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Questions about these rules? Contact:

- **Department**: Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona
- **Name**: Trish Incognito, Executive Director
- **Address**: 100 N. 15th Ave., Suite 103, Phoenix, AZ 85007
- **Telephone**: (602) 364-1310
- **E-mail**: pincognito@azwifa.gov

The release of this Chapter in supplement 18-1 replaces supplement 10-3, 19 pages

Please note that the Chapter you are about to replace may have rules still in effect after the publication date of this supplement. Therefore, all superseded material should be retained in a separate binder and archived for future reference.
PREFACE

Under Arizona law, the Department of State, Office of the Secretary of State (Office), accepts state agency rule filings and is the publisher of Arizona rules. The Office of the Secretary of State does not interpret or enforce rules in the Administrative Code. Questions about rules should be directed to the state agency responsible for the promulgation of the rule.

Scott Cancelosi, Director
ADMINISTRATIVE RULES DIVISION

RULES

The definition for a rule is provided for under A.R.S. § 41-1001. “‘Rule’ means an agency statement of general applicability that implements, interprets, or prescribes law or policy, or describes the procedures or practice requirements of an agency.”

THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

The Arizona Administrative Code is where the official rules of the state of Arizona are published. The Code is the official codification of rules that govern state agencies, boards, and commissions.

The Code is separated by subject into titles. Titles are divided into chapters. A chapter includes state agency rules. Rules in chapters are divided into Articles, then Sections. The “R” stands for “rule” with a sequential numbering and lettering outline separated into subsections.

Rules are codified quarterly in the Code. Supplement release dates are printed on the footers of each chapter.

First Quarter: January 1 - March 31
Second Quarter: April 1 - June 30
Third Quarter: July 1 - September 30
Fourth Quarter: October 1 - December 31

For example, the first supplement for the first quarter of 2018 is cited as Supp. 18-1.

Please note: The Office publishes by chapter, not by individual rule section. Therefore there might be only a few sections codified in each chapter released in a supplement. Historical notes at the end of a section provide an effective date and information when a rule was last updated.

AUTHENTICATION OF PDF CODE CHAPTERS

The Office began to authenticate chapters of the Administrative Code in Supp. 18-1 to comply with A.R.S. § 41-1012(B) and A.R.S. § 5302(1), (2)(d) through (e), and (3)(d) through (e).

A certification verifies the authenticity of each Code chapter posted as it is released by the Office of the Secretary of State. The authenticated pdf of the Code includes an integrity mark with a certificate ID. Users should check the validity of the signature, especially if the pdf has been downloaded. If the digital signature is invalid it means the document’s content has been compromised.

HOW TO USE THE CODE

Rules may be in effect before a supplement is released by the Office. Therefore, the user should refer to issues of the Arizona Administrative Register for recent updates to rule Sections.

ARIZONA REVISED STATUTE REFERENCES

The Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) are available online at the Legislature’s website, www.azleg.gov. An agency’s authority note to make rules is often included at the beginning of a chapter. Other Arizona statutes may be referenced in rule under the A.R.S. acronym.

SESSION LAW REFERENCES

Arizona Session Law references in a chapter can be found at the Secretary of State’s website, under Services-> Legislative Filings.

EXEMPTIONS FROM THE APA

It is not uncommon for an agency to be exempt from the steps outlined in the rulemaking process as specified in the Arizona Administrative Procedures Act, also known as the APA (Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 41, Chapter 6, Articles 1 through 10). Other agencies may be given an exemption to certain provisions of the Act.

An agency’s exemption is written in law by the Arizona State Legislature or under a referendum or initiative passed into law by Arizona voters.

When an agency files an exempt rulemaking package with our Office it specifies the law exemption in what is called the preamble of rulemaking. The preamble is published in the Register online at www.azsos.gov/rules, click on the Administrative Register link.

Editor’s notes at the beginning of a chapter provide information about rulemaking sections made by exempt rulemaking. Exempt rulemaking notes are also included in the historical note at the end of a rulemaking Section.

The Office makes a distinction to certain exemptions because some rules are made without receiving input from stakeholders or the public. Other exemptions may require an agency to propose exempt rules at a public hearing.

EXEMPTIONS AND PAPER COLOR

At one time the office published exempt rules on either blue or green paper. Blue meant the authority of the exemption was given by the Legislature; green meant the authority was determined by a court order. In 2001 the Office discontinued publishing rules using these paper colors.

PERSONAL USE/COMMERCIAL USE

This chapter is posted as a public courtesy online, and is for private use only. Those who wish to use the contents for resale or profit should contact the Office about Commercial Use fees. For information on commercial use fees review A.R.S. § 39-121.03 and 1 A.A.C. 1, R1-1-113.

Rhonda Paschal, managing rules editor, assisted with the editing of this chapter.
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ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

In addition to the definitions prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-1201, the terms of this Chapter, unless otherwise specified, have the following meanings:

“Advisory Board” has same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 41-5356(A)(5).

“Applicant” means a governmental unit, a non-point source project sponsor, a drinking water facility, or a water provider that is seeking financial or technical assistance from the Authority under the provisions of this Chapter.

“Application” means a request for financial or technical assistance submitted to the Board by an applicant.

“Authority” means the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-1201(1).

“Board” means the board of directors of the Arizona finance authority established by A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 53, Article 2.

“Certified Water Quality Management Plan” means a plan prepared by a designated Water Quality Management Planning Agency under Section 208 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (P.L. 92-500) as amended by the Water Quality Act of 1987 (P.L. 100-4), certified by the Governor or the Governor’s designee, and approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

“Clean Water Revolving Fund” means the fund established by A.R.S. § 49-1221.

“DBE” means EPA’s Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program.

“Dedicated revenue source for repayment” means a source of revenue pledged by a borrower to repay the financial assistance.

“Department” means the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality.

“Disbursement” means the transfer of cash from a fund to a recipient.

“Discharge” has same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-201(12).

“Drinking water facility” has same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-1201(5).

“Drinking Water Revolving Fund” means the fund established by A.R.S. § 49-1241.

“EA” means an environmental assessment.

“EID” means an environmental information document.

“EIS” means an environmental impact statement.

“EPA” means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

“Executive director” means the executive director of the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona.

“Federal capitalization grant” means the assistance agreement by which the EPA obligates and awards funds allotted to the Authority for purposes of capitalizing the Clean Water Revolving Fund and the Drinking Water Revolving Fund.

“Financial assistance” means the use of monies for any of the purposes identified in R18-15-102(B).

“Financial assistance agreement” means any agreement that defines the terms for financial assistance provided according to this Chapter.

“FONSI” means a finding of no significant impact.

“Fundable range” means a subset of the project priority list that demarcates the ranked projects which have been determined to be ready to proceed and will be provided with a project finance application.

“Governmental unit” means a political subdivision or Indian tribe that may receive technical or financial assistance from the Authority pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-1203.

“Impaired water” means a navigable water for which credible scientific data exists that satisfies the requirements of A.R.S. § 49-232 and that demonstrates that the water should be identified pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 1313(d) and the regulations implementing that statute.


“Master priority list” means the master priority list for Capacity Development developed by the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality under A.A.C. R18-4-803, which ranks public water systems according to their need for technical assistance.

“Onsite system” means a conventional septic tank system or alternative system that is installed at a site to treat and dispose of wastewater of predominantly human origin that is generated at that site.

“Planning and design assistance” means technical assistance that provides for the use of monies for a specific water facility, wastewater treatment facility, or water supply delivery system for planning or design to facilitate the design, construction, acquisition, improvement, or consolidation of a drinking water project, wastewater project, or water supply development project.

“Planning and design assistance agreement” means any agreement that defines the terms for technical assistance provided according to Article 5 of this Chapter.

“Planning and design technical assistance applicant” means a governmental unit, a nonpoint source project sponsor, a drinking water facility, or a water provider that is seeking planning and design assistance from the Authority under the provisions of this Chapter.

