fees from that third-party provider.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended effective November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-511. Personal Flotation Devices**

- A.** For the purpose of this Section, "wear" means:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

1. The personal flotation device is worn according to the manufacturer's design or recommended use;
  2. All of the device's closures are fastened, snapped, tied, zipped, or secured according to the manufacturer's design or recommended use; and
  3. The device is adjusted for a snug fit.
- B.** The operator of a canoe, kayak, or other watercraft shall ensure the watercraft is equipped with at least one correctly-sized, U.S. Coast Guard-approved, wearable personal flotation device that is in good and serviceable condition for each person on board the watercraft. The operator of any watercraft shall also ensure the wearable personal flotation devices on board the watercraft are readily accessible and available for immediate use.
- C.** In addition to the personal flotation devices described under subsection (B), the operator of a watercraft that is 16 feet or more in length shall ensure the watercraft is also equipped with a U.S. Coast Guard-approved throwable personal flotation device: buoyant cushion, ring buoy, or horseshoe buoy. Canoes and kayaks are not subject to this subsection.
- D.** The operator of a watercraft shall ensure a person twelve years of age or under on board a watercraft shall wear a U.S. Coast Guard approved wearable personal flotation device whenever the watercraft is underway.
- E.** The operator of a personal watercraft shall ensure each person aboard the personal watercraft is wearing a wearable personal flotation device approved by the U.S. Coast Guard whenever the personal watercraft is underway.
- F.** Subsections (B), (C), and (D) do not apply to the operation of a racing shell or rowing skull during competitive racing or supervised training, if the racing shell or rowing skull is manually propelled, recognized by a national or international association for use in competitive racing, and designed to carry and does carry only equipment used solely for competitive racing.
- f. Permanently installed fuel tanks (fuel tanks that cannot be moved in case of a fire or other emergency are considered permanently installed), and
  - g. A fixed fire extinguishing system installed in the engine compartment.
2. Watercraft 26 feet to less than 40 feet shall carry on board the following equipment as designated and approved by the U.S. Coast Guard:
    - a. At least two B-I type hand-portable fire extinguishers or at least one B-II type hand-portable fire extinguisher, or
    - b. At least one B-I type approved hand-portable fire extinguisher if a fixed fire extinguishing system is installed in the engine compartment.
  3. Watercraft 40 feet to not more than 65 feet shall carry on board the following equipment as designated and approved by the U.S. Coast Guard:
    - a. At least three B-I type hand-portable fire extinguishers or at least one B-I and one B-II type hand-portable fire extinguishers, or
    - b. At least two B-I type hand-portable fire extinguishers or at least one B-II type hand-portable fire extinguisher when a fixed fire extinguishing system is installed in the engine compartment.

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-81 renumbered as Section R12-4-512 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective June 14, 1990 (Supp. 90-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1).

**R12-4-513. Watercraft Incident and Casualty Reports**

- A.** The operator or owner of a watercraft involved in any collision, incident or other casualty resulting in injury, death, or property damage exceeding \$500 shall submit the report required under A.R.S. § 5-349 to the Department. The report shall be made on a form furnished by the Department or provided by the law enforcement officer investigating the collision, incident, or other casualty. The operator or owner of the watercraft shall complete the form in full and clearly identify on the form any information that is either not applicable or unknown. The operator or owner of the watercraft submitting the report shall provide all of the information required under 33 C.F.R. 173.57.
- B.** The person completing the form shall deliver, mail, or email the form to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, Law Enforcement Branch at 5000 W. Carefree Hwy, Phoenix, AZ 85086 or BoatAccidentReporting@azgfd.gov, as applicable.
- C.** The operator or owner of a watercraft involved in any collision, incident or other casualty resulting in injury or death shall submit the report to the Department no later than 48 hours after the incident.
- D.** The operator or owner of a watercraft involved in any collision, incident or other casualty resulting only in property damage exceeding \$500 shall submit the report to the Department no later than five days after the incident.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-514. Liveries****Historical Note**

Amended effective May 26, 1978 (Supp. 78-3). Former Section R12-4-80 renumbered as Section R12-4-511 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended effective January 1, 1996; filed in the Office of the Secretary of State December 18, 1995 (Supp. 95-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-512. Fire Extinguishers Required for Watercraft**

- A.** The operator of watercraft shall ensure all required fire extinguishers are readily accessible and available for immediate use.
- B.** As prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-332, an operator of a:
1. Watercraft less than 26 feet in length shall carry one U.S. Coast Guard-approved B-I type fire extinguisher on board if the watercraft has one or more of the following:
    - a. An inboard engine,
    - b. Closed compartments where portable fuel tanks may be stored,
    - c. Double bottoms not sealed to the hull or which are not completely filled with flotation materials,
    - d. Closed living spaces,
    - e. Closed stowage compartments in which combustible or flammable materials are stored,

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- A.** A person who rents, leases, or offers any watercraft for compensation, with or without an operator, for recreational, non-commercial use shall register the watercraft as a livery as established under R12-4-502.
- B.** A watercraft owned by a boat livery that requires registration and does not have the certificate of number on board shall be identified while in use by means of a:
1. Placard or some other form of display that is affixed to the watercraft and is visible when the watercraft is underway. The placard or other form of display shall indicate the business name and current phone number of the livery.
  2. Receipt provided by the livery to the person operating the rented watercraft. The receipt shall contain the following information:
    - a. Business name and address of the livery as shown on the certificate of number,
    - b. Watercraft registration number as issued by the Department,
    - c. Beginning date and time of the rental period, and
    - d. Written acknowledgment on the receipt of compliance with the requirements prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-371, signed by both the livery operator or their agent and the renter.
- C.** A person operating a rented or leased watercraft or operating a passenger for hire watercraft shall carry the registration or receipt onboard and produce it upon request to any peace officer.
- D.** Failure to comply with the requirements prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-371 and this Section may result in the invalidation of the watercraft registration and decals as provided under A.R.S. § 5-391(A) and R12-4-506.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-515. Display of AZ Numbers and Registration Decals**

- A.** A person shall not use, operate, moor, anchor, or grant permission to use, operate, moor, or anchor a watercraft on the boundaries of this state unless such watercraft displays a valid number and current registration decal in the manner established under subsection (B). This Section does not apply to undocumented watercraft displaying a valid temporary numbering certificate authorized under R12-4-509 or exempt under A.R.S. § 5-322.
- B.** The owner of a watercraft shall display the AZ number and registration decals as follows:
1. The AZ numbers shall:
    - a. Be clearly visible and painted on or attached to each exterior side of the forward half of a non-removable portion of the watercraft;
    - b. Be in a color that contrasts with the watercraft's background color so as to be easily read from a distance;
    - c. Include the letters "AZ" and the suffix, separated by a hyphen or equivalent space between the letters "AZ" and the suffix; and
    - d. Read from left to right in well-proportioned block letters that are not less than three inches in height, excluding outline.
  2. The registration decals shall be affixed three inches in front of "AZ" on both sides of the forward half of a non-removable portion of the watercraft.
- C.** On watercraft so constructed that it is impractical or impossible to display the AZ numbers in a prominent position on the forward half of the hull or permanent superstructure, the AZ numbers may be displayed on brackets or fixtures securely attached to the forward half of the watercraft.
- D.** Persons possessing a dealer watercraft certificate of number issued under A.R.S. § 5-322(F) shall visibly display the AZ numbers and validating registration decals as established under this Section, except that the numbers and decals may be printed or attached to temporary, removable signs that are securely attached to the watercraft being demonstrated.
- E.** Expired registration decals issued by any jurisdiction shall be covered or removed from the watercraft, so that only the current registration decals are visible.
- F.** Invalid watercraft AZ numbers and registration decals shall not be displayed on any watercraft. The owner of the watercraft shall surrender the AZ numbers and registration decals to the Department in compliance with R12-4-506(C).

**Historical Note**

Section R12-4-515 renumbered from R12-4-501 and amended effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-516. Watercraft Sound Level Restriction**

- A.** A person shall not operate a watercraft upon the waters of this state if the watercraft emits a noise level that exceeds any of the following:
1. A noise level of 86 dB(A), measured at a distance of 50 feet or more from the watercraft on the "A" weighted scale of a sound level instrument that conforms to recognized industry standards and is maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions.
  2. For engines manufactured:
    - a. Before January 1, 1993, a noise level of 90 dB(A) when subjected to the Society of Automotive Engineers Recommended Practice stationary sound level test SAEJ2005, revised July 2004 and containing no later editions or amendments; and
    - b. On or after January 1, 1993, a noise level of 88 dB(A) when subjected to the Society of Automotive Engineers Recommended Practice stationary sound level test SAEJ2005, revised July 2004 and containing no later editions or amendments; or
  3. A noise level of 75 dB(A) measured as specified in the Society of Automotive Engineers Recommended Practice shoreline sound test SAEJ1970, revised September 2003 and containing no later editions or amendments.
- B.** The materials incorporated by reference in subsection (A) may be viewed at any Department office and are available for purchase from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Dr, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001 or online at [www.sae.org](http://www.sae.org).
- C.** A measurement of noise level that is in compliance with this Section does not preclude the conducting of a test or multiple tests of noise levels.
- D.** A peace officer authorized to enforce the provisions of this Section who has reason to believe a watercraft is being operated in violation of the noise levels established in this Section may direct the operator of the watercraft to submit the watercraft to an onsite test to measure noise level.
- E.** An operator of a watercraft who receives a request from a peace officer to test the noise level of the watercraft under sub-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

section (D) shall allow the watercraft to be tested. If, based on a measurement or test to determine the noise level of a watercraft administered under this Section, the noise level of the watercraft exceeds one or more of the decibel level standards in subsection (A), the operator of the watercraft shall take immediate measures to correct the violation as prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-391(C).

- F. This Section shall not apply to watercraft operated under permits issued in accordance with A.R.S. § 5-336(C).

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-82 renumbered as Section R12-4-516 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1).

**R12-4-517. Watercraft Motor and Engine Restrictions**

- A. A person operating a motorized watercraft on the following waters shall only use an electric motor not exceeding 10 manufacturer-rated horsepower:

1. Ackre Lake
2. Bear Canyon Lake
3. Bunch Reservoir
4. Carnero Lake
5. Chaparral Park Lake
6. Cluff Ponds
7. Coconino Reservoir
8. Coors Lake
9. Dankworth Pond
10. Dogtown Reservoir
11. Fortuna Lake
12. Goldwater Lake
13. Granite Basin Lake
14. Horsethief Basin Lake
15. Hulsey Lake
16. J.D. Dam Lake
17. Knoll Lake
18. Lee Valley Lake
19. McKellips Park Lake
20. Pratt Lake
21. Quigley Lake
22. Redondo Lake
23. Riggs Flat Lake
24. Roper Lake
25. Santa Fe Lake
26. Scott's Reservoir
27. Sierra Blanca Lake
28. Soldier Lake (in Coconino County)
29. Stehr Lake
30. Stoneman Lake
31. Tunnel Reservoir
32. Whitehorse Lake
33. Willow Valley Lake
34. Woodland Reservoir
35. Woods Canyon Lake

- B. A person operating a motorized watercraft on the following waters shall use only a single electric motor or single gasoline engine not exceeding 10 manufacturer-rated horsepower:

1. Arivaca Lake
2. Ashurst Lake
3. Becker Lake
4. Big Lake
5. Black Canyon Lake
6. Blue Ridge Reservoir
7. Cataract Lake

8. Chevelon Canyon Lake
9. Cholla Lake Hot Pond
10. Concho Lake
11. Crescent Lake
12. Fool Hollow Lake
13. Kaibab Lake
14. Kinnikinick Lake
15. Little Mormon Lake
16. Lower Lake Mary
17. Luna Lake
18. Lynx Lake
19. Marshall Lake
20. Mexican Hay Lake
21. Nelson Reservoir
22. Parker Canyon Lake
23. Peña Blanca Lake
24. Rainbow Lake
25. River Reservoir
26. Show Low Lake
27. Whipple Lake
28. White Mountain Lake (in Apache County)
29. Willow Springs Lake

- C. A person shall not operate a watercraft on Frye Mesa Reservoir, Rose Canyon Lake, or Snow Flat Lake, except as authorized under subsection (D).

- D. A person who possesses a valid use permit issued by the U.S. Forest Service may operate a non-motorized watercraft only on Rose Canyon Lake on any Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday during June and July from 9:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Mountain Time Zone. This subsection does not exempt the person from complying with all applicable requirements imposed by federal or state laws, rules, regulations, or orders.

- E. This Section does not apply to watercraft of governmental agencies or to Department-approved emergency standby watercraft operated by lake concessionaires if operating to address public safety or public welfare.

**Historical Note**

Amended as an emergency effective April 10, 1975 (Supp. 75-1). Amended effective May 3, 1976 (Supp. 76-3). Amended as an emergency effective July 9, 1976 (Supp. 76-4). Amended effective June 4, 1979 (Supp. 79-3). Former Section R12-4-89 renumbered as Section R12-4-517 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended subsections (A) and (C) effective December 17, 1981 (Supp. 81-6). Amended effective December 28, 1982 (Supp. 82-6). Amended subsections (A) through (C) effective December 4, 1984 (Supp. 84-6). Amended effective November 7, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 1189, effective May 24, 2011 (Supp. 11-2). Subsection (A)(9) corrected clerical error (Supp. 11-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-518. Regattas**

- A. When a regatta permit is issued by the Coast Guard, the person in control of the regatta shall at all times be responsible for compliance with the stipulations as prescribed within the regatta permit. Such stipulations may include but not be limited to:

1. A specified number of patrol or committee boats and identified as such.
2. Availability of emergency medical services.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

3. Spectator control if there exists a danger that life or property is in jeopardy.
- B. Non-compliance with any stipulation of an authorized permit which jeopardizes the public welfare shall be cause to terminate the regatta until the person in control or a person designated by the one in control satisfactorily restores compliance.
- C. When a regatta applicant is informed in writing by the Coast Guard that a permit is not required, such regatta may take place, but shall not relieve the regatta sponsor of any responsibility for the public welfare or confer any exemption from state boating and watersports laws and rules.
- D. The regatta sponsor and all participants shall comply with aquatic invasive species requirements established under A.R.S. Title 17, Chapter 2, Article 3.1 and 12 A.A.C. 4, Article 11.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective March 5, 1982 (Supp. 82-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 196, effective January 10, 2012 (Supp. 12-1).

**R12-4-519. Reciprocity**

As authorized under A.R.S. § 5-322(E), all watercraft currently numbered or exempt from numbering under the provisions of their state of principal operation are exempt from numbering for a period of 90 days after entering this state.

**Historical Note**

Section R12-4-519 renumbered from R12-4-503 and amended effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1).

**R12-4-520. Arizona Aids to Navigation System**

- A. The Arizona aids to navigation system is the same as that prescribed under 33 C.F.R. 62, revised July 1, 2014, which is incorporated by reference in this Section. The incorporated material is available at any Department office, online at [www.gpoaccess.gov](http://www.gpoaccess.gov), or may be ordered from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000. This Section does not include any later amendments or editions of the incorporated material.
- B. A person shall not mark the waterways or their shorelines in this state with mooring buoys, regulatory markers, aids to navigation, lights, or other types of permitted waterway marking devices, without authorization from the governmental agency or the private interest having jurisdiction on such waters.
- C. A person shall not moor or fasten a watercraft to any marker not intended for mooring, or willfully damage, tamper with, remove, obstruct, or interfere with any aid to navigation, regulatory marker or other type of permitted waterway marking devices, except in the performance of authorized maintenance responsibilities or as authorized under R12-4-518 or this Section.
- D. If a governmental agency or private interest has not exercised its authority to control watercraft within its jurisdiction under A.R.S. § 5-361, or if waters are directly under the jurisdiction of the Commission, the Department has the authority to control watercraft within that jurisdiction in accordance with the following guidelines:
  1. The Department may place controlled-use markers only where controlled operation of watercraft is necessary to protect life, property, or habitat, and shall move or remove the markers only if the need for the protection changes.
  2. The restrictions imposed are clearly communicated to the public by wording on the markers, such as those defined under R12-4-501.

- E. A governmental agency, excluding federal agencies with jurisdiction over federal navigable waterways, has the authority to control watercraft within that jurisdiction in accordance with the following guidelines:
  1. A government agency may place controlled-use markers only where controlled operation of watercraft is necessary to protect life, property, or habitat, and shall move or remove the markers only if the need for the protection changes.
  2. The restrictions imposed are clearly communicated to the public by wording on the markers, such as those defined under R12-4-501.
- F. Any person may request establishment, change, or removal of controlled-use markers on waters under the jurisdiction of the Commission or on waters not under the jurisdiction of another governmental agency by submitting a written request providing the reasons for the request to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, 5000 W. Carefree Hwy, Phoenix, AZ 85086.
  1. The Department shall either approve or deny the request within 60 days of receipt.
  2. A person may appeal the Department's denial of a request to the Commission as an appealable agency action under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

**Historical Note**

Section R12-4-520 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-521. Repealed****Historical Note**

Section R12-4-520 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Repealed by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-522. Repealed****Historical Note**

Section R12-4-520 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Repealed by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-523. Controlled Operation of Watercraft**

- A. A person shall not operate any watercraft, or use any watercraft to tow a person on water skis, a surfboard, inflatable device, or similar object, device or equipment in a manner contrary to the area restrictions imposed by lawfully placed controlled-use markers, except for:
  1. Law enforcement officers acting within the scope of their lawful duties;
  2. Persons involved in rescue operations;
  3. Persons engaged in government-authorized activities; and
  4. Persons participating in a regatta, during the time limits of the event only.
- B. The exemptions listed under subsection (A) do not authorize any person to operate a watercraft in a careless, negligent, or reckless manner as prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-341.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

**Historical Note**

Section R12-4-520 adopted effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1).

**R12-4-524. Towed Water Sports**

- A.** An operator of a watercraft shall ensure an observer is on duty at all times when a person is being towed behind the watercraft or is surfing a wake created by the watercraft. The observer shall:
1. Be twelve years of age or older;
  2. Be physically capable and mentally competent to act as an observer; and
  3. Continually observe the person or persons being towed behind the watercraft or surfing a wake created by the watercraft.
- B.** The operator of a watercraft shall ensure a person being towed behind the watercraft or riding a wake created by the watercraft is wearing a wearable personal flotation device approved by the U.S. Coast Guard whenever the watercraft is underway. This subsection applies to any contrivance designed for or used to tow a person behind a watercraft or ride the wake created by a watercraft regardless of whether or not the contrivance is attached to the watercraft. This includes, but is not limited to, boards, discs, hydrofoils, kites, inflatables, and water skis.
- C.** A person shall not operate a watercraft while a person is holding onto or is physically attached to any transom structure of the watercraft, including but not limited to a swim platform, swim deck, swim step, and swim ladder. This subsection does not apply to a person who is:
1. Assisting with docking or departure activities,
  2. Exiting or entering the watercraft, or
  3. Engaging in law enforcement or emergency rescue activity.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-525. Revocation of Watercraft Certificate of Number, AZ Numbers, and Decals**

- A.** For the purposes of this Section, "person" has same meaning as prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-301.
- B.** Upon notice of conviction of a person under A.R.S. § 5-391(G), the Department shall revoke for a period not to exceed two years the certificates of number, AZ numbers, registration decals, and Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure decals of any Arizona registered watercraft owned by that person and involved in the violation.
- C.** Upon notice of conviction of a person under A.R.S. § 5-391(H), the Department shall revoke for a period not to exceed one year the certificates of number, AZ numbers, registration decals, and Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure decals for any Arizona registered watercraft owned by that person and involved in the violation.
- D.** Upon receiving notice of conviction, the Department shall serve notice under A.R.S. §§ 41-1092.03 and 41-1092.04 on the person convicted that the certificates of number, AZ numbers, registration decals, and Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure decals of watercraft the person owns are subject to revocation.

- E.** A person whose certificates of number, AZ numbers, registration decals, and Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure decals are subject to revocation may request a hearing. The person shall submit a written request to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, Director's Office, 5000 W. Carefree Hwy, Phoenix, AZ 85086, within 30 calendar days of receiving the notice described under subsection (D).
- F.** If the person requests a hearing, the Department shall, within 60 days of receiving the request, schedule a hearing as prescribed under A.R.S. § 41-1092.05.
- G.** After a final decision to revoke the person's certificates of number, AZ numbers, registration decals, and Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure decals, the Department shall serve upon the person an Order of Revocation. Within 15 calendar days of receipt of the notice, the person shall surrender to the Department the revoked certificates of number and decals.
- H.** The revocation of the certificates of number, AZ numbers, registration decals, and Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure decals does not affect the legal title to or any property rights in the watercraft. Upon receipt of an application to transfer watercraft registration by the new watercraft owner, the Department shall terminate the revocation and allow the owner to transfer the owner's entire interest in the watercraft if the Department is satisfied the transfer is proposed in good faith and not for the purpose of defeating the revocation.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 3025, effective July 10, 2002 (Supp. 02-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1).