“Planning and design technical assistance application” means a request for planning and design assistance submitted to the Board by an applicant in a format prescribed by the Authority.

“Planning and design loan repayment agreement” means the same as technical assistance loan repayment agreement and has the meaning at A.R.S. § 49-1201(11).

“Professional assistance” means the use of monies by or on behalf of the Authority to conduct research, conduct studies, conduct surveys, develop guidance, and perform related activities that benefit more than one water or wastewater treatment facility.

“Project” means any distinguishable segment or segments of a wastewater treatment facility, drinking water facility, water
supply delivery system, or nonpoint source pollution control that can be bid separately and for which financial or technical assistance is being requested or provided.

“Project priority list” means the document developed by the Board according to R18-15-203 or R18-15-303 that ranks projects according to R18-15-204 or R18-15-304.

“Recipient” means an applicant who has entered into a financial assistance agreement or planning and design assistance agreement with the Authority.

“ROD” means a record of decision.

“Staff assistance” means the use of monies for a specific water or wastewater treatment facility to assist that system to improve its operations or assist a specific water provider with a water supply delivery system. For water providers, staff assistance is limited to planning and design of water supply development projects according to A.R.S. § 49-1203(B)(17).

“Technical assistance” means assistance provided by the Authority in the form of staff assistance, professional assistance and planning and design assistance.

“Wastewater treatment facility” has the same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-1201(12).

“Water provider” has the same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-1201(13).

“Water supply development” has the same meaning as prescribed in A.R.S. § 49-1201(14).

“Water Supply Development Revolving Fund” means the fund established by A.R.S. § 49-1271.

Historical Note

R18-15-102. Types of Assistance Available
A. The Authority may provide financial and technical assistance under the following programs if the Board determines funding is available:
   1. Clean Water Revolving Fund Program and Clean Water Technical Assistance Program,
   2. Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program and Drinking Water Technical Assistance Program,
   3. Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Program and Water Supply Development Technical Assistance Program,
   4. Hardship Grant Fund Program.

B. Financial assistance available from the Authority includes any of the following:
   1. Financial assistance loan repayment agreements;
   2. The purchase or refinancing of local debt obligations;
   3. The guarantee or purchase of insurance for local obligations to improve credit market access or reduce interest rates;
   4. Short-term emergency loan agreements in accordance with A.R.S. § 49-1269; and
   5. Providing linked deposit guarantees through third-party lenders as authorized by A.R.S. §§ 49-1223(A)(6), 49-1243(A)(6), and 49-1273(A)(6).

C. Technical assistance available from the Authority includes planning and design assistance, staff assistance, and professional assistance. Technical assistance may be offered at the Board’s discretion.

Historical Note

R18-15-103. Application Process
A. An applicant requesting assistance shall apply to the Authority for the financial or technical assistance described in R18-15-102 on forms provided by the Authority.
B. An applicant seeking financial assistance through the Clean Water Revolving Fund Program shall apply for financial assistance according to Articles 1 and 4 of this Chapter.
C. An applicant seeking financial assistance through the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program shall apply for financial assistance according to Articles 1 and 3 of this Chapter.
D. An applicant seeking financial assistance through the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Program shall apply for financial assistance according to Articles 1 and 4 of this Chapter.
E. An applicant seeking technical assistance available through the technical assistance programs shall apply for technical assistance according to Articles 1 and 5 of this Chapter.
F. An applicant shall mark any confidential information with the words “confidential information” on each page of the material containing such information. A claim of confidential information may be asserted for a trade secret or information that, upon disclosure, would harm a person’s competitive advantage. The Authority shall not disclose any information determined confidential. Upon receipt of a claim of confidential information, the Authority shall make one of the following written determinations:
   1. The designated information is confidential and the Authority shall not disclose the information except to those individuals deemed by the Authority to have a legitimate interest.
   2. The designated information is not confidential.
   3. Additional information is required before a final confidentiality determination can be made.

Historical Note

R18-15-104. General Financial Assistance Application Requirements
A. The applicant shall provide in the financial assistance application the information in subsections (B), (C), (D), and (E).
B. The applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is legally authorized to apply for long-term indebtedness, and is legally authorized to declare its intent to obligate a dedicated revenue source for repayment under subsection (C).
   1. If the applicant is a political subdivision and the long-term indebtedness is authorized through an election, the applicant shall provide all of the following:
The applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is technically capable to construct, operate, and maintain the proposed project.

1. The applicant shall provide the following information:
   a. An estimate of the project costs in as much detail as possible, including an estimate of applicable planning, design, construction, and material costs;
   b. The number of connections to be served by the proposed project;
   c. The most recent version of the applicant’s capital improvement plan or other plan explaining proposed infrastructure investments;
   d. One copy of each feasibility study, engineering report, design memorandum, set of plans and specifications, and other technical documentation related to the proposed project and determined applicable by the Authority for the stage of project completion;
   e. Biographies or related information of the certified operators, system employees, or contractors employed by the applicant to operate and maintain the existing facilities and the proposed project;
   f. A description of the service area, including maps; and
   g. A description of the existing physical facilities.

The Authority may ask for additional financial information as necessary to evaluate the applicant’s technical capability.

E. The applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is capable of managing the system and the proposed project.

1. The applicant shall provide the following information:
   a. Years of experience and related information regarding the owners, managers, chief elected officials, and governing body members of the applicant; and
   b. A list of professional and outside services retained by the applicant.

2. If any of the required information listed in subsection E(1) is not available, the Authority may assist the applicant in determining alternative documentation to support the applicant’s managerial capability.

3. The Authority may ask for additional information as necessary to evaluate the applicant’s managerial capability.

**Historical Note**

9. A schedule for repayment; and
10. Any other agreed-upon conditions.

D. The Authority may require a recipient to pay a proportionate share of the expenses of the Authority’s operating costs.

E. The recipient shall maintain the project account in accordance with generally accepted government accounting standards. After reasonable notice by the Authority, the recipient shall make available any project records reasonably required to determine compliance with the provisions of this Chapter and the financial assistance agreement.

F. The Authority shall release loan proceeds subject to a disbursement request if the request is consistent with the financial assistance agreement and the disbursement schedule.
   1. The applicant shall submit each disbursement request on the forms provided by the Authority. Each disbursement request shall include a certification and signature document, a cost-incurred report, and a DBE report. The Authority shall process a disbursement until the applicant provides a completed disbursement form.
   2. The applicant shall include copies of invoices or other documents that show proof of eligible costs incurred with each disbursement request.

G. The recipient shall make repayments according to an agreed-upon schedule in the financial assistance agreement. The Authority may charge a late fee for any loan repayment not paid when due. The Authority may refer any loan repayment past due to the Office of the Attorney General for appropriate action.

Historical Note
Adopted effective September 18, 1997 (Supp. 97-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5956, effective December 4, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Section repealed; new Section made by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1709, effective October 9, 2010 (Supp. 10-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 239, effective March 11, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

R18-15-106. Environmental Review
A. The Authority shall conduct an environmental review according to this Section for impacts of the design or construction of water infrastructure. As part of the application process, the Authority shall request information from the applicant to conduct an environmental review consistent with 40 CFR 35.3140 and 40 CFR 35.3580. The Authority shall determine whether the project meets the criteria for categorical exclusion under subsections (B) and (C), or whether the project requires the preparation of an environmental assessment (EA) or an environmental impact statement (EIS) to identify and evaluate its environmental impacts.
   1. The Authority shall not execute a technical or financial assistance agreement with an applicant until the requirements of this section are met. For projects that include an environmental information document or an environmental impact statement, the Authority may execute a technical or financial assistance agreement with an applicant prior to the completion of the conditions of this section, provided that the applicant meets the requirements of this section before proceeding with the design of the selected alternative.
   2. Projects under the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund Program are not subject to the requirements of this section.

B. A project may be categorically excluded from environmental review if the project fits within a category that is eligible for exclusion and the project does not involve any of the extraordinary circumstances listed in subsection (C). If, based on the application and other information submitted by the applicant, the Authority determines that a categorical exclusion from an environmental review is warranted, the project is exempt from the requirements of this Section, except for the public notice and participation requirements in subsection (J). The Authority may issue a categorical exclusion if information and documents demonstrate that the project qualifies under one or more of the following categories:
   1. Any project relating to existing infrastructure systems that involves minor upgrading, minor expansion of system capacity, rehabilitation (including functional replacement) of the existing system and system components, or construction of new minor ancillary facilities adjacent to or on the same property as existing facilities. This category does not include projects that:
      a. Involve new or relocated discharges to surface water or groundwater,
      b. Will likely result in the substantial increase in the volume or the loading of pollutant to the receiving water,
      c. Will provide capacity to serve a population 30% greater than the existing population,
      d. Are not supported by the state or other regional growth plan or strategy, or
      e. Directly or indirectly involve or relate to upgrading or extending infrastructure systems primarily for the purposes of future development.
   2. Any clean water project in unsewered communities involving the replacement of existing onsite systems, providing the new onsite systems do not result in substantial increases in the volume of discharge or the loadings of pollutants from existing sources, or relocate an existing discharge.

C. The Authority shall deny a categorical exclusion if any of the following extraordinary circumstances apply to the project:
   1. The project is known or expected to have potentially significant adverse environmental impacts on the quality of the human environment either individually or cumulatively over time.
   2. The project is known or expected to have disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on any community, including minority communities, low-income communities, or federally-recognized Indian tribal communities.
   3. The project is known or expected to significantly affect federally listed threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat.
   4. The project is known or expected to significantly affect national natural landmarks or any property with nationally significant historic, architectural, prehistoric, archaeological, or cultural value, including but not limited to, property listed on or eligible for the Arizona or National Registers of Historic Places.
   5. The project is known or expected to significantly affect environmentally important natural resource areas such as wetlands, floodplains, significant agricultural lands, aquifer recharge zones, wild and scenic rivers, and significant fish or wildlife habitat.
   6. The project is known or expected to cause significant adverse air quality effects.
   7. The project is known or expected to have a significant effect on the pattern and type of land use or growth and distribution of population, including altering the character of existing residential areas, or may not be consistent with state or local government, or federally-recognized
Indian tribe approved land use or federal land management plans.

8. The project is known or expected to cause significant public controversy about a potential environmental impact of the proposed action.

9. The project is known or expected to be associated with providing financial assistance to a federal agency through an interagency agreement for a project that is known or expected to have potentially significant environmental impacts.

10. The project is known or expected to conflict with federal, state, or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe environmental, resource-protection, or land-use laws or regulations.

D. If the Authority denies the categorical exclusion under subsection (C), the Authority shall conduct an EA according to subsection (E), unless the Authority decides to prepare an EIS according to subsections (F) and (G) without first undertaking an EA. If the Authority conducts an EA, the applicant shall:

1. Prepare an environmental information document (EID) in a format prescribed by the Authority. The EID shall be of sufficient scope to undertake an environmental review and to allow development of an EA under subsection (E); or

2. Provide documentation, upon Authority approval, in another format if the documentation is of sufficient scope to allow the development of an EA under subsection (E).

E. The Authority shall conduct the EA that includes:

1. A brief discussion of:
   a. The need for the project;
   b. The alternatives, including a no action alternative;
   c. The affected environment, including baseline conditions that may be impacted by the project and alternatives;
   d. The environmental impacts of the project and alternatives, including any unresolved conflicts concerning alternative uses of available resources; and
   e. Other applicable environmental laws.

2. A listing or summary of any coordination or consultation undertaken with any federal agency, state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe regarding compliance with applicable laws and executive orders;

3. Identification and description of any mitigation measures considered, including any mitigation measures that must be adopted to ensure the project will not have significant impacts; and

4. Incorporation of documents by reference, if appropriate, including the EID.

F. Upon completion of the EA required by subsection (E), the Authority shall determine whether an environmental impact statement (EIS) is necessary.

1. The Authority shall prepare or direct the applicant to prepare an EIS in the manner prescribed in subsection (G) if any of the following conditions exist.
   a. The project would result in a discharge of treated effluent from a new or modified existing facility into a body of water and the discharge is likely to have a significant effect on the quality of the receiving water.
   b. The project is likely to directly, or through induced development, have significant adverse effect upon local ambient air quality or local ambient noise levels.
   c. The project is likely to have significant adverse effects on surface water reservoirs or navigation projects.

   d. The project would be inconsistent with state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe approved land use plans or regulations, or federal land management plans.

   e. The project would be inconsistent with state or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe environmental, resource-protection, or land-use laws and regulations for the protection of the environment.

   f. The project is likely to significantly affect the environment through the release of radioactive, hazardous, or toxic substances, or biota.

   g. The project involves uncertain environmental effects or highly unique environmental risks that are likely to be significant.

   h. The project is likely to significantly affect national natural landmarks or any property on or eligible for the Arizona or National Registers of Historic Places.

   i. The project is likely to significantly affect environmentally important natural resources such as wetlands, significant agricultural lands, aquifer recharge zones, wild and scenic rivers, and significant fish or wildlife habitat.

   j. The project in conjunction with related federal, state, or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe projects is likely to produce significant cumulative impacts.

   k. The project is likely to significantly affect the pattern and type of land use or growth and distribution of population, including altering the character of existing residential areas.

   l. The project is a new regional wastewater treatment facility or water supply system for a community with a population greater than 100,000.

   m. The project is an expansion of an existing wastewater treatment facility that will increase existing discharge to an impaired water by more than 10 million gallons per day (mgd).

2. The Authority may issue a finding of no significant impact (FONSI) if the EA supports the finding that the project will not have a significant impact on the environment. The FONSI shall include the submitted EA and a brief description of the project, alternatives considered, and project impacts. The FONSI must also include any commitments to mitigation that are essential to render the impacts of the project not significant. The Authority shall issue the FONSI for public comment in accordance with subsection (J).

G. The Authority shall prepare or direct the applicant to prepare an EIS required by subsection (F)(1) when the project will significantly impact the environment, including any project for which the EA analysis demonstrates that significant impacts will occur and not be reduced or eliminated by changes to, or mitigation of, the project. The Authority shall perform the following actions:

1. As soon as practicable after its decision to prepare an EIS and before the scoping process, the Authority shall prepare a notice of intent. The notice of intent shall briefly describe the project and possible alternatives and the proposed scoping process. The Authority shall distribute the notice of intent to affected federal, state, and local agencies, any affected Indian tribe, the applicant, and other interested parties. The Authority shall issue the notice of intent for public comment in accordance with subsection (J)(3).
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2. As soon as possible after the distribution and publication of the notice of intent required by subsection (G)(1), the Authority shall convene a meeting of affected federal, state, and local agencies, affected Indian tribes, the applicant, and other interested parties. At the meeting, the parties attending the meeting shall determine the scope of the EIS by considering a number of factors, including all of the following:
   a. The significant issues to be analyzed in depth in the EIS,
   b. The preliminary range of alternatives to be considered,
   c. The potential cooperating agencies and information or analyses that may be needed from cooperating agencies or other parties, and
   d. The method for EIS preparation and the public participation strategy.
3. Upon completion of the process described in subsection (G)(2), the Authority shall identify and evaluate all potentially viable alternatives to adequately address the range of issues identified. Additional issues also may be addressed, or others eliminated, and the reasons documented as part of the EIS.
4. After the analysis of issues is conducted according to subsection (G)(3), the Authority shall issue a draft EIS for public comment according to subsection (J)(4).
5. Following public comment according to subsection (J), the Authority shall prepare a final EIS, consisting of all of the following:
   a. The draft EIS;
   b. An analysis of all reasonable alternatives and the no action alternative;
   c. A summary of any coordination or consultation undertaken with any federal, state, or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe;
   d. A summary of the public participation process;
   e. Comments received on the draft EIS;
   f. A list of persons commenting on the draft EIS;
   g. The Authority’s responses to significant comments received;
   h. A determination of consistency with the Certified Water Quality Management Plan, if applicable;
   i. The names and qualifications of the persons primarily responsible for preparing the EIS; and
   j. Any other information added by the Authority.
6. The Authority shall prepare or direct the applicant to prepare a supplemental EIS when appropriate, including when substantial changes are made to the project that are relevant to environmental concerns, or when there are significant new circumstances or information relevant to environmental concerns bearing on the project.