**R12-4-526. Unlawful Mooring**

- A.** A person, as defined under A.R.S. § 5-301, shall not moor, anchor, fasten to the shore, or otherwise secure a watercraft in any public body of water for more than 14 days within any period of 28 consecutive days unless:
1. The waters are a special anchorage area as defined under A.R.S. § 5-301,
  2. Authorized for private dock or moorage, or
  3. Authorized by the government agency or private interest having jurisdiction over the waters.
- B.** A person shall remove an abandoned or submerged watercraft from public waters within 72 hours of notice by registered mail or personal service of notice to remove such watercraft.
- C.** The owner of any abandoned watercraft shall be responsible for all towing and storage fees resulting from the removal of the watercraft from public waters.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-527. Transfer of Ownership of a Towed Watercraft**

- A.** For the purpose of this Section, "towed watercraft" means a watercraft that has been impounded by or is in the possession of a towing company located in this state.
- B.** Within 15 days of impounding a watercraft, a towing company shall submit a request to the Department for watercraft registration information as prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-324 and in compliance with A.R.S. § 5-399. The towing company shall present the towed watercraft to the closest Department office for identification if there is no discernible hull identification number or state-issued registration number.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- C. Within 15 days of receiving the watercraft registration information from the Department, the towing company shall provide written notification by certified mail return receipt requested to the owner and lienholder, if known, of the watercraft's location.
- D. If a watercraft remains unclaimed after mailing the notice required under subsection (C) of this Section, the towing company shall submit all of the following to the Department within 15 days of sending the written notification to the owner and lienholder, when known:
1. Evidence of compliance with notification requirements prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-399 and subsection (C);
  2. A report on a form furnished by the Department and available at any Department office. The form shall include all of the following information:
    - a. Name of towing company;
    - b. Towing company's business address;
    - c. Towing company's business telephone number;
    - d. Towing company's Arizona Department of Public Safety tow truck permit number;
    - e. Towed watercraft's hull identification number;
    - f. Towed watercraft's state-issued registration number, registration decal, and year of expiration, if known;
    - g. Towed watercraft's trailer license number, if available;
    - h. State and year of trailer registration, if available;
    - i. Towed watercraft's color and manufacturer;
    - j. Towed watercraft's condition, whether intact, stripped, damaged, or burned, along with a description of any damage;
    - k. Date the watercraft was towed;
    - l. Location from which the towed watercraft was removed;
    - m. Entity that ordered the removal of the towed watercraft, and if a law enforcement agency, include officer badge number, jurisdiction, and copy of report or towing invoice;
    - n. Location where the towed watercraft is stored; and
    - o. Name and signature of towing company's authorized representative; and
  3. The unclaimed towed watercraft application fee authorized under A.R.S. § 5-399.03(2) and established under R12-4-504.
- E. The towing company shall notify the Department within 24 hours if the watercraft is released, returned to, redeemed, or repossessed by the owner, lienholder, or by a person identified in the Department's record as having an interest in the watercraft.
- F. If the Department is unsuccessful in its attempt to identify or contact the registered owner or lienholder of the towed watercraft and has determined the towed watercraft is not stolen, the towing company shall:
1. Follow the application procedures established under A.R.S. § 5-399.02(B), and
  2. Apply for watercraft registration as established under R12-4-502.
- G. A towing company that obtains ownership of a watercraft pursuant to A.R.S. § 5-399.02 and this Section shall maintain the following records for a period of three years from the date the Department transferred ownership of the towed watercraft:
1. The request made pursuant to A.R.S. § 5-324.
  2. The notification provided pursuant to A.R.S. § 5-399.
  3. The application for transfer of ownership pursuant to A.R.S. § 5-399.02.
  4. Any other documents required by the Department.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by emergency rulemaking under A.R.S. § 41-1026 at 9 A.A.R. 1241, effective May 26, 2003 for a period of 180 days (Supp. 03-1). Emergency rulemaking repealed under A.R.S. § 41-1026(E) and permanent new Section made by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 1613, effective July 5, 2003 (Supp. 03-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final exempt rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1034; amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, both effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-528. Watercraft Checkpoints**

- A. A law enforcement agency may establish a watercraft checkpoint to ensure public safety on state waterways, to screen for unsafe or impaired watercraft operators, or to gather demographic, statistical, and compliance information related to watercraft activities.
- B. An individual may be required to perform the following during a watercraft stop or at a watercraft checkpoint:
1. Stop or halt as directed when being hailed by a peace officer or entering the established checkpoint boundary as prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-391, and
  2. Provide evidence of required safety equipment and registration documentation prescribed under A.R.S. Title 5, Chapter 3, Boating and Water Sports.
- C. This Section does not limit any state peace officer's authority to conduct routine watercraft patrol efforts prescribed under A.R.S. Title 5, Chapter 3, Boating and Water Sports.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4511, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1).

**R12-4-529. Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure Fees; Proof of Payment**

- A. Before placing that watercraft on the waterways of this State, a nonresident owner of a recreational watercraft who establishes this State as the state of principal operation shall pay the applicable Nonresident Boating Safety Infrastructure Fee (NBSIF) as authorized under A.R.S. §§ 5-326 and 5-327:
1. Twelve feet and less: \$80
  2. Twelve feet one inch through sixteen feet: \$88
  3. Sixteen feet one inch through twenty feet: \$192
  4. Twenty feet one inch through twenty-six feet: \$224
  5. Twenty-six feet one inch through thirty-nine feet: \$253
  6. Thirty-nine feet one inch through sixty-four feet: \$286
  7. Sixty-four feet one inch and over: \$429
  8. For the purposes of this subsection, the length of the motorized watercraft shall be measured in the same manner prescribed under A.R.S. § 5-321(C).
- B. The nonresident recreational watercraft owner shall carry and display proof of payment of the fee while the watercraft is underway, moored, or anchored on the waterways of this State. Acceptable proof of payment includes any one of the following:
1. A current Arizona Watercraft Certificate of Number indicating the NBSIF was paid,
  2. A current Arizona Watercraft Temporary Certificate of Number indicating the NBSIF was paid, or
  3. A current Arizona Watercraft Registration Decal indicating the NBSIF was paid.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective October 22, 1976 (Supp. 76-5). Former

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Section R12-4-90 renumbered as Section R12-4-529 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Repealed effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2). New Section made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 597, effective July 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 3225, effective January 1, 2014 (Supp. 13-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

**R12-4-530. Authorized Third-party Providers; Agents**

- A.** The Department may enter into a contract with a private entity to perform limited or specific services on behalf of the Department in accordance with State procurement laws and rules.
1. The Department may authorize a person to be a third-party provider. An authorized third-party provider shall meet the requirements established by the Department and shall be selected through a competitive bid process.
  2. The Department may authorize a third-party provider to perform any one or more of the following services:
    - a. Watercraft transfer.
    - b. Watercraft registration renewal.
    - c. Duplicate watercraft registration and decal.
    - d. New watercraft registration.
- B.** A person shall not engage in any business pursuant to this Section unless the Department authorizes the person to engage in the business.
- C.** The Department shall establish minimum quality standards of service and a quality assurance program for authorized third-party providers to ensure that an authorized third-party provider is complying with the minimum standards.
- D.** The Department may:
  1. Conduct investigations.
  2. Conduct audits.
  3. Make on-site inspections in compliance with A.R.S. § 41-1009.
  4. Require an authorized third-party or employees or agents of an authorized third-party be certified to perform the services prescribed in this Article.
- E.** An authorized third-party provider shall remit to the Department all fees established under R12-4-504 and R12-4-529 it collects.
  1. An authorized third-party provider may collect and retain a reasonable and commensurate fee for its services.
  2. Each authorized third-party provider that holds itself out as providing services to the public shall identify to the applicant the Department's registration fee and the non-resident boating safety infrastructure fee, when applicable, separately from any other costs.
- F.** A third-party who is authorized pursuant to this Section shall:
  1. Maintain records in a form and manner prescribed by the Department.
  2. Allow access to the records during regular business hours to authorized representatives of the Department or any law enforcement agency to ensure compliance with all applicable statutes and rules.
- G.** The Department may suspend or cancel an authorization or certification, or both, granted pursuant to this Section if the Department determines that the third-party provider or certificate holder has done any of the following:
  1. Made a material misrepresentation or misstatement in the application for authorization or certification.
  2. Has been convicted of fraud or a watercraft related felony in any state or jurisdiction of the U.S. within the ten years immediately preceding the date a criminal records check is complete.
  3. Has been convicted of a felony, other than a felony described in subsection (2), in any state or jurisdiction of

the U.S. within the five years immediately preceding the date a criminal records check is complete.

4. Violated a rule or policy adopted by the Department.
  5. Failed to keep and maintain records required by this Section.
  6. Failed to remit to the Department all fees established under R12-4-504 and R12-4-529 it collects.
  7. Allowed an unauthorized person to engage in any business pursuant to this Section.
- K.** If the Department has reasonable grounds to believe that a certificate holder or other person employed by an authorized third-party provider has committed a serious violation, the Department may order a summary suspension of the third provider's authorization granted pursuant to this Section pending formal suspension or cancellation proceedings. For the purposes of this subsection, "serious violation" means:
  1. Watercraft registration fraud.
  2. Improper disclosure of personal information.
  3. Bribery.
  4. Theft.
- L.** On determining that grounds for suspension or cancellation of an authorization or certification, or both, exist, the Department shall give written notice to the third-party provider or certificate holder to appear at a hearing before the Department to show cause why the authorization or certification should not be suspended or canceled.
  1. After consideration of the evidence presented at the hearing, the Department shall serve notice of the finding and order to the third-party or certificate holder.
  2. If a third-party authorization or a certification is suspended or canceled, the third-party or certificate holder may appeal the decision pursuant to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 23 A.A.R. 1732, effective August 5, 2017 (Supp. 17-2).

- R12-4-531. Reserved**
- R12-4-532. Reserved**
- R12-4-533. Reserved**
- R12-4-534. Reserved**
- R12-4-535. Reserved**
- R12-4-536. Reserved**
- R12-4-537. Reserved**
- R12-4-538. Reserved**
- R12-4-539. Reserved**
- R12-4-540. Reserved**
- R12-4-541. Repealed**

**Historical Note**

Former Section R12-4-88 renumbered as Section R12-4-541 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Amended effective April 5, 1985 (Supp. 85-2). Repealed effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2).

- R12-4-542. Repealed**

**Historical Note**

Adopted as an emergency effective August 31, 1981, valid for ninety (90) days after filing pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1003 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-542 adopted as an emergency now adopted as permanent with

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

further amendment effective March 5, 1982 (Supp. 82-2).  
Amended effective March 29, 1985 (Supp. 85-2).  
Repealed effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2).

**R12-4-543. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective January 29, 1982 (Supp. 82-1).  
Amended effective August 19, 1983 (Supp. 83-4).  
Amended subsection (A) effective July 3, 1984 (Supp. 84-4). Amended effective March 29, 1985 (Supp. 85-2).  
Correction, subsection (A), paragraph (2) as certified effective March 29, 1985 (Supp. 86-3). Amended subsection (A) effective June 18, 1987 (Supp. 87-2). Amended as an emergency effective May, 15, 1989, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 89-2).  
Emergency expired. Amended and readopted as an emergency effective August 25, 1989, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 89-3).  
Emergency expired. Emergency amendments adopted with changes effective January 5, 1990 (Supp. 90-1). Repealed effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2).

**R12-4-544. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective August 19, 1983 (Supp. 83-4).  
Amended subsection (A) effective July 3, 1984 (Supp. 84-4). Amended subsection (A) effective June 18, 1987 (Supp. 87-2). Repealed effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2).

**R12-4-545. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 5, 1985 (Supp. 85-2). Amended by emergency effective May 18, 1990, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 90-2).  
Emergency amendments readopted effective August 28, 1990, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1026, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 90-3).  
Emergency expired. Repealed effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-2).

**ARTICLE 6. RULES OF PRACTICE BEFORE THE COMMISSION****R12-4-601. Definitions**

The following definitions apply to this Article unless otherwise specified:

“Appealable agency action” has the same meaning as provided under A.R.S. § 41-1092.

“Business day” means any day other than a furlough day, Saturday, Sunday, or holiday.

“Commission Chair” means the person who presides over the Arizona Game and Fish Commission.

“Contested case” has the same meaning as provided under A.R.S. § 41-1001.

“Ex parte communication” means any oral or written communication with a Commissioner by a party concerning a substantive issue in a contested proceeding that is not part of the public record.

“Party” has the same meaning as provided under A.R.S. § 41-1001.

“Respondent” means the person named as the respondent in a notice of hearing issued by the Department.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 22, 1987 (Supp. 87-4).

Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1465, effective July 13, 2010 (Supp. 10-3).  
Section R12-4-601 renumbered to R12-4-602; new Section R12-4-601 made by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-602. Petition for Rule or Review of Practice or Policy**

- A.** A person may petition the Commission under A.R.S. § 41-1033 for a:
1. Rulemaking action relating to a Commission rule, including making a new rule or amending or repealing an existing rule; or
  2. Review of an existing Department practice or substantive policy statement alleged to constitute a rule.
- B.** To act under A.R.S. § 41-1033 and this Section, a person shall submit a petition form to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, Director’s Office, 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, AZ 85086. The form is available at any Department office and on the Department’s website.
- C.** A petitioner shall address only one rule, practice, or substantive policy in the petition.
- D.** A petitioner shall submit the petition form to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, Director’s Office, 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, AZ 85086. The petition form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and on the Department’s website. A petitioner shall provide all of the following information:
1. Petitioner identification:
    - a. When the petition is submitted by a private person, the person’s:
      - i. Name;
      - ii. Physical and mailing address, if different from the physical address;
      - iii. Contact telephone number; and
      - iv. Email, when available;
    - b. When the petition is submitted by an organization or private group:
      - i. Name of organization or group;
      - ii. Name and title of the organization’s or group’s representative;
      - iii. Physical and mailing address, if different from the physical address;
      - iv. Representative’s contact telephone number; and
      - v. Email, when available;
    - c. When the petition is submitted by a public agency:
      - i. Name of the public agency;
      - ii. Name and title of the agency’s representative;
      - iii. Physical and mailing address if different from the physical address;
      - iv. Representative’s contact telephone number; and
      - v. Email, when available;
  2. Type of request:
    - a. Adopt, amend, or repeal a rule, or
    - b. Review of a practice or substantive policy statement;
  3. When the petition is for rulemaking action:
    - a. Statement of the rulemaking action sought, including the Arizona Administrative Code citation of all existing rules, and the specific language of a new rule or rule amendment; and
    - b. Reasons for the rulemaking action, including an explanation of why an existing rule is inadequate, unreasonable, unduly burdensome, or unlawful;

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

4. When the petition is for a review of an existing practice or substantive policy statement:
    - a. Subject matter of the existing practice or substantive policy statement, and
    - b. Reasons why the existing practice or substantive policy statement constitutes a rule;
  5. When the petitioner is a public agency, a summary of issues raised in any public meeting or hearing regarding the petition or any written comments offered by the public.
  6. Any other information required by the Department;
  7. Petitioner's signature; and
  8. Date on which the petition was signed.
- E.** In addition to the requirements listed under subsection (D), a person may submit supporting information with a petition, including:
1. Statistical data; and
  2. A list of other persons likely to be affected by the rulemaking action or the review, with an explanation of the likely effects.
- F.** When a petitioner submits a petition that addresses the same substantive issue considered by the Commission within the previous year, the petitioner shall also provide an additional written statement that includes rationale not previously considered by the Commission in making the previous decision.
- G.** The Department shall determine whether the petition complies with this Section within 15 business days after the date on which the petition was received.
1. If the petition complies with this Section:
    - a. The Department shall place the petition on a Commission open meeting agenda.
    - b. The petitioner may present oral testimony at that open meeting under R12-4-604.
    - c. The Commission shall render a final decision on the petition as prescribed under A.R.S. § 41-1033.
  2. If a petition does not comply with this Section:
    - a. The Director shall return the petition to the petitioner, and
    - b. Indicate in writing why the petition does not comply with this Section. The petitioner shall be afforded the opportunity to resubmit a corrected petition.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 22, 1987 (Supp. 87-4).  
Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Section R12-4-602 renumbered to R12-4-603; new Section R12-4-602 renumbered from R12-4-601 and amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-603. Written Comments on Proposed Rules**

- A.** Under A.R.S. § 41-1023, a person may submit written statements, arguments, data, and views on a proposed rulemaking published by the Secretary of State in the Arizona Administrative Register.
- B.** A person submitting a written comment to the Commission for consideration in a final decision on the rulemaking may voluntarily provide their name and mailing address. The Commission may only consider written comments that:
1. Are received on or before the close of record date, as published by the Secretary of State in the Arizona Administrative Register; and
  2. Are submitted to the agency contact identified in the Department's notice of proposed rulemaking as published by the Secretary of State in the Arizona Administrative Register.

3. In addition, a person submitting a comment submitted on behalf of a group or organization shall include a statement that the comment represents the official position of the group or organization. A comment submitted on behalf of a group or organization that does not contain this statement shall be considered the comment of the person submitting the comment, and not that of the group or organization.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 22, 1987 (Supp. 87-4).  
Amended effective November 10, 1997 (Supp. 97-4).  
Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Section R12-4-603 renumbered to R12-4-604; new Section R12-4-603 renumbered from R12-4-602 and amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-604. Oral Proceedings Before the Commission**

- A.** The Commission may allow an oral proceeding on any matter on the Commission's agenda. At an oral proceeding, the Commission Chair:
1. Is responsible for conducting the proceeding.
  2. May administer an oath to a witness before receiving testimony.
  3. May order the removal of any person who is disrupting a proceeding.
  4. May limit the number of presentations or the time for testimony regarding a particular issue.
- B.** A person desiring to speak at an oral proceeding shall first request permission to speak from the Commission Chair.
- C.** Technical rules of evidence do not apply to an oral proceeding, and no informality in any proceeding or in the manner of taking testimony invalidates any order, decision, or rule made by the Commission.
- D.** The Commission authorizes the Director to designate a hearing officer for oral proceedings to take public input on proposed rulemaking.
- E.** The Commission authorizes the Director to continue a scheduled proceeding to a later Commission meeting. To request a continuance, a petitioner shall:
1. Deliver the request to the Director no later than 24 hours before the scheduled proceeding;
  2. Demonstrate that the proceeding has not been continued more than twice; and
  3. Demonstrate good cause for the continuance.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 22, 1987 (Supp. 87-4).  
Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Section R12-4-604 renumbered to R12-4-605; new Section R12-4-604 renumbered from R12-4-603 and amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-605. Ex Parte Communication**

- A.** A party shall not communicate, either directly or indirectly, with a Commissioner about any substantive issue in a pending contested case or appealable agency action, unless:
1. All parties are present;
  2. The communication occurs during the scheduled proceeding, where an absent party failed to appear after proper notice; or
  3. It is by written motion with a copy provided to all parties.
- B.** A Commissioner who receives an ex parte communication shall place on the public record of the proceeding:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

1. A copy of the written communication;
  2. A summary of the oral communication; and
  3. The Commissioner's response to any such ex parte communication.
- C. The provisions of this Section apply from the date that a notice of hearing for a contested case or an appealable agency action is served on the parties.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 22, 1987 (Supp. 87-4).  
Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Section R12-4-605 renumbered to R12-4-606; new Section R12-4-605 renumbered from R12-4-604 and amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-606. Standards for Revocation, Suspension, or Denial of a License**

- A. Under A.R.S. § 17-340, when the Department makes a recommendation to the Commission for license revocation, the Commission shall hold a hearing and may revoke, suspend, or deny any hunting, fishing, or trapping license for a person convicted of any of the following offenses:
1. Killing or wounding a big game animal during a closed season.
  2. Possessing a big game animal taken during a closed season.
  3. Destroying, injuring, or molesting livestock while hunting, fishing, or trapping.
  4. Damaging or destroying personal property, growing crops, notices or signboards, or other improvements while hunting, fishing, or trapping.
  5. Bartering, selling, or offering to sell unlawfully taken wildlife or wildlife parts.
  6. Careless use of a firearm while hunting, fishing, or trapping that results in the injury or death of any person.
  7. Applying for or obtaining a license or permit by fraud or misrepresentation in violation of A.R.S. § 17-341.
  8. Knowingly allowing another person to use the person's big game tag, except as provided under A.R.S. § 17-332(D).
  9. Entering upon a game refuge or other area closed to hunting, trapping or fishing and taking, driving, or attempting to drive wildlife from the area in violation of A.R.S. §§ 17-303 and 17-304.
  10. Unlawfully posting state or federal lands in violation of A.R.S. § 17-304(B).
  11. Unlawfully using aircraft to take, assist in taking, harass, chase, drive, locate, or assist in locating wildlife in violation of A.R.S. § 17-340(A)(8).
  12. Unlawfully taking or possessing big game.
  13. Unlawfully taking or possessing small game or fish.
  14. Unlawfully taking or possessing wildlife species.
  15. Unlawful take of any bird or the removal of its nest or eggs.
  16. Littering a public hunting or fishing area while taking wildlife.
  17. Waste of edible portions of a game species under A.R.S. § 17-309, in violation of A.R.S. § 17-309(A)(5).
  18. Any violation for which a license can be revoked under A.R.S. § 17-340.
  19. Any violation of A.R.S. § 17-306.
- B. Under A.R.S. §§ 17-238, 17-334, 17-340, 17-362, 17-363, and 17-364, when the Department makes a recommendation to the Commission for license revocation, the Commission shall hold a hearing and may revoke any fur dealer, guide, taxidermy,

license dealers license, or special license (as defined under R12-4-401) in any case where license revocation is authorized by law.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective December 22, 1987 (Supp. 87-4).  
Amended effective November 10, 1997 (Supp. 97-4).  
Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Section R12-4-606 renumbered to R12-4-607; new Section R12-4-606 renumbered from R12-4-605 and amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-607. Proceedings for License Revocation, Suspension, or Denial of Right to Obtain a License, and Civil Damages**

- A. The Director may commence a proceeding for the Commission to revoke, suspend or deny a license under A.R.S. §§ 17-236, 17-238, 17-334, 17-340, 17-362, 17-363, and 17-364. The Director may also commence a proceeding for the Commission to impose a civil penalty under A.R.S. § 17-314.
- B. The Commission shall conduct a hearing concerning revocation, suspension, or denial of the right to obtain a license in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10. In a proceeding conducted under A.R.S. § 17-340, a respondent shall limit testimony to facts that show why the license should not be revoked or denied. Because the Commission does not have the authority to consider or change the conviction, a respondent is not permitted to raise this issue in the proceeding. The Commission shall permit a respondent to offer testimony or evidence relevant to the Commission's decision to impose a civil penalty or order a civil action for the recovery of wildlife parts.
- C. If a respondent does not appear for a hearing on the date scheduled, at the time and location noticed, no further opportunity to be heard shall be provided, unless a rehearing or review is granted under R12-4-608. If the respondent does not wish to attend the hearing, the respondent may submit written testimony to the Department before the hearing date designated in the Notice of Hearing. The Commission shall ensure that written testimony received at the time of the hearing is read into the record at the hearing.
- D. The Commission shall base its decision on the officer's case report, a summary prepared by the Department, a certified copy of the court record, and any testimony presented at the hearing. The Department shall supply the respondent with a copy of each document provided to the Commission for use in reaching a decision.
- E. Any party may apply to the Commission for issuance of a subpoena to compel the appearance of any witness or the production of documents at any Commission hearing. No less than 10 calendar days before the hearing, the party shall file a written application that provides the name and address of the witness, the subject matter of the expected testimony, the documents sought to be produced, and the date, time, and place of the hearing. The Commission Chair has the authority to issue the subpoenas.
1. A party shall have a subpoena served as prescribed in the Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 45. An employee of the Department may serve a subpoena at the request of the Commission Chair.
  2. A party may request that a subpoena be amended at any time before the deadline provided in this Section for filing the application. The party shall have the amended subpoena served as provided in subsection (E)(1).
- F. The Commission may vote to use the services of the office of administrative hearings to conduct a hearing concerning revo-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

cation, suspension, or denial of the right to obtain a license and to make a recommendation to the Commission, which shall review and accept, reject or modify the recommendation and issue its decision in an open meeting. When the Department receives a recommendation from the administrative law judge at least 30 days prior to the next regularly scheduled Commission meeting, the Department shall place the recommendation on the agenda for that meeting. A recommendation from the administrative law judge received after this time shall be considered at the next regularly scheduled open meeting.

- G.** A license revoked by the Commission is suspended on the date of the hearing and revoked upon issuance of the findings of fact, conclusions of law, and order. If a respondent appeals the Commission's order revoking a license, the license is revoked after all appeals have been exhausted. A denial of the right to obtain a license is effective for a period determined by the Commission as authorized under A.R.S. § 17-340, beginning on the date of the hearing.
- H.** A license suspended by the Commission is suspended on the date of the hearing, and suspended upon issuance of the findings of fact, conclusions of law, and order. If a respondent appeals the Commission's order suspending a license, the license is suspended after all appeals have been exhausted. The suspension of a license is effective for a period determined by the Commission as authorized under A.R.S. § 17-340, beginning on the date of the hearing.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective June 13, 1977 (Supp. 77-3). Former Section R12-4-14 renumbered as Section R12-4-115 without change effective August 13, 1981 (Supp. 81-4). Former Section R12-4-115 renumbered without change as Section R12-4-607 effective December 22, 1987 (Supp. 87-4). Amended effective November 10, 1997 (Supp. 97-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Section R12-4-607 renumbered to R12-4-608; new Section R12-4-607 renumbered from R12-4-606 and amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-608. Rehearing or Review of Commission Decisions**

- A.** A party shall exhaust the party's administrative remedies by filing a motion for rehearing or review as provided in this Section. Failure to file a motion for rehearing or review within 30 days of service of the Commission's decision has the effect of prohibiting the party from seeking judicial review of the Commission's decision.
- B.** A party in a contested case or appealable agency action before the Commission may file a motion for rehearing or review of a Commission decision, specifying the grounds upon which the motion is based. The motion for rehearing or review shall be filed within 30 calendar days after service of the Commission's decision. For purposes of this subsection a decision is served when personally delivered or mailed by certified mail to the party's last known residence or place of business.
- C.** A party may amend a motion for rehearing or review at any time before the Commission rules upon the motion. A written response to a motion for rehearing or review may be filed and served within 15 days after service of the motion for rehearing or review. The Commission may require that the parties file supplemental memoranda on any issue raised in a motion or response, and allow for oral argument.
- D.** The Commission has the authority to grant rehearing or review for any of the following causes materially affecting the moving party's rights:

1. Irregularity in the proceedings of the Commission, or any order or abuse of discretion that deprived the moving party of a fair hearing;
  2. Misconduct of the Commission, its staff, an administrative law judge, or the prevailing party;
  3. Accident or surprise that could not have been prevented by ordinary prudence;
  4. Newly discovered material evidence that could not, with reasonable diligence, have been discovered and produced at the original hearing;
  5. Excessive or insufficient penalties;
  6. Error in the admission or rejection of evidence or other errors of law occurring at the hearing or during the proceeding; or
  7. That the findings of fact or decision is not justified by the evidence or is contrary to law.
- E.** The Commission may either deny the motion for rehearing or review or grant a rehearing or review for any of the reasons listed under subsection (E). The Commission's order granting a rehearing or review shall specify the grounds for the order, and any rehearing shall cover only those grounds upon which the rehearing or review was granted.
- F.** After giving the party notice and an opportunity to be heard, the Commission may grant a motion for a rehearing or review for a reason not stated in the motion.
- G.** Within the time-frame for filing the motion for rehearing or review, the Commission may grant a rehearing or review on its own initiative for any reason for which the Commission may have granted relief on motion of a party.
- H.** When the Commission grants a rehearing or review, the Commission shall hold the rehearing or review at its next regularly scheduled meeting or within 90 days of issuance of the order granting the rehearing or review. With the consent of the parties, the Commission may proceed to conduct the rehearing or review in the same meeting in which the Commission granted the rehearing or review.
- I.** The Commission may take additional testimony, amend findings of fact and conclusions of law, and affirm, modify or reverse the original decision.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective April 28, 1989 (Supp. 89-2). Amended effective May 27, 1992 (Supp. 92-1). Amended effective November 10, 1997 (Supp. 97-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 211, effective December 14, 1999 (Supp. 99-4). Section expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(E) at 8 A.A.R. 853, effective January 31, 2002 (Supp. 02-1). New Section R12-4-608 renumbered from R12-4-607 and amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-609. Commission Orders**

- A.** Except as provided under subsection (B):
1. At least 14 calendar days before a meeting where the Commission will consider a Commission Order, the Department shall:
    - a. Post a public meeting notice and agenda in accordance with A.R.S. § 38-431.02; and
    - b. Issue a public notice of the recommended Commission Order in print and electronic media.
  2. The Department shall ensure the public meeting notice and agenda includes:
    - a. The date, time, and location of the Commission meeting where the Commission Order will be considered;
    - b. A statement that the public may attend and present written comments at or before the meeting; and

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- c. A statement that a copy of the proposed Commission Order shall be made available to the public 10 calendar days before the meeting. Copies are available for public inspection on the Department's website and at Department offices in Phoenix, Pinetop, Flagstaff, Kingman, Yuma, Tucson, and Mesa.
3. The Commission may make changes to the recommended Commission Order at the Commission meeting.
- B.** The requirements of subsection (A) do not apply to a Commission Order that establishes:
1. A supplemental hunt as authorized under R12-4-115;
  2. A special season for persons who possess a special license tag issued under A.R.S. § 17-346 and R12-4-120, and
  3. A special season that allows fish to be taken by additional methods on waters where a fish die-off is imminent as established under R12-4-317(C).
- C.** The Department shall publish the content of all Commission orders and make them available to the public free of charge.
- Historical Note**
- Adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended effective November 10, 1997 (Supp. 97-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 610, effective April 6, 2003 (Supp. 03-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).
- R12-4-610. Petitions for the Closure of State or Federal Lands to Hunting, Fishing, Trapping, or Operation of Motor Vehicles**
- A.** A person requesting that the Commission consider closing state or federal land to hunting, fishing, or trapping as provided under A.R.S. § 17-304(B) or R12-4-110, or closing roads or trails on state lands as provided under R12-4-110, shall submit a petition as prescribed in this Section before the Commission will consider the request.
- B.** A petitioner shall not address more than one contiguous closure request in a petition.
- C.** A petitioner submitting a petition that addresses the same contiguous closure request previously considered and denied by the Commission shall provide an additional written statement that includes rationale not previously considered by the Commission.
- D.** A petitioner shall submit the petition form to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, Director's Office, 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, AZ 85086. The petition form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and on the Department's website. The petition form shall contain all of the following information:
1. Petitioner identification:
    - a. When the petitioner is the leaseholder of the area proposed for closure:
      - i. Name of person;
      - ii. Lease number;
      - iii. Physical and mailing address, if different from the physical address;
      - iv. Contact telephone number; and
      - v. Email, when available;
    - b. When the petitioner is anyone other than the leaseholder of the area proposed for closure:
      - i. Name of person;
      - ii. Lease number;
      - iii. Physical and mailing address, if different from the physical address;
      - iv. Contact telephone number;
      - v. Email, when available; and
  2. Type of closure requested:
    - a. Hunting,
    - b. Fishing,
    - c. Trapping, or
    - d. Operation of motor vehicles.
  3. Reason for petition:
    - a. Each reason why the closure should be considered under R12-4-110, A.R.S. § 17-304(B), or A.R.S. § 17-452(A);
    - b. Any data or other justification supporting the reasons for the closure with clear reference to any exhibits that may be attached to the petition;
    - c. Each person or segment of the public the petitioner believes will be impacted by the closure, including any other valid licensees, lessees, or permittees that will or may be affected, and how they will be impacted, including both positive and negative impacts;
    - d. If the petitioner is a public agency, a summary of issues raised in any public hearing or public meeting regarding the petition and a copy of written comments received by the petitioning agency; and
    - e. A proposed alternate access route, under R12-4-110.
  4. A concise map identifying the specific location of the proposed closure;
  5. Petitioner's signature;
  6. Date on which the petition was signed; and
  7. Any other information required by the Department.
- E.** The Department shall determine whether the petition complies with the requirements established under A.R.S. § 17-452, R12-4-110, and this Section within 15 business days after receiving the petition.
1. If the petition meets these requirements, and provided the petitioner has not agreed to an alternative solution or withdrawn the petition, the Department, in accordance with the schedule in subsection (F), shall place the petition on the agenda for the Commission's next regularly scheduled open meeting and provide written notice to the petitioner of the meeting date.
  2. If a petition does not comply with the requirements prescribed under A.R.S. § 17-452, R12-4-110, and this Section:
    - a. The Department shall return the petition to the petitioner, and
    - b. Indicate in writing why the petition does not comply with this Section.
  3. If the Department returns a petition to a petitioner for a reason that cannot be corrected, the Department shall serve on the petitioner a notice of appealable agency action under A.R.S. § 41-1092.03.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- F. When the Department receives a petition not less than 60 calendar days before a regularly scheduled Commission meeting, the Department shall place the petition on the agenda for that meeting. A petition received after this time will be considered at the next regularly scheduled open meeting.
- G. The petitioner may:
1. Present oral testimony in support of the petition at the Commission meeting, in accordance with the provisions established under R12-4-604.
  2. Withdraw the petition or request a continuance to a later regularly scheduled open meeting at any time.
- D. After the Department receives a petition that complies with this Section, the Department shall place the petition on the agenda of a regularly scheduled Commission meeting.
- E. If the Commission votes to deny a petition, the Department shall not accept a subsequent petition on the same issue, unless the petitioner presents new evidence or reasons for considering the subsequent petition.
- F. This Section does not apply to the following:
1. An action related to a license revocation, suspension, denial, or civil penalty;
  2. An unsuccessful hunt permit-tag draw application that did not involve an error on the part of the Department; or
  3. The reinstatement of a bonus point, except as authorized under R12-4-107(M).

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective March 1, 1991; filed February 28, 1991 (Supp. 91-1). Amended effective January 1, 1993; filed December 18, 1992 (Supp. 92-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1465, effective July 13, 2010 (Supp. 10-3). Amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-611. Petition for a Hearing Before the Commission When No Remedy is Provided in Statute, Rule, or Policy**

- A. A person may request a hearing before the Commission when an administrative remedy does not exist under statute, rule, or policy by submitting a petition as prescribed by this Section.
- B. A petitioner shall submit the petition form to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, Director's Office, 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, AZ 85086. The petition form is furnished by the Department and is available at any Department office and on the Department's website. The petition form shall contain all of the following information:
1. Petitioner identification:
    - a. When the petitioner is a private person:
      - i. Name of person;
      - ii. Physical and mailing address, if different from the physical address;
      - iii. Contact telephone number; and
      - iv. Email, when available;
    - b. When the petitioner is a private group or organization:
      - i. Name of the person designated as the contact for the group or organization;
      - ii. Physical and mailing address, if different from the physical address;
      - iii. Contact telephone number;
      - iv. Email, when available; or
    - c. When the petitioner is a public agency:
      - i. Name of person,
      - ii. Name of agency,
      - iii. Petitioner's title,
      - iv. Agency's physical and mailing address, if different from the physical address,
      - v. Contact telephone number, and
      - vi. Email, when available;
  2. Statement of Facts and Issues:
    - a. Description of issue to be resolved, and
    - b. Any facts relevant to resolving the issue;
  3. Specific proposed remedy;
  4. Petitioner's signature;
  5. Date on which the petition was signed; and
  6. Any other information required by the Department.
- C. If a petition does not comply with this Section, the Department shall:
1. Return the petition to the petitioner, and

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 2245, effective July 6, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1465, effective July 13, 2010 (Supp. 10-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4). Amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 393, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**ARTICLE 7. HERITAGE GRANTS****R12-4-701. Heritage Grant Definitions**

In addition to the definitions provided under A.R.S. §§ 17-101 and 17-296, the following definitions apply to this Article:

"Administrative subunit" means a branch, chapter, department, division, section, school, or other similar divisional entity of an eligible applicant. For example, an individual:

Administrative department, but not an entire city government;

Field office or project office, but not an entire agency; or

School, but not an entire school district.

"Eligible applicant" means any public agency, non-governmental organization, or nonprofit organization that meets the applicable requirements of this Article.

"Facilities" means any structure or site improvements.

"Fund" means the Arizona Game and Fish Commission Heritage Fund, established under A.R.S. § 17-297.

"Grant agreement" means a document that details the terms and conditions of a grant project.

"Grant effective date" means the date the Department Director signs the Grant Agreement.

"In-kind" means contributions other than cash, which include individual and material resources that the applicant makes available to the project, e.g. a public employee's salary, volunteer time, materials, supplies, space, or other donated goods and services.

"Participant" means an eligible applicant who has been awarded a grant from the Heritage Fund.

"Project" means an activity, or series of related activities, or services described in the specific project scope of work and results in specific end products.

"Project period" means the time during which a participant shall complete all approved work and related expenditures associated with an approved project.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

“Public agency” means the federal government or any federal department or agency, an Indian tribe, this state, all state departments, agencies, boards, and commissions, counties, school districts, public charter schools, cities, towns, all municipal corporations, administrative subunits, and any other political subdivision.

“Publicly held lands” means federal, public, and reserved land, State Trust Land, and other lands within Arizona that are owned, controlled, or managed by the federal government, a state agency, or political subdivision.

“Term of public use” means the time period during which the project or facility is expected to be maintained for public use.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2692, effective June 6, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 2200, effective August 2, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-702. General Provisions; Heritage Grant Fund Requirements**

- A.** The Department, in its sole discretion, may make Heritage Fund Grants available for projects that:
1. Are located in Arizona or benefit Arizona wildlife or its habitat; and
  2. Meet the criteria established in the Heritage Grant application materials.
- B.** The Department shall:
1. Provide public notice of the time, location, and due date for application submission; and
  2. Furnish materials necessary to complete the application.
- C.** An applicant seeking Heritage Grant funding shall submit to the Department a Heritage Fund Grant application according to a schedule of due dates determined by the Director. An applicant shall provide the following information on the Heritage Grant application form:
1. The name of the applicant;
  2. Any county and legislative district where the project will be developed or upon which the project will have a direct impact;
  3. The name, title, mailing address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the individual responsible for the day-to-day management of the proposed project;
  4. Identification of the application criterion established in the Heritage Grant application materials;
  5. A descriptive project title;
  6. The name of the site, primary location, and any other locations of the project;
  7. Description of the:
    - a. Scope of work and the objective of the proposed project,
    - b. Methods for achieving the objective, and
    - c. Desired result of the project;
  8. The beginning and ending dates for the project;
  9. The resources needed to accomplish the project, including grant monies requested, and, if applicable, evidence of secured matching funds or contributions; and
  10. Any additional supporting information required by the Department.
  11. Signature and date. The person signing the grant application form shall have the authority to enter into agreements, accept funding, and fulfill the terms of the Grant Agreement on behalf of the applicant.
- D.** A person applying for multiple projects shall submit a separate application for each project.
- E.** An applicant shall demonstrate ownership or control of the project. Ownership or control may be demonstrated through fee title, lease, easement, or agreement. For all other project types related to sites not controlled by an applicant, an applicant shall provide written permission from the property owner authorizing the project activities and access. The applicant’s proof of ownership or control or written permission shall demonstrate:
1. Permission for access is not revocable at will by the property owner, and
  2. Public access will be granted to the project site for the life of the project, unless the purpose of the project proposal is to limit access.
- F.** Heritage Grant proposals are competitive and the Department shall make awards based on a proposed project’s compatibility with the priorities of the Department, as approved by the Commission.
- G.** The Department may require an applicant to modify the application prior to awarding a Heritage Grant, if the Department determines that the modification is necessary for the successful completion of the project.
- H.** When applicable, the Department shall not release Heritage Grant funds until after the Department has consulted with the State Historic Preservation Office regarding the proposed project’s potential impact on historic and archaeological properties and resources.
- I.** The Department shall notify an applicant in writing of the results of the applicant’s submission and announce Heritage Grant awards at a regularly scheduled open meeting of the Commission.
- J.** A participant shall:
1. Sign the Grant Agreement before the Department transfers any grant funds.
  2. Deposit transferred Heritage Grant funds in a dedicated account carrying the name and number of the project. In the event the funds are deposited in an interest-bearing account, any interest earned shall be:
    - a. Used for the purpose of furthering the project, with prior approval from the Department; or
    - b. Remitted to the Department upon completion of the project.
  3. Complete the project as specified under the terms and conditions of the Grant Agreement.
  4. Use awarded Heritage Grant funds solely for the project described in the application and as approved by the Department.
  5. Bear full responsibility for performance of its subcontractors to ensure compliance with the Grant Agreement.
  6. Pay all costs associated with the operation and maintenance of properties, facilities, equipment, services, publications, and other media funded by a Heritage Grant for the term of public use as specified in the Grant Agreement.
  7. Submit records that substantiate the expenditure of Heritage Grant funds. In addition, each participant shall retain and shall contractually require each subcontractor to retain all books, accounts, reports, files, and any other records relating to the acquisition and performance of the contract for a period of five years from the end date of the project period. The Department may inspect and audit participant and subcontractor records as prescribed under A.R.S. § 35-214. Upon the Department’s request, a participant or subcontractor shall produce a legible copy of these records.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

8. Allow Department employees or agents to conduct inspections and reviews:
    - a. To ensure compliance with all terms and conditions established under the Grant Agreement.
    - b. Before release of the final payment.
  9. Give public acknowledgment of Heritage Fund grant assistance for the term of public use of a project. If a project involves acquisition of property, development of public access, or renovation of a habitat site, the participant shall install a permanent sign describing the funding sources. The participant may include the cost of this signage as part of the original project. The participant is responsible for maintenance or replacement of the sign as required. For other project types, the participant shall include Heritage Fund grant funding acknowledgment on any publicly available or accessible products resulting from the project.
- K.** A participant shall not:
1. Begin a project described in the application until after the grant effective date.
  2. Use Heritage Grant funds for the purpose of producing income unless authorized by the Department. A participant shall use all income generated to further the purpose of the approved project or surrender the income to the original funding source.
  3. Comingle Heritage Grant funds with any other funds.
  4. Use Heritage Grant funds to pay the salary of any public agency employee. A participant may use a public agency's employee's time as in-kind match for the project specified in the Grant Agreement.
- L.** The parties may amend the terms of the Grant Agreement by mutual written consent. The Department shall prepare any approved amendment in writing, and both the Department and the Grantee shall sign the amendment.
- M.** The Department and the participant may amend the Grant Agreement during the project period. A participant seeking to amend the Grant Agreement shall submit a written request that includes justification to amend the Grant Agreement. The Department shall prepare any approved amendment in writing and both the Department and the participant shall sign the amendment.
- N.** A participant shall submit project status reports, as required in the Grant Agreement. If a participant fails to submit a project status report, the Department may not release any remaining grant monies until the participant has submitted all past due project status reports. The project status report shall include the following information, as applicable:
1. Progress in completing approved work;
  2. Itemized, cumulative project expenditures;
  3. A financial accounting of:
    - a. Heritage Grant Funds,
    - b. Matching funds,
    - c. Donations, and
    - d. Income derived from project funds;
  4. Any delays or problems that may prevent the on-time completion of the project; and
  5. Any other information required by the Department.
- O.** At the end of the project period and for each year until the end of the term of public use, a participant shall:
1. Certify compliance with the Grant Agreement, and
  2. Complete a post-completion report form furnished by the Department.
- P.** Upon completion of approved project elements, if a balance of awarded Heritage Grant funds remains, the participant may:
1. Use the unexpended funds for an additional project consistent with the original scope of work, when approved by the Department; or
  2. Surrender the unexpended funds to the Department.
- Q.** Upon completion of the project a participant shall:
1. Surrender equipment with an acquisition cost of more than \$500 to the Department upon completion, or
  2. Use equipment purchased with Heritage Grant funds in a manner consistent with the purposes of the Grant Agreement.
- R.** A participant may request an extension beyond the approved project period by writing to the Department.
1. Requests for an extension shall be submitted by the participant no later than 30 days before the end of the project period.
  2. If approved, an extension shall be signed by both the participant and the Department.
- S.** A participant that has a Heritage Grant funded project in extension shall not apply for, nor be considered for, further Heritage Grants until the administrative subunit's project under extension is completed.
- T.** In addition, the Department may administratively extend the project period for good cause such as, but not limited to, inclement weather, internal personnel changes, or to complete the final closure documents.
- U.** A participant that failed to comply with the terms and conditions of a Grant Agreement shall not apply for, nor be considered for, further Heritage Grants until the participant's project is brought into compliance.
- V.** If a participant is not in compliance with the Grant Agreement, the Department may:
1. Terminate the Grant Agreement,
  2. Seek recovery of grant monies awarded, and
  3. Classify the participant as ineligible for Heritage Fund Grants for a period of up to five years.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2692, effective June 6, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 2200, effective August 2, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-703. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2692, effective June 6, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-703 renumbered to R12-4-705; new Section R12-4-703 made by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 2200, effective August 2, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-704. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-704 repealed; new Section R12-4-704 renumbered from R12-4-709 and amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

at 22 A.A.R. 2200, effective August 2, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-705. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2692, effective June 6, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-705 repealed; new Section R12-4-705 renumbered from R12-4-703 and amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 2200, effective August 2, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-706. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2692, effective June 6, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-706 repealed; new Section R12-4-706 renumbered from R12-4-710 and amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 2200, effective August 2, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-707. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-707 repealed; new Section R12-4-707 renumbered from R12-4-711 and amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 2200, effective August 2, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-708. Repealed****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2692, effective June 6, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-708 repealed; new Section R12-4-708 renumbered from R12-4-712 and amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Repealed by final rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 2200, effective August 2, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-709. Renumbered****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2692, effective June 6, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-709 renumbered to R12-4-704 by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

**R12-4-710. Renumbered****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-710 renumbered to R12-4-706 by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

**R12-4-711. Renumbered****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2692, effective June 6, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-711 renumbered to R12-4-707 by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

**R12-4-712. Renumbered****Historical Note**

Adopted effective July 12, 1996 (Supp. 96-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2692, effective June 6, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 4587, effective February 2, 2008 (Supp. 07-4). R12-4-712 renumbered to R12-4-708 by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2).