II. After issuance of a final EIS under subsection (G)(5), the Authority shall prepare and issue a record of decision (ROD) containing the Authority’s decision whether to proceed or not proceed with a project. A ROD issued with a decision to proceed shall include a brief description of the project, alternatives considered, and project impacts. In addition, the ROD must include any commitments to mitigation, an explanation if the environmental preferred alternative was not selected, and any responses to substantive comments on the final EIS. A ROD issued with a decision not to proceed shall preclude the project from receiving financial assistance under this Article.

I. For all determinations (categorical exclusions, FONSIIs, or RODs) that are five years old or older and for which the project has not been implemented, the Authority shall re-evaluate the project, environmental conditions, and public views to determine whether to conduct a supplemental environmental review of the project and complete an appropriate environmental review document or reaffirm the Authority’s original determination. The Authority shall provide public notice of the re-evaluation according to subsection (J)(5).

J. The Authority shall conduct public notice and participation under this Section as follows:
1. If a categorical exclusion is granted under subsection (B), the Authority shall provide public notice of that fact by publishing the notice as a legal notice at least once, in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties concerned.
2. If a FONSI is issued under subsection (F)(2), the Authority shall provide public notice that the FONSI is available for public review by publishing the notice as a legal notice at least once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties concerned. The notice shall provide that comments on the FONSI may be submitted to the Authority for a period of 30 days from the date of publication of the notice. If no comments are received, the FONSI shall immediately become effective. The Authority may proceed with the project subject to any mitigation measures described in the FONSI after responding to any substantive comments received on the FONSI during the 30-day comment period, or 30 days after issuance of the FONSI if no substantive comments are received.
3. If a notice of intent is prepared and distributed under subsection (G)(1), the Authority shall publish it as a legal notice at least once, in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties concerned.
4. If a draft EIS is issued under subsection (G)(4), the Authority shall provide public notice by publishing the notice as a legal notice at least once, in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties concerned, that the draft EIS is available for public review. The notice shall provide that comments on the draft EIS may be submitted to the Authority for a period of 45 days from the date of publication of the notice. When the Authority determines that a project may be controversial, the notice shall provide for a general public hearing to receive public comments.
5. If the Authority reaffirms or revises a decision according to subsection (I), the Authority shall provide public notice of that fact by publishing the notice as a legal notice at least once, in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties concerned.

Historical Note
Adopted effective September 18, 1997 (Supp. 97-3).

R18-15-107. Disputes
A. Any interested party having a substantial financial interest in or suffering a substantial adverse financial impact from an action taken under this Chapter, excluding actions taken under R18-15-503, R18-15-504, and R18-15-505, may file a formal letter of dispute with the executive director according to subsections (B), (C), (D), and (E). Any interested party having a substantial financial interest in or suffering a substantial

B. The interested party shall file the formal letter of dispute with the executive director within 30 days of the action and provide a copy to each member of the Board. The formal letter of dispute shall include the following information:
1. The name, address, and telephone number of the interested party;
2. The signature of the interested party or the interested party’s representative;
3. A detailed statement of the legal and factual grounds of the dispute including:
   a. Copies of relevant documents, and
   b. The nature of the substantial financial interest or the nature of the substantial adverse financial impact of the interested party; and
4. The form of relief requested.

C. Within 30 days of receipt of a dispute letter, the Authority shall issue a preliminary decision in writing, to be forwarded by certified mail to the party.

D. Any party filing a dispute under subsection (B) that disagrees with a preliminary decision of the Authority may file a formal letter of appeal, explaining why the party disagrees with the preliminary decision, with the Board, provided the letter is received by the executive director not more than 15 days after the receipt by the party of the preliminary decision.

E. The Board shall issue a final decision on issues appealed under subsection (D) not more than 60 days after receipt of the formal letter of appeal.

R18-15-110. Repealed

Historical Note

R18-15-111. Repealed

Historical Note

R18-15-112. Repealed

Historical Note

R18-15-113. Repealed

Historical Note

ARTICLE 2. CLEAN WATER REVOLVING FUND


To receive financial assistance from the Clean Water Revolving Fund, the applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is eligible under A.R.S. § 49-1224(A) to request financial assistance for a purpose as defined in A.R.S. § 49-1223(A); the proposed project is to design, construct, acquire, improve, or refinance a publicly owned wastewater treatment facility, or for any other purpose permitted by the Clean Water Act including nonpoint source projects; and the proposed project appears on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List developed under R18-15-203.

Historical Note


A. The Authority annually shall develop and publish a Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan that identifies the intended uses of funds available in the Clean Water Revolving Fund Program. The Intended Use Plan shall include the project priority list according to R18-15-203. If the Intended Use Plan...
is to be submitted as one of the documents required to obtain a federal capitalization grant under Title VI of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1381 to 1387, the Intended Use Plan shall include any additional information required by federal law.

B. The Authority shall provide for a public review and written comment period of the draft Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan for a minimum of 14 calendar days. The Authority shall summarize all written comments submitted and prepare responses for Board review. After review of the summary, the Board shall make any appropriate changes to the Plan and then adopt the Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan at a public meeting.

Historical Note

A. The Authority annually shall prepare a Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List as part of the Intended Use Plan described in R18-15-202. The Board may waive the requirement to develop a Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List if funds are not adequate to assist any projects or if the Board determines that no financial assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.

B. An applicant pursuing financial assistance from the Authority for a project shall request to have the project included on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The applicant may request that multiple projects be placed on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. An applicant shall make a request for placement of a project on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List on or before a date specified by the Authority and in an application format specified by the Authority. The Authority shall include with the project priority list application form the criteria under each ranking category in R18-15-204(A), by which the project will be evaluated and the relative importance of each of the criteria.

C. In preparing the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, the Authority shall consider all project priority list applications submitted under subsection (B). The Authority shall evaluate the merits of each project with respect to water quality issues and determine the total points of each project according to R18-15-204. At a minimum, the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List shall identify:
1. The applicant,
2. Project title,
3. Type of project,
4. The amount requested for financial assistance,
5. The subsidy according to R18-15-204(C),
6. Whether the project is within the fundable range according to R18-15-205, and
7. The rank of each project by its total points, determined according to R18-15-204.

D. After adoption of the annual Intended Use Plan and project priority list according to R18-15-202, the Board may adopt:
1. Updates and corrections to the adopted Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, if the updates and corrections are adopted by the Board after public notice; or
2. Additions to the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, if the additions are adopted by the Board after public notice.

E. After public notice, the Board may remove a project from the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List under one or more of the following circumstances:
1. The recipient has received all financial assistance identified in the executed financial assistance agreement with the Authority;
2. The project was financed from another source;
3. The project is no longer an eligible project;
4. The applicant requests removal;
5. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant; or
6. The applicant did not update, modify, correct or resubmit a project from the project priority list developed for the previous funding cycle.