**ARTICLE 8. WILDLIFE AREAS AND DEPARTMENT PROPERTY****R12-4-801. General Provisions****A. Wildlife Areas:**

1. Wildlife areas shall be established to:
  - a. Provide protective measures for wildlife, habitat, or both;
  - b. Allow for hunting, fishing, and other recreational activities that are compatible with wildlife habitat conservation and education;
  - c. Allow for special management or research practices; and
  - d. Enhance wildlife and habitat conservation.
2. Wildlife areas shall be:
  - a. Lands owned, leased, or otherwise managed by the Commission;
  - b. Federally-owned lands of unique wildlife habitat where cooperative agreements provide wildlife management and research implementation; or
  - c. Any lands with property interest conveyed to the Commission by any entity, through an approved land use agreement, including but not limited to deeds, patents, leases, conservation easements, special use permits, licenses, management agreements, inter-agency agreements, letter agreements, and right-of-entry, where the property interest conveyed is sufficient for management of the lands consistent with the objectives of the wildlife area.
3. Land qualified for wildlife areas shall be:
  - a. Lands with unique topographic or vegetative characteristics that contribute to wildlife,
  - b. Lands where certain wildlife species are confined because of habitat demands,
  - c. Lands that can be physically managed and modified to attract wildlife, or
  - d. Lands that are identified as critical habitat for certain wildlife species during critical periods of their life cycles.
4. The Department may restrict public access to and public use of wildlife areas and the resources of wildlife areas for up to 90 days when necessary to protect property, ensure public safety, or to ensure maximum benefits to wildlife. Closures or restrictions exceeding 90 days shall require Commission approval.
5. Closures of all or any part of a wildlife area to public entry, and any restriction to public use of a wildlife area, shall be listed in this Article or shall be clearly posted at each entrance to the wildlife area. No person shall con-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

duct an activity restricted by this Article or by such posting.

6. When a wildlife area is posted against travel except on existing roads, no person shall drive a motor-operated vehicle over the countryside except by road.
  7. The Department may post signs that place additional restrictions on the use of wildlife areas. Such restrictions may include the timing, type, or duration of certain activities, including the prohibition of access or nature of use.
- B. Commission-owned real property other than Wildlife Areas:**
1. The Department may take action to manage public access and use of any Commission-owned real property or facilities. Such actions may include restrictions on the timing, type, or duration of certain activities, including the prohibition of access or nature of use.
  2. No person shall access or use any Commission-owned real property or facilities in violation of any Department actions authorized under subsection (B)(1), if signs are posted providing notice of the restrictions.

**Historical Note**

New Section adopted by exempt rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 1731, effective May 1, 2000 (Supp. 00-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 800, effective June 20, 2011 (Supp. 11-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 1070, effective June 15, 2012 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 951, effective June 7, 2016 (Supp. 16-2).

**R12-4-802. Wildlife Area and Other Department Managed Property Restrictions**

- A. No person shall violate the following restrictions on Wildlife Areas:**
1. Alamo Wildlife Area (located in Units 16A and 44A):
    - a. Wood collecting limited to dead and down material, for onsite noncommercial use only.
    - b. Overnight public camping in the wildlife area outside of Alamo State Park allowed for no more than 14 days within a 45-day period.
    - c. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - d. Posted portions closed to all public entry.
    - e. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
  2. Allen Severson Wildlife Area (located in Unit 3B):
    - a. No open fires.
    - b. No firewood cutting or gathering.
    - c. No overnight public camping.
    - d. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - e. Posted portions closed to discharge of all firearms from April 1 through July 25 annually.
    - f. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions closed to hunting from April 1 through July 25 annually.
  3. Aravaipa Canyon Wildlife Area (located in Units 31 and 32):
    - a. Access through the Aravaipa Canyon Wildlife Area within the Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness Area is by

permit only, available through the Safford Office of the Bureau of Land Management.

- Motorized vehicle travel is not permitted on the wildlife area. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
- b. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except the wildlife area is closed to the discharge of all firearms.
4. Arlington Wildlife Area (located in Unit 39):
    - a. No open fires.
    - b. No firewood cutting or gathering.
    - c. No overnight public camping.
    - d. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). No motorized travel is permitted within agriculture and crop production areas. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - e. Target or clay bird shooting permitted in designated areas only.
    - f. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except:
      - i. Posted portions around Department housing are closed to the discharge of all firearms; and
      - ii. Wildlife area is closed to the discharge of centerfire rifled firearms.
  5. Base and Meridian Wildlife Area (located in Units 39, 26M, and 47M):
    - a. No open fires.
    - b. No firewood cutting or gathering.
    - c. No overnight public camping.
    - d. Motorized vehicle travel is not permitted on the wildlife area. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - e. No target or clay bird shooting.
    - f. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except the wildlife area is closed to the discharge of rifled firearms.
  6. Becker Lake Wildlife Area (located in Unit 1):
    - a. No open fires.
    - b. No overnight public camping.
    - c. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - d. The Becker Lake boat launch access road and parking areas along with any other posted portions of the wildlife area will be closed to all public entry from one hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise daily.
    - e. Posted portions closed to all public entry.
    - f. Posted portions closed to hunting.
    - g. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except the wildlife area is closed to the discharge of rifled firearms.
  7. Bog Hole Wildlife Area (located in Unit 35B):
    - a. No open fires.
    - b. No firewood cutting or gathering.
    - c. No overnight public camping.
    - d. Motorized vehicle travel is not permitted on the wildlife area. This subsection does not apply to

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response or other emergency vehicles.
- e. Open to all hunting in season, by foot access only, as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
8. Chevelon Canyon Ranches Wildlife Area (located in Unit 4A):
- No open fires.
  - No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - No overnight public camping.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads and areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
9. Chevelon Creek Wildlife Area (located in Unit 4B):
- No open fires.
  - No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - No overnight public camping.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads and areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Posted portions closed to all public entry.
  - Additional posted portions closed to all public entry from October 1 through February 1 annually.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions closed to hunting from October 1 through February 1 annually.
10. Cibola Valley Conservation and Wildlife Area (located in unit 43A):
- No open fires.
  - No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - No overnight public camping.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated and administrative roads and areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). No motorized travel is permitted within agriculture and crop production areas. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Posted portions closed to all public entry.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except the wildlife area is closed to the discharge of rifled firearms.
11. Clarence May and C.H.M. May Memorial Wildlife Area (located in Unit 29):
- Closed to the discharge of all firearms, except as authorized under subsection (A)(11)(b).
  - Closed to hunting, except for predator hunts authorized by Commission Order.
12. Cluff Ranch Wildlife Area (located in Unit 31):
- Open fires allowed in designated areas only.
  - Wood collecting limited to dead and down material, for onsite noncommercial use only.
  - Overnight public camping allowed in designated areas only, for no more than 14 days within a 45-day period.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
- Posted portions around Department housing and Pond Three are closed to discharge of all firearms.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except the wildlife area is closed to the discharge of centerfire rifled firearms.
13. Colorado River Nature Center Wildlife Area (located in Unit 15D):
- No open fires.
  - No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - No overnight public camping.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles, law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Closed to hunting.
14. Fool Hollow Lake Wildlife Area (located in Unit 3C):
- No open fires.
  - No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - No overnight public camping.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - The parking area adjacent to Sixteenth Avenue and other posted portions of the wildlife area will be closed to all public entry daily from one hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise, except for anglers possessing a valid fishing license accessing Fool Hollow Lake/Show Low Creek.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
15. House Rock Wildlife Area (located in Unit 12A):
- Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles, law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
  - Members of the public are prohibited from being within 1/4 mile of the House Rock bison herd while on House Rock Wildlife Area, except when taking bison or accompanied by Department personnel.
16. Jacques Marsh Wildlife Area (located in Unit 3B):
- No open fires.
  - No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - No overnight public camping.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except the wildlife area is closed to the discharge of rimfire and centerfire rifled firearms.
17. Lamar Haines Wildlife Area (located in Unit 7):
- Wood cutting by permit only and collecting limited to dead and down material, for noncommercial use only. Upon request, a person may obtain a wood cutting permit from the Flagstaff Game and Fish Department regional office.
  - No overnight public camping.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- c. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - d. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
18. Lower San Pedro River Wildlife Area (located in Units 32 and 37B):
- a. Open fires allowed in designated areas only. The following acts are prohibited:
    - i. Building, attending, maintaining, or using a fire without removing all flammable material from around the fire to adequately prevent the fire from spreading from the fire pit.
    - ii. Carelessly or negligently throwing or placing any ignited substance or other substance that may cause a fire.
    - iii. Building, attending, maintaining, or using a fire in any area that is closed to fires.
    - iv. Leaving a fire without completely extinguishing it.
  - b. Wood collecting limited to dead and down material, for onsite noncommercial use only.
  - c. Overnight public camping allowed in designated areas only, for no more than 14 days within a 45-day period.
  - d. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - e. Posted portions closed to all public entry.
  - f. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions closed to hunting.
  - g. Parking allowed within 300 feet of designated open roads and in designated areas only.
  - h. Discharge of a firearm or pre-charged pneumatic weapon prohibited within ¼ mile of buildings.
  - i. A person shall not use a metal detector or similar device except as authorized by the Department. This subsection does not apply to law enforcement officers in the scope of their official duties, or to persons duly licensed, permitted, or otherwise authorized to investigate historical or cultural artifacts by a government agency with regulatory authority over cultural or historic artifacts.
19. Luna Lake Wildlife Area (located in Unit 1):
- a. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - b. Posted portions closed to all public entry from February 15 through July 31 annually.
  - c. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except when closed to hunting from April 1 through July 31 annually.
20. Mittry Lake Wildlife Area (located in Unit 43B):
- a. Open fires allowed in designated areas only.
  - b. Overnight public camping allowed in designated areas only, for no more than 10 days per calendar year.
  - c. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - d. Posted portions closed to all public entry.
  - e. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions closed to hunting.
21. Planet Ranch Conservation and Wildlife Area (located in Units 16A and 44A):
- a. No open fires.
  - b. No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - c. Overnight public camping allowed in designated areas only, for no more than 14 days within a 45-day period.
  - d. Motorized vehicle travel:
    - i. Is permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H).
    - ii. Is prohibited within the posted Lower Colorado River Multi-Species Conservation Program habitat area.
    - iii. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - e. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions closed to hunting.
22. Powers Butte (Mumme Farm) Wildlife Area (located in Unit 39):
- a. No open fires.
  - b. No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - c. No overnight public camping.
  - d. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on posted designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - e. If conducted during an event approved under R12-4-125, target or clay bird shooting is permitted in designated areas only.
  - f. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except:
    - i. Posted portions around Department housing are closed to the discharge of all firearms; and
    - ii. Wildlife area is closed to the discharge of centerfire rifled firearms.
23. Quigley-Achee Wildlife Area (located in Unit 41):
- a. No open fires.
  - b. No overnight public camping.
  - c. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). No motorized travel is permitted within agriculture and crop production areas. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - d. Posted portions closed to all public entry.
  - e. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions closed to hunting.
24. Raymond Wildlife Area (located in Unit 5B):
- a. Overnight public camping permitted in designated sites only, for no more than 14 days within a 45-day period.
  - b. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110 (G). All-terrain and utility type vehicles

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- are prohibited. For the purpose of this subsection, all-terrain and utility type vehicle means a motor vehicle having three or more wheels fitted with large tires and is designed chiefly for recreational use over roadless, rugged terrain. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
- c. Posted portions closed to all public entry from May 1 through July 29 annually.
  - d. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions closed to hunting periodically during hunting seasons.
  - e. Members of the public are prohibited from being within 1/4 mile of the Raymond bison herd while on Raymond Wildlife Area, except when taking bison or accompanied by Department personnel.
  - f. Prior to entering Raymond Wildlife Area, members of the public shall sign in at a posted sign-in kiosk and by doing so acknowledge they have read and shall comply with the posted Raymond Wildlife Areas restrictions.
25. Robbins Butte Wildlife Area (located in Unit 39):
    - a. No open fires.
    - b. No firewood cutting or gathering.
    - c. No overnight public camping.
    - d. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only from one hour before sunrise to one hour after sunset daily, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - e. Parking in designated areas only.
    - f. If conducted during an event approved under R12-4-125, target or clay bird shooting is permitted in designated areas only.
    - g. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318 except the wildlife area is closed to the discharge of centerfire rifled firearms.
  26. Roosevelt Lake Wildlife Area (located in Units 22, 23, and 24B):
    - a. Posted portions closed to all public entry from November 15 through February 15 annually.
    - b. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). No motorized travel is permitted within agriculture and crop production areas. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - c. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions closed to hunting from November 15 through February 15 annually.
  27. Santa Rita Wildlife Area (located in Unit 34A):
    - a. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). Portions of the wildlife area may be posted as closed to motorized vehicle travel for periodical research purposes. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - b. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except that the take of wildlife with firearms is prohibited from March 1 through August 31.
  28. Sipe White Mountain Wildlife Area (located in Unit 1):
    - a. No open fires.
    - b. No firewood cutting or gathering.
    - c. No overnight public camping.
    - d. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - e. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions around Department housing is closed to the discharge of all firearms.
  29. Springerville Marsh Wildlife Area (located in Unit 2B):
    - a. No open fires.
    - b. No firewood cutting or gathering.
    - c. No overnight public camping.
    - d. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - e. Closed to the discharge of all firearms.
    - f. Open to all hunting as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except the wildlife area is closed to the discharge of all firearms.
  30. Sunflower Flat Wildlife Area (located in Unit 8):
    - a. No overnight public camping.
    - b. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - c. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
  31. Three Bar Wildlife Area (located in Unit 22):
    - a. Motorized vehicle travel:
      - i. Is permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H).
      - ii. Is prohibited within the Three Bar Wildlife and Habitat Study Area.
      - iii. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - b. Open to all hunting in season, as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except the area within the fenced enclosure inside the loop formed by Tonto National Forest Road 647, also known as the Walnut Canyon Enclosure, which is closed to hunting, unless otherwise provided under Commission Order.
  32. Tucson Mountain Wildlife Area (located in Unit 38M):
    - a. Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads and trails as part of the road system managed and regulated by the City of Tucson and Pima County. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
    - b. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except:
      - i. Portions posted as closed to hunting, and
      - ii. Wildlife area is closed to the discharge of all firearms.

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- c. Archery deer and archery javelina hunters must check in with the Arizona Game and Fish Tucson Regional Office prior to going afield.
33. Upper Verde River Wildlife Area (located in Unit 8 and 19A):
- No open fires.
  - No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - No overnight public camping.
  - Motorized vehicle travel is not permitted. This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire department, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
  - All dogs must remain on leash except for hunting dogs during a legal open season.
34. Wenima Wildlife Area (located in Unit 2B):
- No open fires.
  - No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - No overnight public camping.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
35. White Mountain Grasslands Wildlife Area (located in Unit 1):
- No open fires.
  - No overnight public camping.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Posted portions closed to all public entry.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318.
36. Whitewater Draw Wildlife Area (located in Unit 30B):
- Open fires allowed in designated areas only.
  - Overnight public camping allowed in designated areas only, for no more than 14 days within a 45-day period.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
  - Posted portions closed to all public entry from October 15 through March 15 annually.
  - Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except the wildlife area is closed to the discharge of centerfire rifled firearms.
37. Willcox Playa Wildlife Area (located in Unit 30A):
- Open fires allowed in designated areas only.
  - No firewood cutting or gathering.
  - Overnight public camping allowed in designated areas only, for no more than 14 days within a 45-day period.
  - Motorized vehicle travel permitted on designated roads, trails, or areas only, except as permitted under R12-4-110(H). This subsection does not apply to Department authorized vehicles or law enforcement, fire response, or other emergency vehicles.
- e. Posted portions closed to all public entry from October 15 through March 15 annually.
- f. Open to all hunting in season as permitted under R12-4-304 and R12-4-318, except posted portions closed to hunting from October 15 through March 15 annually.
- B.** Notwithstanding Commission Order 40, public access and use of the Hirsch Conservation Education Area and Biscuit Tank is limited to activities conducted and offered by the Department and in accordance with the Department's special management objectives for the property, which include, but are not limited to, flexible harvest, season, and methods that:
- Allow for a variety of fishing techniques, fish harvest, fish consumption, and catch and release educational experiences;
  - Maintain a healthy, productive, and balanced fish community and
  - Provide public education activities and training courses that are compatible with the management of aquatic wildlife.

**Historical Note**

New Section adopted by exempt rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 1731, effective May 1, 2000 (Supp. 00-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 8 A.A.R. 2107, effective May 1, 2002 (Supp. 02-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3141, effective August 23, 2003 (Supp. 03-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 10 A.A.R. 1976, effective May 14, 2004 (Supp. 04-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1927, effective May 20, 2005 (Supp. 05-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 12 A.A.R. 1698, effective May 19, 2006 (Supp. 06-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 13 A.A.R. 1741, effective May 18, 2007 (Supp. 07-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 14 A.A.R. 1841, effective April 22, 2008 (Supp. 08-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 397, effective March 5, 2010 (Supp. 10-1). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 800, effective June 20, 2011 (Supp. 11-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 1070, effective June 15, 2012 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 931, effective June 17, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 841, effective June 17, 2014 (Supp. 14-1). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 951, effective June 7, 2016 (Supp. 16-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 2209, effective October 4, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-803. Wildlife Area and Other Department Managed Property Boundary Descriptions****A.** For the purposes of this Section:

- "B.C." means brass cap.  
 "B.C.F." means brass cap flush.  
 "G&SRB&M" means Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian.  
 "M&B" means metes and bounds.  
 "R" means Range line.  
 "T" means Township line.

**B.** Wildlife Areas are described as follows:

- Alamo Wildlife Area: The Alamo Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows:  
 T10N, R13W; Section 3 N1/2, SW1/4, SE1/4 Mohave County only; Section 4, E1/2SW1/4, SE1/4; Section 9, NE1/4, E1/2NW1/4; Section 10, NW1/4NW1/4, NE1/4NW1/4 within designated Wilderness Area. T11N, R11W; Section 7, S1/2SW1/4; Section 18, N1/2 NW1/4; T11N, R12W; Section 4, Lots 2, 3 and 4, SW1/4NE1/4, S1/2NW1/4, SW1/4, W1/2SE1/4; Section 5, Lot 1, SE1/

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- 4NE1/4, E1/2SE1/4; Section 7, S1/2, SE1/4 NE1/4; Section 8, NE1/4, S1/2NW1/4, S1/2; Section 9; Section 10, S1/2NW1/4, S1/2; Section 11, S1/2S1/2; Section 12, S1/2S1/2; Section 13, N1/2, N1/2SW1/4, NW1/4SE1/4; Section 14, N1/2, E1/2SE1/4; Section 15, N1/2, SW1/4SW1/4, SW1/4SE1/4; Section 16, 17, 18 and 19; Section 20, N1/2, N1/2SW1/4; Section 21, NW1/4; Section 29, SW1/4, SW1/4SE1/4; Section 30; Section 31, N1/2, N1/2S1/2; Section 32, NW1/4, N1/2SW1/4; T11N, R13W; Section 12, SE1/4SW1/4, SW1/4SE1/4, E1/2SE1/4; Section 13; Section 14, S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4SW1/4, SE1/4; Section 22, S1/2SW1/4, SE1/4; Section 23, E1/2, E1/2NW1/4, SW1/4NW1/4, SW1/4; Section 24, 25 and 26; Section 27, E1/2, E1/2W1/2; Section 34, E1/2, E1/2NW1/4, SW1/4; Section 35 W1/2, W1/2NE1/4; T12N, R12W; Section 19, E1/2, SE1/4SW1/4; Section 20, NW1/4NW1/4, SW1/4SW1/4; Section 28, W1/2SW1/4; Section 29, W1/2NW1/4, S1/2, SE1/4NW1/4; Section 30, E1/2, E1/2NW1/4, NE1/4SW1/4; Section 31, NE1/4NE1/4; Section 32, N1/2, N1/2SE1/4, SE1/4SE1/4; Section 33, W1/2E1/2, W1/2; all in G&SRB&M, Mohave and La Paz Counties, Arizona.
2. Allen Severson Memorial Wildlife Area: The Allen Severson Memorial Wildlife Area shall be that area including Pintail Lake and South Marsh lying within the fenced and posted portions of: T11N, R22E; Section 32, SE1/4; Section 33, S1/2SW1/4; T10N, R22E; Section 4, N1/2NW1/4; T10N, R22E; Section 4: the posted portion of the NW1/4SW1/4; all in G&SRB&M, Navajo County, Arizona, consisting of approximately 300 acres.
  3. Aravaipa Canyon Wildlife Area: The Aravaipa Canyon Wildlife Area shall be that area within the flood plain of Aravaipa Creek and the first 50 vertical feet above the streambed within the boundaries of the Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness Area administered by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Graham and Pinal Counties, Arizona.
  4. Arlington Wildlife Area: The Arlington Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows: T1S, R5W, Section 33, E1/2SE1/4; T2S, R5W, Section 3, W1/2W1/2, Section 4, E1/2, and Parcel 401-58-001A as described by the Maricopa County Assessor's Office; a parcel of land lying within Section 4, T2S, R5W, more particularly described as follows: commencing at the southwest corner of said Section 4, 2-inch aluminum cap (A.C.) in pothole stamped "RLS 36562", from which the northwest corner of said Section, a 1 1/2-inch B.C. stamped "T1S R5W S32 S33 S5 S4 1968", bears N 00°09'36" E (basis of bearing) a distance of 4130.10 feet, said southwest corner being the point of beginning; thence along the west line of said Section, N 00°09'36" E a distance of 16.65 feet; thence leaving said west line, S 89°48'28" E a distance of 986.79 feet; thence N 00°47'35" E a distance of 2002.16 feet; thence N 01°07'35" E a distance of 2102.65 feet to the north line of said Section; thence along said north line S 89°18'45" E a distance of 1603.61 feet to the N1/4 corner of said Section, a 1/2-inch metal rod; thence leaving said north line, along the north-south midsection line of said Section, S 00°08'44" E a distance of 4608.75 feet to the S1/4 corner of said Section, a 3-inch B.C.F. stamped "T2S R5W 1/4S4 S9 RLS 46118 2008"; thence leaving said north-south midsection line, along the south line of said Section, N 79°10'54" W a distance of 2719.41 feet to the point of beginning. Subject to existing rights-of-way and easements. This parcel description is based on the Record of Survey for Alma Richardson Property, recorded in Book 996, page 25, Maricopa County Records and other client provided information. This parcel description is located within an area surveyed by Wood, Patel & Associates, Inc. during the month of April, 2008 and October, 2009 and any monumentation noted in this parcel description is within acceptable tolerance (as defined in Arizona Boundary Survey Minimum Standards dated 02/14/2002) of said positions based on said survey; all in G&SRB&M, Maricopa County, Arizona. Section 9; NW1/4 and SW1/4; Section 3; LOT 4 SW1/4NW1/4, W1/2SW1/4 NE1/4SE1/4; Section 3; M&B in LOT 1 SE1/4NE1/4E1/2SE1/4; Section 9; M&B in NE1/4NE1/4; Section 10; SW1/4NW1/4; Section 15; those portions of S1/2W1/4 and N1/2SW1/4 lying west of the primary through road; Section 16; W1/2 M&B in E1/2E1/2 W1/2E1/2; Section 21; NE1/4NW1/4 and Parcel 401-61-008D as described by the Maricopa County Assessor's Office, more particularly described as follows: commencing at the BLM B.C. marking the northeast corner of said Section 21, from which the BLM B.C. marking the northwest corner of said Section 21 bears N 82°26'05" W a distance of 5423.64 feet; thence N 82°26'05" W along the north line of Section 21 a distance of 2711.82 feet to the NW1/4 corner of said Section 21; thence S 00°33'45" W along the north-southerly midsection line of said Section 21 a distance of 33.25 feet to the True Point of Beginning; thence continuing S 00° 33'45" W along said north-south midsection line a distance of 958.00 feet to a point on a line which is parallel with and 983.85 feet southerly, as measured at right angles from the north line of said Section 21; thence N 82°26'05" W along said parallel line a distance of 925.54 feet; thence N 26°12'18" W a distance of 153.32 feet; thence N 13°26'18" W a distance of 303.93 feet; thence N 34°15'49" W a distance of 189.27 feet; thence N 21°32'45" W a distance of 215.60 feet; thence N 89°25'47" W a distance of 95.37 feet to a point on the west line of the NE1/4N1/4 of said Section 21; thence N 00°34'13" E, along said west line a distance of 223.54 feet to a point on a line which is parallel with and 33.00 feet southerly, as measured at right angles from the north line of said Section 21; thence S 82°26'05" E along said parallel line, a distance of 1355.91 feet to the True Point of Beginning; all in G&SRB&M, Maricopa County, Arizona.
  5. Base and Meridian Wildlife Area: The Base and Meridian Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows: T1N, R1E, Section 31; Maricopa County APN 101-44-023, also known as Lots 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 and NE1/4SW1/4, and Maricopa County APN 101-44-003J, also known as the S1/2S1/2SW1/4NW1/4 except the west 55 feet thereof; and 101-44-003K, also known as the S1/2S1/2SW1/4NW1/4 except the west 887.26 feet thereof; and Maricopa County APN 104-44-002S, also known as that portion of the N1/2SE1/4, described as follows: commencing at the aluminum cap set at the E1/4 corner of said Section 31, from which the 3" iron pipe set at the southeast corner of said Section 31, S 00°20'56" W a distance of 2768.49 feet; thence S 00°20' 56" W along the east line of said SE1/4 of Section 31 a distance of 1384.25 feet to the southeast corner of said N1/2SE1/4; thence S 89°25'13" W along the south line of said N1/2SE1/4 a distance of 2644.35 feet to the southwest corner of said N1/2SE1/4 and the point of beginning; thence N 00°03'37" W along the west line of said SE1/4 a distance of 746.86 feet to the south line of the north 607.00 feet of

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

said N1/2SE1/4; thence N 88°46' 12" E along said south line of the north 607.00 feet of the N1/2SE1/4 a distance of 656.09 feet; thence S 00°03'37" E parallel with said west line of the SE1/4 a distance of 754.31 feet to said south line of the N1/2SE1/4; Thence S 89°25' 13" W along said south line of the N1/2SE1/4 a distance of 655.98 feet to the point of beginning. T1N, R1W, Section 34, N1/2SE1/4; Section 35, S1/2; Section 36. The Maricopa County APN 500-69-099; the W1/2SE1/4NE1/4. APN 500-69-099, 500-69-100, also known as that portion of the SE1/4SE1/4NE1/4. 500-69-010C, also known as that portion of the W1/2SE1/4NE1/4, except any portion of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36 lying within the following described four parcels: Exception 1: commencing at the northeast corner of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36; thence along the east line thereof S 00°10' E a distance of 846.16 feet to the point of beginning; thence continuing S 00°18' E a distance of 141.17 feet; thence S 87°51'15" W a distance of 570.53 feet; thence S 00°29' E a distance of 310.00 feet to the south line of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36; thence N 89°29' W along the west line of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36 a distance of 425.93 feet; said point bears S 00°29' E a distance of 895.93 feet from the northwest corner of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36; thence N 85°54'33" E a distance of 647.01 feet to the point of beginning. Exception 2: commencing at the northeast corner of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36; thence along the east line thereof S 00°18' E a distance of 846.16 feet to the point of beginning; said point being on the northerly line of the Flood Control District of Maricopa County parcel as shown in Document 84-26119, Maricopa County Records; thence S 85°54'33" W a distance of 647.01 feet to the west line of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36; thence N 00°29' W along said west line a distance of 30 feet; thence N 84°23'15" E a distance of 228.19 feet; thence N 87°17'06" E a distance of 418.85 feet to the east line of the W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36; thence S 00°18' E along said east line a distance of 26.00 feet to the point of beginning. Exception 3: the South 37.6 feet of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36. Except all oil, gas and other hydrocarbon substances, helium or other substance of gaseous nature, coal, metals, minerals, fossils, fertilizer of every name and description and except all materials which may be essential to the production of fissionable material as reserved in Arizona Revised Statutes. Exception 4: that part of the W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36, T1N, R1W lying north of the following described line: commencing at the northeast corner of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36; thence along the east line thereof S 00°18'00" E a distance of 820.16 feet, to the point of beginning; said point being on the northerly line of the Flood District of Maricopa County parcel as shown in Document 85-357813, Maricopa County Records; thence S 87°17'06" W a distance of 418.85 feet; thence S 84°23'15" W a distance of 228.19 feet to the west line of said W1/2SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36 and the point of terminus. The above described parcel contains 162,550 sq. ft. or 3.7316 acres 500-69-001L and 500-69-001M, also known as the N1/2SE1/4, except the south 892.62 feet thereof. 500-69-001N, 500-69-001P, 500-69-001Q, 500-69-001R, 500-69-001T, 500-69-001X, 500-69-001Y, also known as that portion of the south 892.62 feet of the N1/2SE1/4. The SE1/4SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36, T1N, R1W, except the south 37.6 feet of said SE1/4SE1/4NE1/4, and except the east 55 feet of said SE1/4

SE1/4NE1/4, and except that part of said SE1/4SE1/4NE1/4 lying north of the most southerly line of the parcel described in Record 84-026119, Maricopa County Records, said southerly line being described as follows: beginning at the NE1/4S1/2NE1/4SE1/4NE1/4 of said Section 36; thence S 00°07' E along the east line of Section 36, a distance of 50.70 feet; thence S 89°53' W a distance of 55.00 feet to a point on the west line of the east 55.00 feet of said Section 36; thence S 00°07' E along said line, a distance of 510.00 feet; thence S 81°4'43" W a distance of 597.37 feet to a terminus point on the west line of said SE1/4SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36, and except that part of said SE1/4SE1/4NE1/4 described as follows: commencing at the E1/4 corner of said Section 36; thence N 89°37'23" W along the south line of said SE1/4SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36, a distance of 241.25 feet; thence N 18°53'04" E a distance of 39.65 feet to the point of beginning; thence continuing N 18°53'04" E a distance of 408.90 feet; thence S 81°04'43" W a distance of 222.55 feet; thence S 18°53'04" W a distance of 370.98 feet; thence S 89°37'23" E a distance of 207.58 feet to the point of beginning. That portion of land lying within the SE1/4SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 36, T1N, R1W, and the S1/2SW1/4NW1/4 of Section 31, T1N, R1E, as described in Document Number 99-1109246. Except the west 22 feet of the property described in Recorder Number 97-0425420, also known as APN 101-44-003G; and except the west 22 feet of the property described in Recorder Number 97-566498, also known as APN 101-44-013; all in G&SRB&M, Maricopa County, Arizona.

6. Becker Lake Wildlife Area: The Becker Lake Wildlife Area shall be that area including Becker Lake lying within the fenced and posted portions of: T9N, R29E, Section 19, SE1/4SE1/4 also known as APN. 105-07-001; Section 20, SW1/4SW1/4; beginning at a point 1012 feet north of the southwest corner of the SE1/4SW1/4 of Section 20, T9N, R29E; thence north 1285 feet; thence east a distance of 462 feet; thence south a distance of 2122 feet, more or less to the center of U.S. Highway 60; thence in a northwesterly direction along the center of U.S. Highway 60 a distance of 944 feet, more or less; thence west a distance of 30 feet, more or less to the point of beginning, also known as APN 105-08-002; Section 29, W1/2NW1/4, NW1/4SW1/4, also known as APN 105-15-003; beginning at the S1/4 corner of said Section 29, said point being the True Point of Beginning; thence N 00°43'20" E along the western boundary of the SE1/4 of said Section 29, a distance of 1329.15 feet to the center-south 1/16 corner of said Section 29; thence S 89°53'01" W along the southern boundary of the NE1/4SW1/4 of said Section 29, a distance of 99.69 feet; thence N 00°43'20" E a distance of 417.54 feet; thence S 89°31'37" E a distance of 99.69 feet; thence N 00°43'20" E along the western boundary of the SE1/4 of said Section 29 a distance of 374.40 feet; thence N 88°49'48" E a distance of 474.94 feet; thence N 27°35' 15" E a distance of 99.21 feet; thence N 04°13'26" W a distance of 160.59 feet; thence N 37°38'44" E a distance of 12.27 feet; thence S 26°22'25" E a distance of 371.13 feet; thence N 31°21'35" E a distance of 58.00 feet; thence S 26°22'27" E a distance of 1203.23 feet; thence S 63°58'58" W a distance of 200.00 feet; thence S 36°24'36" E a distance of 375.11 feet; thence S 00°24'06" W a distance of 490.79 feet; thence S 01°22'24" E a distance of 110.21 feet; thence S 22°27'23" E a distance of 44.27 feet; thence N 89°48'03" W a distance of 1331.98

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

feet to the True Point of Beginning, also known as APN 105-15-014E; beginning at the corner of Sections 28, 29, 32 and 33, T9N, R29E of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona; thence N 54°21'09" W a distance of 1623.90 feet; thence N 26°00'59" W a distance of 100.00 feet; thence N 26°22'14" W a distance of 1203.23 feet to the True Point of Beginning; thence N 26°22'27" W a distance of 351.19 feet; thence S 55°14'10" W a distance of 38.42 feet; thence S 37°38'44" W a distance of 12.38 feet; thence S 26°22'14" E a distance of 371.13 feet; thence N 31°21'35" E a distance of 58.00 feet to the True Point of Beginning, also known as APN 105-15-014C. S1/2SW1/4, except the following described parcel: commencing at a 2-inch aluminum cap monument stamped LS 8906 located at the Section corner common to Sections 29, 30, 31 and 32 of said Township and Range; thence bear S 89°46'16" E along the Section line common to Sections 29 and 32, a distance of 1038.05 feet to the True Point of Beginning; thence N 35°17'33" E along the northwest boundary of the Springerville Municipal Airport a distance of 328.32 feet; thence S 39°31'26" E a distance of 349.55 feet to a point on the Section line common to Sections 29 and 32; thence N 89°46'44" W a distance of 131.96 feet to the W1/16 corner of Sections 29 and 32; thence N 89°46'16" W a distance of 280.18 feet to the True Point of Beginning. Section 30, NE1/4SE1/4, E1/2NE1/4 also known as APN 105-16-001; W1/2NE1/4, W1/2NE1/4 also known as APN 105-16-002; Section 32, beginning at the N1/4 corner of said Section 32, said point being the True Point of Beginning; thence S 89°48'03" E along the north line of said Section 32 a distance of 1331.98 feet; thence S 21°49'15" E a distance of 198.07 feet; thence S 20°56'35" W a distance of 191.75 feet; thence S 19°53'23" W a distance of 24.65 feet; thence S 39°17'55" W a distance of 86.61 feet; thence S 01°41'36" E a distance of 13.60 feet; thence S 50°13'33" W a distance of 1.29 feet; thence S 02°24'23" E a distance of 906.39 feet; thence S 00°44'11" W a distance of 466.82 feet; thence S 35°26'56" W a distance of 218.51 feet; thence S 89°57'05" W a distance of 1141.87 feet; thence N 07°57'52" E a distance of 328.83 feet; thence N 77°39'30" W a distance of 68.79 feet; thence N 00°30'56" W a distance of 334.16 feet to a 1/16th section corner; thence N 00°30'56" W a distance of 1349.10 feet to the True Point of Beginning. Except therefrom any portion lying in the S1/2SW1/4NE1/4 of said Section 32 also known as APN 105-18-008A; all that portion of the NE1/4NW1/4 of Section 32, T9N, R29E of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona, lying east of the Becker Lake Roadway; except for the following described parcel: from the NW1/16 corner of said Section 32; thence S 89°45'28" E along the 1/16 line a distance of 736.55 feet to the True Point of Beginning, said point being in the west rights-of-way limits of Becker Lake Rd.; thence N 06°09'00" W along the west line of said right-of-way a distance of 266.70 feet to a 1/2-inch rebar with a tag marked LS 13014; thence N 06°21'43" W a distance of 263.42 feet to a 1/2-inch rebar with a tag marked LS 13014; thence N 06°21'43" W a distance of 198.60 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar with a plastic cap marked LS 13014; thence N 78°43'10" E a distance of 158.40 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar with a plastic cap marked LS 13014; thence S 47°05'42" E a distance of 65.65 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar with a plastic cap marked LS 13014; thence S 29°24'20" E a distance of 202.48 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar with a plastic cap marked LS 13014; thence S 48°03'17" W a dis-

tance of 146.19 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar with a plastic cap marked LS 13014; thence South 19°36'10" West a distance of 115.75 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar with a plastic cap marked LS 13014; thence South 00°38'05" East a distance of 74.66 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar with a plastic cap marked LS 13014; thence S 14°52' 53" E a distance of 125.09 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar with a plastic cap marked LS 13014; thence S 15°08'20" E a distance of 136.60 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar with a plastic cap marked LS 13014; thence S 89°58'07" W a distance of 144.13 feet to the True Point of Beginning, also known as APN 105-18-012G.

7. Bog Hole Wildlife Area: The Bog Hole Wildlife Area lying in Sections 29, 32 and 33, T22S, R17E shall be the fenced and posted area described as follows: beginning at the southeast corner of Section 32, T22S, R17E, G&SRB&M, Santa Cruz County, Arizona; thence N 21°42'20" W a distance of 1394.86 feet to the True Point of Beginning; thence N 9°15'26" W a distance of 1014.82 feet; thence N 14°30'58" W a distance of 1088.82 feet; thence N 36°12'57" W a distance of 20.93 feet; thence N 50°16'38" W a distance of 1341.30 feet; thence N 57°51'08" W a distance of 1320.68 feet; thence N 39°03'53" E a distance of 1044.90 feet; thence N 39°07'43" E a distance of 1232.32 feet; thence S 36°38'48" E a distance of 1322.93 feet; thence S 43°03'17" E a distance of 1312.11 feet; thence S 38°19'38" E a distance of 1315.69 feet; thence S 13°11'59" W a distance of 2083.31 feet; thence S 69°42'45" W a distance of 920.49 feet to the True Point of Beginning.
8. Chevelon Canyon Ranches Wildlife Area: The Chevelon Canyon Ranches Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows:  
 Duran Ranch: T12N, R14E; Sections 6 and 7, more particularly bounded and described as follows: beginning at Corner 1, from which the Standard Corner to Section 31 in T13N, R14E and Section 36 T13N, R13E, bears N 11°41' W 21.53 chains distant; thence S 26°5' E 6.80 chains to Corner 2; thence S 66° W 12.74 chains to Corner 3; thence S 19°16' W 13.72 chains to Corner 4; thence S 29°1' W 50.02 chains to Corner 5; thence N 64°15' W five chains to Corner 6; thence N 28°54' E 67.97 chains to Corner 7; thence N 55°36' E 11.02 to Corner 1; the place of beginning; all in G&SRB&M, Coconino County, Arizona. Dye Ranch: T12N, R14E Sections 9 and 16, more particularly described as follows: beginning at Corner 1 from which the Standard corner to Sections 32 and 33 in T13N, R14E, bears N 2° 24' E 127.19 chains distant; thence S 50°20' E 4.96 chains to corner 2; thence S 29°48' W 21.97 chains to Corner 3; thence S 14°45' W 21.00 chains to Corner 4; thence N 76°23' W 3.49 chains to Corner 5; thence N 10°13' W 14.02 chains to Corner 6; thence N 19°41' E 8.92 chains to Corner 7; thence N 38°2' E 24.79 chains to Corner 1, the place of beginning; all in G&SRB&M, Coconino County, Arizona. Tillman Ranch: T12N, R14E land included in H.E. Survey 200 embracing a portion of approximately Sections 9 and 10 in T12N, R14E of G&SRB&M; all in G&SRB&M, Coconino County, Arizona. Vincent Ranch: T12N, R13E; Sections 3 and 4, more particularly described as follows: beginning at Corner 1, from which the south corner to Section 33, T13N, R13E, bears N 40°53' W 16.94 chains distance; thence S 53° 08' E 2.98 chains to Corner 2; thence S 11°26' W 6.19 chains to Corner 3; thence S 49°43' W 22.41 chains to Corner 4; thence S 22°45' W

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- 30.03 chains to Corner 5; thence N 67°35' W 6.00 chains to Corner 6; thence N 23° E 30.03 chains to Corner 7; thence N 42°18' E 21.19 chains to Corner 8; thence N 57°52' E 8.40 chains to Corner 1, the place of beginning; all in G&SRB&M, Coconino County, Arizona. Wolf Ranch: T12N, R14E, Sections 18 and 19, more particularly bounded and described as follows: beginning at Corner 1, from which the U.S. Location Monument 184 H. E. S. bears S 88°53' E 4.41 chains distant; thence S 34°4' E 11.19 chains to Corner 2; thence S 40°31' W 31.7 chains to Corner 3; thence S 63°3' W 7.97 chains to Corner 4; thence S 23°15' W 10.69 chains to Corner 5; thence N 59° W 2.60 chains to Corner 6; thence N 18°45' E 10.80 chains to Corner 7; thence N 51°26' E 8.95 chains to Corner 8; thence N 30°19' E 34.37 chains to Corner 1; the place of beginning; all in G&SRB&M, Coconino County, Arizona.
9. Chevelon Creek Wildlife Area: The Chevelon Creek Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows: Parcel 1: The S1/2S1/2NW1/4SW1/4 of Section 23, T18N, R17E of G&SRB&M; Parcel 2: Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Section 26, T18N, R17E of G&SRB&M; Parcel 1: That portion of the NE1/4 of Section 26 lying northerly of Chevelon Creek Estates East Side 1 Amended, according to the plat of record in Book 5 of Plats, page 35, records of Navajo County, Arizona, all in T18N, R17E of G&SRB&M, Navajo County, Arizona. Parcel 2: That part of Tract A, Chevelon Creek Estates East Side 1 Amended, according to the plat of record in Book 5 of Plats, page 35, records of Navajo County, Arizona lying northerly of the following described line: beginning at the southwest corner of Lot 3 of said subdivision; thence southwesterly in a straight line to the southwest corner of Lot 6 of said subdivision.
10. Cibola Valley Conservation and Wildlife Area: The Cibola Valley Conservation and Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows: Parcel 1: this parcel is located in the NW1/4 of Section 36, T1N, R24W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, lying east of the right of way line of the "Cibola Channelization Project of the United States Bureau of Reclamation Colorado River Front Work and Levee System," as indicated on Bureau of Reclamation Drawing 423-300-438, dated March 31, 1964, and more particularly described as follows: beginning at the northeast corner of the NW1/4 of said Section 36; thence south and along the east line of the NW1/4 of said Section 36, a distance of 2646.00 feet to a point being the southeast corner of the NW1/4 of said Section 36; thence westerly and along the south line of the NW1/4 a distance of 1711.87 feet to a point of intersection with the east line of the aforementioned right of way; thence northerly and along said east line of the aforementioned right of way, a distance of 2657.20 feet along a curve concave easterly, having a radius of 9260.00 feet to a point of intersection with the north line of the NW1/4 of said Section 36; thence easterly and along the north line of the NW1/4 of said Section 36, a distance of 1919.74 feet to the point of beginning. Parcel 2: this parcel is located in the U.S. Government Survey of Lot 1 and the E1/2SW1/4 of Section 36, T1N, R24W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, lying east of the right of way line of the "Cibola Channelization Project of the United States Bureau of Reclamation Colorado River Front Work and Levee System," as indicated on Bureau of Reclamation Drawing 423-300-438, dated March 31, 1964, and more particularly described as follows: beginning at the S1/4 corner of said Section 36; thence westerly and along the south line of said Section 36, a distance of 610.44 feet to a point of intersection with the east line of the aforementioned right of way; thence northerly along said east line of the of the aforementioned right of way and along a curve concave southwesterly, having a radius of 17350.00 feet, a distance of 125.12 feet; thence continuing along said right of way line and along a reverse curve having a radius of 9260.00 feet, a distance of 2697.10 feet to a point of intersection with the east-west midsection line of said Section 36; thence easterly along said east-west midsection line, a distance of 1711.87 feet to a point being the center of said Section 36; thence south and along the north-south midsection line, a distance of 2640.00 feet to the point of beginning. Parcel 3: this parcel is located in the E1/2NE1/4 of Section 36, T1N, R24W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona. Parcel 4: this parcel is located in the E1/2NW1/4SW1/4 of Section 21, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, lying south of the south right of way line of U.S.A. Levee; except therefrom that portion lying within Cibola Sportsman's Park, according to the plat thereof recorded in Book 4 of Plats, Page 58, records of Yuma (now La Paz) County, Arizona; and further excepting the N1/2E1/2NW1/4SW1/4. Parcel 5: this parcel is located in the S1/2SW1/4 of Section 21, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona. Except the west 33.00 feet thereof; and further excepting that portion more particularly described as follows: the N1/2NW1/4SW1/4SW1/4 of said Section, excepting the north 33.00 feet and the east 33.00 feet thereof. Parcel 6: this parcel is located in the SW1/4SE1/4 of Section 21, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona. Parcel 7: this parcel is located in Sections 24 and 25, T1N, R24W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, lying south of the Colorado River and east of Meander line per BLM Plat 2647C. Parcel 8: this parcel is located in the W1/2 of Section 19, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, lying south of the Colorado River. Except that portion in condemnation suit Civil 5188PHX filed in District Court of Arizona entitled USA -vs- 527.93 acres of land; and excepting therefrom any portion of said land lying within the bed or former bed of the Colorado River waterward of the natural ordinary high water line; and also excepting any artificial accretions to said line of ordinary high water. Parcel 9: this parcel is located in the N1/2NE1/4SE1/4; and the W1/2SW1/4NE1/4SE1/4; and that portion of the SE1/4NE1/4 of Section 20, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, lying south of the south right of way line of the U.S.B.R. Levee; except the east 33.00 feet thereof; and further excepting that portion more particularly described as follows: commencing at the northeast corner of the SE1/4 of said Section 20; thence S 0°24'00" E along the east line, a distance of 380.27 feet; thence S 89°36'00" W a distance of 50.00 feet to the True Point of Beginning; thence continuing S 89°36'00" W a distance of 193.00 feet; thence N 0°24'00" W a distance of 261.25 feet; thence S 70°11'00" E a distance of 205.67 feet to the west line of the east 50.00 feet of said SE1/4 of Section 20; thence S 0°24'00" E a distance of 190.18 feet to the True Point of Beginning; excepting therefrom any portion of said land lying within the bed or former bed of the Colorado River waterward of the natural ordinary high water line; and also excepting any artificial accretions to said line of ordinary high water. Parcel 10: this parcel is