Historical Note

A. The Authority shall rank each project on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List based on the total points of each project. The Authority shall consider the following categories to determine the total points of each project:
1. The Authority shall evaluate the current conditions of the project, including existing environmental, structural, and regulatory integrity and the degree to which the project is consistent with the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 to 1387.
2. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project improves or protects water quality.
3. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project addresses water or energy efficiency or environmentally innovative approaches.
4. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project promotes any of the following:
   a. Consolidation of facilities, operations, and ownership;
   b. Extending service to existing areas currently served by another facility; or
   c. A regional approach to operations, management, or new facilities.
5. The Authority shall determine whether the project received assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
6. The Authority shall evaluate the applicant’s local fiscal capacity.

B. Two or more projects may receive the same total points. If sufficient clean water revolving loan funds are not available to fund the projects, the Authority shall give priority to the project with the highest current condition score under subsection (A)(1). If projects remain tied, priority will be given to the project with the highest water quality improvement score under subsection (A)(2). If projects remain tied, this process shall continue through the categories under subsections (A)(3) through (6), sequentially. If projects continue to have the same total points, the Board shall determine the priority of the tied projects.

C. The Authority shall determine the subsidy for each project on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List based on the applicant’s local fiscal capacity score under subsection...
(A)(6) and the total points of the project. The Authority shall incorporate the subsidy in the financial assistance agreement.

Historical Note

A. Prior to adoption by the Board of the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, the Authority shall determine which projects are within the fundable range.
B. In determining the fundable range, the Authority shall evaluate each project for evidence of debt authorization according to R18-15-104(B).

Historical Note

A. The Authority shall accept an application for financial assistance from an eligible applicant for a project that appears on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List and is determined to be in the fundable range. At the Authority’s discretion, the Authority may accept an application for financial assistance prior to the project appearing on a Board-adopted Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, including the Project Priority List to be incorporated into the current Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The Authority shall determine which projects are within the fundable range.
B. The Authority shall not present an application to the Board for consideration until all the following conditions are met:
   1. The project is on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, including the Project Priority List to be adopted at the Board meeting;
   2. The applicant has provided supporting documentation according to R18-15-205(B);
   3. The applicant has demonstrated legal capability, financial capability, technical capability, and managerial capability as described in R18-15-104;
   4. For nonpoint source projects, the applicant has provided evidence that the project is consistent with Section 319 and Title VI of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1329, 1381 to 1387; and
   5. The proposed project is consistent with the Certified Water Quality Management Plan.
C. The application criteria required under subsections (A) and (B) shall not apply to financial assistance requests for short-term emergency loans under A.R.S. § 49-1269.

Historical Note

A. The Authority shall evaluate and summarize each application received and develop an analysis that provides recommendations to the Board. The analysis shall at a minimum include:
   1. The scope, size, and budget of the proposed project, including as much cost detail as possible;
   2. A summary of the applicant’s legal capability including authorization to enter into long-term indebtedness and to pledge the specified dedicated revenue source for repayment;
   3. A summary of the applicant’s technical capability including its ability to construct, operate, and maintain the proposed project;
   4. A summary of the applicant’s managerial capability, including the experience of elected officials and management team in managing similar organizations and similar projects;
   5. A summary of the applicant’s financial capability, including:
      a. The amount of money collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the previous three financial operating years (fiscal or calendar),
      b. An estimate of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for the current financial operating year (fiscal or calendar), and
      c. A projection of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the next five financial operating years (fiscal or calendar);
   6. The applicant’s history of compliance with, as applicable, the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 to 1387, related Arizona statutes, and related rules, regulations, and policies; and
   7. A summary of any previous assistance provided by the Authority to the applicant.
B. After an opportunity for public comment, the Board shall make a determination regarding the applicant’s request for financial assistance at a public meeting. The Board shall base this determination on the information provided in the application, the analysis prepared by the Authority, and any other information provided at the public meeting. The Authority shall inform the applicant of the Board’s determination, which may include recommended modifications to any of the following:
   1. The proposed project,
   2. The applicant’s legal structure and organization,
   3. The dedicated revenue source for repayment, or
   4. The structure of the financial assistance request.
C. If the Board determines at any time during a funding cycle that funds are limited or are not available to provide financial assistance, the Authority shall notify applicants on the current Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List that the Authority is no longer accepting applications. The Board shall determine the amount of funding available, if any, to provide financial assistance for the applications already accepted by the Authority. The Board shall consider each application in the order the project appears within the fundable range on the current Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The Board shall make a determination as described in subsection (B) on each application until the available funds are committed.
D. Upon Board approval of the applicant’s request for financial assistance, the Authority shall prepare a financial assistance agreement for execution by the applicant and the Authority.

Historical Note


A. The duly authorized agent, principal or officer of the applicant shall certify that the applicant has not violated any federal, state, or local law pertaining to fraud, bribery, graft, kickbacks, collusion, conflict of interest, or other unlawful or corrupt practices relating to or in connection with facilities planning, design, or construction work on a wastewater treatment facility project.

B. All projects shall comply with the provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, P.L. 88-352, 42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq., and all other applicable federal laws.

Historical Note
Adopted effective September 18, 1997 (Supp. 97-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5956, effective December 4, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1709, effective October 9, 2010 (Supp. 10-3).

ARTICLE 3. DRINKING WATER REVOLVING FUND


To be eligible to receive financial assistance from the Drinking Water Revolving Fund, the applicant shall demonstrate that the applicant is a drinking water facility as defined by A.R.S. § 49-1201 requesting financial assistance for a purpose as defined in A.R.S. § 49-1243(A); the proposed project is to plan, design, construct, acquire, or improve a drinking water facility or refinance an existing drinking water facility, and the proposed project appears on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List developed under R18-15-303.

Historical Note
Adopted effective September 18, 1997 (Supp. 97-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5956, effective December 4, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1709, effective October 9, 2010 (Supp. 10-3).


A. The Authority annually shall develop and publish a Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan that identifies the intended uses of funds available in the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Program. The Intended Use Plan shall include the project priority list according to R18-15-303. If an Intended Use Plan is to be submitted as one of the documents required to obtain a federal capitalization grant under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300f to 300j-26, the Intended Use Plan shall include any additional information required by federal law.

B. The Authority shall provide for a public review and written comment period of the draft Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan for a minimum of 14 calendar days. The Authority shall summarize all written comments submitted and prepare responses for Board review. After review of the summary, the Board shall make any appropriate changes to the Plan and then adopt the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan at a public meeting.

Historical Note


A. The Authority annually shall prepare a Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List as part of the Intended Use Plan described in R18-15-302. The Board may waive the requirement to develop an annual Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List if funds are not adequate to assist any projects or if the Board determines that no financial assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.

B. An applicant pursuing financial assistance from the Authority for a project shall request to have the project included on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The applicant may request that multiple projects be placed on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. An applicant shall make a request for placement of a project on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List on or before a date specified by the Authority and in an application format specified by the Authority. The Authority shall include with the project priority list application form the criteria under each ranking category in R18-15-304(A) by which the project will be evaluated and the relative importance of each of the criteria.

C. In preparing the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, the Authority shall consider all project priority list applications submitted under subsection (B). The Authority shall evaluate the merits of each project with respect to water quality issues and determine the total points of each project according to R18-15-304. At a minimum, the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List shall identify:

1. The applicant;
2. Project title;
3. Type of project;
4. Population of service area;
5. The amount requested for financial assistance;
6. The subsidy according to R18-15-304(C);
7. Whether the project is within the fundable range according to R18-15-305; and
8. The rank of each project by its total points, determined according to R18-15-304.

D. After adoption of the annual Intended Use Plan and project priority list according to R18-15-302, the Board may allow:

1. Updates and corrections to the adopted Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, if the updates and corrections are adopted by the Board after public notice; or
2. Additions to the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List, if the additions are adopted by the Board after public notice.

E. After public notice, the Board may remove a project from the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List under one or more of the following circumstances:

1. The recipient has received all financial assistance identified in the executed financial assistance agreement with the Authority;
2. The project was financed from another source;
3. The project is no longer an eligible project;
4. The applicant requests removal;
5. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant; or
6. The applicant did not update, modify, correct or resubmit a project from the project priority list developed for the previous funding cycle.