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- located in the S1/2SE1/4 Section 20, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona; except the east 33.00 feet thereof. Parcel 11: This parcel is located in the SW1/4NE1/4; and the NW1/4SE1/4 of Section 20, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, lying south of the Colorado River and west of the Meander line per BLM Plat 2546B; except any portion thereof lying within U.S.A. Lots 5 and 6 of said Section 20, as set forth on BLM Plat 2546B; and excepting therefrom any portion of said land lying within the bed or former bed of the Colorado River waterward of the natural ordinary high water line; and also excepting any artificial accretions to said line of ordinary high water. Parcel 12: this parcel is located in the SE1/4NE1/4SE1/4; and the E1/2SW1/4NE1/4SE1/4 of Section 20, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona. Parcel 13: this parcel is located in the E1/2 of Section 19, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, lying south of the Colorado River; except the W1/2W1/2SE1/4SW1/4SE1/4; except the E1/2E1/2SW1/4SW1/4SE1/4; except the SW1/4SW1/4NE1/4; except the W1/2SE1/4SW1/4NE1/4; and excepting therefrom any portion of said land lying within the bed or former bed of the Colorado River waterward of the natural ordinary high water line; and also excepting any artificial accretions to said line of ordinary high water. Parcel 14: this parcel is located in the SW1/4SW1/4NE1/4; and the W1/2SE1/4SW1/4NE1/4 of Section 19, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, lying south of the Colorado River and protection levees and front work, excepting therefrom any portion of said land lying within the bed or former bed of the Colorado River waterward of the natural ordinary high water line; and also excepting any artificial accretions to said line of ordinary high water. Parcel 15: this parcel is located in the W1/2 of Section 20, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona; except the west 133.00 feet thereof; except any portion lying within the U.S. Levee or Channel right of way or any portion claimed by the U.S. for Levee purposes or related works; and except the SE1/4SE1/4SW1/4 of said Section 20. Parcel 16: this parcel is located in the SE1/4SE1/4SW1/4 of Section 20, T1N, R23W of G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona.
11. Clarence May and C.M.H. May Memorial Wildlife Area: Clarence May and C.M.H. May Memorial Wildlife Area: Clarence May and C.M.H. May Memorial Wildlife Area shall be the SE1/4 of Section 8 and N1/2NE1/4 of Section 17, T17S, R31E, and the W1/2SE1/4, S1/2NW1/4, and SW1/4 of Section 9, T17S, R31E, G&SRB&M, Cochise County, Arizona, consisting of approximately 560 acres.
  12. Cluff Ranch Wildlife Area: The Cluff Ranch Wildlife Area is that area within the fenced and posted portions of Sections 13, 14, 23, 24, and 26, T7S, R24E, G&SRB&M, Graham County, Arizona; consisting of approximately 788 acres.
  13. Colorado River Nature Center Wildlife Area: The Colorado River Nature Center Wildlife Area is Section 10 of T19N, R22W, bordered by the Fort Mojave Indian Reservation to the west, the Colorado River to the north, and residential areas of Bullhead City to the south and east, G&SRB&M, Mohave County, Arizona.
  14. Fool Hollow Lake Wildlife Area: The Fool Hollow Lake Wildlife Area shall be that area lying in those portions of the S1/2 of Section 7 and of the N1/2N1/2 of Section 18, T10N, R22E, G&SRB&M, described as follows: beginning at a point on the west line of the said Section 7, a distance of 990 feet south of the W1/4 corner thereof; thence S 86°12' E a distance of 2533.9 feet; thence S 41°02' E a distance of 634.7 feet; thence east a distance of 800 feet; thence south a distance of 837.5 feet, more or less to the south line of the said Section 7; thence S 89°53' W along the south line of Section 7 a distance of 660 feet; thence S 0°07' E a distance of 164.3 feet; thence N 89°32' W a distance of 804.2 feet; thence N 20°46' W a distance of 670 feet; thence S 88°12' W a distance of 400 feet; thence N 68°04' W a distance of 692 feet; thence S 2°50' W a distance of 581 feet; thence N 89°32' W a distance of 400 feet; thence N 12°40' W a distance of 370.1 feet, more or less, the north line of the SW1/4SW1/4SW1/4 of said Section 7; thence west a distance of 483.2 feet, more or less, along said line to the west line of Section 7; thence north to the point of beginning.
  15. House Rock Wildlife Area: House Rock Wildlife Area is that area described as follows: beginning at the common 1/4 corner of Sections 17 and 20, T36N, R4E; thence east along the south Section lines of Sections 17, 16, 15, 14, 13 T36N, R4E, and Section 18, T36N, R5E, to the intersection with the top of the southerly escarpment of Bedrock Canyon; thence southeasterly along the top of said escarpment to the top of the northerly escarpment of Fence Canyon; thence along the top of said north escarpment to its intersection with the top of the southerly escarpment of Fence Canyon; thence northeasterly along the top of said southerly escarpment to its intersection with the top of the escarpment of the Colorado River; thence southerly along top of said Colorado River escarpment to its intersection with Boundary Ridge in Section 29, T34N, R5E; thence westerly along Boundary Ridge to its intersection with the top of the escarpment at the head of Saddle Canyon; thence northerly along the top of the westerly escarpment to its intersection with a line beginning approximately at the intersection of the Cockscomb and the east fork of South Canyon extending southeast to a point approximately midway between Buck Farm Canyon and Saddle Canyon; thence northwest to the bottom of the east fork of South Canyon in the SW1/4SW1/4 of Section 16, T34N, R4E; thence northerly along the west side of the Cockscomb to the bottom of North Canyon in the SE1/4 of Section 12, T35N, R3E; thence northeasterly along the bottom of North Canyon to a point where the slope of the land becomes nearly flat; thence northerly along the westerly edge of House Rock Valley to the point of beginning; all in G&SRB&M, Coconino County, Arizona.
  16. Jacques Marsh Wildlife Area: The Jacques Marsh Wildlife Area is that area within the fenced and posted portions of the SE1/4, SW1/4SW1/4NE1/4, SE1/4NW1/4, SW1/4NW1/4, Section 11; and NE1/4NW1/4, NW1/4NE1/4, NE1/4NE1/4, Section 14; T9N, R22E, G&SRB&M, Navajo County, Arizona.
  17. Lamar Haines Wildlife Area: The Lamar Haines Wildlife Area is that area described as: T22N, R6E, Section 12 NW1/4, G&SRB&M, Coconino County, Arizona.
  18. Lower San Pedro River Wildlife Area: The Lower San Pedro River Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows:  
For the Triangle Bar Ranch Property: Parcel 1: that portion of the SE1/4 of Section 22, T7S, R16E, G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona, more particularly described as follows: beginning at the southeast corner of Section 22, to a point being a 2.5" Aluminum Cap stamped PLS 35235; thence N 00°38'57" W along the east line of the SE1/4 of

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

Section 22 a distance of 2626.86 feet to a point being the E1/4 corner of Section 22 a 2.5" Aluminum Cap stamped PLS 35235; thence S 89°00'32" W along the north line of the SE1/4 of Section 22 a distance of 1060.80 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 12°30'55" E a distance of 673.56 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 36°31'44" E a distance of 491.55 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 89°00'32" W a distance of 689 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 00°31'09" W a distance of 400.00 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 89°00'32" W a distance of 1320.00 feet to a point on the west line of the SE1/4 of Section 22 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 00°31'09" E a distance of 1454.09 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 88°51'39" E a distance of 1387.86 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 53°14'11" E a distance of 322.56 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 01°05'49" W a distance of 321.71 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 88°51'39" E along said South line of Section 22 a distance of 1011.31 feet to the point of beginning; containing 110.65 acres, more or less. Parcel 2: that portion of Sections 23 T7S, R16E of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona, more particularly described as follows: beginning at the point on the south line of Section 23, which point is 720 feet east of the southwest corner of Section 23, said point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 23°45'32" W a distance of 1833.68 feet (N 22°28'00" W a distance of 1834 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235 on the west line of Section 23; thence S 00°38'57" E a distance of 1691.03 feet (south, record) to the southwest corner of Section 23 to a point being a 2.5" Aluminum Cap stamped PLS 35235; thence along the south line of Section 23 N 89°02'45" E a distance of 720.00 feet (east, a distance of 720.00 feet, recorded) to the point of beginning; containing 13.98 acres, more or less. Parcel 3: lots 2 and 3, and the NE1/4NW1/4, SE1/4NW1/4, and NE1/4SW1/4 of Sections 18 T7S, R16E of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona, more particularly described as follows: commencing at the northwest corner of Section 18, said point being a GLO B.C. stamped Sec 18 CC; thence S 89°47'17" E along the north line of Section 18, a distance of 1271.33 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, and being the point of beginning, said point is the northwest corner of the NE1/4NW1/4; thence S 89°47'17" E a distance of 1320.00 feet to a point being the N1/4 corner of Section 18, to a point being a found stone marked 1/4; thence S 01°35'23" E a distance of 4020.67 feet to a point being a found 1/2" Iron Pin with added tag of PLS 35235 to a point being the southeast corner or the NE1/4SW1/4 of Section 18; thence N 89°37'16" W a distance of 2610.28 feet to a point on the west line of Section 18 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, to a point being the southwest corner of Lot 3; thence N 01°17'05" W along the west line of Section 18, a distance of 1360.825 feet to a point being the W1/4 corner of Section 18, to a point being a found stone marked 1/4; thence N 01°20'34" W along the west line of Section 18 a distance of 1325.845 feet to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, to a point being the northwest corner of Lot 2; thence S 89°32'47" E a distance of 1279.09 feet to a point being a found 1/2" Iron Pin with added tag of PLS 35235 approx-

imately 0.8 feet down from natural grade, to a point being the northeast corner of Lot 2; thence N 01°40'11" W along the west line of the NE1/4NW1/4 of Section 18, a distance of 1331.47 feet to a point on the north line of Section 18 and the point of beginning; containing 200.78 acres, more or less. Parcel 4: lots 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 of Section 9, T7S, R16E, of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona more particularly described as follows: beginning at the S1/4 corner of said Section 9, to a point being a 1.5" Open Iron Pipe with added tag PLS 35235; thence N 00°00'03" E along the north-south midsection line a distance of 2641.16 feet (N 00°38'48" E a distance of 2641.20 feet, record) to the center section of Section 9 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence continuing N 00°00'03" E along the north-south midsection line, a distance of 1349.83 feet (N 00°38'48" E a distance of 1349.83 feet, record) to the northeast corner of Lot 5 to a point being a found 1/2" Iron Pin with added tag PLS 35235; thence S 89°09'38" W along the north line of Lot 5 a distance of 1346.80 feet (S 89°44'19" W a distance of 1347.21 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, and the northwest corner of Lot 5 and the southeast corner of Lot 3; thence N 00°58'35" E along the east line of Lot 3 a distance of 1357.74 feet (N 00°37'27" E a distance of 1357.74 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235 and the northeast corner of Lot 3; thence N 89°24'33" W along the north line of Lot 3 a distance of 1323.90 feet (N 89°56'37" W a distance of 1323.945 feet, record) to the northwest corner of Section 9 to a point being a found Drill Steel with added tag PLS 35235; thence S 01°56'29" W along the west line of Section 9 a distance of 712.90 feet to a point on the west boundary line of Old Camp Grant and to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 23°03'26" E along said west boundary line of Old Camp Grant, a distance of 5011.05 feet to a point on the south line of Section 9 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 89°13'21" E along the south line of Section 9 a distance of 709.50 feet (N 89°51'39" E a distance of 709.50 feet, record) to the point of beginning; containing 181.71 acres, more or less. Together with those parts of Sections 15 and 22, T7S, R16E, of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona, more particularly described as follows: beginning at a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, N 89°00'32" E along the south line of the NE1/4 of Section 22, a distance of 2251.00 feet (east a distance of 2251 feet, record) of the center section corner of Section 22; thence N 47°16'51" W a distance of 1275.05 feet (N 46°47'00" W a distance of 1275.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 79°57'00" W a distance of 1344.00 feet (N 7°27'00" W a distance of 1344.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 65°05'02" W a distance of 399.00 feet (N 59°46'00" W a distance of 399.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 17°49'24" W a distance of 1382.47 feet (N 17°34'00" W a distance of 1385.00 feet, record) to a point on the Section line between Sections 15 and 22 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 21°43'45" W a distance of 1408.97 feet (N 20°49'00" W a distance of 1412.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235 and the Center corner of the SW1/4 of Section 15; thence S 01°06'32" W along the west line of the SE1/4SW1/4 of Section 15, a distance of 1317.07 feet (south, record) to a point on the south line of Section 15

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

and the southwest corner of the SE1/4SW1/4 of Section 15 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 00°27'15" E along the west line of the E1/2NW1/4 of Section 22, a distance of 2637.50 feet (south, record) to a point on the south line of the NW1/4 of Section 22 and the southwest corner of the E1/2NW1/4 of Section 22 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 89°00'56" E along said south line of the NW1/4 of Section 22 a distance of 1320.895 feet (east, record) to the center section corner of Section 22 to a point being a found 2.5" Aluminum Cap stamped C1/4 PLS 35235; thence N 89°00'32" E along the south line of the NE1/4 of Section 22 a distance of 2251.00 feet (east, record) to the point of beginning; containing 110.28 acres, more or less. Parcel 5: those parts of Sections 26 and 35 T7S, R16E of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona, more particularly described as follows: beginning at a point N 89°31'56" E a distance of 571.74 feet (record 572 a distance of feet east) of the center section of Section 35 said point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PE 9626; thence N 16°07'19" W a distance of 1369.92 feet (N 15°44'00" W a distance of 1371 feet, record) to a point being a Power Pole tagged PLS 35235; thence N 46°55'33" W a distance of 279.77 feet (N 45°00'00" W a distance of 283.00 feet, record) to the center of a 6" hollow iron fence post filled with concrete approximately 6 feet tall, tagged PLS 35235; thence N 79°45'23" W a distance of 500.00 feet (N 80°00'00" W a distance of 500.00 feet, record) to the center of a 6" hollow iron fence post filled with concrete approximately 6 feet tall, tagged PLS 35235; thence N 21°10'05" W a distance of 1104.18 feet (N 20°38'00" W a distance of 1104.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, said point being a distance of 3.55 feet south of the north line of Section 35; thence N 07°46'25" E a distance of 1334.00 feet (N 08°08'00" E a distance of 1334.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 89°37'04" W a distance of 630.00 feet (west, a distance of 630.00 feet, record) to a point being a found 1/2" Iron Pin with added tag PLS 35235; thence N 01°11'34" W a distance of 1314.34 feet (north a distance of 1320.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, said point being on the north line of the SW1/4; thence along the north line of the SW1/4 N 89°18'34" E a distance of 282.00 feet (east a distance of 282.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, said point being S 89°18'34" W a distance of 992.74 from the center section corner of Section 26; thence N 13°48'15" W a distance of 1351.04 feet (N 13°40'00" W a distance of 1358.00 feet, record) to a point on the north line of the SE1/4NW1/4 of Section 26 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, said point being N 89°10'39" E a distance of 26.52 feet from the northwest corner of the SE1/4NW1/4 of Section 26; thence N 26°31'53" W a distance of 1458.00 feet (N 23°43'00" W a distance of 1442.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, that is on the north line of Section 26 said point being N 89°02'45" E along the north line of Section 26, a distance of 720.00 feet from the northwest corner of Section 26; thence N 23°45'32" W a distance of 1833.68 feet (N 22°28'00" W a distance of 1834.00 feet, record) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235, said point being on the west line of Section 23; thence S 00°38'57" E along the west line of Section 23, a distance of 1690.37 feet (south, record) to the southwest corner of Section 23 and north-

west corner of Section 26 to a point being a 2.5" Aluminum Cap stamped PLS 35235; thence continuing S 01°16'16" E along the west line of Section 26 a distance of 2625.56 feet (south a distance of 2640.00 feet, record) to the W1/4 corner of Section 26 to a point being a 2.5" Aluminum Cap stamped PLS 35235; thence S 01°16'16" E along the west line of Section 26, a distance of 2625.56 feet (south a distance of 2640.00 feet, record) to the southwest corner of Section 26 and northwest corner of Section 35 to a point being a 2.25" Capped Iron Pipe stamped with added tag PLS 35235; thence S 00°45'30" E along the west line of Section 35, a distance of 1317.94 feet (south a distance of 1320.00 feet, record) to a point being a 2.5" Capped Iron Pipe stamped with added tag PLS 35235, said point being the southwest corner of the N1/2NW1/4 of Section 35; thence N 89°41'45" E along the south line of the N1/2NW1/4 of Section 35, a distance of 2630.87 feet (east a distance of 2644.00 feet, record) to a point being an Oblong Iron Pin with added tag PLS 35235 said point being the southeast corner of the N1/2NW1/4 of Section 35; thence S 01°11'23" E a distance of 1319.08 (south a distance of 1320.00 feet, record) to a point being an Oblong Iron Pin, with added tag PLS 35235, said point being the center section corner of Section 35; thence N 89°31'56" E along the south line of the NE1/4 of Section 35 a distance of 571.74 feet (east a distance of 572.00 feet, record) to the point of beginning; excepting therefrom any portion of said lands lying and within Section 23, T7S, R16E, G&SRB&M; CONTAINING containing 249.46 acres, more or less. Parcel 6: that portion of Section 1, T8S, R16E of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona, more particularly described as follows: beginning at a point N 88°25'39" E a distance of 507.07 feet (east a distance of 510 feet record) of the southwest corner of the SE1/4SW1/4 of Section 1 said point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged RLS 10046; thence N 18°38'44" E a distance of 1399.18 feet (record N 19°41' E a distance of 1402 feet) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 03°51'10" W a distance of 1314.74 feet (record N 02°44' W a distance of 1321 feet) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged RLS 10046; thence S 88°45'59" W a distance of 918.71 feet (record west, a distance of 919 feet) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged RLS 10046; thence N 01°02'04" W a distance of 977.00 feet (record north a distance of 977 feet) to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 72°26'42" W a distance of 1384.43 feet (record N 71°22' W a distance of 1393 feet) to a point on the west line of Section 1 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin PLS 35235; thence S 01°07'43" E along the west line of Section 1, a distance of 1422.00 feet (record south a distance of 1412 feet) to the W1/4 corner of Section 1, said point being a 2.5" Aluminum Cap stamped PLS 35235; thence continuing S 01°07'43" E along the west line of Section 1, a distance of 1320.00 feet (record south a distance of 1320 feet) to the southwest corner of the NW1/4SW1/4 of Section 1 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 88°37'29" E a distance of 1311.56 feet (record east to the southwest corner of the NE1/4SW1/4) to the southwest corner of the NE1/4SW1/4 of Section 1 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence S 01°05'24" E a distance of 1316.31 feet (record, south a distance of 1320 feet) to the southwest corner of the SE1/4SW1/4 of Section 1 to a point being a 1/2" Iron Pin tagged PLS 35235; thence N 88°25'39" E a distance of 507.07 feet (record, east a distance of 510 feet) to the point of beginning; con-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- taining 126.84 acres, more or less. For the ASARCO Property: Parcel 1: Section 15: the W1/2SE1/4 and E1/2SW1/4 of Section 15, T7S, R16E of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona; except that portion of land situated in Government Lot 9 lying west of the center line of the San Pedro River, said portion being APN 300-35-002. Section 22: That portion of the NE1/4NW1/4 and the NE1/4 of Section 22 T7S, R16E of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona, lying east of the San Pedro River. Section 23: that portion of the SW1/4 of Section 23, T7S, R16E of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona, lying east of the San Pedro River. Section 26: that portion of the N1/2NW1/4 of Section 26, T7S, R16E of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona, lying east of the San Pedro River. Parcel 2: Section 15: Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 of Section 15, T7S, R16E of G&SRB&M, Pinal County, Arizona. Parcel 3: Section 4: Government Lots 5, 8, 9, 11, 12, and 13 of Section 4 except that portion of land situated in Government Lot 13 lying east of State Highway 77 right-of-way, said portion of land being APN 300-31-005B. Section 5: Government Lots 2, 3, 4 and 5, except that portion of land situated in Government Lot 2, more particularly described as follows: beginning at the northeast corner of said Lot 2; thence along the east boundary of said Lot 2 due south 599.94 feet; thence leaving said east boundary due west 283.27 feet to the County Rd. right-of-way (El Camino Rd.); thence along said County Rd. right-of-way N 04°18'56" E a distance of 95.16 feet; thence continuing along said County Rd. right-of-way N 16°30'21" E a distance of 384.05 feet; thence continuing along said County Rd. right-of-way N 14°33'05" E a distance of 141.35 feet to the north boundary of said County Rd. right-of-way due east a distance of 131.48 feet along the north boundary of Government Lot 1 to the point of beginning.
19. Luna Lake Wildlife Area: The Luna Lake Wildlife Area shall be the fenced, buoyed, and posted area lying north of U.S. Highway 180 T5N, R31E, Section 17 N1/2, G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona.
  20. Mittry Lake Wildlife Area: The Mittry Lake Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows: T6S, R21W, Section 31: All of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, E1/2W1/2, and that portion of E1/2 lying westerly of Gila Gravity Main Canal Right-of-Way; T7S, R21W; Section 5: that portion of SW1/4SW1/4 lying westerly of Gila Gravity Main Canal Right-of-Way; Section 6: all of Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and that portion of Lot 1, S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4 lying westerly of Gila Gravity Main Canal R/W; Section 7: all of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, E1/2W1/2, W1/2E1/2, and that portion of E1/2E1/2 lying westerly of Gila Gravity Main Canal R/W; Section 8: that portion of W1/2W1/2 lying westerly of Gila Gravity Main Canal R/W; Section 18: all of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, E1/2NW1/4, and that portion of NE1/4, E1/2SW1/4, NW1/4SE1/4 lying westerly of Gila Gravity Main Canal R/W; T6S, R22W; Section 36: all of Lot 1. T7S, R22W; Section 1: all of Lot 1; Section 12: all of Lots 1, 2, SE1/4SE1/4; Section 13: all of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, NE1/4, N1/2SE1/4, and that portion of S1/2SE1/4 lying northerly of Gila Gravity Main Canal R/W; all in G&SRB&M, Yuma County, Arizona.
  21. Planet Ranch Conservation and Wildlife Area: The Planet Ranch Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows: Mohave County (Parcels 1 through 5) Parcel No. 1: the S1/2S1/2 of Section 28, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, Mohave County, Arizona; except 1/16 of all oil, gases, and other hydrocarbon substances, coal, stone, metals, minerals, fossils and fertilizer of every name and description and except all materials which may be essential to production of fissionable material as reserved in Arizona Revised Statutes. Parcel No. 2: all of sections 32 and 34 T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, lying in Mohave County, Arizona; except 1/16 of all oil, gases, and other hydrocarbon substances, coal, stone, metals, minerals, fossils and fertilizer of every name and description and except all materials which may be essential to production of fissionable material as reserved in Arizona Revised Statutes. Parcel No. 3: the S1/2S1/2 of Section 27, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, Mohave County, Arizona; except oil, gas, coal, and minerals as reserved in deed recorded in Book 64 of Deeds, Page 599, records of Mohave County, Arizona. Parcel No. 4: all of Section 33 and 35, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, lying in Mohave County, Arizona; except oil, gas, coal, and minerals as reserved in deed recorded in Book 64 of Deeds, Page 599, records of Mohave County, Arizona. Parcel No. 5: the S1/2S1/2N1/2 and the S1/2 of Section 36, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, lying in Mohave County, Arizona; except 1/16 of all oil, gases, and other hydrocarbon substances, coal, stone, metals, minerals, fossils and fertilizer of every name and description and except all materials which may be essential to production of fissionable material as reserved in Arizona Revised Statutes. La Paz County (Parcels 6 through 9) Parcel No. 6: that portion of the S1/2 of Lot 2, all of Lots 3, and 4, the S1/2SE1/4NW1/4 and the S1/2S1/2NE1/4 of Section 31, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, lying in La Paz County, Arizona; except all oil, gas, coal, and minerals as set forth in instrument recorded in Book 57, of Dockets, Page 310. Parcel No. 7: all of Section 32, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, lying in La Paz County, Arizona; except any part of Section 32 lying within the Copper Hill Mining Claim as shown on the Plat of Mineral Survey Number 2675; except that portion of the SW1/4 of Section 32, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, lying in La Paz County, Arizona, described as follows: commencing at the S1/4 corner of Section 32; thence west along the south line of Section 32, a distance of 1270.58 feet to the point of beginning; thence north 634.31 feet; thence S 76°41'15" W a distance of 94.09 feet to the southeasterly line of the Planet Ranch Road; thence along said line S 28°55' W a distance of 101.23 feet; thence southwesterly 250.25 feet through an angle of 54°22', along a tangent curve concave to the northwest, having a radius of 263.73 feet to a point of tangency, from which a radial line bears N 07°05' W; thence along said line S 82°55' W a distance of 96.52 feet; thence westerly 184.42 feet through an angle of 17°40'14" along a tangent curve concave to the north, having a radius of 597.96 feet to a point of tangency from which a radial line bears N 10°35'14" E; thence N 79°24'46" W a distance of 260.38 feet; thence leaving the southwesterly line of said Planet Ranch Road, south a distance of 429.61 feet to the south line of said Section 32; thence south along said south line east a distance of 874.42 feet more or less back to the point of beginning; and except that portion of the SW1/4 of Section 32, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, La Paz County, Arizona, described as follows: beginning at the S1/4 corner of Section 32; thence west along the south line of Section 32, a distance of 1270.58 feet; thence north a distance of 634.31 feet; thence S 76°41'15" W a distance of 214.08 feet; thence N 13°18'45" W a distance of 25 feet; thence N 76°41'15" E a distance of 220 feet; thence east a dis-