**Historical Note**


**A.** The Authority shall rank each project listed on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List based on the total points of each project. The Authority shall consider the following categories to determine the total points of each project:

1. The Authority shall evaluate the current conditions of the system through the Department’s master priority list.
2. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project will result in improvement to the water system.
3. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project addresses water or energy efficiency or environmentally innovative approaches.
4. The Authority shall evaluate the degree to which the project promotes any of the following:
   a. Consolidation of facilities, operations, and ownership;
   b. Extending service to existing areas currently served by another facility; or
   c. A regional approach to operations, management, or new facilities.
5. The Authority shall determine whether the project received assistance from the Authority in a previous funding cycle.
6. The Authority shall evaluate the applicant’s local fiscal capacity.

**B.** Two or more projects may receive the same total points. If sufficient clean water revolving loan funds are not available to fund the projects, the Authority shall give priority to the project with the highest current condition score under subsection (A)(1). If projects remain tied, priority will be given to the project with the highest water system improvement score under subsection (A)(2). If projects remain tied, this process shall continue through the categories under subsections (A)(3) through (6), sequentially. If projects continue to have the same total points, the Board shall determine the priority of the tied projects.

**C.** The Authority shall determine the subsidy for each project on the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List based on the applicant’s local fiscal capacity score and the total points of the project. The Authority shall incorporate the subsidy in the financial assistance agreement.

**Historical Note**

Adopted effective September 18, 1997 (Supp. 97-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5956, effective December 4, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1709, effective October 9, 2010 (Supp. 10-3).
3. A summary of the applicant’s technical capability, including its ability to construct, operate, and maintain the proposed project;
4. A summary of the applicant’s managerial capability, including the experience of elected officials and management team in managing similar organizations and similar projects;
5. A summary of the applicant’s financial capability, including:
   a. The amount of money collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the previous three financial operating years (fiscal or calendar);
   b. An estimate of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for the current financial operating year (fiscal or calendar), and
   c. A projection of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the next five financial operating years (fiscal or calendar);
6. The applicant’s history of compliance with, as applicable, the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300f to 300j-26, related Arizona statutes, and related rules, regulations and policies; and
7. A summary of any previous assistance provided by the Authority to the applicant.

B. After an opportunity for public comment, the Board shall make a determination regarding the applicant’s request for financial assistance at a public meeting. The Board shall base this determination on the information provided in the application, the analysis prepared by the Authority, and any other information provided at the public meeting. The Authority shall inform the applicant of the Board’s determination, which may include recommended modifications to any of the following:
   1. The proposed project,
   2. The applicant’s legal structure and organization,
   3. The dedicated revenue source for repayment, or
   4. The structure of the financial assistance request.

C. If the Board determines at any time during a funding cycle that funds are limited or are not available to provide financial assistance, the Authority shall notify applicants on the current Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List that the Authority is no longer accepting applications. The Board shall determine the amount of funding available, if any, to provide financial assistance for the applications already accepted by the Authority. The Board shall consider each application in the order the project appears within the fundable range on the current Drinking Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List. The Board shall make a determination as described in subsection (B) on each application until the available funds are committed.

D. Upon Board approval of the applicant’s request for financial assistance, the Authority shall prepare a financial assistance agreement for execution by the applicant and the Authority.

**Historical Note**

R18-15-308. Drinking Water Revolving Fund Requirements
A. The duly authorized agent, principal or officer of the applicant shall certify the applicant has not violated any federal, state, or local law pertaining to fraud, bribery, graft, kickbacks, collusion, conflict of interest, or other unlawful or corrupt practices relating to or in connection with facilities planning, design, or construction work on a project.

B. All projects shall comply with the provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, P.L. 88-352, 42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq., and all other applicable federal laws.

**Historical Note**
Adopted effective September 18, 1997 (Supp. 97-3). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5956, effective December 4, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1709, effective October 9, 2010 (Supp. 10-3).

**ARTICLE 4. WATER SUPPLY DEVELOPMENT REVOLVING FUND**

To be eligible to receive financial assistance from the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund, the applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is a water provider as defined by A.R.S. § 49-1201(13) requesting financial assistance for a purpose as defined in A.R.S. § 49-1273(A); the water provider meets the requirements of A.R.S. § 49-1273(C); and the proposed project appears on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list developed under R18-15-402.

**Historical Note**

A. The Authority annually shall prepare a Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list. The Authority is not required to prepare a Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list if funds are not adequate to assist any projects or if the Board determines that no financial assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.

B. An applicant pursuing financial assistance from the Authority for a water supply development project shall request to have the project included on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list. The applicant may request that multiple projects be placed on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list. An applicant shall make a request for placement of a project on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list on or before a date specified by the Authority and in an application format specified by the Authority. The Authority shall include with the project list application form the criteria under each ranking category in R18-15-403(A) by which the project will be evaluated and the relative importance of each of the criterion.

C. In preparing the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list, the Authority shall consider all project list applications submitted under subsection (B). The Authority shall evaluate the merits of each project with respect to water supply development issues and determine the order and priority of each project according to R18-15-403. At a minimum, the
Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list shall identify:
1. The applicant;
2. Project title;
3. Population of water provider’s service area;
4. The amount requested for financial assistance; and
5. The order and priority of each project, determined according to R18-15-403.

D. The Authority shall provide for a public comment period of the draft Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list for a minimum of 14 calendar days. The Authority shall summarize all written comments submitted and prepare responses for Board review. After review of the summary, the Board shall make any appropriate changes to the project list and then adopt the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list at a public meeting.

E. After adoption of the annual project list, the Board may allow:
1. Updates and corrections to the adopted Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list, if the updates and corrections are adopted by the Board after an opportunity for public notice; or
2. Additions to the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list, if the additions are adopted by the Board after an opportunity for public notice.

F. After an opportunity for public notice, the Board may remove a project from the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list under one or more of the following circumstances:
1. The recipient has received all financial assistance identified in the executed financial assistance agreement with the Authority;
2. The project was financed from another source;
3. The project is no longer an eligible project;
4. The applicant requests removal;
5. The applicant is no longer an eligible applicant; or
6. The applicant did not update, modify, correct or resubmit a project from the project list developed for the previous funding cycle.


A. The Authority shall accept an application for financial assistance from an eligible applicant for a project that appears on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list. At the Authority’s discretion, the Authority may accept an application for financial assistance prior to the project appearing on a Board-adopted Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list.

B. The Authority shall not forward an application for financial assistance to the Board for consideration until all the following conditions are met:
1. The water supply development project has been prioritized;
2. The applicant has provided supporting documentation according to R18-15-104;
3. The applicant has demonstrated legal capability, financial capability, technical capability, and managerial capability under R18-15-104; and
4. The applicant has demonstrated the ability to meet any applicable environmental requirements imposed by federal, state, or local agencies.


A. The Authority shall consider the following categories to determine the order and priority of each project on the Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list.
1. The Authority shall evaluate the existing, near-term, and long-term water demands of the water provider as compared to the existing water supplies of the water provider.
2. The Authority shall evaluate the existing and planned conservation and water management programs of the water provider.
3. The Authority shall evaluate the current conditions of the water provider’s facilities and the water provider’s water supply needs, and evaluate how effectively the project will benefit the infrastructure or water supply needs.
4. The Authority shall evaluate the sustainability of the water supply to be developed through the project.
5. The Authority shall evaluate the applicant’s need for financial assistance.

B. Two or more projects may receive the same total points. If sufficient water supply development revolving loan funds are not available to fund the projects, the Authority shall give priority to the project with the highest water demand score under subsection (A)(1). If projects remain tied, priority will be given to the project with the highest conservation and water management score under subsection (A)(2). If projects remain tied, this process shall continue through the categories under subsections (A)(3) through (5), sequentially. If projects continue to remain tied, the Board shall determine the priority of the tied projects.

Historical Note


A. The Authority shall evaluate and summarize each application for financial assistance received and develop an analysis that provides recommendations to the Board. The analysis shall at a minimum include:
1. The scope, size, and budget of the proposed project, including as much cost detail as possible;
2. A summary of the applicant’s legal capability including authorization to enter into long-term indebtedness and to pledge the specified dedicated revenue source for repayment;
3. A summary of the applicant’s technical capability, including its ability to construct, operate and maintain the proposed project;

4. A summary of the applicant’s managerial capability, including the experience of elected officials and management team in managing similar organizations and similar projects;

5. A summary of the applicant’s financial capability, including:
   a. The amount of money collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the previous three financial operating years (fiscal or calendar),
   b. An estimate of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for the current financial operating year (fiscal or calendar), and
   c. A projection of the amount of money that will be collected through the dedicated revenue source for repayment for each of the next five financial operating years (fiscal or calendar);

6. A summary of any previous assistance provided by the Authority to the applicant; and

7. A summary of the applicant’s ability to meet any applicable permitting and environmental requirements imposed by federal, state, or local agencies.

B. The Board shall make a determination regarding the applicant’s request for financial assistance at a public meeting. The Board shall base this determination on the information provided in the application, the analysis prepared by the Authority, and any other information provided at the public meeting. The Authority shall inform the applicant of the Board’s determination, which may include recommended modifications to any of the following:
   1. The proposed project,
   2. The applicant’s legal structure and organization,
   3. The dedicated revenue source for repayment, or
   4. The structure of the financial assistance request.

C. If the Board determines at any time during a funding cycle that funds are limited or are not available to provide financial assistance, the Authority shall notify applicants on the current Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list that the Authority is no longer accepting applications. The Board shall determine the amount of funding available, if any, to provide financial assistance for the applications by the Authority. The Board shall consider each application in the order the project appears on the current Water Supply Development Revolving Fund project list. The Board shall make a determination as described in subsection (B) on each application until the available funds are committed.

D. Upon Board approval of the applicant’s request for financial assistance, the Authority shall prepare a financial assistance agreement for execution by the applicant and the Authority.

Historical Note

R18-15-407. Renumbered

Historical Note

R18-15-408. Renumbered

Historical Note

ARTICLE 5. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

The Authority may provide Clean Water technical assistance, Drinking Water technical assistance, and Water Supply Development technical assistance. The Authority shall provide technical assistance in compliance with A.R.S. § 49-1203(B)(16) and (17).

Historical Note

R18-15-502. Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan
A. The Authority annually shall develop and publish one or more Technical Assistance Intended Use Plans that identify intended uses of funds available for Clean Water technical assistance and Drinking Water technical assistance. The Intended Use Plan shall identify whether funds are available and the amount of funds available for planning and design assistance, staff assistance, and professional assistance for Clean Water and Drinking Water. The Authority may develop Technical Assistance Intended Use Plans separately for Clean Water and Drinking Water or as parts of the Intended Use Plans required under R18-15-202 and R18-15-302. If the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan is to be submitted as a document required to obtain a federal capitalization grant, the Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan shall include any additional information required by federal law.

B. The Authority shall provide for a public review and written comment period of any draft Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan for a minimum of 14 calendar days. The Authority shall summarize all written comments received and prepare responses. The Authority shall provide a summary of the written comments and the Authority’s responses regarding the Clean Water and Drinking Water Technical Assistance
Intended Use Plans to the Board. After review of the comments and the Authority’s responses to comments received during the public review and written comment period, the Board, as applicable, shall adopt the applicable Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan or Plans at a public meeting with any changes made in response to public comments or comments by members of the Board.

Historical Note


R18-15-503. Clean Water Planning and Design Assistance

A. Planning and design assistance to a specific wastewater treatment facility shall assist that system to achieve or enhance its legal, financial, technical, or managerial capability to facilitate the design, construction, acquisition, improvement, or consolidation of the wastewater treatment facility. Projects for any other purpose permitted by the Clean Water Act including nonpoint source projects are also eligible. The Board shall approve funds available for planning and design assistance in the annual Clean Water Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan. The Board may determine that no assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.

B. To be eligible to receive planning and design assistance under the Clean Water Technical Assistance Program, the applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is eligible under R18-15-201. An eligible applicant shall apply for planning and design assistance on or before a date specified by the Authority and on an application form specified by the Authority.

C. An applicant shall commit to a matching contribution toward the total project cost as specified in the Request for Applications. The matching contribution may include cash contributions or in-kind contributions. The Board may waive or modify the applicant’s match requirement according to criteria established in the Request for Applications.

D. The Authority shall solicit, evaluate, and award planning and design assistance in accordance with A.R.S. § 41-2702.

E. The Authority shall evaluate the applications received to determine which projects are eligible under the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1381 to 1387. Eligible applications shall specify a demonstrated need of the applicant for assistance in securing financial assistance for development and implementation of a wastewater capital improvement project or stormwater or nonpoint source project.

F. The Authority shall determine planning and design assistance awards based on the amount of funding available. If funding is limited, all eligible projects may not be funded. The Authority shall provide the planning and design assistance award recommendations to the Board for review and approval at a public meeting. The Board may adopt, modify, or reject the Authority’s recommendations in whole or in part.

G. Within 30 days after the adoption of the planning and design assistance awards at a public meeting, the Authority shall notify all applicants whether or not they received an award.

H. An unsuccessful applicant may submit an appeal in writing in accordance with A.R.S. § 41-2704.

I. The Authority and the applicant shall enter into a planning and design assistance agreement that shall include at a minimum:

1. A scope of work,
2. The amount awarded,
3. The amount of the local match required,
4. A final project budget and timeline, and
5. Reporting requirements.

J. The Authority shall release proceeds subject to a disbursement request if the request is consistent with the planning and design assistance agreement and the disbursement schedule.

1. The recipient shall request each disbursement on the forms provided by the Authority. Each disbursement request shall include a certification and signature document, a cost-incurred report, and a DBE report. The Authority shall not process a disbursement until the recipient provides a completed disbursement form.

2. The recipient shall include copies of invoices or other documents that show proof of eligible costs incurred with each disbursement request.

Historical Note


R18-15-504. Drinking Water Planning and Design Assistance

A. Planning and design assistance to a specific drinking water facility, excluding a nonprofit noncommunity water system, shall assist that facility to achieve or enhance its legal, financial, technical, or managerial capability to facilitate the design, construction, acquisition, improvement, or consolidation of a community water system. The Board shall approve funds available for planning and design assistance in the annual Drinking Water Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan. The Board may determine that no assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.

B. To be eligible to receive planning and design assistance under the Drinking Water Technical Assistance Program, the applicant shall demonstrate the applicant owns a drinking water facility, excluding a nonprofit noncommunity water system. An eligible applicant shall apply for planning and design assistance on or before a date specified by the Authority and on an application form specified by the Authority.

C. An applicant shall commit to a matching contribution toward the total project cost as specified in the Request for Applications. The matching contribution may include cash contributions or in-kind contributions. The Board may waive or modify the applicant’s match requirement according to criteria established in the Request for Applications.

D. The Authority shall solicit, evaluate, and award planning and design assistance in accordance with A.R.S. § 41-2702.

E. The Authority shall evaluate the applications received to determine which projects are eligible under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300f to 300j-26. Eligible applications shall specify a demonstrated need of the applicant for assistance in securing financial assistance for development and implementation of a drinking water capital improvement project.

F. The Authority shall determine planning and design assistance awards based on the amount of funding available. If funding is limited, all eligible projects may not be funded. The Authority shall provide the planning and design assistance award recommendations to the Board for review and approval at a public meeting. The Board may adopt, modify, or reject the Authority’s recommendations in whole or in part.
G. Within 30 days after the adoption of the planning and design assistance awards at a public meeting, the Authority shall notify all applicants whether or not they received an award.