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- tance of 1270.58 feet; thence south a distance of 660 feet back to the point of beginning. Parcel No. 8: those portions of Sections 33, 34, and 35, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, lying in La Paz County, Arizona; except an undivided 1/16 of all oil, gases, and other hydrocarbon substances, coal or stone, metals, minerals, fossils and fertilizer of every name and description, together with all uranium, thorium, or any other material which is or may be determined by the laws of the production of fissionable materials, whether or not of commercial value, as reserved by the State of Arizona in Section 37-231, Arizona Revised Statutes, and in patent of record (Section 34); also except all oil, gas, coal, and minerals as set forth in instrument recorded in Book 57 of Dockets, Page 310 (Section 33 and 35). Parcel No. 9: the S1/2S1/2N1/2 and the S1/2 of Section 36, T11N, R16W of the G&SRB&M, lying in La Paz County, Arizona; except an undivided 1/16 of all oil, gases, and other hydrocarbon substances, coal or stone, metals, minerals, fossils and fertilizer of every name and description, together with all uranium, thorium, or any other material which is or may be determined by the laws of the production of fissionable materials, whether or not of commercial value, as reserved by the State of Arizona in Section 37-231, Arizona Revised Statutes, and in patent of record.
22. Powers Butte (Mumme Farm) Wildlife Area: The Powers Butte Wildlife Area shall be that area described as follows:  
T1S, R5W, Section 25, N1/2SW1/4, SW1/4SW1/4; Section 26, S1/2; Section 27, E1/2SE1/4; Section 34. T2S, R5W Section 3, E1/2W1/2, W1/2SE1/4, NE1/4SE1/4, NE1/4; Section 10, NW1/4, NW1/4NE1/4; Section 15, SE1/4SW1/4; Section 22, E1/2NW1/4, NW1/4NW1/4; all in G&SRB&M, Maricopa County, Arizona.
  23. Quigley-Achee Wildlife Area: The Quigley-Achee Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows:  
T8S, R17W; Section 13, W1/2SE1/4, SW1/4NE1/4, and a portion of land in the W1/2 of Section 13, more particularly described as follows: beginning at the S1/4 corner; thence S 89°17'09" W along the south line of said Section 13 a distance of 2627.50 feet to the southwest corner of said Section 13; thence N 41°49'46" E a distance of 3026.74 feet; thence N 0°13'30" W a distance of 1730.00 feet to a point on the north 1/16th line of said Section 13; thence N 89°17'36" E along said north 1/16th line a distance of 600.00 feet to the center of said Section 13; thence S 0°13'30" E. along the north-south midsection line a distance of 3959.99 feet to the point of beginning. Section 23, SE1/4NE1/4, and a portion of land in the NE1/4NE1/4 of Section 23, more particularly described as follows: beginning at the northeast corner; thence S 0°10'19" E along the east line of said Section 23, a distance of 1326.74 feet to a point on the south line of the NE1/4NE1/4 of said Section 23; thence S 89°29'58" W along said south line, a distance of 1309.64 feet; thence N 44°17'39" E a distance of 1869.58 feet to the point of beginning. Section 24, NW1/4, N1/2SW1/4, W1/2NE1/4; all in G&SRB&M, Yuma County, Arizona.
  24. Raymond Wildlife Area: The Raymond Wildlife Area is that area described as follows: All of Sections 24, 25, 26, 34, 35, 36, and the portions of Sections 27, 28, and 33 lying east of the following described line: beginning at the W1/4 corner of Section 33; thence northeasterly through the 1/4 corner common to Sections 28 and 33, 1/4 corner common to Sections 27 and 28 to the N1/4 corner of Section 27 all in T19N, R11E. All of Sections 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, and 34 all in T19N, R12E.; all in G&SRB&M, Coconino County, Arizona.
  25. Robbins Butte Wildlife Area: The Robbins Butte Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows:  
T1S, R3W, Section 17, S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4, NW1/4SW1/4; Section 18, Lots 3, 4, and E1/2SW1/4, S1/2NE1/4, W1/2SE1/4, NE1/4SE1/4. T1S, R4W, Section 13, all except that portion of W1/2SW1/4SW1/4 lying west of State Route 85; Section 14, all except the W1/2NW1/4 and that portion of the SW1/4 lying north of the Arlington Canal; Section 19, S1/2SE1/4; Section 20, S1/2S1/2, NE1/4SE1/4; Section 21, S1/2, S1/2NE1/4, SE1/4NW1/4; Section 22, all except for NW1/4NW1/4; Section 23; Section 24, that portion of SW1/4, W1/2SW1/4NW1/4 lying west of State Route 85; Section 25, that portion of the NW1/4NW1/4 lying west of State Route 85; Section 26, NW1/4, W1/2NE1/4, NE1/4NE1/4; Section 27, N1/2, SW1/4; Section 28; Section 29, N1/2N1/2, SE1/4NE1/4; Section 30, Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, NE1/4, SE1/4SE1/4; all in G&SRB&M, Maricopa County, Arizona.
  26. Roosevelt Lake Wildlife Area: The Roosevelt Lake Wildlife Area is that area described as follows: beginning at the junction of A-Cross Rd. and Arizona Highway 188; south on Arizona Highway 188 to the main entrance of Roosevelt Lake Marina; northeast on this road towards the main marina launch; northeast across Roosevelt Lake to the south tip of Bass Point; northerly to Long Gulch Rd.; northeast on this road to the A-Cross Rd.; northwest on the A-Cross Rd. to the point of beginning; all in G&SRB&M, Gila County, Arizona.
  27. Santa Rita Wildlife Area: The Santa Rita Experimental Range is that area described as follows: Concurrent with the Santa Rita Experimental Range boundary and includes the posted portion of the following sections: Sections 33 through 36, T17S, R14E, Section 25, Section 35 and Section 36, T18S, R13E, Sections 1 through 4, Sections 9 through 16, and Sections 21 through 36, T18S, R14E, Sections 3 through 9, Sections 16 through 21, Sections 26 through 34, T18S, R15E, Sections 1 through 6, Sections 9 through 16, Section 23, T19S, R14E, Sections 3 through 10, Sections 16 through 18, T19S, R15E; all in G&SRB&M, Pima County, Arizona, and all being coincidental with the Santa Rita Experimental Range Area.
  28. Sipe White Mountain Wildlife Area: The Sipe White Mountain Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows:  
T7N, R29E, Section 1, SE1/4, SE1/4NE1/4, S1/2NE1/4NE1/4, SE1/4SW1/4NE1/4, NE1/4SE1/4SW1/4, and the SE1/4NE1/4SW1/4. T7N, R30E, Section 5, W1/2W1/2SE1/4SW1/4, and the SW1/4SW1/4; Section 6, Lots 1, 2, 3, 7, and 8, SW1/4NW1/4NW1/4, S1/2NW1/4NE1/4SE1/4, N1/2SE1/4SE1/4, E1/2SE1/4SE1/4SE1/4, SW1/4SE1/4 and the SE1/4SW1/4; Section 7, Parcel 10: Lots 1 and 2, E1/2NW1/4, E1/2E1/2NE1/4NE1/4, W1/2SW1/4NE1/4, NW1/4SE1/4, W1/2NE1/4SE1/4, NE1/4SW1/4, E1/2NW1/4SW1/4, and the NW1/4NE1/4; Section 8, NW1/4NW1/4, and the W1/2W1/2NE1/4NW1/4. T8N, R30E; Section 31, SE1/4NE1/4, SE1/4, and the SE1/4SW1/4; all in G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona.
  29. Springerville Marsh Wildlife Area: The Springerville Marsh Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows: S1/2 SE1/4 Section 27 and N1/2 NE1/4 Section 34, T9N, R29E, G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona.
  30. Sunflower Flat Wildlife Area: The Sunflower Flat Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows:

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- T20N, R3E; Section 11, NE1/4SE1/4, N1/2NW1/4SE1/4, SE1/4NW1/4SE1/4, NE1/4SE1/4SE1/4, W1/2SE1/4NE1/4, S1/2SE1/4SE1/4NE1/4, E1/2SW1/4NE1/4; Section 12, NW1/4SW1/4SW1/4, NW1/4NE1/4SW1/4SW1/4, SW1/4NW1/4SW1/4, S1/2NW1/4NW1/4SW1/4, W1/2SE1/4NW1/4SW1/4, SW1/4NE1/4NW1/4 SW1/4; all in the G&SRB&M, Coconino County, Arizona.
31. Three Bar Wildlife Area: The Three Bar Wildlife Area shall be that area described as follows: beginning at Roosevelt Dam, northwesterly on 188 to milepost 252 (Bumble Bee Wash); westerly along the boundary fence for approximately 7 1/2 miles to the boundary of Gila and Maricopa counties; southerly along this boundary through Four Peaks to a fence line south of Buckhorn Mountain; southerly along the barbed wire drift fence at Ash Creek to Apache Lake; northeasterly along Apache Lake to Roosevelt Dam.
32. Tucson Mountain Wildlife Area: The Tucson Mountain Wildlife Area shall be that area described as follows: beginning at the northwest corner of Section 33; T13S, R11E on the Saguaro National Monument boundary; due south approximately one mile to the El Paso Natural Gas Pipeline; southeast along this pipeline to Sandario Rd.; south on Sandario Rd. approximately two miles to the southwest corner of Section 15; T14S, R11E, east along the section line to the El Paso Natural Gas Pipeline; southeast along this pipeline to its junction with State Route 86, also known as the Ajo Highway; easterly along this highway to the Tucson city limits; north along the city limits to Silverbell Rd.; northwest along this road to Twin Peaks Rd.; west along this road to Sandario Rd.; south along this road to the Saguaro National Monument boundary; west and south along the monument boundary to the point of beginning, all in G&SRB&M, Pima County, Arizona.
33. Upper Verde River Wildlife Area: The Upper Verde River Wildlife Area consists of eight parcels totaling 1102.54 acres located eight miles north of Chino Valley in Yavapai County, Arizona, along the upper Verde River and lower Granite Creek described as follows:  
Sullivan Lake: located immediately downstream of Sullivan Lake, the headwaters of the Verde River: the NE1/4NE1/4 lying east of the California, Arizona, and Santa Fe Railway Company right-of-way in Section 15, T17N, R2W; and also the NW1/4NE1/4 of Section 15 consisting of approximately 80 acres. Granite Creek Parcel: includes one mile of Granite Creek to its confluence with the Verde River: The SE1/4SE1/4 of Section 11; the NW1/4SW1/4 and SW1/4NW1/4 of Section 13; the E1/2NE1/4 of Section 14; all in T17N, R1W consisting of approximately 239 acres. E1/2SW1/4SW1/4, SE1/4SW1/4, NE1/4SW1/4 and NW1/4SE1/4 of Section 12, NW1/4NW1/4 of Section 13, T17N, R2W consisting of approximately 182.26 acres. Campbell Place Parcel: NE1/4NW1/4, NW1/4NE1/4, NE1/4NE1/4, SE1/4NW1/4, SW1/4NE1/4, SE1/4NE1/4, NE1/4SW1/4, NW1/4SE1/4, NE1/4SE1/4, NW1/4SW1/4, NE1/4SW1/4, and NW1/4SE1/4 in Section 7, T17N, R1W and SE1/4SE1/4 Section 12, T17N, R2W consisting of 315 acres. Tract 39 Parcel: the E1/2 of Tract 39 within the Prescott National Forest boundary, SE1/2SW1/4 and SW1/4SE1/4 of Section 5, T18N, R1W; and the W1/2 of Tract 39 outside the Forest boundary, SW1/4SW1/4, and SW1/4SW1/4 of Section 5 and NW1/4NW1/4 of Section 8, T18N, R1W consisting of approximately 163 acres. Wells Parcels: Parcel 1 and Parcel 2: all that portion of Government Lots 9 and 10, Section 7, along with Lot 3 and the SW1/4NW1/4, Section 8, located in T17N, R1W, of G&SRB&M, Yavapai County, Arizona, also known as APN 306-39-004L and 306-39-004M. Parcel 3 and Parcel 4: all that portion of the NE1/4SW1/4, NW1/4SE1/4, SW1/4SW1/4, and E1/2SW1/4SW1/4 of Section 12 and the NW1/4NW1/4 of Section 13, T17N, R2W, of G&SRB&M, Yavapai County, Arizona.
34. Wenima Wildlife Area: The Wenima Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows:  
T9N, R29E; Section 5, SE1/4 SW1/4, and SW1/4 SE1/4 except E1/2 E1/2 SW1/4 SE1/4, Section 8, NE1/4 NW1/4, and NW1/4 NE1/4; Sections 8, 17 and 18, within the following boundary: From the 1/4 corner of Sections 17 and 18, the True Point of Beginning; thence N 00°12'56" E a distance of 1302.64 feet along the Section line between Sections 17 and 18 to the N1/16 corner; thence N 89°24'24" W a distance of 1331.22 feet to the NE1/16 corner of Section 18; thence N 00°18'02" E a distance of 1310.57 feet to the E1/16 corner of Sections 7 and 18; thence S 89°03'51" E a distance of 1329.25 feet to the northeast Section corner of said Section 18; thence N 01°49'10" E a distance of 1520.28 feet to a point on the Section line between Sections 7 and 8; thence N 38°21'18" E a distance of 370.87 feet; thence N 22°04'51" E a distance of 590.96 feet; thence N 57°24'55" E a distance of 468.86 feet to a point on the east-west midsection line of said Section 8; thence N 89°38'03" E a distance of 525.43 feet along said midsection line to the center W1/16 corner; thence S 02°01'25" W a distance of 55.04 feet; thence S 87°27'17" E a distance of 231.65 feet; thence S 70°21'28" E a distance of 81.59 feet; thence N 89°28'36" E a distance of 111.27 feet; thence N 37°32'54" E a distance of 310.00 feet; thence N 43°58'37" W a distance of 550.00 feet; thence N 27°25'53" W a distance of 416.98 feet to the NS1/16 line of said Section 8; thence N 02°01'25" E a distance of 380.04 feet along said 1/16 line to the NW1/16 corner of said Section 8; thence N 89°45'28" E a distance of 1315.07 feet along the east-west middle 1/16 line; thence S 45°14'41" E a distance of 67.69 feet; thence S 49°28'18" E a distance of 1099.72 feet; thence S 08°04'43" W a distance of 810.00 feet; thence S 58°54'47" W a distance of 341.78 feet; thence S 50°14'53" W a distance of 680.93 feet to a point in the center of that cul-de-sac at the end of Jeremy's Point Rd.; thence N 80°02'20" W a distance of 724.76 feet, said point lying N 42°15'10" W a distance of 220.12 feet from the northwest corner of Lot 72; thence N 34°19'23" E a distance of 80.64 feet; thence N 15°54'25" E a distance of 51.54 feet; thence N 29°09'53" E a distance of 45.37 feet; thence N 40°09'33" E a distance of 69.21 feet; thence N 25°48'58" E a distance of 43.28 feet; thence N 13°24'51" E a distance of 63.12 feet; thence N 16°03'10" W a distance of 30.98 feet; thence N 57°55'25" W a distance of 35.50 feet; thence N 80°47'38" W a distance of 48.08 feet; thence S 87°28'53" W a distance of 82.84 feet; thence S 72°07'06" W a distance of 131.85 feet; thence S 43°32'45" W a distance of 118.71 feet; thence S 02°37'48" E a distance of 59.34 feet; thence S 23°03'29" E a distance of 57.28 feet; thence S 28°30'39" E a distance of 54.75 feet; thence S 36°39'47" E a distance of 105.08 feet; thence S 24°55'07" West a distance of 394.78 feet; thence S 61°32'16" W a distance of 642.77 feet to the northwest corner of Lot 23; thence N 04°35'23" W a distance of 90.62 feet; thence S 85°24'37" W a distance of 26.00 feet; thence N 64°21'36" W a distance of 120.76

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

feet; thence S 61°07'57" W a distance of 44.52 feet; thence S 39°55'58" W a distance of 80.59 feet; thence S 11°33'07" W a distance of 47.21 feet; thence S 19°53'19" E a distance of 27.06 feet; thence S 54°26'36" E a distance of 62.82 feet; thence S 24°56'25" W a distance of 23.92 feet; thence S 48°10'38" W a distance of 542.79 feet; thence S 17°13'48" W a distance of 427.83 feet to the northwest corner of Lot 130; thence S 29°10'58" W a distance of 104.45 feet to the southwest corner of Lot 130; thence southwesterly along a curve having a radius of 931.52 feet, and arc length of 417.52 feet to the southwest corner of Lot 134; thence S 15°04'25" W a distance of 91.10 feet; thence S 04°29'15" W a distance of 109.17 feet; thence S 01°41'24" W a distance of 60.45 feet; thence S 29°16'05" W a distance of 187.12 feet; thence S 14°44'00" W a distance of 252.94 feet; thence S 15°42'24" E a distance of 290.09 feet; thence S 89°13'25" E a distance of 162.59 feet; thence S 37°19'54" E a distance of 123.03 feet to the southeast corner of Lot 169; thence S 20°36'30" E a distance of 706.78 feet to the northwest corner of Lot 189; thence S 04°07'31" W a distance of 147.32 feet; thence S 29°11'19" E a distance of 445.64 feet; thence S 00°31'40" E a distance of 169.24 feet to the east-west midsection line of Section 17 and the southwest corner of Lot 194; thence S 89°28'20" W a distance of 891.84 feet along said east-west midsection line to the True Point of Beginning; all in G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona.

35. White Mountain Grasslands Wildlife Area: The White Mountain Grasslands Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows:

Parcel 1 (CL1): the S1/2 of Section 24; the N1/2NW1/4 of Section 25; the NE1/4 and N1/2SE1/4 of Section 26; all in T9N, R27E of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona; except all coal and other minerals as reserved to the U.S. in the Patent of said land. Parcel 2 (CL2): the SE1/4 and the SE1/4SW1/4 of Section 31, T9N, R28E of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. Parcel 3 (CL3): the NW1/4SW1/4 of Section 28; and the SW1/4S1/2SE1/4 and NE1/4SE1/4 of T9N, R28E of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. Parcel 4 (CL4): the SW1/4SW1/4 of Section 5; the SE1/4SE1/4 of Section 6; the NE1/4NE1/4 of Section 7; the NW1/4NW1/4, E1/2SW1/4NW1/4, W1/2NE1/4, SE1/4NW1/4, and that portion of the S1/2 which lies North of Highway 260, except the W1/2SW1/4 of Section 8; all in T8N, R28E of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. Parcel 1 (O1): the S1/2N1/2 of Section 10, T8N, R28E, of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona; except that Parcel of land lying within the S1/2NE1/4 of Section 10, T8N, R28E, of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona, more particularly described as follows: From the N1/16 corner of Sections 10 and 11, monumented with a 5/8-inch rebar with a cap marked LS 13014, said point being the True Point of Beginning; thence N 89°44'54" W a distance of 1874.70 feet along the east-west 1/16 line to a point monumented with a 1/2-inch rebar with a tag marked LS 13014; thence S 02°26'17" W a distance of 932.00 feet to a point monumented with a 1/2-inch rebar with a tag marked LS 13014; thence S 89°44'54" E a distance of 1873.69 feet to a point monumented with a 1/2-inch rebar with a tag marked LS 13014, said point being on the east line of Section 10; thence N 02°30'00" E a distance of 932.00 feet along said Section line to the True Point of Beginning. Parcel 2 (O2): the N1/2S1/2 of Section 10, T8N, R28E, of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. Except

for that portion lying South of State Highway 260. Parcel 3 (O3): the SE1/4 of Section 25, T9N, R27E, of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. Parcel 4 (O4): lots 3 and 4; the E1/2SW1/4; W1/2SE1/4; and NE1/4SE1/4 of Section 30, T9N, R28E, of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. Parcel 5 (O5): lots 1, 2 and 3; the S1/2NE1/4; NW1/4NE1/4; E1/2NW1/4; and NE1/4SW1/4 of Section 31, T9N, R28E, of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. Parcel 6 (O6): beginning at the northwest corner of the SE1/4 of Section 27, T9N, R28E, of G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona; thence east a distance of 1320.00 feet; thence south a distance of 925.00 feet; thence west a distance of 320.00 feet to the center of a stock watering tub; thence N 83° W a distance of 1000.00 feet; thence north a distance of 740.00 feet to the point of beginning. State Land Special Use Permit: SE1/4SW1/4 of Section 5; E1/2NE1/4 of Section 08; NE1/4NW1/4 of Section 8; M&B in N1/2NW1/4 north of Hwy 260 of Section 17, all in T8N, R28E of the G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. S1/2NW1/4 and SW1/4 of Section 26; all of Section 36, all in T9N, R27E of the G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. SE1/4 lying easterly of Carnero Creek in Section 18; Lots 3 and 4, E1/2SW1/4, SE1/4, NE1/4, and SE1/4NW1/4, lying southeasterly of Carnero Creek in Section 19; NW1/4SE1/4 of Section 29, Lots 1 and 2 and NE1/4 and E1/2NW1/4 and SE1/4SE1/4 of Section 30; and Lot 4, and the NE1/4NE1/4 of Section 31; all in T9N, R28E of the G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona. State Grazing Lease: Legal Description of the White Mountain Grassland State Land Grazing Lease. Lots 1 thru 4, and S1/2N1/2, SW1/4, N1/2N1/2SE1/4, S SW1/4NW1/4SE1/4, and W1/2SW1/4SE1/4 of Section 3; Lots 1 thru 4, and the S1/2N1/2 and S1/2 of Section 4; SE1/4SW1/4 of Section 5; E1/2NE1/4, NE1/4NW1/4 of Section 8; SE1/4NE1/4 and N1/2N1/2 of Section 9; S1/2NE1/4NE1/4, SE1/4NW1/4NE1/4, W1/2NW1/4NE1/4, N1/2NW1/4, all in Section 10; NE1/4NW1/4 lying north of the centerline of State Highway 260, in Section 17, T8N, R28E of the G&SRB&M, Apache County; NE1/4, S1/2NW1/4, and the SW1/4 of Section 25, and all of Section 36; in T9N, R27E of the G&SRB&M, Apache County; a portion of the SE1/4 of Section 18 lying southeasterly of Carnero Creek, Lots 3 and 4, E1/2SW1/4, SE1/4, NE1/4, and SE1/4NW1/4 lying southeast of Carnero Creek in Section 19; all of Section 20 and Section 21; SW1/4NE1/4, S1/2NW1/4, and M&B in N1/2SW1/4, of Section 27; N1/2E1/2SW1/4, SW1/4SW1/4 and SE1/4 of Section 28; Lots 1 and 2, and NE1/4, E1/2NW1/4, and SE1/4SE1/4 of Section 30; Lot 4 and NE1/4NE1/4 of Section 31; all of Section 32 and Section 33, in T9N, R28E, in the G&SRB&M, Apache County. SE1/4NE1/4SE1/4 of Section 31; T09N, R28E, G&SRB&M, Apache County, Arizona.

36. White Water Draw Wildlife Area: The White Water Draw Wildlife Area shall be those areas described as follows: T21S, R26E; Section 19, S1/2 SE1/4; Section 29, W1/2 NE1/4, and E1/2 NE1/4; Section 30, N1/2 NE1/4; Section 32; T22S, R26E; Section 4, Lots 3 and 4; T22S, R26E; Section 5, Lots 1 to 4, except an undivided 1/2 interest in all minerals, oil, and/or gas as reserved in Deed recorded in Docket 209, page 117, records of Cochise County, Arizona.
37. Willcox Playa Wildlife Area: The Willcox Playa Wildlife Area shall be that area within the posted Arizona Game and Fish Department fences enclosing the following

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

described area: beginning at the Section corner common to Sections 2, 3, 10 and 11, T15S, R25E, G&SRB&M, Cochise County, Arizona; thence S 0°15'57" W a distance of 2645.53 feet to the east 1/4 corner of Section 10; thence S 89°47'15" W a distance of 2578.59 feet to the center 1/4 corner of Section 10; thence N 1°45'24" E a distance of 2647.85 feet to the center 1/4 corner of Section 3; thence N 1°02'42" W a distance of 2647.58 feet to the center 1/4 corner of said Section 3; thence N 89°41'37" E to the common 1/4 corner of Section 2 and Section 3; thence S 0°00'03" W a distance of 1323.68 feet to the south 1/16 corner of said Sections 2 and 3; thence S 44°46'30" E a distance of 1867.80 feet to a point on the common Section line of Section 2 and Section 11; thence S 44°41'13" E a distance of 1862.94 feet; thence S 44°42'35" E a distance of 1863.13 feet; thence N 0°13'23" E a distance of 1322.06 feet; thence S 89°54'40" E a distance of 1276.24 feet to a point on the west right-of-way fence line of Kansas Settlement Rd.; thence S 0°12'32" W a distance of 2643.71 feet along said fence line; thence N 89°55'43" W a distance of 2591.30 feet; thence N 0°14'14" E a distance of 661.13 feet; thence N 89°55'27" W a distance of 658.20 feet; thence N 0°14'39" E a distance of 1322.36 feet; thence N 44°41'19" West a distance of 931.44 feet; thence N 44°40'31" W a distance of 1862.85 feet to the point of beginning. Said wildlife area contains 543.10 acres approximately.

- C. Department Controlled Properties are described as follows: Hirsch Conservation Education Area and Biscuit Tank: The Hirsch Conservation Education Area and Biscuit Tank shall be that area lying in Section 3 T5N R2E, beginning at the northeast corner of Section 3, T5N, R2E, G&SRB&M, Maricopa County, Arizona; thence S 35°33'23.43" W a distance of 2938.12 feet; to the point of true beginning; thence S 81°31'35.45" W a distance of 147.25 feet; thence S 45°46'21.90" W a distance of 552.25 feet; thence S 21°28'21.59" W a distance of 56.77 feet; thence S 16°19'49.19" E a distance of 384.44 feet; thence S 5°27'54.02" W a distance of 73.43 feet; thence S 89°50'44.45" E a distance of 431.99 feet; thence N 4°53'57.68" W a distance of 81.99 feet; thence N 46°49'53.27" W a distance of 47.22 feet; thence N 43°3'3.68" E a distance of 83.74 feet; thence S 47°30'40.79" E a distance of 47.71 feet; thence N 76°2'59.67" E a distance of 105.91 feet; thence N 15°45'0.24" W a distance of 95.87 feet; thence N 68°48'27.79" E a distance of 69.79 feet; thence N 8°31'53.39" W a distance of 69.79 feet; thence N 30°5'32.34" E a distance of 39.8 feet; thence N 46°17'32.32" E a distance of 63.77 feet; thence N 22°17'26.17" W a distance of 517.05 feet to the point of true beginning.

**Historical Note**

New Section adopted by exempt rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 1731, effective May 1, 2000 (Supp. 00-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 3141, effective August 23, 2003 (Supp. 03-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1927, effective May 20, 2005 (Supp. 05-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 397, effective March 5, 2010 (Supp. 10-1). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 800, effective June 20, 2011 (Supp. 11-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 1070, effective June 15, 2012 (Supp. 12-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 931, effective June 17, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 20 A.A.R. 841, effective June 17, 2014 (Supp. 14-1). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 951, effective June 7, 2016 (Supp. 16-2).

Amended by exempt rulemaking at 22 A.A.R. 2209, effective October 4, 2016 (Supp. 16-4).

**R12-4-804. Renumbered****Historical Note**

New Section made by exempt rulemaking at 9 A.A.R. 1424, effective June 14, 2003 (Supp. 03-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 800, effective June 20, 2011 (Supp. 11-2). Section R12-4-804 renumbered to R12-4-125, by final rulemaking at 21 A.A.R. 3025, effective January 2, 2016 (Supp. 15-4).

**ARTICLE 9. AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES****R12-4-901. Definitions**

In addition to the definitions provided under A.R.S. §§ 5-301 and 17-255, the following definitions apply to this Article, unless otherwise specified:

"Aquatic invasive species" means those species listed in Director's Order 1.

"Certified agent" means a person who meets Department standards to conduct inspections authorized under A.R.S. § 17-255.01(C)(1).

"Conveyance" means a device designed to carry or transport water. Conveyance includes, but is not limited to, dip buckets, water hauling tanks, and water bladders.

"Equipment" means an item used either in or on water; or to carry water. Equipment includes, but is not limited to, trailers used to launch or retrieve watercraft, rafts, inner tubes, kick boards, anchors and anchor lines, docks, dock cables and floats, buoys, beacons, wading boots, fishing tackle, bait buckets, skin diving and scuba diving equipment, submersibles, pumps, sea planes, and heavy construction equipment used in aquatic environments.

"Operator" means a person who operates or is in actual physical control of a watercraft, vehicle, conveyance or equipment.

"Owner" means a person who claims lawful possession of a watercraft, vehicle, conveyance, or equipment.

"Person" has the same meaning as defined under A.R.S. § 1-215.

"Release" means to place, plant, or cause to be placed or planted in waters.

"Transporter" means a person responsible for the overland movement of a watercraft, vehicle, conveyance, or equipment.

"Waters" means surface water of all sources, whether perennial or intermittent, in streams, canyons, ravines, drainage systems, canals, springs, lakes, marshes, reservoirs, ponds, and other bodies or accumulations of natural, artificial, public or private waters situated wholly or partly in or bordering this state.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1109, effective April 30, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Section R12-4-901 expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(J) at 21 A.A.R. 757, effective March 31, 2015 (Supp. 15-2). New Section R12-4-901 renumbered from R12-4-1101 by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 407, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-902. Aquatic Invasive Species; Prohibitions; Inspection, Decontamination Protocols**

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- A. A person shall not, unless authorized under Article 4:
1. Possess, import, ship, or transport into or within this state an aquatic invasive species, unless authorized by the Director.
  2. Sell, purchase, barter, or exchange in this state an aquatic invasive species.
  3. Release an aquatic invasive species into waters or into any water treatment facility, water supply or water transportation facility, device or mechanism in this state.
- B. Upon removing a watercraft, vehicle, conveyance, or equipment from any waters listed in Director's Order 2 and prior to transport, a person shall:
1. Remove all clinging materials such as plants, animals, and mud.
  2. Remove all plugs and other valves or devices that prevent water drainage from all compartments that may retain water, such as ballast tanks, ballast bags, bilges, and ensure plugs or devices remain removed or open during transport.
  3. If no plugs or barriers exist, take reasonable measures to drain or dry all compartments or spaces that may retain water. Reasonable measures include, but are not limited to, emptying bilges, application of absorbents, or ventilation.
- C. Before transporting a watercraft, vehicle, conveyance, or equipment to any waters located within or bordering this state from waters or locations listed in Director's Order 2, a person shall comply with the mandatory conditions and protocols identified in Director's Order 3 for decontamination of watercraft, vehicles, conveyances, and equipment.
- D. Department employees, certified agents, and Arizona peace officers authorized under A.R.S. § 17-104 may inspect a watercraft, vehicle, conveyance, or equipment for the purposes of determining compliance with A.R.S. Title 17, Chapter 2, Article 3.1 and this Section.
- E. If the presence of an aquatic invasive species is documented or suspected on or in a watercraft, vehicle, conveyance, or equipment, a Department employee or any Arizona peace officer may order a person to decontaminate or cause to be decontaminated such watercraft, vehicle, conveyance, or equipment using the mandatory protocols described in Director's Order 3.
- F. The following Director's Orders are available at any Department office and online at [azgfd.gov](http://azgfd.gov):
1. Director's Order 1 – Listing of Aquatic Invasive Species for Arizona,
  2. Director's Order 2 – Designation of Waters or Locations Where Listed Aquatic Invasive Species are Present, and
  3. Director's Order 3 – Mandatory Conditions on the Movement of Watercraft, Vehicles, Conveyances, or Other Equipment from Listed Waters Where Aquatic Invasive Species are Present.
- G. This Section does not apply to owners and operators exempt under A.R.S. § 17-255.04.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1109, effective April 30, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Section R12-4-902 expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(J) at 21 A.A.R. 757, effective March 31, 2015 (Supp. 15-2). New Section R12-4-902 renumbered from R12-4-1102 and amended by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 407, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-903. Expired****Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1109, effective April 30, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). R12-4-903 renumbered to R12-4-904; new Section R12-4-903 renumbered from R12-4-904 and amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Section R12-4-903 expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(J) at 21 A.A.R. 757, effective March 31, 2015 (Supp. 15-2).

**R12-4-904. Expired****Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1109, effective April 30, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). R12-4-904 renumbered to R12-4-903; new Section R12-4-904 renumbered from R12-4-903 and amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Section R12-4-904 expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(J) at 21 A.A.R. 757, effective March 31, 2015 (Supp. 15-2).

**R12-4-905. Expired****Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1109, effective April 30, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Section R12-4-905 expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(J) at 21 A.A.R. 757, effective March 31, 2015 (Supp. 15-2).

**R12-4-906. Expired****Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 11 A.A.R. 1109, effective April 30, 2005 (Supp. 05-1). Amended by final rulemaking at 19 A.A.R. 768, effective June 1, 2013 (Supp. 13-2). Section R12-4-906 expired under A.R.S. § 41-1056(J) at 21 A.A.R. 757, effective March 31, 2015 (Supp. 15-2).

**ARTICLE 10. OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES****R12-4-1001. Minimum Standards for an Approved Off-highway Vehicle Educational Course**

The Department may approve an educational course of instruction in basic off-highway vehicle (OHV) safety and environmental ethics, provided the course meets the following minimum standards:

1. Course content. The course shall provide information regarding:
  - a. OHV safety;
  - b. Responsibilities of users of OHVs;
  - c. Use of an OHV in a manner that does not harm the natural terrain, plants, or animals;
  - d. Use of an OHV in a manner that minimizes air pollution; and
  - e. State statutes and rules regarding use of OHVs.
2. Course procedures. The course provider shall:
  - a. Use a written examination to measure the extent to which a participant learned the course content; and
  - b. Provide a certificate of completion to a participant who receives a score of 80% or above on the written examination or that demonstrates an equivalent proficiency.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1860, August 31, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).

**R12-4-1002. Course-approval Procedure**

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

- A. To obtain approval of an educational course of instruction in basic off-highway vehicle (OHV) safety and environmental ethics, the course provider shall submit an application to the Department's OHV Law Enforcement Program Manager using a form furnished by the Department. The provider shall include the following information on the application form:
1. Name of provider;
  2. If the provider is not an individual, the name of the person who will maintain contact with the Department;
  3. Business address;
  4. Business email address; and
  5. Business and contact telephone numbers.
- B. In addition to the application form required under subsection (A), a provider shall include a copy of all of the following:
1. The curriculum that will be used to provide the educational course;
  2. Any materials that will be provided to course participants;
  3. The written examination required under R12-4-1001(2)(a); and
  4. The certificate of completion required under R12-4-1001(2)(b).
- C. The Department shall either approve or deny a request to approve an educational course within 60 days of receiving the application. The Department shall not approve an educational course that fails to meet the requirements established under R12-4-1001 or this Section. The Department shall provide a written notice to the course provider stating the reason for the denial.
- D. The provider of an educational course of instruction that is not approved by the Department may appeal the denial to the Commission as prescribed under A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10.
- National Standards Institute, Attention Customer Service Department, 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10056 or online at [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org).
- B. If a peace officer directs the operator of an OHV to submit the OHV to an onsite test to measure the OHV's sound level, the operator shall allow the OHV and associated equipment to be tested. If the peace officer believes that more than one test of the OHV's sound level is necessary to ensure that an accurate measure is obtained, the operator shall allow multiple tests.
- C. If it is determined that an OHV is being operated in violation of A.R.S. § 28-1179(A)(3), the operator of the OHV shall:
1. Immediately stop operating the OHV; and
  2. Ensure the vehicle is not operated again until it can be operated in compliance with A.R.S. § 28-1179(A)(3), except:
    - a. During a period of emergency; or
    - b. When the operation is directed by a peace officer or other public authority.
- D. This Section does not include any later amendments or editions of the incorporated materials.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1860, August 31, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).

**R12-4-1005. Nonresident Off-highway Vehicle User Indicia**

- A. The owner or operator of an all-terrain vehicle (ATV) or off-highway vehicle (OHV) as defined under A.R.S. § 28-1171 shall not operate the ATV or OHV off-highway in this state without an Arizona off-highway vehicle user indicia. This requirement only applies to an ATV or OHV that:
1. Is designed by the manufacturer primarily for travel over unimproved terrain.
  2. Has an unladen weight of two thousand five hundred pounds or less.
- B. For lawful Arizona off-highway operation, the owner or operator of a qualifying nonresident ATV or OHV shall apply to the Department for an off-highway vehicle user indicia as prescribed under A.R.S. § 28-1177. The owner or operator shall submit to the Department:
1. The nonresident off-highway vehicle user indicia application furnished by the Department and available on the Department's website,
  2. The fee established under subsection (C)(1), and
  3. The convenience fee established under subsection (C)(2).
- C. As authorized under A.R.S. § 28-1177:
1. The fee for the nonresident off-highway vehicle user indicia is \$25.
  2. The Department may also collect and retain a reasonable and commensurate fee for its services.
- D. The owner or operator of the ATV or OHV titled or registered out-of-state shall display the nonresident off-highway user indicia in a manner that is clearly visible to outside inspection:
1. For vehicles with three or more wheels, on the left side rear quadrant of the vehicle.
  2. For two-wheeled vehicles, the indicia shall be displayed on the left fork leg.
- E. A printed receipt or an electronic copy of the receipt of payment for an annual decal that is purchased online shall serve as a temporary permit for a period of 30 days from the date of purchase.
- F. Under A.R.S. § 28-1178, a person may operate an ATV or OHV in this state without the nonresident off-highway user indicia required under A.R.S. § 28-1177 when any one of the following applies:
1. The person is loading or unloading an ATV or OHV from a vehicle.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1860, August 31, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).

**R12-4-1003. Fee for an Approved Course**

Under A.R.S. § 28-1175(B), the provider of an approved educational course of instruction in basic off-highway vehicle safety and environmental ethics may collect a fee from each participant that:

1. Is reasonable and commensurate for the course, and
2. Does not exceed \$300.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1860, August 31, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).

**R12-4-1004. Off-highway Vehicle Sound-level Requirements**

- A. A peace officer who has reason to believe that an off-highway vehicle (OHV) is being operated in violation of A.R.S. § 28-1179(A)(3) may direct the operator to submit the OHV to an onsite test to measure the OHV's sound level. In accordance with A.R.S. § 28-1179(A)(3), the sound level of an OHV shall be measured using the following procedures, which are incorporated by reference and are available for inspection at the Arizona Game and Fish Department, 5000 W. Carefree Highway, Phoenix, Arizona 85086:
1. All terrain vehicle or motorcycle. Society of Automotive Engineers, J1287, Measurement of Exhaust Sound Pressure Levels of Stationary Motorcycles, April 2017, available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096 or online at [www.sae.org](http://www.sae.org); and
  2. Other OHV. International Organization for Standardization, ISO 5130:2007, Acoustics-Measurements of Sound Pressure Level Emitted by Stationary Road Vehicles, 2007, May 31, 2007 Edition 2, available from American

## CHAPTER 4. GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

2. The person is participating in an off-highway special event.
3. The person is operating an ATV or OHV:
  - a. During an emergency or as directed by a peace officer or other public authority.
  - b. Exclusively for agriculture, ranching, construction, mining or building trade purposes.
  - c. Exclusively on private land.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 25 A.A.R. 1860, August 31, 2019 (Supp. 19-3).

**ARTICLE 11. RENUMBERED****R12-4-1101. Renumbered****Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 196, effective January 10, 2012 (Supp. 12-1). Section R12-4-1101 renumbered to R12-4-901 by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 407, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-1102. Renumbered****Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 18 A.A.R. 196, effective January 10, 2012 (Supp. 12-1). Section R12-4-1102 renumbered to R12-4-902 by final expedited rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 407, effective February 6, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

**R12-4-1103. Emergency Expired****Historical Note**

New Section made by emergency rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 1218, effective June 2, 2011 for 180 days (Supp. 11-2). Section renewed by emergency rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 2376, effective November 3, 2011 (Supp. 11-4). Emergency expired (Supp. 14-1).

**R12-4-1104. Emergency Expired****Historical Note**

New Section made by emergency rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 1218, effective June 2, 2011 for 180 days (Supp. 11-2). Section renewed by emergency rulemaking at 17 A.A.R. 2376, effective November 3, 2011 (Supp. 11-4). Emergency expired (Supp. 14-1).