H. An unsuccessful grant applicant may submit an appeal in writing according to A.R.S. § 41-2704.

I. The Authority and the applicant shall enter into a planning and design assistance agreement that shall include at a minimum:
   1. A scope of work,
   2. The amount awarded,
   3. The amount of the local match required,
   4. A final project budget and timeline, and
   5. Reporting requirements.

J. The Authority shall release proceeds subject to a disbursement request if the request is consistent with the planning and design assistance agreement and the disbursement schedule.
   1. The recipient shall request each disbursement on the forms provided by the Authority. Each disbursement request shall include a certification and signature document, a cost-incurred report, and a DBE report. The Authority shall not process a disbursement until the recipient provides a completed disbursement form.
   2. The recipient shall include copies of invoices or other documents that show proof of eligible costs incurred with each disbursement request.

**Historical Note**


R18-15-505. Water Supply Development Planning and Design Assistance Grants

A. Planning and design assistance grant funding to a water provider shall assist the water provider in the planning or design of a water supply development project. A single planning and design assistance grant award shall not exceed $100,000. The Board may determine that no assistance will be offered for the annual funding cycle.

B. To be eligible to receive a planning and design assistance grant under the Water Supply Development Technical Assistance Program, the grant applicant shall demonstrate the applicant is a water provider as defined in A.R.S. § 49-1201 and meet the requirements of A.R.S. § 49-1273(C). An eligible grant applicant shall apply for a planning and design assistance grant on or before a date specified by the Authority and on a grant application form specified by the Authority.

C. A grant applicant shall commit to a matching contribution toward the total project cost as specified in the Request for Grant Applications. The matching contribution may include cash contributions or in-kind contributions. The Board may waive or modify the grant applicant’s match requirement according to criteria established in the Request for Grant Applications.

D. The Authority shall solicit, evaluate, and award planning and design assistance grants in accordance with A.R.S. § 41-2702.

E. The Authority shall evaluate the grant applications received to determine which projects are eligible. Eligible applications shall specify a demonstrated need of the grant applicant for assistance in securing financial assistance for planning and design of a water supply capital improvement project.

F. The Authority shall determine planning and design assistance grant awards based on the amount of funding available. If funding is limited, all eligible projects may not be funded. The Authority shall provide the planning and design assistance grant award recommendations to the Board for review and approval at a public meeting. The Board may adopt, modify, or reject the Authority’s recommendations in whole or in part.

G. Within 30 days after the adoption of the planning and design assistance grants at a public meeting, the Authority shall notify all grant applicants whether or not they received an award.

H. An unsuccessful grant applicant may submit an appeal in writing according to A.R.S. § 41-2704.

I. The Authority and the grant applicant shall enter into a planning and design assistance grant agreement that shall include at a minimum:
   1. A scope of work,
   2. The amount of the grant awarded,
   3. The amount of the local match required,
   4. A final project budget and timeline, and
   5. Reporting requirements.

J. The Authority shall release grant proceeds subject to a disbursement request if the request is consistent with the planning and design assistance grant agreement and the disbursement schedule.
   1. The grant recipient shall request each disbursement on the forms provided by the Authority. Each disbursement request shall include a certification and signature document, and a DBE report. The Authority shall not process a disbursement until the recipient provides a completed disbursement form.
   2. The grant recipient shall include copies of invoices or other documents that show proof of eligible costs incurred with each disbursement request.

**Historical Note**

**ARTICLE 6. HARDSHIP GRANT FUND PROGRAM**

R18-15-601. Hardship Grant Fund Administration

A. The Authority shall establish a separate account or accounts for the Hardship Grant Fund Program from any moneys received according to A.R.S. § 49-1267(A). The Authority shall only use the moneys from the Hardship Grant Fund Program for:

1. Providing hardship grants to political subdivisions or Indian tribes to plan, design, acquire, construct or improve wastewater collection and treatment facilities; and
2. Providing training and technical assistance related to operation and maintenance of wastewater treatment facilities.

B. The Authority shall identify any funding available for financial assistance under the Hardship Grant Fund Program in the annual Clean Water Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan described in R18-15-202 and any funding available for technical assistance in the Clean Water Technical Assistance Intended Use Plan described in R18-15-502. If the Board determines no funding is available for the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall not evaluate any applications for financial assistance or grant applications for technical assistance for funding from the Hardship Grant Fund Program.

**Historical Note**

New Section made by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5956, effective December 4, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Section repealed by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1709, effective October 9, 2010 (Supp. 10-3).


A. If funding is available in the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall determine if any of the applicants requesting placement on the Clean Water Revolving Fund Project Priority List meet the requirements according to A.R.S. § 49-1268(A)(2). Criteria by which assistance will be awarded shall be based on criteria established in the capitalization grant providing the funding.

B. The Authority shall make the determination of applicant’s eligibility for the Hardship Grant Fund Program during the ranking of the project under R18-15-204. Of the applicants eligible to receive financial assistance from the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall award the hardship grant monies based on an applicant’s financial capability and ability to generate sufficient revenues to pay for debt service.

C. The Authority shall proceed according to Article 2 of this Chapter for any applicant meeting the eligibility requirements for the Hardship Grant Fund Program. In addition to proceeding under R18-15-207, the Authority shall identify any applicant that qualifies for Hardship Grant Fund Program financial assistance and shall make a recommendation to the Board regarding the amount of funding to provide the applicant from the Hardship Grant Fund Program.

**Historical Note**

New Section adopted by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 2116, effective May 16, 2000 (Supp. 00-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5956, effective December 4, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1709, effective October 9, 2010 (Supp. 10-3).

Section amended by final rulemaking at 24 A.A.R. 239, effective March 11, 2018 (Supp. 18-1).

R18-15-603. Hardship Grant Fund Technical Assistance

A. If funding is available in the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall identify in the Request for Grant Applications prepared according to A.R.S. § 41-2702(B) the amount of funding for technical assistance available from the Hardship Grant Fund Program.

B. The Authority shall make the determination of grant applicant’s eligibility for the Hardship Grant Fund Program during the ranking of the project under R18-15-503. Of the grant applicants eligible to receive technical assistance from the Hardship Grant Fund Program, the Authority shall award the hardship grant monies based on the financial capability of a grant applicant.

C. The Authority shall proceed according to R18-15-503 for any grant applicant requesting assistance for operation and maintenance for a wastewater treatment facility. In addition to proceeding under R18-15-503(F), the Authority shall identify any grant applicant that qualifies for Hardship Grant Fund Program technical assistance and shall make a recommendation to the Board regarding the amount of funding to provide the grant applicant from the Hardship Grant Fund Program.

**Historical Note**

New Section adopted by final rulemaking at 6 A.A.R. 2116, effective May 16, 2000 (Supp. 00-2). Amended by final rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5956, effective December 4, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Amended by final rulemaking at 16 A.A.R. 1709, effective October 9, 2010 (Supp. 10-3).

**ARTICLE 7. INTEREST RATE SETTING AND FORGIVABLE PRINCIPAL**

R18-15-701. Interest Rate Setting and Forgivable Principal

A. The Authority shall prescribe the rate of interest, including interest rates as low as 0% on Authority loans, bond purchase agreements, and linked deposit guarantees based on the applicant’s local fiscal capacity under R18-15-204(A)(6) or R18-15-304(A)(6), or financial need under R18-15-404(A)(5), and an applicant’s ability to generate sufficient revenues to pay debt service.
B. The Authority may forgive principal on Clean Water and Drinking Water loans, bond purchase agreements, and linked deposit guarantees based on:
1. The applicant’s local fiscal capacity under R18-15-204(A)(6) and R18-15-304(A)(6),
2. Whether the applicant cannot otherwise afford the project,
3. Whether the project qualifies for the Green Project Reserve as defined by EPA, and
4. Whether the project mitigates stormwater runoff.

Historical Note